COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 00540403

TDG (UK) Limited
Report and financial statements
31 December 2011

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Officers and professional advisers

The board of directors Mr H Montjotin

Mr F Bertreau Mr P Bataillard Mr D Lynch Mr M Bridges Mr M Wilson

Mr G de La Rochebrochard

Ms L Navid Lane

Company secretary Ms L Navid Lane

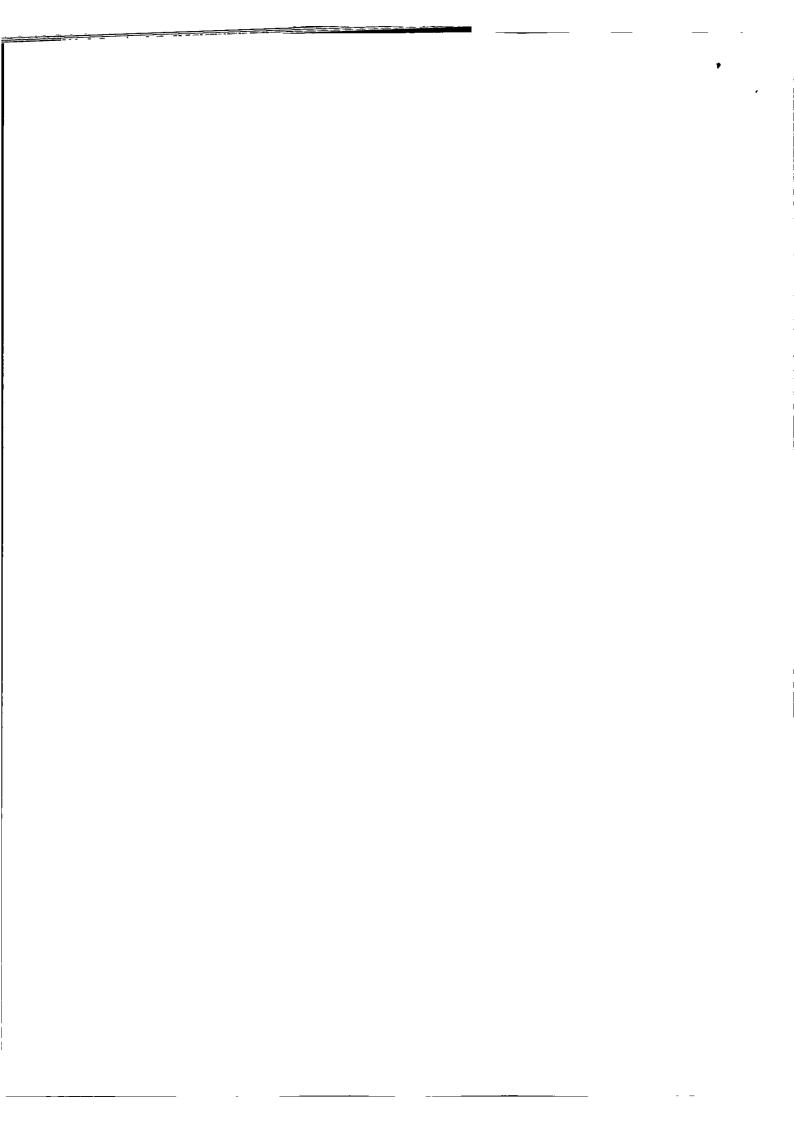
Registered office Norbert Dentressangle House

Lodge Way Northampton NN5 7SL

Auditor Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor Grant Thornton House Melton Street

Euston Square London NW1 2EP



The directors' report

Year ended 31 December 2011

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2011

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the company is the provision of logistics management services, warehousing, freight forwarding and road transport. On 28 March 2011, Laxey Logistics Limited, the parent of TDG Limited, the direct parent company, was purchased by Norbert Dentressangle SA.

On 30 September 2011, the company sold its investment in Norbert Dentressangle Overseas UK Limited (formerly Brisk Airfreight Limited) to Norbert Dentressangle Overseas SA for £13 0m, realising a profit on disposal of £9 0m.

On 1 October 2011, the company transferred its business along with certain related assets and liabilities, other than its tank farm operations at the Dagenham site, and all employees to the following companies, Norbert Dentressangle Logistics Limited, Norbert Dentressangle Transport Services Limited, Norbert Dentressangle Transport Services Limited, Norbert Dentressangle Maintenance UK Limited, Norbert Dentressangle Overseas UK Limited (formerly Brisk Airfreight Limited) and Norbert Dentressangle Holdings Limited The businesses were sold at fair value, albeit that the fair value of assets and liabilities was deemed to be at net book value, with the exception of the property assets which were sold at fair value based on the fair value at date of acquisition by the Norbert Dentressangle Group The transfer was completed for a total consideration of £132 6m, resulting in a gain on sale of £141 7m. Further details are given in note 29 to the accounts

With effect from 1 October 2011, the company has traded as agent for these entities, along with the continuing operations at the Dagenham tank farm, which the directors will continue to actively market for sale during 2012

Key performance indicators

	2011	2010	% Change
Turnover (£'000)	377,620	493,297	(23)
Profit after tax (£'000)	153,968	29,606	420
Average number of employees	3,649	5,064	(28)
Shareholders' funds (£'000)	363,657	210,311	73

TDG (UK) Limited is now part of the Norbert Dentressangle Group and the directors of Norbert Dentressangle SA manage its operations at a Group level. The company's key financial and other performance indicators are shown above. Following the transfer of the majority of its trading activities in October 2011, the key performance indicators for turnover, profit after tax, average number of employees show significant reductions compared to 2010. The increase in shareholders' funds is explained in the shareholders funds note 28, but the most significant items are the profits from the sale of the businesses noted above in the business review and the sale of the company's investment in Norbert Dentressangle Overseas UK Limited.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The management of the business and the execution of the company strategy are subject to the following risks

Liquidity risk

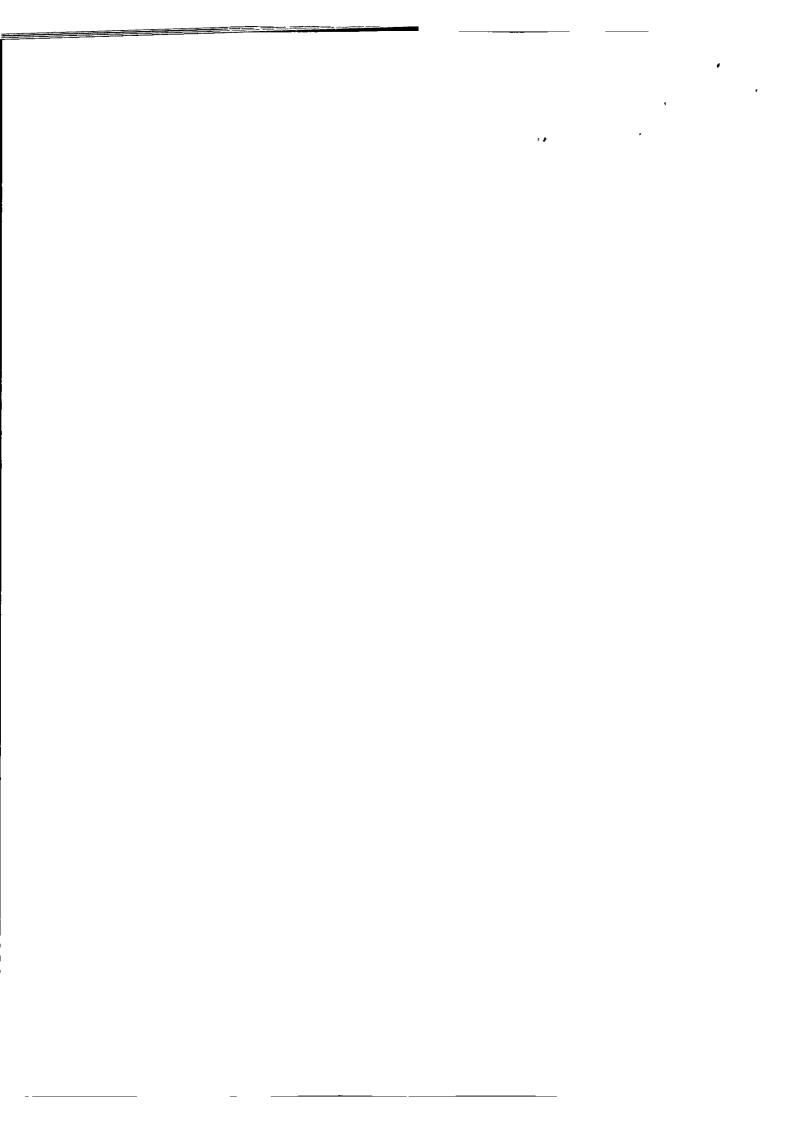
Credit risk on bank balances and short-term deposits is limited as they are held with authorised banks with credit ratings approved by Norbert Dentressangle SA

Pension commitments

The company is exposed to market volatility in respect of the defined benefit pension scheme. Further details of the fund position and actuarial assumptions used are given in note 20.

Interest rate risk

The company has intercompany receivables which are based on floating interest rates and therefore expose the company to interest rate movements. The board of directors has assessed the risk and does not regard the exposure as significant.



The directors' report (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

Future developments

The director's will continue to actively market the Dagenham business for sale during 2012. Other than this the company will continue to trade as an agent to other group companies.

Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and position, are set out in the Business Review section above.

The company has inter company debtor balances with Norbert Dentressangle Logistics Limited and Norbert Dentressangle Transport Services Limited of £81 6m and £51 0m respectively which are repayable after more than one year

The directors, having assessed the responses of the directors of the company's ultimate parent company Norbert Dentressangle SA to their enquiries, have no reason to believe that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the Norbert Dentressangle group to continue as a going concern or its ability to continue with the current banking arrangements

On the basis of their assessment of the company's financial position and of the enquiries made of the directors of Norbert Dentressangle SA, the company's directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

The ultimate parent of the company has confirmed that it shall assist in meeting liabilities as and when they fall due to the extent that funds are not otherwise available to meet these liabilities. The ultimate parent company has agreed to provide the financial support outlined above for a period at least 12 months from the date of signing of the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2011.

The ultimate parent has provided similar assurances to the directors of TDG Limited, Norbert Dentressangle Logistics Limited and Norbert Dentressangle Transport Services Limited, which the directors of this company have placed reliance on in assessing the recoverability of amounts due from these entities

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £153,968,000 (2010 £29,606k)

No dividends have been paid during the year (2010 £nil) and no final dividend has been paid (2010 £nil)

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

Mr H Montjotin (Appointed 28 March 2011) Mr F Bertreau (Appointed 28 March 2011) Mr P Bataillard (Appointed 28 March 2011) Mr D Lynch (Appointed 8 April 2011) Mr M Bridges (Appointed 8 April 2011) (Appointed 8 April 2011) Mr M Wilson Mr G de La Rochebrochard (Appointed 22 September 2011) Ms L Navid Lane (Appointed 22 September 2011) Mr G J Bicknell (Resigned 28 March 2011) Mr M J Branigan (Resigned 7 April 2011) (Resigned 28 March 2011) Mr S Riffner

Policy on the payment of creditors

The company ensures terms and conditions are agreed with suppliers prior to the commencement of the transaction. Payment will be made once the transaction has been completed in accordance with our agreement. In 2011, the average number of days' credit taken by the company from suppliers was 27 days (2010, 33 days).

The directors' report (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

Donations

During the year, the company made charitable donations of £1k (2010 £9k)

Disabled employees

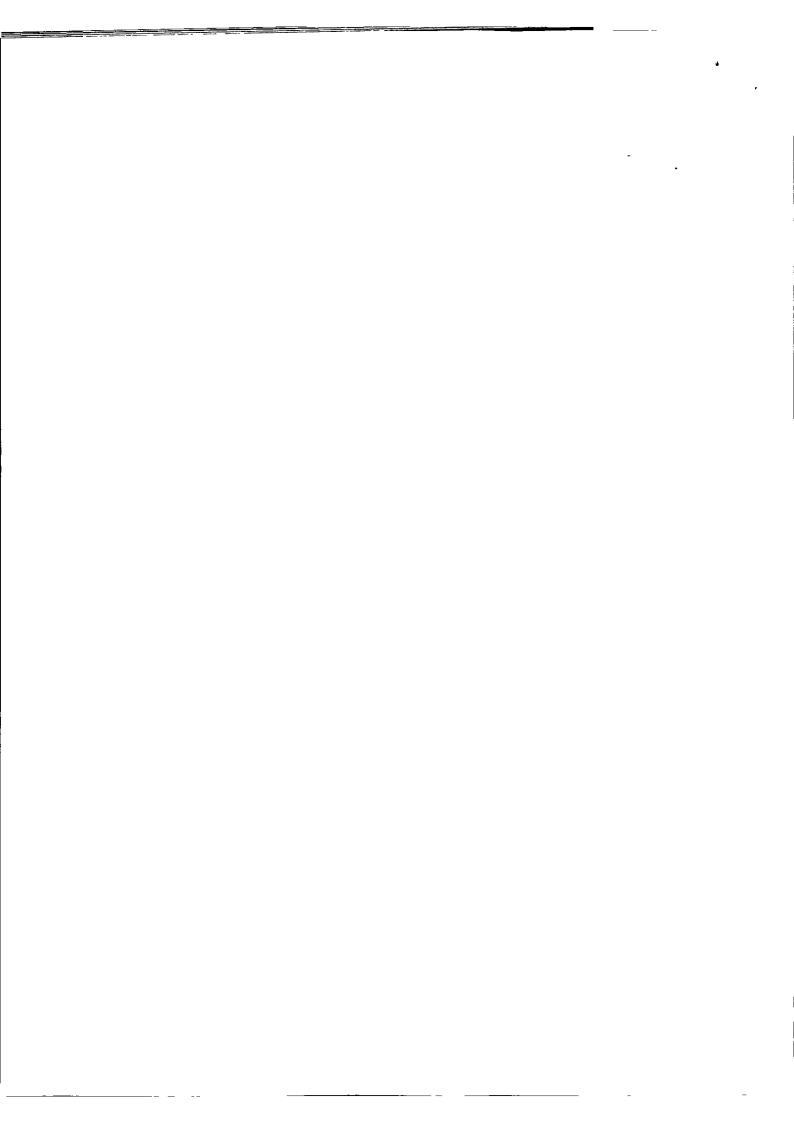
The company gives full consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons where the requirements of the job can be adequately fulfilled by a handicapped or disabled person. Where existing employees become disabled, it is the company's policy wherever practicable to provide continuing employment under normal terms and conditions and to provide training and career development and promotion to disabled employees wherever appropriate

Employee involvement

The decentralised group management structure ensures that communication is direct and simple Local consultation through briefing processes provides useful feedback and employee suggestions on local issues Communications between formal employee representatives and management are constructive

Every effort is made to ensure, wherever practicable, that pay is linked to results

In recruitment, training, career development and promotion, the company makes no distinction between disabled and able-bodied persons, provided the disability does not make the particular employment impractical, or the employee unable to conform to the stringent statutory regulations which apply to the company. The company is an equal opportunities employer, selecting and developing individuals entirely on their merit and performance.



The directors' report (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

Auditor

KPMG LLP resigned as auditors during the year and the casual vacancy was filled by Grant Thornton UK LLP Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and will therefore continue in office

Signed on behalf of the directors

Mr D P Lynch Director

Approved by the directors on 28 May 2012

Company Registration Number 00540403

Independent auditor's report to the members of TDG (UK) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of TDG (UK) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Loss at Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 30. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion, the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its profit for the
 year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

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We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Mark Cardiff (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
London

26 May 2012

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Profit and loss account

Year ended 31 December 2011

Turnover Cost of sales Gross profit	Note	Continuing operations £000 8,088 (282) 7,806	2011 Discontinued operations £000 369,532 (199,679) 169,853	Total £000 377,620 (199,961) 177,659	2010 Total £000 493,297 (242,448) 250,849
Net operating expenses	3	(4,788)	(175,210)	(179,998)	(235,728)
Operating (loss)/profit	4	3,018	(5,357)	(2,339)	15,121
Profit on disposal of discontile Profit on sale of fixed assets	nued ope	rations	6 7	141,743 8,974	- 8,653
				148,378	23,774
Interest receivable and similar interest payable and similar	-	•	8 9	7,998 (1,334)	6,403 (3,517)
Profit on ordinary activities	s before	taxation		155,042	26,660
Tax on profit on ordinary act	ivities		10	(1,074)	2,946
Profit for the financial year				153,968	29,606

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

Year ended 31 December 2011

	2011 £000	2010 £000
Profit for the financial year attributable to the shareholder Actuarial loss in respect of defined benefit pension	153,968	29,606
scheme	(631)	
Total gains and losses recognised since the last annual report	153,337	29,606
Note of historical cost profits and losses		
	2011 £000	2010 £000
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	155,042	26,660
Difference between a historical cost depreciation charge and the actual		
charge calculated on the revalued amount Realised profit on revalued properties	(44) 517	(24) 4,140
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	155,515	30,776
Historical cost profit for the year		
after taxation	154,441	33,722

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Balance sheet

31 December 2011

	Note	0003	2011 £000	2000	2010 £000
Fixed assets	NULE	2000	2000	£000	2000
Intangible assets	11				1,399
Tangible assets	12		16,963		63,104
Investments	13		460		4,504
mvesaments	15				4,504
			17,423		69,007
Current assets					
Stocks	14	103		2,127	
Debtors	15	351,908		262,002	
Cash at bank		869		12,186	
		352,880		276,315	
Creditors: Amounts falling due		332,000		270,313	
within one year	17	(6,646)		(113,202)	
Net current assets			346,234		163,113
Total assets less current liabilities			363,657		232,120
Creditors. Amounts falling due afte	r				
more than one year	18		-		(21,808)
Government grants	19		-		(1)
			363,657		210,311
			<u></u>		
Capital and reserves					
Called-up equity share capital	23		101,100		101,091
Share premium account	24		19,900		19,900
Revaluation reserve	25		2,576		3,048
Capital redemption reserve	26		4,153		4,153
Profit and loss account	27		235,928		82,119
Shareholder's funds	28		363,657		210,311

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 28 May 2012, and are signed on their behalf by

Mr D Lynch Director

Company registration number 00540403

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year

Going concern

The company relies on the continued financial support from Norbert Dentressangle SA, the ultimate parent company, to enable it to continue operating and meeting its liabilities as they fall due. The directors believe it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis as they have received confirmation that continuing finance will be made available from the ultimate parent company.

Changes in accounting policies

The company has adopted no new accounting standards in these financial statements. In accordance with FRS18 the directors have continued to review the accounting policies being applied by the company. There have been no changes to accounting policies during the year.

Consolidated accounts

The company is exempt under Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, from the obligation to prepare consolidated financial statements. As such, these financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its Group.

Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its ultimate parent, Norbert Dentressangle SA, publishes a consolidated cash flow statement

Related parties transactions

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Norbert Dentressangle SA, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which are wholly owned by the group

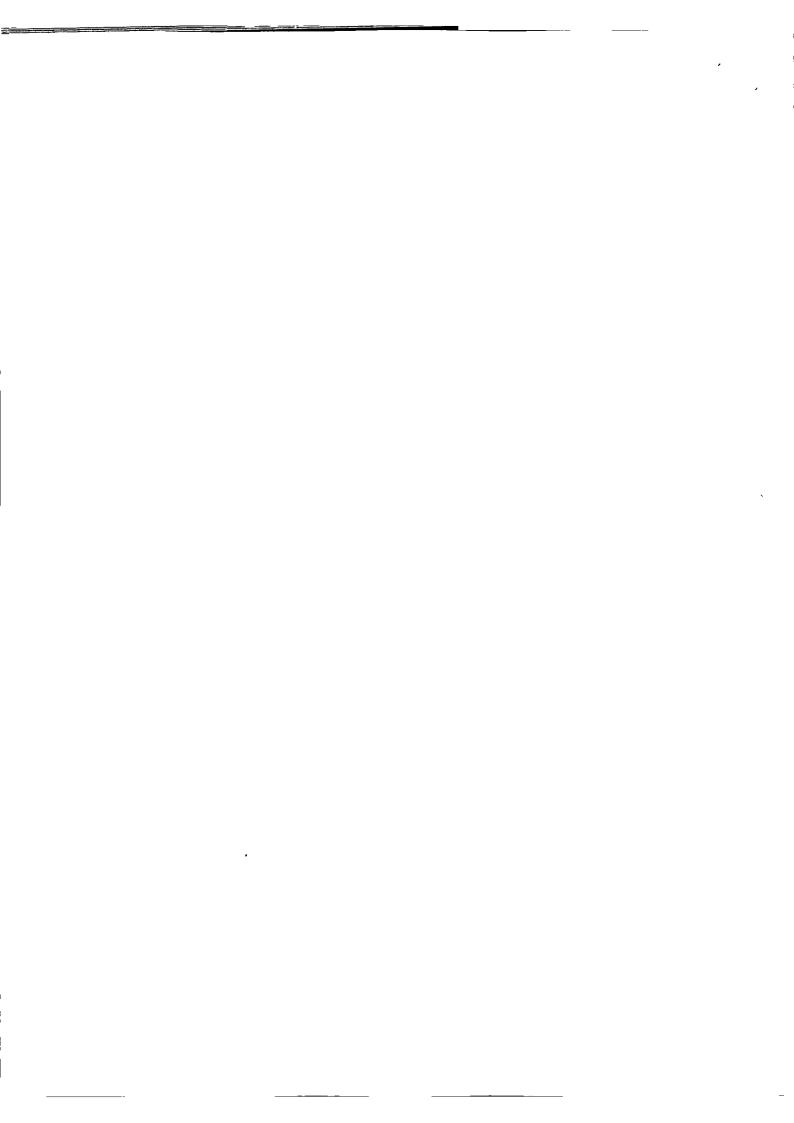
Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of consideration receivable (net of any rebates and discounts) and excludes sales taxes and customs duties. Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and revenue can be reliably measured. In practice this means that revenue is generally recognised when service is rendered.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the difference between the fair value of attributable net tangible assets at the date of acquisition and the cost of shares or assets acquired, is capitalised and amortised over a period not exceeding 20 years

Prior to 1 January 1998, acquisition goodwill was taken to reserves in the year of acquisition



Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

Accounting policies (continued)

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill

over a period not exceeding 20 years

Fixed assets

As permitted by the transitional provisions of FRS15 "Tangible Fixed Assets", the Company has elected not to adopt a policy of revaluation of tangible fixed assets. The carrying value of land and buildings has been retained but the valuations will not be updated

The carrying value of tangible fixed assets, previously revalued, are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Freehold Property

20 to 50 years

Leasehold Property

Amortised over remaining life of lease

Motor Vehicles

4 to 6 years

Equipment

3 to 20 years

An amount equal to the excess of the annual depreciation charge on revalued assets over the notional historical cost depreciation charge on those assets is transferred annually from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss reserve

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Provision is made for obsolete and slowmoving items

Operating lease agreements

Where assets are financed by leasing arrangements that give rights approximating to ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as obligations to the lessor

Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account in proportion to the remaining balance outstanding

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term



Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Pension costs

The company operates a number of defined benefit and defined contribution pension schemes for employees. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the company

In 2010 the company was unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities in the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. Therefore in accordance with FRS17, the company adopted the multi-employer exemption resulting in a defined contribution treatment for the Group scheme and recognition of the contributions payable each year through the profit and loss account. On 7 December 2011, TDG Limited, the company's immediate parent, ceased to be a participating employer and the company renamed as the sponsoring employer and sole participating employer. As a result of this, the company was solely responsible for all of the assets and liabilities of the scheme. In accordance with FRS17 and the accounting policies detailed below, with effect from 7 December 2011, the company ceased to apply multi-employer exemption.

With effect from 7 December 2011, current service cost, past service cost and gains and losses on settlements and curtailments are charged to the profit and loss account. Past service costs are recognised over the vesting period or immediately if the benefits have vested. When a settlement (eliminating all obligations for benefits already accrued) or a curtailment (reducing future obligations as a result of a material reduction in the scheme membership or a reduction in future entitlement) occurs, the obligation and related plan assets are re-measured using current actuarial assumptions and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in the profit and loss account during the period in which the settlement or curtailment occurs

The interest cost and the expected return on assets are shown as a net amount in the profit and loss account as other finance costs or income. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

Pension scheme assets are valued at fair value at the balance sheet date. Fair value is based on market price information and in the case of quoted securities is the published bid price. Pension scheme liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method and are discounted to their present value using a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent currency and term to the scheme liabilities. In accordance with FRS 17 a surplus can only be recognised if the company is expected to generate a future economic benefit for itself through either reduced contributions to support the liability expected to arise from future service or an agreed refund of surplus

On 1 October 2011, the scheme was closed to future accrual

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but have not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or receive more, tax. Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that they are expected to be realised in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred investment grants

Investment grants are credited to the profit and loss account in equal annual amounts over the expected life of the assets to which the grant relates

2 Turnover

Operating profit

The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the company, being the provision of logistics management services, warehousing, freight forwarding and road transport

A geographical analysis of turnover is given below

	United Kingdom	2011 £000 377,620)	2010 £000 493,297
3	Analysis of cost of sales and net operating expenses			
		Continuing operations £000	Discontinued operations £000	Total £000
	Year ended 31 December 2011			
	Turnover	8,088	369,532	377,620
	Cost of sales	282	199,679	199,961

Administrative expenses	4,788	175,210	179,998
Operating profit/(loss)	3,018	(5,357)	(2,339)
Year ended 31 December 2010			
Turnover	7,857	485,440	493,297
Cost of sales	277	242,171	242,448
			
Gross profit	7,580	243,269	250,849
Administrative expenses	4,923	230,852	235,775
Other operating income	4,323	(47)	(47)
Other operating income			(47)
Net operating expenses	4,923	230,805	235,728

2,657

12,464

15,121

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

4 Operating (loss)/profit

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Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting)

	2011	2010
	0003	0003
Amortisation of government grants	(1)	(207)
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,399	1,084
Impairment of intangible fixed assets	_	295
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	5,054	10,112
Impairment of owned fixed assets	1,781	285
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	86	7
Operating lease costs	4 505	7.000
- Plant and equipment	4,585	7,909
- Other	12,956 570	18,074
Net loss/(profit) on foreign currency translation	570	(227)
Auditor's remuneration - other fees	<u> </u>	36
In 2011, audit fees of £60k (2010 £220k) were borne by	y TDG Limited	
	2011	0010
	£000	2010 £000
	2000	2000
Auditor's remuneration - other fees		
- Taxation services	_	9
- Other services	_	27
		
	<u>_</u>	36
		
Particulars of employees		
The average number of staff employed by the company	during the financial year amount	ted to
	2011	2010
	No	No
Number of administrative and production staff	3,649	5,064
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were		
	2011	2010
	2000	£000
Wages and salaries	105,531	139,499
Social security costs	9,683	12,823
Other pension costs	4,009	4,759
•		
	119,223	157,081

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

5 Particulars of employees (continued)

Other pension costs were

	2011	2010
		£000
Pension contributions - money purchase scheme	1,749	2,403
Pension contributions - defined benefit scheme	2,260	2,356
		
	4,009	4,759

In 2010, the Company was unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the TDG Pension Scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis and, as permitted under FRS17, the company adopted the defined contribution treatment for the group scheme and recognised the contributions payable each year through the profit and loss account

On 7 December 2011, TDG Limited, the company's immediate parent, ceased to be a participating employer and as a result of this the company was able to identity its share of the assets and liabilities of the scheme, this being 100% of the assets and liabilities of the scheme. Until 7 December 2011, the company continued to recognise the contributions payable each year through the profit and loss account Contributions paid after 7 December 2011, £636k, have been recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses as an actuarial loss. Further details of the TDG Pension Scheme are given in note 20 to the accounts. Included within defined benefit contribution payments is a receipt from TDG Limited, £2,829k, for its contribution to the scheme.

Included within wages and salaries is £3,067k (2010 £2,013k) paid in relation to redundancy costs

The directors of the company did not receive any emoluments for their services to the company as these services were incidental to their Group responsibilities

6 Profit on disposal of discontinued operations

	2011	2010
	0003	£000
Disposal of discontinued operations		
Profit on sale of business	141,743	_

On 30 September 2011, the logistics, transport and international operating segments, were sold to Norbert Dentressangle Logistics Limited, Norbert Dentressangle Transport Services Limited, Norbert Dentressangle Transport Services Limited, Norbert Dentressangle Maintenance UK Limited and Norbert Dentressangle Overseas UK Limited (formerly Brisk Airfreight Limited) for proceeds of £165,797k, representing the deemed market value of the business, realising a profit on disposal of £141,743k. Further details are given in note 29

7. Profit on sale of fixed assets

	2011	2010
	0003	£000
Profit on sale of fixed assets	8,974	8,653

On 30 September 2011, the Company sold its investment in Norbert Dentressangle Overseas UK Limited (formerly Brisk Airfreight Limited) to Norbert Dentressangle Overseas SA for £13,000k, representing the deemed market value of the business, realising a profit on disposal of £8,974k

In 2010, the company sold thirteen properties under a sale and leaseback arrangement and two outright sales to a third party. The disposal of the properties created a net capital gain charge of £1,125k, this liability was extinguished by utilisation of capital losses and group relief. The company has capital losses to be offset against future charges of £nil (2010, £nil).



Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

8 Interest receivable and similar income

	Unwinding of discount on liability for insurance claims interest from group undertakings Other similar income receivable	2011 £000 7,833 165 7,998	2010 £000 40 6,346 17 6,403
9.	Interest payable and similar charges		
	Interest payable on bank borrowing Unwinding of discount on liability for insurance claims Other similar charges	2011 £000 486 277 571	2010 £000 2,526 - 991 3,517
10.	Taxation on ordinary activities		
	(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
	Current tax:	2011 £000	2010 £000
	In respect of the year		
	UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 26 50% (2010 - 28%) Over provision in prior year Total current tax Deferred tax:	1,192 (316) 876	1,399 (305) 1,094
		200	
	Current year charge	333	810
	Adjustment in respect of previous years Deferred tax	(135)	(4,850)
	Total deferred tax (note 16)	198	(4,040)
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	1,074	(2,946)

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

10 Taxation on ordinary activities (continued)

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26 50% (2010 - 28%)

	2011 £000	2010 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	155,042	26,660
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	41,086	7,465
Permanent timing differences	(176)	(3,066)
Depreciation for period in excess of capital allowances	991	4.325
Utilisation of tax losses	•	(4,561)
Origination/reversal of other timing differences	(385)	(285)
Fixed asset impairments not tax deductible	533	-
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(316)	(305)
Profit on sale of investments not taxable	(2,378)	` -
Group pension credit not taxable and additional cash		
contributions tax deductible	(917)	-
Relief claimed on profit on sale of properties	-	(2,421)
Tax exempt income	-	(58)
Profit on sale of business not taxable	(37,562)	-
Total current tax (note 10(a))	876	1,094
*		

11 Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill £000
Cost At 1 January 2011 Disposal of business	7,038 (7,038)
At 31 December 2011	-
Amortisation At 1 January 2011 Charge for the year Disposals At 31 December 2011	5,639 1,399 (7,038) —
Net book value At 31 December 2011	-
At 31 December 2010	1,399

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

12 Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold	Leasehold	Motor		
	Property	Property	Vehicles	Equipment	Total
	0003	£000	000£	2000	0003
Cost or valuation					
At 1 January 2011	41,073	14,685	10,149	85,725	151,632
Additions	311	151	58	5,709	6,229
Disposals	(655)	(341)	(1,331)	(2,235)	(4,562)
Disposal of business	(36,471)	(8,489)	(8,876)	(75,432)	(129,268)
At 31 December 2011	4,258	6,006		13,767	24,031
					
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2011	11,756	6,056	9,019	61,697	88,528
Charge for the year	808	384	402	3,460	5,054
Impairment for the year	_	_	-	1,781	1,781
Disposals	(18)	(145)	(1,320)	(1,134)	(2,617)
Disposal of business	(12,408)	(4,868)	(8,101)	(60,301)	(85,678)
At 31 December 2011	138	1,427		5,503	7,068
					
Net book value					
At 31 December 2011	4,120	4,579	_	8,264	16,963
At 31 December 2010	29,317	8,629	1,130	24,028	63,104
At 01 December 2010	====		1,100	24,020	33,104

Of the 2010 net book value of freehold and leasehold property of £37,945k, £15,056k was secured to the bank, and £22,404k was secured to the UK defined benefit pension scheme. Following the disposal of the business activities in 2011, as detailed in note 29, the security over the freehold and leasehold property was released.

Leasehold property at 31 December 2011 comprise

	Cost or valuation £000	Accumulated depreciation £000	Book value £000
Long leasehold	6,006	(1,427)	4,579
Capital commitments			
	2011		2010
			£000
Contracted but not provided for in the financial statements	382		235
Capital commitments Contracted but not provided for in the financial statements	£000 382		2010 £000 235



Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

13 Investments

Cost	Subsidiary undertakings £000	Shares in associates £000	Total £000
At 1 January 2011	4,487	17	4,504
Disposals	(4,027)	(17)	(4,044)
At 31 December 2011	460	<u> </u>	460
Net book value			
At 31 December 2011	460	-	460
At 31 December 2010	4,487	17	4,504

On 30 September 2011, the company sold its investment in Norbert Dentressangle Overseas UK Limited (formerly Brisk Airfreight Limited) of £4,026k, to Norbert Dentressangle Overseas SA for £13,000k, realising a profit on disposal of £8,974k

On 30 September 2011, the company sold its 49 99% holding in NCG (UK) Limited to Norbert Dentressangle Tankers Limited for £33k equating to the company's share of the net assets of the company

At the year end, the investments in subsidiary undertakings represent 100% investment in the following companies registered in England & Wales along with their principal activity

TDG Directors No 2 Limited (Dormant) Warminster Motor Company Limited (Dormant) TDG Property Holdings Limited (Dormant) TDG Dagenham Limited (Dormant)

14 Stocks

		2011	2010
		0003	2000
	Consumables	103	2,127
			
15	Debtors		
		2011	2010
		0003	000£
	Trade debtors	1,418	60,103
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	347,565	179,619
	Amounts owed by undertakings in which	·	,
	the company has a participating interest	•	441
	Other debtors	1,002	599
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,100	17,815
	Deferred taxation (note 16)	823	3,425
		351,908	262,002
		<u> </u>	

		<u> </u>	
And company of the co			
			,
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Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

15. Debtors (continued)

The debtors above include the following amounts falling due after more than one year

	2011	2010
	€000	£000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	132,600	-

The company has formal loan agreements with the following group undertakings

- A loan of £81 6m with Norbert Dentressangle Logistics Limited, bearing interest at 12 month LIBOR plus 1 1%
- A loan of £51 0m with Norbert Dentressangle Transport Limited, bearing interest at 12 month LIBOR plus 1 1 %

Both loans are strictly payable within one year but will only become payable in the event of the company's liquidation and therefore the directors have indicated to the borrowing entities that the loan will not be called within the next 12 months

The company has a current account balance with TDG Limited of £215 0m (2010 £168 3m), with interest payable on this current account at LIBOR plus 4 25%

Amounts owed by participating interests relate to amounts owed by the company's associate, NCG (UK) Limited. This balance was fully repaid in the year following the sale of the investment in NCG (UK) Limited to Norbert Dentressangle Tankers Limited.

The amounts due by group undertakings over 1 year is secured to the TDG Pension Scheme, a defined benefit scheme

Other debtors include £752k (2010 liability of £11,584k) in relation to other taxes and social security

16 Deferred taxation

The deferred tax included in the Balance sheet is as follows		
	2011	2010
	2000	2000
Included in debtors (note 15)	823	3,425
,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
The movement in the deferred taxation account during the year	r was	
	2011	2010
	0003	000£
Balance brought forward	3,425	(615)
Transferred on disposal of business	(2,404)	-
Profit and loss account movement arising during the year	(198)	4,040
Balance carried forward	823	3,425

The balance of the deferred taxation account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

	2011	2010
	2000	£000
Excess of depreciation over taxation allowances	823	2,713
Other timing differences	•	712
	823	3,425

There are no unprovided amounts relating to the tax effect of other timing differences at 31 December 2011 (2010 £nil)

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

17 Creditors Amounts falling due within one year

	2011	2010
	2000	£000
Bank loans	_	4,111
Trade creditors	217	36,365
Amounts owed to group undertakings	3,907	5,731
Corporation tax	1,192	1,608
Other taxation and social security	-	11,584
Other creditors	18	4,661
Accruals and deferred income	1,312	49,142
	6,646	113,202

On 28 March 2011, the secured loans of £4,076k held with Burdale Financial Limited were fully repaid

The corporation tax payable in 2011 is all in relation to group relief

18 Creditors. Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2011	2010
	0002	0003
Bank loans	_	21,808

On 28 March 2011, the secured loans of £21,808k held with Burdale Financial Limited were fully repaid

19 Government grants

	2011	2010
	0003	£000
Received and receivable:		
At 1 January 2011	208	350
Fully amortised	(208)	(142)
,	 /	 /
At 31 December 2011	•	208
		
Amortisation.		
At 1 January 2011	207	142
Grants fully amortised	(208)	(142)
Credit to profit and loss account	1	207
Great to prom and loop account	<u> </u>	
At 31 December 2011	•	207
Net balance at 31 December 2011		4
Net balance at 31 December 2011	-	<u>_'</u>

	•
	•

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

20 Pensions and other post retirement benefits

The TDG Pension Scheme is a mixed defined benefit and defined contribution scheme. On 30 September 2011, the defined benefit scheme was closed to new members. On 31 May 2008, the defined contribution scheme was closed to new members.

The last full actuarial valuation for the defined benefit scheme, on which the FRS 17 figures have been based, was dated 31 December 2009 and updated to 31 December 2011 by an independent qualified actuary

2011

2010

2011

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet at the year end are as follows

	2011	2010
	2000	£000
Present value of funded obligations	(363,600)	(339,800)
Fair value of scheme assets	377,000	356,800
	13,400	17,000
Unrecognisable surplus	(13,400)	•
Multi-employer exemption		(17,000)
	_	-

The company was, until 7 December 2011, unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the TDG Pension Scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis and as permitted under FRS 17 the company adopted the defined contribution treatment for the group scheme. On 7 December 2011, TDG Limited, the company's immediate parent, ceased to be a participating employer and the company renamed as the sponsoring employer and sole participating employer. As a result of this the company was solely responsible for all of the assets and liabilities of the scheme, in accordance with FRS 17 with effect from 7 December 2011.

On 7 December 2011, the surplus in the scheme, as valued by an independent qualified actuary, was £21 1m. In accordance with FRS 17 a surplus can only be recognised if the company is expected to generate a future economic benefit for itself through either reduced contributions to support the liability expected to arise from future service or an agreed refund of surplus. At the 7 December 2011, neither of these conditions existed and so the surplus of £21 1m was not recognised in the balance sheet on this date. At 31 December 2011, the surplus in the scheme is £13 4m, however for the same reasons stated above this too has not been recognised in the balance sheet.

Until 7 December 2011, the company continued to recognise the contributions payable each year through the profit and loss account. Contributions paid after 7 December 2011, £631k, have been recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses as an actuarial loss.

The movements in the scheme surplus since 7 December 2011 to 31 December 2011 were

Opening scheme surplus 7 December 2011 Contributions	£000 21,100 631
Expected return on scheme assets (restricted to the value of interest on scheme liabilities) Interest on scheme liabilities Actuarial loss	1,200 (1,200) (8,331)
Closing scheme surplus 31 December 2011	13,400

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

20 Pensions and other post retirement benefits (continued)

The following information provides further details on the pension scheme

The base mortality tables adopted as at 31 December 2011 are the S1NA series, with long term improvements of 1 0% per annum for males and females. These are based on those adopted for the actuarial valuation at 31 December 2009.

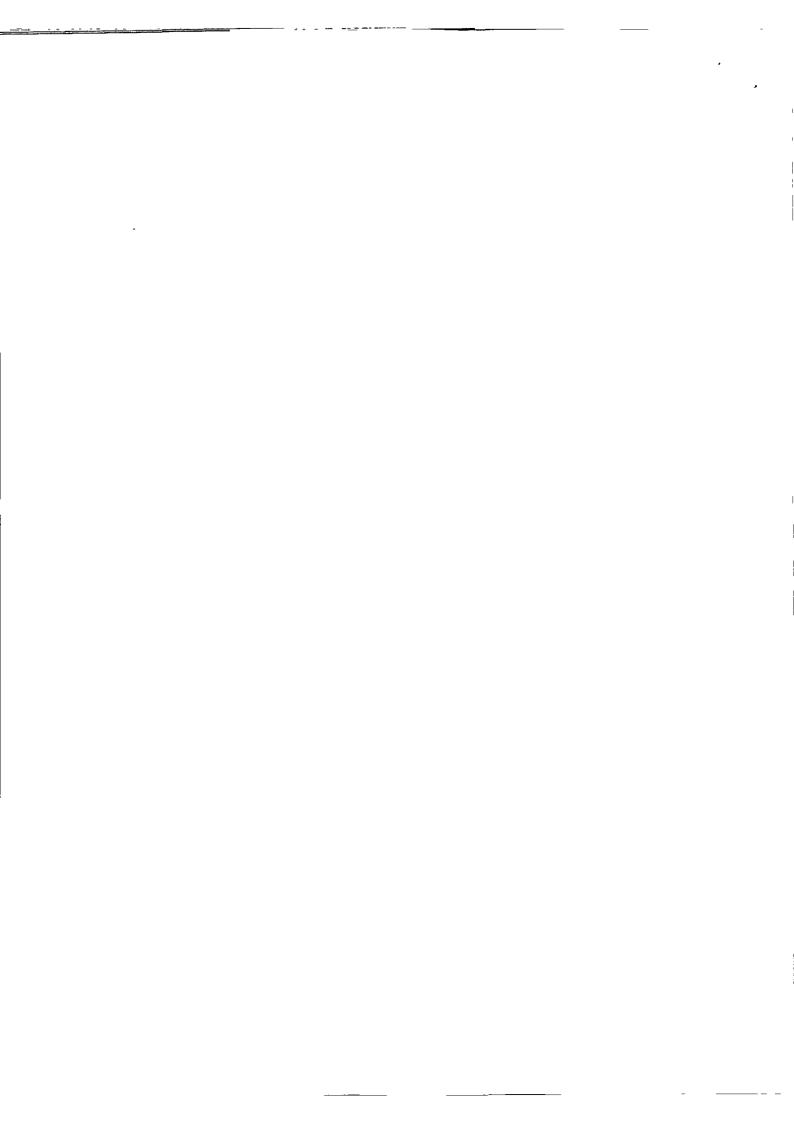
Based on the above mortality table assumptions, the expected future lifetime of a participant in the TDG Pension Scheme who is aged 65 and the expected future lifetime of a participant who will be age 65 in 15 years time is as follows

	2011	2010
Age 65 male (years)	21 8	22 1
Age 65 female (years)	24 0	24 1
Age 65 in 15 years time male (years)	22 9	23 5
Age 65 in 15 years time female (years)	25 2	25 0

The estimated employer defined benefit contributions for the year ending 31 December 2012 are £0 6m

Changes in the present	value of the defined benefit	obligation scheme are as follows
------------------------	------------------------------	----------------------------------

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation scrience are as	IOHOMA	
	2011	2010
	2000	5000
Opening defined benefit obligation	339,800	291,100
Current service cost	1,100	1,100
Contributions by Scheme participants	900	1,300
Interest cost	18,800	16,600
Benefits paid	(16,900)	(16,300)
Actuarial loss	19,900	46,000
Closing defined benefit obligation	363,600	339,800
Changes in the fair value of scheme assets are as follows		
	2011	2010
	0003	£000
Opening fair value of scheme assets	356,800	334,600
Expected return on assets	19,900	21,100
Company contributions	5,700	6,200
Contributions by Scheme participants	900	1,300
Benefits paid	(16,900)	(16,300)
Actuarial gain	10,600	9,900
Closing fair value of scheme assets	377,000	356,800
The fair value of the major categories of scheme assets are as follows		
	2011	2010
	0003	2000
Equities	113,100	210,700
Bonds	177,190	120,500
Other including cash	86,710	25,600
Fair value of scheme assets	377,000	356,800



Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

20 Pensions and other post retirement benefits (continued)

The principal actuarial assumptions as at the balance sheet date were

, ,	•			2011	2010
				%	%
Discount rate				4 85	5 60
Inflation - RPI				3 00	3 40
Inflation - CPI				2 10	2 80
Rate of increase of pension	ons in payment	- pre 1997		2 40	2 60
Rate of increase of pension	ons in payment	- post 1997 to p	ore April 2005	2 90	3 30
Rate of increase of pension	ons in payment	- post April 200	5	2 20	2 25
A		ada ara aa fallaw			
Amounts for the current and p	revious iour perii 2011	2010 are as ioliov	vs 2009	2008	2007
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Defined benefit obligation	(363,600)	(339,800)	(291,100)	(283,800)	(346,800)
Fair value of scheme	, , ,	, ,	` ' '	, , ,	. , ,
assets	377,000	356,800	334,600	293,800	358,500
Surplus in the scheme	13,400	17,000	43,500	10,000	11,700
,					
Experience adjustments					
on scheme liabilities	(9,000)	(43,100)	(19,800)	_	8,300
Experience adjustments			, , ,		
on scheme liabilities (%)	2	13	7	-	2
Experience adjustments					
on scheme assets	7,500	9,900	(30,700)	(85,300)	7,600
Experience adjustments	-,	2,223	(,)	(,)	.,500
on scheme assets (%)	2	3	9	29	2

21 Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2011, the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	2011		201	0
	Land and buildings £000	Other Items £000	Land and buildings £000	Other Items £000
Operating leases which expire Within 1 year Within 2 to 5 years After more than 5 years	464 1,753 7,883	844 2,778 34	2,118 3,551 8,433	1,734 5,209 34
	10,100	3,656	14,102	6,977

22 Contingent liabilities

At the 2010 year end, the Company was part of the borrowing group which has granted the bankers a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company in respect of borrowings made by TDG Limited Group (of which the company is part). The amount outstanding under this agreement at 31 December 2010 was £37 4m million (2009 £74 3m). On 28 March 2011, the secured loan provided by Burdale Financial Limited to TDG Limited Group (of which the Company is part) was repaid in full and the fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company was lifted from that date.

There are no other contingent liabilities at 31 December 2011 or 31 December 2010

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

23 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid

	2011		2010	
	No	5000	No	£000
404,400,000 Ordinary shares (2010 - 4,400,000) of £0 25 each - Ordinary B shares (2010 - 399,965,440)	404,400,000	101,100	4,400,000	1,100
of £- (2010 - £0 25) each	-	-	399,965,440	99,991
	404,400,000	101,100	404,365,440	101,091
Movement in share capital				
			2011	2010
			0003	£000
At 1st January			101,091	101,095
Correction of share capital 34,560 shares (2 B shares 15,124) at £0 25 each	2009 purchase of c	own ordinary	9	(4)
At 31 December			101,100	101,091

On 21 August 2008, the 100,000,000 issued and authorised 9 25% cumulative non-redeemable preference shares of £1 each were subdivided into 400,000,000 issued 9 25% cumulative non-redeemable preference shares of £0 25 each in the capital of the company and converted into 400,000,000 issued Ordinary Shares of £0 25 each Since 21 August 2008, the share capital of the company has been 404,400,000 Ordinary Shares at £0 25 each

In 2009 and 2010, the company incorrectly disclosed the issued share capital as being split between Ordinary Shares and Ordinary B Shares, along with the incorrect disclosure of the repurchase of own Ordinary B Shares by its immediate parent company of 19,436 shares and 15,124 shares respectively

In 2011, the issued share capital has been corrected to 404,400,000 Ordinary Shares at £0 25 each

24 Share premium account

There was no movement on the share premium account during the financial year

25. Revaluation reserve

	Balance brought forward Transfer to the Profit and Loss Account on realisation	2011 £000 3,048 (472)	2010 £000 7,201 (4,153)
	Balance carried forward	2,576	3,048
26	Capital redemption reserve		
	Capital redemption reserve	2011 £000 4,153	2010 £000 4,153

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

27. Profit and loss account

2011	2010
0003	000£
82,119	48,360
153,968	29,606
(631)	_
472	4,153
235,928	82,119
	£000 82,119 153,968 (631) 472

Certain of the above profit and loss account reserves arose from profits on group reconstructions in 2011 Accordingly, such profits may not be fully realised for the purposes of distribution at the date of approval of these financial statements. At such time the directors intend to make a distribution from the company, if at all, the realised element of reserves will be determined.

28 Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds

	2011	2010
	£000	£000
Profit for the financial year	153,968	29,606
Purchase of own ordinary shares	9	(4)
Transfer from revaluation reserve	472	4,153
Actuarial loss in respect of defined benefit pension scheme	(631)	
Transfer to profit and loss account	(472)	(4,153)
Net addition to shareholder's funds	153,346	29,602
Opening shareholder's funds	210,311	180,709
Closing shareholder's funds	363,657	210,311
-		

29 Disposal of business

On 1 October 2011, the company disposed of its logistics business activities together with certain related assets and liabilities to Norbert Dentressangle Logistics Limited (NDL), its transport services activities together with certain related assets and liabilities to Norbert Dentressangle Transport Services Limited (NDTS), its bulk transport activities together with certain related assets and liabilities to Norbert Dentressangle Tankers Limited (NDT), its international freight forwarding activities together with certain related assets and liabilities to Norbert Dentressangle Overseas UK Limited (NDO) and, its vehicle maintenance and fuel supply activities together with certain related assets and liabilities to Norbert Dentressangle Maintenance UK Limited (NDM) Corporate activities of the company were transferred to Norbert Dentressangle Holdings Limited on the same day Employees of the Company were transferred under TUPE on the same date

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

29. Disposal of business (continued)

The assets of the company were sold at net book value, which the directors deemed to equate to market value, with the exception of the property assets which were estimated by an internal property expert, at market value

	NDL £'000	NDTS £'000	NDT 000°3	MDM 000'3	000.3	000,3 HDN	Total £'000
Fixed assets	38,980	1,636	2,699	211	64	-	43,590
Currrent assets	39,526	34,106	10,922	153	1,580	1,747	88,034
Current liabilities	(54,750)	(26,063)	(32,595)	(714)	(7,035)	-	(121,157)
Provisions	(7,015)	(10,435)	(1,324)	•	(35)	(1,748)	(20,557)
Stock	173	145	259	350	•	-	927
Cash in hand	15	1	3	-	-	1	20
	16,929	(610)	(20,036)	-	(5,426)	-	(9,143)
Consideration	(81,600)	(51,000)	-	-	•	·	(132,600)
Gain on disposal	(64,671)	(51,610)	(20,036)		(5,426)	-	(141,743)

30 Ultimate parent company

At the year end TDG Limited, a company registered in England, is the company's immediate parent undertaking

On 28 March 2011, Norbert Dentressangle SA, a company registered in France, purchased the entire shareholding of Laxey Logistics Limited, the immediate parent company of TDG Limited, making it the ultimate parent company from that date. The largest and smallest group for which group accounts, including TDG (UK) Limited are drawn up is Norbert Dentressangle SA. A copy of these accounts can be obtained from the Norbert Dentressangle website www norbert-dentressangle com