DU PONT (U.K.) LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER 565289)

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

31 December 1997



DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1997

The directors of Du Pont (U.K.) Limited present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 1997.

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The following directors served during the year and up to the date of this report:

WO Walker

(Chairman)

CL Nathan

(Resigned 31 March 1998)

P Mackey

(Resigned 14 October 1997)

JR Kerr DHJ Mays MT Stewart RI Doig

FW Burns

(Appointed 3 February 1998)

None of the directors had any beneficial interest in any contract to which the Company was a party during the year.

None of the directors had any beneficial shareholding in the Company or any other Company in the Conoco (U.K.) Limited group at any time during the year and up to the date of this report.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The Company's principal business activity is the manufacture, sale and distribution of chemical products. The business encompassed fibres, printing and publishing, polymers, chemicals and specialities, and electronics.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The directors consider that the Company has performed satisfactorily in its chosen markets during the past year, although there has been an adverse impact on operating profit due to the strength of sterling. Operating profit is stated after charging exceptional reorganisation costs of £32,701,000 (1996 £9,759,000). During the year the Company agreed to sell its Printing and Publishing business, consequently the results reflect a provision for the loss on disposal of this business of £70,453,000. On 31 December 1997, the Company acquired the assets and business of the ICI Resins and Intermediates division.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Company made a loss after taxation for the financial year of £55,001,000 (1996 - profit of £84,837,000).

A final dividend of £Nil (1996 - £Nil) is proposed and hence a retained loss of £55,001,000 (1996 - profit of £84,837,000) will be deducted from (1996 added to) reserves.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

PAYMENT OF SUPPLIERS

The Company recognises the importance of the development of mutually beneficial relationships with its suppliers. It is the Company's policy to settle all debts with suppliers on a timely basis taking account of the credit period given by each supplier.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The Company's research and development programmes are primarily focused on the extension of existing product lines, quality improvements and cost reduction.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The directors consider that the Company will show an improvement in trading results in future years.

On 1 February 1998, the Company acquired the assets and business of the ICI's Polyester Film business.

On 28 February 1998, the Company disposed of the assets of its Printing and Publishing business, at an estimated loss of £70,453,000.

PERSONNEL

It is the Company's policy to encourage full and fair consideration of disabled persons in connection with employment, training, career development and promotion opportunities.

The Company continues to provide its employees with regular information through its newspaper and magazines, bulletins, handbooks, videos and other internal communications. Additionally, managers keep employees specifically informed and consult them on those aspects of the business which affect them directly. The Company believes that such information and consultation enables employees to maximise their individual contributions towards the common aims of the business and to obtain maximum satisfaction from their participation.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Price Waterhouse, have indicated their willingness to be re-appointed.

By Order of the Board

JLEIPER 29th June 1998 Secretary

Registered office:

Wedgwood Way Stevenage Hertfordshire SG1 4QN

Telephone: 0121-200 3000 Telex: 884657 PRIWAT G Facsimile: 0121-200 2464

Price Waterhouse



AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DU PONT (U.K.) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 22 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified to include the current costing of a deferred liability and the accounting policies set out on pages 7 to 9.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the Company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material mis-statement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 1997 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PRICE WATERHOUSE Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

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29 June 1998

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1997

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1997			
FOR THE TEAR ERBED OF DECEMBER 1	Notes	1997	1996
	<u>:::::::</u>	£'000	£'000
TURNOVER			
	2	878,668	923,656
Continuing operations	_	143,508	160,698
Discontinued operations		140,000	
		1,022,176	1,084,354
Cost of sales		(812,803)	(843,025)
003(0) 34100			-44.000
GROSS PROFIT		209,373	241,329
Distribution costs		(33,029)	(31,056)
		(48,164)	(45,579)
Administrative expenses		(99,125)	(61,860)
Other operating expenses			
		(180,318)	(138,495)
	3		
OPERATING PROFIT	3	37,922	122,089
Continuing operations			(19,255)
Discontinued operations		<u>(8,867</u>)	(19,233)
		29,055	102,834
- to the standard investment		_	3,609
Release of provision against fixed asset investment		(70,453)	19,101
Provision for (Loss)/Profit on sale of businesses			264
Profit on sale of other fixed assets		324	
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY			
ACTIVITIES BEFORE INTEREST		(41,074)	125,808
ACTIVITIES BEFORE INTEREST		, , ,	
Interest receivable and similar income	5	15,049	8,798
Interest revelle and similar charges	6	(26,971)	(26,343)
Interest payable and similar charges	J		
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY			
ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(52,996)	108,263
ACTIVITIES BEI ONE TAXATION		•	
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	7	(2,005)	(23,426)
Tax of (1033)/profit of ordinary dominary			
RETAINED (LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		(55,001)	84,837
		475.000	00.406
Profit and loss account brought forward		<u>175,033</u>	<u>90,196</u>
		120,032	175,033
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT CARRIED FORWARD		120,002	170,000

All recognised gains and losses for the year are included in the profit and loss account. There is no material difference between the result as disclosed in the profit and loss account and the result on an unmodified historical cost basis.

The notes on pages 7 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET - 31 DECEMBER 1997

	Notes		1997		1996
	110100	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	8		2,994		-
Tangible assets	9		451,730		284,811
Investments	11		<u>374,458</u>		<u>324,758</u>
			829,182		609,569
CURRENT ASSETS			020,102		•
	40	02.452		70,338	
Stocks	13	93,453		182,545	
Debtors	14	186,762		39,346	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>6,631</u>		39,340	
		286,846		292,229	
CREDITORS (amounts		(0000011)		(450.005)	
falling due within one year)	15	(<u>366,244</u>)		(<u>153,325</u>)	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			<u>(79.398</u>)		<u>138,904</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			749,784		748,473
CREDITORS (amounts falling due after more than one year)	16		(286,980)		(288,593)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	17		(75,088)		(15,612)
LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	1.		(10,000)		(,,
ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME	18		<u>(11,243</u>)		<u>(12,794</u>)
			376,473		431,474
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			-		
Called up equity share capital	19		167,364		167,364
Share premium account	20		5,410		5,410
Other capital reserves	20		83,667		83,667
Profit and loss account	20		<u>120,032</u>		<u>175,033</u>
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	21		376,473		431,474
					

The notes on pages 7 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

Approved by the Board on and signed on its behalf

JR KERR Director

29th June 1998

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(1) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified to include the current costing of a deferred liability, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

At 31 December 1997 DuPont (U.K.) Limited was a wholly owned subsidiary of Conoco (U.K.) Limited, a company incorporated in England, and therefore under Section 228(2) of the Companies Act 1985, is exempt from producing group accounts. As permitted by Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised), the Company is also exempt from producing a cash flow statement.

(2) <u>Turnover</u>

Turnover represents the amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided after deducting VAT.

(3) Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Goodwill arising on acquisition is capitalised and amortised over its estimated useful economic life of 15 years.

(4) Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is provided on a straight line or sum of the digits basis to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets over their estimated useful lives which are:

Freehold and leasehold buildings

Long life fixtures, fittings and equipment

Plant and machinery

Short life equipment, motor vehicles and computer hardware

35 to 50 years
6 to 10 years
10 years
3 to 6 years

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the life of the lease if shorter than 10 years, or at the fixtures and fittings rates given above. No depreciation is provided for freehold land or assets in the course of construction.

(5) Government grants

Government capital grants received in respect of fixed asset additions are treated as deferred income and included in the balance sheet as Accruals and Deferred Income. The grants are credited to the profit and loss account over the estimated useful lives of the assets to which they relate.

Interest relief grants are credited to the profit and loss account as and when they become receivable.

(6) Assets in the course of construction

Direct costs, including own labour, incurred during the construction of plant and machinery for use by the Company are capitalised. These costs are included in tangible assets as "assets in the course of construction" until the asset is operational. No depreciation is provided until an asset is operational.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(7) Patents and technical information

Patents and technical information are stated at cost less amortisation provided at the rates of 10% or 20% per annum.

(8) Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises purchase price or direct production cost together with Customs and Excise duties, freight and manufacturing overheads as appropriate.

(9) Research and development expenditure

Research and development expenditure is charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it is incurred.

(10) Foreign currency balances

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies occurring during the course of the year are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of those transactions. All exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date.

(11) Deferred taxation

A deferred taxation provision, calculated using the liability method, is made only where the effects of timing differences between profits as stated in the accounts and those as computed for taxation purposes are likely to reverse in the foreseeable future.

In computing the Company's taxation liability, full benefit is taken for non-taxable government grants received in respect of eligible expenditure.

(12) Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as they are incurred over the lease term.

(13) Finance leases

Assets held under finance leases, whereby substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred, are included in tangible fixed assets at their purchase cost and depreciated over the useful lives of the assets. The capital element of the leasing commitment is shown as amounts payable under finance leases and the interest element of the finance charge is charged against profits over the primary lease period.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(14) Pensions

The expected cost of pensions in respect of the Company's defined benefit pension scheme is charged to the profit and loss account over the estimated average working lifetimes of employees in the scheme. Actuarial surpluses and deficits are spread over the remaining expected working lifetimes of employees.

(15) Deferred liability

Deferred consideration relating to acquisitions is stated at its net present value at the balance sheet date, based on appropriate discount rates.

2 TURNOVER

The analysis of turnover by class of business is as follows:

	<u>1997</u> £'000	<u>1996</u> £'000
Fibres Polymers Chemicals and specialities Electronics Medical products Automotive products	609,393 105,900 71,337 76,759 1,225 	642,257 106,811 73,620 78,331 7,493
	878,668	923,656
Discontinued operations	143,508	160,698
	1,022,176	1,084,354

The results of discontinued operations relate to the Printing and Publishing business, see note 4.

The analysis of turnover by geographical destination is as follows:

	<u>1997</u> £'000	<u>1996</u> £'000
UK Exports to Europe Exports outside Europe	522,296 411,217 <u>88,663</u>	528,522 458,570 97,261
	1,022,176	1,084,353

The directors are of the opinion that disclosure of the result attributable to each class of business or geographical market would be seriously prejudicial to the Company.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

3(1) **OPERATING PROFIT**

Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

		<u>1997</u> £'000	<u>1996</u> £'000
	Aggregate directors' emoluments excluding pension contributions (note 22) Depreciation - Owned assets	906	983
	- Assets held under finance leases Provisions for diminution in value of investments	45,319	49,128
	Capital grants credited	260	8
	Operating lease rentals - hire of plant and machinery	(2,491)	(2,611)
	~ Other	4,241	4,191
	Auditors' remuneration, including expenses - audit	91 212	76
	Research and development expenditure	322	212 338
	Exchange losses	9,008	10,698
	Exceptional reorganisation costs of continuing operations	7,731 32,701	7,613 9,759
	The operating professory		
	The operating profit for discontinued operations is stated after charging:		
		4007	
		<u>1997</u> £'000	<u>1996</u> £'000
	Cost of sales		2,000
	Distribution	123,467	144,074
	Administration expenses Other operating expenses	7,651	7,475
	Curer operating expenses	10,671 10,586	9,816
			18,588
3(2)	STAFF GOODS		
J(Z)	STAFF COSTS		
		1997	1996
	Western	£'000	£'000
	Wages and salaries	107.000	
	Social security costs Other pension costs	107,636	112,816
	This parision costs	8,599 <u>17,466</u>	8,701
		_ 17,400	<u>13,369</u>
		133,701	134,886
	The average number of persons employed during the period was 3,937 (1996 - 4	4.269)	

The average number of persons employed during the period was 3,937 (1996 - 4,269).

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

4 LOSS/(PROFIT) ON SALE OF BUSINESS

During the year the Company agreed to sell its Printing and Publishing business. On 28 February 1998 the sale became unconditional, following European regulatory clearance.

The exceptional loss of £70,453,000 disclosed within the accounts comprises a write down of fixed assets of £41,194,000, provision for pension commitments of £22,396,000 write down of stock of £3,927,000 and other liabilities of £2,936,000.

The 1996 exceptional profit of £19,101,000 primarily arose on sale of fixed assets.

5 INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	Dealert was a	<u>1997</u> £'000	1996 £'000
	Bank deposit interest Receivable from group undertakings	2,181 12,868	4,060 <u>4,738</u>
		15,049	8,798
		=	=
6	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		1997 £'000	1996 £'000
	Bank borrowings Accrued interest on deferred liability Payable to group undertakings Other	753 2,405 23,777 36	1,148 2,333 22,834 28
		26,971	26,343
		=======================================	====

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

7 TAX ON (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The taxation charge based on the (loss)/profit on ordinary activities comprises:

	<u>1997</u> £'000	<u>1996</u> £'000
United Kingdom corporation tax at 31.5% (1996 - 33%)		
- current year	2,005	32,180
- prior year		<u>(8,754</u>)
	2,005	23,426

A taxation charge has arisen on the current year's loss on ordinary activities due to the incidence of timing differences. No deferred tax provision has been made for accelerated capital allowances and other timing differences since, in the opinion of the directors, it is unlikely that these will reverse in the foreseeable future, (note 17).

8 INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	<u>Goodwill</u> £'000
<u>Cost</u>	2.000
At 31 December 1996 Additions	<u>2,994</u>
At 31 December 1997	2,994
Amortisation	
At 31 December 1997 and 1996	-
	
Net Book Amount	
At 31 December 1997	2,994
•	
At 31 December 1996	-

The above goodwill arose on the acquisition of the ICI Resins and Intermediates business on 31 December 1997, see note 12.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

9 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

TARGIBLE FIXED AGGETG	Land and buildings	Motor vehicles, fixtures, fittings and equipment	Plant and	Assets in the course of construction £'000	<u>Total</u> £'000
Cost	£'000	£'000	£'000	£.000	£ 000
At 31 December 1996 Additions Acquisitions Construction	86,320 34 7,364	25,311 1,610 1,332	525,797 770 165,542	27,901 80,167 3,246	665,329 82,581 177,484
allocations and transfers Disposals Transfer to current assets	1,063 (270) (<u>17,593</u>)	1,512 (5,784) <u>(6,527</u>)	31,762 (11,161) <u>(83,332</u>)	(34,337) (127) <u>(2,530</u>)	- (17,342) (<u>109,982</u>)
At 31 December 1997	76,918 	17,454	629,378	74,320	798,070 ———
<u>Depreciation</u>					
At 31 December 1996 Charge for the year Disposals Transfer to current assets	30,623 2,462 (85) <u>(6,004</u>)	17,965 2,509 (4,120) <u>(4,823</u>)	331,930 40,348 (10,306) <u>(54,159</u>)	- - -	380,518 45,319 (14,511) <u>(64,986</u>)
At 31 December 1997	26,996	11,531	307,813		346,340
Net book amounts					
At 31 December 1997	49,922	5,923	321,565	74,320	451,730
At 31 December 1996	55,697	7,346 ———	193,867	27,901	284,811
The net book amount of land and	buildings com	nprises:		1997	1996
				£'000	£'000
Freehold land and buildings Long leasehold land and buildings	;			49,922 —— -	55,630 <u>67</u>
				49,922	55,697

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

9 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

Operating lease commitments	<u>1997</u> £'000	<u>1996</u> £'000
Amounts due within one year in respect of leases which expire:	470	007
Within one year	479	297
Between one and five years	598	429
After five years		<u> </u>

1,077

726

10 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Company's contracted capital expenditure commitment at 31 December 1997 amounted to £25,229,000 (1996 - £10,811,000).

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

11 INVESTMENTS

	Associated undertakings Shares £'000	Group undertakings Loans £'000	Subsi Shares £'000	idiary und Loans £'000	lertakings Other £'000	<u>Total</u> £'000
Cost						
At 31 December 1996 Additions Repayments	1,000	150,000 36,435 (975)	8,581 - -	- 13,500 -	166,177 - -	324,758 50,935 (975)
At 31 December 1997	1,000	185,460	8,581	13,500	166,177	374,718
Provisions for diminution in value						
At 31 December 1996 Provided during the year	<u>-</u> <u>260</u>	- -				- <u>260</u>
At 31 December 1997	260	-	-	-	-	260
				_		
Net book amounts						
At 31 December 1997	740 ——	185,460	8,581 	13,500	166,177	374,458
At 31 December 1996	-	150,000	8,581	-	166,177	324,758

The following companies were the principal operating subsidiaries of DuPont (U.K.) Limited at 31 December 1997 and were all registered and operating in England.

	Nature of business	% of share capital
DUK Shipping Limited Camtex Fabrics Limited DuPont (U.K.) Investments Dupont Automotive Coatings U.K. Limited (formerly IDAC U.K. Limited)	Non trading Shoe lining manufacturer Investment company Manufacture of automotive paints and finishes	100% 100% 100% 100%

DUK Shipping Limited ceased to trade with effect from 1 April 1996.

In February 1997, DuPont-Kansai Automotive Coatings (U.K.) Limited was formed as a 50/50 joint venture with Kansai Paint Company Limited.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

12 ACQUISITION OF ASSETS OF ICI RESINS AND INTERMEDIATES BUSINESS

On 31 December 1997, the company acquired the UK assets and business of Imperial Chemical Industries plc's Resins and Intermediates division. The provisional fair value of the net assets acquired was £197,604,000, giving rise to provisional goodwill of £2,994,000. Consideration was paid in the form of cash of £200,598,000.

The net assets acquired and the provisional fair value adjustments assigned thereto are summarised below:

	Book values <u>acquired</u> £'000	Property <u>revaluations</u> £'000	<u>Other</u> £'000	Provisional fair <u>values</u> £'000
Land Buildings Plant and machinery Stocks Provisions	43 301 130,847 20,719 <u>(599</u>)	4,687 2,333 - - -	39,273 - 	4,730 2,634 170,120 20,719 (599)
	151,311	7,020 ——	39,273	197,604

Other fair value adjustments represent the difference between the fair value of the plant and machinery acquired, as specified in the sale and purchase agreement and the book values of those assets prior to the acquisition.

It is not possible to provide the disclosures for a substantial acquisition required by FRS6, as the results of the UK Resins and Intermediates business cannot be separately identified.

13 STOCKS

	£'000	£'000
Raw materials and consumables	23,472	15,219
Work in progress	4,261	4,441
Finished goods and goods for resale	<u>65,720</u>	<u>50,678</u>
	93,453	70,338

4007

4000

In the opinion of the directors, the replacement cost of stocks is not materially different to the balance sheet value.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

14 DEBTORS

		1997	1996
		£'000	£'000
	Trada dahtara	00.700	
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings	90,720	88,961
	Other debtors	75,022	83,325
	Prepayments and accrued income	15,837 1,381	8,938 1,321
	Asset held for disposal	3,802	1,321
	Additional for all popular		
		186,762	182,545
15	CREDITORS (amounts falling due within one year)		
		1997	1996
		£'000	£'000
			200
	Bank loans and overdrafts	209,970	-
	Trade creditors	51,931	47,768
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	63,001	61,145
	Corporation tax	23,744	30,540
	Other creditors	110	2,202
	Taxation and social security	2,366	2,594
	Accruals and deferred income	13,122	7,076
	Deferred liability		2,000
		366,244	153,325
			
16	CREDITORS (amounts falling due after more than one year)		
	one bir one (amounts family due after more than one year)		
		1997	1996
		£'000	£'000
	Loans from group undertakings	251,000	251,000
	Deferred liability	25,980	27,593
	Other creditors	10,000	10,000
		286,980	288,593

The deferred liability represents the net present value of payments due to ICI over the period to June 2001 as a result of the acquisition of its fibres division in July 1993.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

17 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Deferred tax	Pensions and similar obligations	Restructuring and other provisions £'000	Total £'000
At 31 December 1996	-	4,064	11,548	15,612
Utilised during the year		(22)	(15,283)	(15,305)
Provided during the year		8,378	66,403	74,781
At 31 December 1997	-	12,420	62,668	75,088
	_			

Pensions and similar obligations includes an amount of £10,336,000 (1996 - £1,821,000) in respect of a surplus on the Company's pension schemes which is being spread over a period of 13 years as described in note 23.

At 31 December 1997 the full potential liability for deferred taxation at 31% (1996 - 33%) comprised:

	1997 £'000	1996 £'000
Capital allowances claimed for tax purposes in excess of depreciation charged in the accounts	37,589	45,069
Short-term timing differences	(23,771)	(4,222)
	13,818	40,847

18 ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME

	Capital grants £'000
At 31 December 1996 New capital grants Released to profit and loss account	12,794 940 <u>(2,491</u>)
At 31 December 1997	11,243

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

19 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

At 31 December 1996 and 1997:

£'000

Authorised: 200,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each

200,000

Allotted, called up and fully paid: 167,363,540 Ordinary shares of £1 each

167,364

20 RESERVES

	Share premium <u>account</u> £'000	Other capital reserves	Profit and loss account £'000
At 31 December 1996	5,410	83,667	175,033
Retained loss for the year	-	- _	<u>(55,001</u>)
At 31 December 1997	5,410	83,667	120,032
	<u></u>		

The capital reserve arose in 1991 following the transfer of the shares in Du Pont Howson Limited by Conoco (U.K.) Limited, for which no payment was made. The company then purchased the business and assets from Du Pont Howson Limited at their net book value of £83,667,000.

Following the sale of the Printing and Publishing business on 28 February 1998 (see note 4) the reserve is deemed to be realised and is therefore considered to be distributable with effect from this date.

21 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	<u>1997</u> £'000	<u>1996</u> £'000
(Loss)/Profit for the financial year	(55,001)	84,837
Opening equity shareholders' funds	<u>431,474</u>	<u>346.637</u>
Closing equity shareholders' funds	376,473	431,474

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

22 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

	<u>1997</u> £'000	<u>1996</u> £'000
Aggregate emoluments	901	983
Company contributions paid to money purchase pension schemes	5	-
		
Highest paid director		
	<u>1997</u> £'000	<u>1996</u> £'000
Total amount of emoluments and amounts (excluding shares) receivable under long-term incentive schemes	289	285

Retirement benefits are accruing to 4 (1996 - 7) directors under the defined benefit pension scheme.

23 PENSION COSTS

The Company operates two contributory final salary pension plans. The assets of the plans are held in trust for the members, separately from the assets of the Company. The Company's contributions are determined on a balance of cost basis on the advice of an independent qualified actuary using the projected unit method.

Plan A

The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at 31 December 1994. This showed that the plan was in surplus, with assets equal to 124% of its liabilities on an ongoing basis. It was assumed that future investment returns would be 9% per annum, salaries would grow by 6.5% per annum (plus an allowance for promotional increases) and UK equity dividend growth would be 4.5% per annum. No allowance was made for discretionary pension increases. The market value of the Plan's assets as at 31 December 1994 was £324.9 million.

Since the last valuation date the Company and Trustees agreed to guarantee pension increases at the lesser of 5% p.a. and price inflation, in the main section of the plan. If appropriate allowance for these allowances had been made at the time of the 1994 valuation the assets would have been equal to 110% of the liabilities on an ongoing basis.

The pension charge for the period was £13,200,000 (1996 - £10,798,000). This included a credit of £3,340,000 (1996 - £3,355,000) in respect of the amortisation of the accounting surplus over members' average future working lives, estimated to be 13 years. As at 31 December 1997, the Company's accounts included an accrual in respect of pensions of £9,569,000 (1996 - £1,767,000) (note 17).

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

23 PENSION COSTS (CONTINUED)

Plan B

The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at 6 April 1996. This revealed a small deficit, with assets equal to 89% of the Plan's liabilities on an ongoing basis using the same assumptions as those adopted for the valuation of Plan A above, making no allowances for discretionary pension increases. However, had Plan B discontinued at the valuation date, its assets would have been sufficient to meet its accrued liabilities at that time. The market value of Plan B's assets as at 6 April 1996 was £42.9 million.

The pension charge for the period was £4,266,000 (1996 - £2,571,000). This includes £423,000 (1996 - £413,000) in respect of the amortisation over 13 years of the accounting deficit and £576,000 in respect of the cost of the discretionary pension increase granted during the year. As at 31 December 1997, there was an accrual in respect of pensions of £767,000 (1996 - £54,000) (note 17).

The ability of UK pension funds to reclaim tax credits on UK equity dividend income was removed by the July 1997 budget. No allowance has been made for the impact of this change in the 1997 SSAP24 pension cost.

24 GUARANTEES AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At 31 December 1997 the Company had given specific counter indemnities of £4,042,000 (1996 - £3,297,619) in respect of bonds given on its behalf to HM Customs & Excise and others.

25 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under Financial Reporting Standard 8 not to disclose transactions and balances with fellow subsidiary undertakings, 90% or more of whose voting rights are held within the group, and which are included in the published financial statements of E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company, the ultimate parent undertaking.

26 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On 1 February 1998 the Company acquired Imperial Chemical Industries plc Polyester Film business for a consideration of £177 million.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

27 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent undertaking is Conoco (U.K.) Limited, which is the parent undertaking of the smallest group to consolidate these accounts.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Company (incorporated in the state of Delaware, USA) which is the parent undertaking of the largest group to consolidate these accounts.

Copies of Conoco (U.K.) Limited group accounts, and E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Company group accounts can be obtained from:

DuPont (U.K.) Limited Wedgwood Way Stevenage Hertfordshire SG1 4QN