Airmaster Engineering Limited

Directors' report and financial statements

31 December 1997 Registered number 562216

A06 *A4Q9458U* 555
COMPANIES HOUSE 10/04/98

Directors' report and financial statements

Contents

Directors' report	1
Directors' responsibilities	3
Auditors' report to the members of Airmaster Engineering Limited	4
Profit and loss account	5
Note of historical cost profits and losses	6
Balance sheet	7
Cash flow statement	8
Notes	9

Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1997.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is the manufacture and marketing of dust extraction equipment.

Business review

1997 turnover and profit were down on the exceptional 1996 levels. Standard product sales held their market share well despite the pressures from the strength of the pound. Although major end-user contracts declined as legislative EPA deadlines passed, the company was able to build on the previous year's successes and extend its contracting capability into other niche markets.

Proposed dividend and transfer to reserves

The profit for the year after taxation amounted to £87,892 which will be transferred to reserves.

The directors propose a dividend of £595,000 (1996: £nil).

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

JG Mygind

SE Lusty

PA Sørensen (resigned 14 April 1997)

K Stausholm-Pedersen

SJ Hoffmeyer (appointed 1 October 1997)

None of the directors who held office at the end of the financial year had any disclosable interest in the shares of the company or other group companies.

Directors' report (continued)

Auditors

In accordance with Section 384 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the company, is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

A Hampton

Secretary

Limewood Approach Seacroft LEEDS LS14 1NG

20 March 1998

Directors' responsibilities

in respect of the preparation of financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



Peat House 1 Commercial Street Forster Square Bradford BD1 4AS

Auditors' report to the members of Airmaster Engineering Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 18.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 1997 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG

20 March 1998

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 1997	Note	1997 £	1996 £
Turnover Other operating income	2	7,724,423 212,015	8,095,334 199,760
Operating costs	3	7,936,438 (7,691,547)	8,295,094 (8,002,538)
Operating profit Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	7 8	244,891 - (97,129)	292,556 1,506 (82,988)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2-6 9	147,762 (59,870)	211,074 (96,831)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation Dividends	20 10	87,892 (595,000)	114,243
Retained (loss)/profit for the financial year		(507,108)	114,243

A statement of movements on reserves is given in note 19.

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the result for the year.

All the turnover and operating profit for the year relates to continuing operations.

Note of historical cost profits and losses

for the year ended 31 December 1997		1006
	1997	1996
	£	£
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	147,762	211,074
Difference between a historical cost depreciation charge and actual depreciation charge calculated on the revalued amount	1,854	1,854
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	149,616	212,928
	<u></u>	<u> </u>
Historical cost (loss)/profit for the year retained after taxation and dividends	(505,254)	116,097

Balance sheet

at 31 December 1997

	Note		1997		1996
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	11		977,218		830,248
Investments	12		71,969		-
			1,049,187		830,248
Current assets					
Stocks	13	561,053		674,897	
Debtors	14	2,039,679		2,805,918	
Cash at bank and in hand		50,280		180,807	
		2,651,012		3,661,622	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	15	(3,307,323)		(3,526,117)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(656,311)	11.1841.18	135,505
Total assets less current liabilities			392,876		965,753
Creditors: amounts falling			372,670		705,755
due after more than one year	16		_		(7,949)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	17		(40,426)		(98,246)
Net assets			352,450		859,558
Capital and reserves					
Capital and leserves Called up equity share capital	18		167,640		167,640
Share premium account	10		59,946		59,946
Revaluation reserve	19		72,772		74,626
Profit and loss account	19		52,092		557,346
1 Tolle and 1055 decoding	17				
Shareholders' funds - equity	20		352,450		859,558

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 20 March 1998 and were signed on its behalf by:

SE Lusty
Director

Cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 December 1997

Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

		1997	1996
		£	£
Operating profit		244,891	292,556
Depreciation charges		187,302	155,602
Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets		(2,298)	(11,790)
Decrease/(increase) in stocks		113,844	(54,633)
Decrease/(increase) in debtors		914,989	(1,668,802)
(Decrease)/increase in creditors		(587,058)	1,058,300
(Decrease)/increase in warranty provision		(57,820)	53,659
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		813,850	(175,108)
Net cash himow/(outflow) from operating activities			
Cash flow statement			
	Note	1997	1996
		£	£
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		813,850	(175,108)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	23	(92,435)	(81,482)
Taxation	23	(89,870)	(96,831)
Capital expenditure	23	(403,943)	(150,973)
Increase/(decrease) in cash		227,602	(504,394)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt			
	Note	199 7 £	1996 £
Increase/(decrease) in cash	24	227,602	(504,394)
Net debt at beginning of year		(1,209,054)	(704,660)
Net debt at end of year		(981,452)	(1,209,054)

Airmaster Engineering Limited Directors' report and financial statements 31 December 1997

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules, modified to include the revaluation of leasehold property.

The company is exempt by virtue of s228 of the Companies Act 1985 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided by the company to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Long leasehold property - 2%

Plant, equipment, fixtures and fittings - 15 - 25%

Motor vehicles - 25%

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. The resulting gains or losses are included in the profit and loss account.

Leases

Rentals in respect of leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged against profits represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research and development is written off against profits in the year in which it is incurred.

Accounting policies (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of manufacturing fixed and variable overheads. The allocation of manufacturing overheads has regard to normal production.

Long term contracts

The amount of profit attributable to the stage of completion of a long term contract is recognised when the outcome of the contract can be foreseen with reasonable certainty. Turnover for such contracts is stated at cost appropriate to their stage of completion plus attributable profits, less amounts recognised in previous years. Provision is made for any losses which are foreseen.

Contract work in progress is stated at costs incurred, less those transferred to the profit and loss account, after deducting foreseeable losses and payments on account not matched with turnover.

Amounts recoverable on contracts are included in debtors and represent turnover recognised in excess of payments on account.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision is made for deferred tax only to the extent that it is probable that an actual liability will crystallise.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of goods and services to customers during the year.

2 Analysis of turnover

By geographical market	1997 £	1996 £
By geographical market		
United Kingdom	7,093,190	7,539,312
Rest of Europe	555,445	526,659
Rest of world	75,788	29,363
	7,724,423	8,095,334

3 Operating costs

•		
	1997	1996
	£	£
Decrease/(increase) in stocks of finished goods and work in progress	113,844	(199,898)
Raw materials and consumables	4,121,381	4,728,647
Staff costs:		
Wages and salaries	1,623,034	1,422,644
Social security costs	155,835	136,823
Other pension costs	26,010	32,523
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	187,302	155,602
Other operating charges	1,464,141	1,726,197
	T (04 #15	9 002 529
	7,691,547	8,002,538
4 Operating profit	1997 £	1996 £
Operating profit is stated		
after charging		
Auditors' remuneration:		10 (00
Audit	14,000	12,600
Other services	2,400	2,000
Hire of plant and machinery	12,395	15,528
Research and development expenditure	53,841	45,469
Exchange losses	38,604	19,970
after crediting		
Rents receivable from property	28,597	22,075

5 Remuneration of directors

	1997 £	1996 £
Director's emoluments: Remuneration as executives Pension contributions Amounts to be paid to third parties in respect of director's services	60,000 4,500 -	55,232 3,701 1,123
	64,500	60,056

6 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category was as follows:

was as follows:	Number of emplo	
	1997	1996
Production	66	62
Selling	13 3	13 2
Development Administration	10	8
	92	85
7 Interest receivable and similar income		
	1997	1996
	£	£
Bank interest		1,506
8 Interest payable and similar charges		
	1997	1996
	£	£
On bank loans, overdrafts and other loans		
wholly repayable within five years	97,129	82,988
9 Taxation		
	1997	1996 £
	£	£
UK corporation tax charge at 33% (1996: 33%) on the loss for the year on ordinary activities	60,000	90,000
Adjustments relating to an earlier year: Corporation tax	(130)	6,831
	59,870	96,831

10 Dividends				
			1997 £	1996 £
Final dividend proposed			595,000	
11 Tangible fixed assets				
	Long leasehold property	Plant, equipment fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation At beginning of year Additions Disposals	615,307	1,018,936 274,477 (2,141)	293,328 63,497 (39,366)	1,927,571 337,974 (41,507)
At end of year	615,307	1,291,272	317,459	2,224,038
Depreciation At beginning of year Charge for year On disposals	116,579 15,954	796,038 112,216 (803)	184,706 59,132 (37,002)	1,097,323 187,302 (37,805)
At end of year	132,533	907,451	206,836	1,246,820
<i>Net book value</i> At 31 December 1997	482,774	383,821	110,623	977,218
At 31 December 1996	498,728	222,898	108,622	830,248
Particulars relating to revalued asse	ets, being the long lease	chold property which v	1997 £	1996 £
Historical cost of revalued assets Aggregate depreciation based on h	istorical cost		522,604 (113,330)	522,604 (99,230
Historical cost net book value			409,274	423,374

12 Investments		
	Share	es in subsidiary undertaking £
At 1 January 1997 Additions		- 71,969
At 31 December 1997		71,969
Subsidiary undertaking	Class of share	Percentage of shares held
Nordfab DPE Limited	Ordinary	100%
At 31 December 1997, Airmaster Engineering Lin at the net asset value stated in the management at Nordfab DPE Limited were transferred to Airmaster Stocks	ecounts of Nordfab DPE Limited. All trad	le and assets & liabilities of
15 Stocks	1005	1996
	1997 £	1996 £
D	462,488	407,541
Raw materials and semi-products Work in progress	98,565	256,192
Finished goods and goods for resale	•	11,164
	561,053	674,897
	301,033	
There is no material difference between the replace	ement cost of stocks and their balance shee	et amounts.
14 Debtors		
	1997	1996
Amounts falling due within one year	£	£
Trade debtors	1,792,745	2,727,873
Amounts owed by group undertakings	66,132	34,325 43,720
Prepayments and accrued income	32,052	45,720
	1,890,929	2,805,918
Amounts falling due after more than one year		
Advance corporation tax recoverable	148,750	-
	2,039,679	2,805,918
The amounts owed by group undertakings comp	orise	
Parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	66,132	34,325

15 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		1997		1996
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts Payments received on account Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors including taxation		1,031,732 106,790 480,356 120,334		1,389,861 305,839 452,322 355,224
and social security: Corporation tax Other taxes and social security Other creditors	60,000 319,527 15,288		90,000 304,850 6,608	
Accruals and deferred income Proposed dividend		394,815 578,296 595,000		401,458 621,413
		3,307,323		3,526,117
The amounts owed to group undertakings compris	re			
Parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings		120,334		355,224
16 Creditors: amounts falling due after	more than	one year		
			1997 £	1996 £
Deferred income			-	7,949
17 Provisions for liabilities and charges				
				Warranty provision £
At beginning of year Released during the year				98,246 (57,820)
At end of year				40,426

18 Called up equity share capital		
	1997 £	1996 £
Authorised Ordinary shares of £1 each	176,043	176,043
Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary shares of £1 each	167,640	167,640
19 Reserves		
	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £
At beginning of year Transfer to profit and loss account Retained loss for the year	74,626 (1,854)	557,346 1,854 (507,108)
At end of year	72,772	52,092
20 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
	1997 £	1996 £
Profit for the financial year Dividends	87,892 (595,000)	114,243
Opening shareholders' funds	(507,108) 859,558	114,243 745,315
Closing shareholders' funds	352,450	859,558

21 Commitments

Capital commitments at the end of the financial year for which no provision has been made.

	1997 £	1996 £
Contracted	-	•

The company has provided guarantees to its bankers in respect of deposits received from customers which amount to £217,000 (1996: £259,000).

The directors do not consider that the guarantees will fall due for payment.

22 Pension scheme

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the company to the fund. Contributions amounting to £5,845 (1996: £1,513) were payable to the fund at the year end and are included in creditors.

23 Cash flow statement

	1997		1996	
	£	£	£	£
Returns on investment and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid	(92,435)		1,506 (82,988)	
militate para	 	(92,435)		(81,482)
Taxation Taxation paid		(89,870)		(96,831)
Capital expenditure				
Purchase of investments	(71,969) (337,974)		(165,498)	
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets	6,000		14,525	
	<u></u>	(403,943)		(150,973)

24 Analysis of changes in net debt during the year

	At 1 January 1997 £	Cash flow £	At 31 December 1997
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdraft	180,807 (1,389,861)	(130,527) 358,129	50,280 (1,031,732)
			
	(1,209,054)	227,602	(981,452)

Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group of which the company is a member

The company is a subsidiary undertaking of Dansk Industri Syndikat A/S, a company incorporated in Denmark.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Dansk Industri Syndikat A/S. The consolidated financial statements of this group are not available to the public.