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CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019
FOR
MARTIN'S PROPERTIES HOLDINGS LIMITED

COMPANY REGISTERED NUMBER: 00767976

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Company Information

Directors

R Bourne B Tattar TH Martin

Registered number

00767976

Registered office

36 Walpole Street

London

SW3 4QS

Business address

36 Walpole Street

London SW3 4QS

Auditor

RSM UK Audit LLP Chartered Accountants 25 Farringdon Street

EC4A 4AB

Banker

Barclays Bank PLC UK Banking 1 Churchill Place

London E14 5HP

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Strategic Report

For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

The Directors present their strategic report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Principal activity and review of the business

The principal activity of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") during the year was that of property investment, management and development. This includes the active management of the portfolio, redevelopment of assets within the portfolio and the acquisition of assets for letting, or where appropriate redevelopment. Additions to and disposals from the portfolio are shown in note 10 to the financial statements. The value of the Group's investment property portfolio was £267.2m at 31 March 2019, a decrease of £43.3m, 14.0% from the previous year. The decrease was driven by a number of asset disposals and a reclassification of existing properties as development work in progress.

The Group's turnover has increased to £17.8m (2018: £10.2m) driven by a number of new lettings in the year and the sales of a number of our development sites.

Financial key performance indicators ("KPI's")

The Directors consider the following KPI's to be important in the management of the Company's business, each is for the year ending 31 March 2019 or as at that date with comparative figures in brackets:

Rental income	£11.2m	(2018: £9.7m)
Investment portfolio value	£267.2m	(2018: £310.5m)
Development portfolio value	£25.9m	(2018: £nil)
Gearing	26.2%	(2018 31.7%)
Net LTV	19 6%	(2018: 22 7%)

Overall rental income has improved year on year. This has been driven by redeveloped sites becoming income producing, the acquisition of Hort:cultural Place Developments Limited and higher commercial rents, offset by property disposals.

The investment and development portfolio was valued by an expert third party as at 31 March 2019. The overall result is a £1.5m decrease (2018: £1.4m increase) in the value at that date reflecting prevailing market conditions.

The Group's gross borrowings amounted to £83.5m after the completion of the £40m Aviva refinancing. Gearing has reduced to 26.2% (2018; 31.7%) thanks to a number of property disposals, the cash from which is expected to be reinvested into new assets in the following financial year. At the 31 March 2019, the Group had no unutilised facilities.

Risk management

The Directors have responsibility for the management of the risks facing the Group and the Company and the assessment and mitigation of those risks.

Strategic Report - continued For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

The Directors are kept up to date through regular reviews of the general economic conditions and the likely impact on the business. The Directors monitor the financial performance of the Group and the Company at regular meetings where comparisons against budgets and forecasts are made together with a review of key performance indicators and key projects being undertaken by the Group and the Company.

Employment policies are controlled by the directors and IT policies, internal control systems and health and safety processes are regularly reviewed.

Operations are funded from operational cash flow and bank borrowings and the Directors regularly review these, ensuring that the latter are appropriate in relation to gearing levels, interest rate management and maturity profile. The management of cash and debt is monitored daily with short and medium-term cash forecasts prepared regularly and long-term cash forecasts discussed twice annually by the Directors. The Group and the Company are not exposed to financial derivatives or currency fluctuations. Compliance with financial borrowing covenants is reviewed regularly and reported quarterly to the relevant lenders. Such covenants are tested for sensitivities to the principal financial components of those covenants to ensure mitigating action can be taken if required.

As part of liquidity risk management, the financial stability of tenants, potential tenants and contractors is monitored as part of daily operations.

The property portfolio is currently largely concentrated in one geographical area of Central London but is widely diversified by type and is not dominated by any single tenant or any use type.

Construction projects under way are reviewed regularly to ensure they meet the obligations under any planning consents or contracts and finance agreements. The main risks lie in the cost of construction and the ability of the principal contractors to fulfil their obligations to the Company. The Directors monitor progress on a regular basis to ensure that the delivery of the project meets the obligations under the building contracts

Prospects

The Directors consider that the business is actively and professionally managed and conservatively funded and that this provides a sound base from which to make continued growth

A Group reorganisation took place post year-end. Further details can be found in note 23.

This report was approved by the board on 29 August 2019 and signed on its behalf.

B Tattar Director

Date - 29 August 2019

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

Dividends

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 March 2019 are £2,410,000 (2018: £2,425,000).

Directors

The Directors holding office during the year were:

R Bourne

B Tattar

M Hussey (Resigned 5 June 2019)

EC Carlton-Smith (Resigned 5 June 2019)

TH Martin

J Moriarty (Resigned 5 June 2019)

R Newman (Resigned 5 June 2019)

PW Nicholson (Resigned 30 September 2018)

N Sachdev (Resigned 31 December 2018)

Charitable and political contributions

During the year the Group made charitable contributions of £165,000 (2018: £125,000) to Martin's Charitable Trust.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
 make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

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Martin's Properties Holdings Limited

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS - continued For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

Going concern

The Group's investment properties are let to a variety of tenants and generate rental income substantially in excess of finance and administration costs, generating a positive cash flow. The value of the Group's assets is substantially in excess of its liabilities. Accordingly, the Directors consider that the Group should be able to pay its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future and consequently have concluded that it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis for the preparation of the financial statements.

Auditors

The auditors, RSM UK Audit LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with section 414c(ii) of the Companies Act 2006, included in the Strategic Report is the Review of Business, principal risks and uncertainties and key performance indicators. This information would have been required by section 7 of the 'large and medium' sized Companies and Group (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 to be contained within the Directors Report.

This report was approved by the board on 29 August 2019 and signed on its behalf.

B Tattar Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MARTIN'S PROPERTIES HOLDINGS LIMITED For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Martin's Properties Holdings Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, Company Statement of Financial Position, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Company Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

In our opinion the financial statements.

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;

have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and - have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate,
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our respons bility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MARTIN'S PROPERTIES HOLDINGS LIMITED - continued For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors, remuneration specified by law are not made.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page six, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company siability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RSM UK Audit LLP
Christopher Tate (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 25 Farringdon Street

London EC4A 4AB

Date: 29th August 2019

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 31 March 2019

For the year ended 31 March 2019			
		2019	2018
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER	2	17,785,232	10,242,437
Cost of sales		(5,606,017)	~
Direct property costs		(1,551,260)	(1,388,881)
GROSS PROFIT		10,627,955	8,853,556
Administrative expenditure		(4,559,743)	(3,743,630)
Other operating income		70,490	165,986
Fair value gains on investment properties	_	(1,494,977)	1,419,777
OPERATING PROFIT	5	4,643,725	6,695,689
Profit/(Loss) on disposal of investment properties		656,430	(148,437)
Interest receivable and similar income	3	113,697	257,801
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(3,174,489)	(2,430,082)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		2,239,363	4,374,971
Taxation	8	(1,488,539)	(1,666,814)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		750,824	2,708,157
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		*	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		750,824	2,708,157

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION COMPANY REGISTERE As at 31 March 2019			MBER: 00767976
		2019	2018
	Notes	£	€
F-XED ASSETS			
Tangibie assets	10	267 218,541	310,542,461
nvestments	11	<u> </u>	100,000
		267 218,541	310,642,461
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors: Due within one year	13	13,347 292	16,822,745
Work in progress	12	25, 946 ,825	
Cash at bank		25,534,873	3,097,124
		64,928,9 9 0	19,919,869
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	14	(7,157,591)	(9,896,90Z)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		57,771,3 9 9	10,022,967
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		32 4,989,94 0	320,665,428
CREDITORS. Amounts failing due after more than one year	15	(81,470,032)	(72.506,834)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABIL TIES	16	(24,093,890)	(27,073,400)
NET ASSETS		219,426,018	221,085,194
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	17	2,096	2,096
Share premium	18	2 868,39 7	2,868,397
Fair value reserve	18	50 732,803	76,962,235
Profit and loss account	18	165 822.722	141 252 466
TOTAL EQUITY	2	219,426 018	221,085 194

The financial statements on pages 10 to 31 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 August 2019 and signed on the behalf by:

B Tattar Director

Date - 29 August 2019

COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 March 2019	COM	PANY REGISTERED NUI	MBER: 00767976
US de ST Midiel Ports		2019	2018
	Notes	£	£
F XED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	1C	94,264,000	114,224 415
investments	11	121,244,678	121,244,678
	•	215,508,678	235,459,093
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	13	66,815 769	64 893,597
Work in progress	12	8,663,712	
Cash at bank	rik Anne	22,581,262	1,576,508
		98,1 6 0 743	66.579,105
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	14	(48,270,726)	(28 588,487)
NET CURRENT ASSETS	_	49,890,017	37,981,618
FOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT GABILITIES		265.398,695	273,450,711
CREDITORS: Amounts failing due after more than one year	15	(37 451,954)	37,386,042)
PROVISIONS FOR LABILITIES	15	(13 027,457)	(15 415 543)
NET ASSETS		214,919,284	220 049,126
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	12	2,096	3,096
Share premium	18	2 868,397	2 868.39
Fair value reserve	18	15 575,443	24 770 697
Profit and loss account	1.8 	196.473,348	192 407 936
TOTAL EQUITY		214,919,284	220 049,126

As permitted under Seution 408 of the Companies Act 2006 the parent company profit and loss account has not been disclosed

The financial statements on pages 10 to 31 were accrowed by the board of pirectors and authorised for issue on 29 August 2019 and signed on the behalf by

B Tattar Prector

Darn 29 August 2019

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2019

	Share capital	Share premium	Fair value reserve £	Profit and loss account	Total £
Balance at 1 April 2017	2,096	2,868,397	81,061,178	136,870,366	220,802,037
Transfer of unrealised revaluation gains from income statement to fair value	-	-	1,419.777	(1,419,777)	
Transfer of unrealised and realised deferred tax from income statement to fair value		-	900,545	(900,545)	
Transfer of realised revaluation gains from fair value to income statement		-	(6,159.490)	6,159,490	
Transfer of short leasehold amortisation to profit and loss account		-	(259,775)	259,775	•
Dividends	•	•	-	(2,425,000)	(2,425,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	•	2,708,157	2,708,157
Balance at 31 March 2018	2,096	2,868,397	76,962,235	141,252,466	221,085,194
	£	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2018	2,095	2,868,397	76, 96 2,235	141,252,466	221,085,194
Transfer of unrealised revaluation gains from income statement to fair value	-	-	(1,494,977)	1,494,977	-
Transfer of unrealised and realised deferred tax from income statement to fair value	-	-	2.979,510	(2,979,510)	•
Transfer of realised revaluation gains from fair value to income statement	-	•	(27,651,166)	27.651,166	-
Transfer of short leasehold amortisation to profit and loss account	-	-	(62,799)	62,799	-
Dividends	-	-	-	(2,410,000)	(2,410,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	·	750,824	750,824
Balance at 31 March 2019	2,096	2,868.397	50,732,803	165,822,722	219,425,018

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 31 March 2019

	Share capital	Share premium	Fair value reserve	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2017	2.096	2,868,397	25 ,053, 080	192 109.626	220,033,199
Transfer of unrealised revaluation gains from income statement to fair value		-	75,870	(75,870)	•
Transfer of short leasehold amortisation		-	(36,445)	36,445	
Transfer of realised revaluation gains from fair value to income statement	-	~	(321,808)	321,808	-
Dividends	•	-	•	(2,425,000)	(2,425,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year	•	•	•	2,440,929	2,440,929
Balance at 31 March 2018	2,096	2,868,397	24,770,697	192,407,936	220,049,126
	£	£	ť.	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2018	2,096	2,868,397	24,770,697	192,407,936	220,049,126
Transfer of unrealised revaluation gains from income statement to fair value		-	(5,075,194)	5,075,194	-
Transfer of short leasehold amortisation		•	(34,014)	34,014	-
Transfer of realised revaluation gains from fair value to income statement		-	(6 ,474,132)	6,474.132	•
Transfer of unrealised deferred tax to profit and loss account	-		2,388,086	(2,388 086)	-
Dividends	-			(2,410,000)	(2.410,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	•		(2,719,842)	(2,719,842)
Balance at 31 March 2019	2,096	2,868,397	15,575,443	196,473,348	214,919,284

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Eash flows from operating activities Forfit before tax 2,239,363 4,374,971 Profit before tax 2,239,363 4,374,971 Adjustment of non-cash items Froperty sales profit/(loss) 148,437 Fair value gains 16,499,977 (1,491,977) Will Pimparment 310,333		2019	2018
Profit before tax 2.339,363 4,374.971 Adjustment of non-cash items (656,430) 148,437 Property sales profit/[loss) (656,430) 148,437 Aulue gains 1,494,977 (1,419,777) Will impairment 310,330 - Interest receivable 474,265 (252,995) Interest payable and finance costs 170,337 722,275 Depreciation 100,535 334,854 Cash inflows from operations before changes in working capital 4,133,437 3,912,755 Cash inflows from operations and accruals (2,793,312) 2,340,339 Decrease in trade payables and accruals (2,793,312) 2,340,339 Tax paid (4,260,000) (378,444) Cash flows from operating activities (2,056,666) 3,020,986 Cash flows from investing activities (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to group companies (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 29,959,431 6,776,553 Acquisitions of investment property (3,306,623) 4,263,000 Ne		£	£
Adjustment of non-cash items Common transmitters Property sales profit/[loss] (656,430) 148,437 Fair value gains 1,494,977 (1,419,777) WIP impairment 310,330 - Interest receivable 474,265 (252,995) Interest payable and finance costs 170,397 727,275 Depreciation 100,535 334,864 Cash inflows from operations before changes in working capital 4,133,437 3,912,775 (increase)/decrease in receivables and prepayments 839,209 (2,853,703) Decrease in trade payables and accruals (2,739,312) 2,340,339 Tax paid (4,260,000) (378,444) Cash flows from operating activities (2,026,666) 3,020,986 Cash flows from investing activities (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 29,959,431 6,776,563 Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,841) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145)	Cash flows from operating activities		
Property sales profit/(loss) (656,430) 148,437 Fair value gains 1,494,977 (1,419,777) WIP impairment 310,330 - Interest receivable 474,265 (252,995) Interest receivable and finance costs 170,337 727,275 Depreciation 100,535 334,864 Cash inflows from operations before changes in working capital 4,133,437 3,912,775 (Increase)/decrease in receivables and grepayments 839,209 (2,853,703) Decrease in trade payables and accruals 2,739,312 2,340,359 Tax paid 42,260,000 3,702,986 Cash flows from operating activities 42,260,000 3,702,986 Cash flows from investing activities 404 404 Proceeds of the sale from investment property 40,4 40,4 Proceeds of the sale from investment property 4,630,000 221,988,44 Acquisitions of investment property 4,630,000 221,198,844 Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 23,000,000 Cash flows from financing activities 39,05,938 20	Profit before tax	2,239,363	4,374,971
Fair value gains 1,494,977 (1,419,777) WIP impairment 310,330 — Interest receivable 474,265 (252,995) Interest payable and finance costs 170,397 727,275 Depreciation 100,535 334,864 Cash inflows from operations before changes in working capital 4,133,437 3,912,775 (Increase)/decrease in receivables and prepayments 839,209 (2,853,703) Decrease in trade payables and accruals (2,739,312) 2,340,359 Tax paid (42,600,000) (378,444) Cash flows from operating activities (2,026,666) 3,020,986 Cash flows from investing activities (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to group companies (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 29,959,431 6,776,563 Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities 35,091,472 (3,306,622) Borrowings repard (35,091,472) (3	Adjustment of non-cash items		
WIP impairment 310,330 - Interest receivable 474,265 (252,995) Interest payable and finance costs 170,397 727,275 Depreciation 100,535 334,864 Cash inflows from operations before changes in working capital 4,133,437 3,912,775 (Increase)/decrease in receivables and prepayments 839,209 (2,853,705) Decrease in trade payables and accruals (2,739,312) 2,340,359 Tax paid (42,60,000) (378,444) Cash flows from operating activities (2,026,666) 3,020,986 Cash flows from investing activities 40 40 Loan made to group companies (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 40 40 Proceeds of the sale from investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities 3,9405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (3,50,91,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings drawn down 39,405,938 20,000,000 <td>Property sales profit/(loss)</td> <td>(656,430)</td> <td>148,437</td>	Property sales profit/(loss)	(656,430)	148,437
Interest receivable 474,265 (252,995) Interest payable and finance costs 170,397 727,275 Depreciation 100,535 334,864 Cash inflows from operations before changes in working capital 4,133,437 3,912,775 (Increase)/decrease in receivables and prepayments 839,209 (2,853,703) Decrease in trade payables and accruals (2,739,312) 2,340,359 Tax paid (4,260,000) (378,444) Cash flows from operating activities (2,026,666) 3,020,986 Cash flows from investing activities (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to group companies (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 404 Proceeds of the sale from investment property 29,959,431 6,776,563 Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities 35,091,472 (3,306,622) Borrowings repaid (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings drawn down 39,405,938	Fair value gains	1,494,977	(1,419,777)
Interest payable and finance costs 170,397 727,275 Depreciation 100,535 334,864 Cash inflows from operations before changes in working capital 4,133,437 3,912,775 (Increase)/decrease in receivables and prepayments 839,209 (2,853,703) Decrease in trade payables and accruals (2,739,312) 2,340,359 Tax paid (4,260,000) 378,444 Cash flows from operating activities 2 2 Cash flows from investing activities (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 404 4 Proceeds of the sale from investment property 29,959,431 6,776,563 Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 32,093,405,938 20,000,000 Cash flows from financing activities 39,405,938 20,000,000 Cash flows from financing activities 39,405,938 20,000,000 Borrowings drawn down 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities <td>WIP impairment</td> <td>310,330</td> <td>•</td>	WIP impairment	310,330	•
Depreciation 100,535 334,864 Cash inflows from operations before changes in working capital 4,133,437 3,912,775 (Increase)/decrease in receivables and prepayments 839,209 (2,853,703) Decrease in trade payables and accruals (2,739,312) 2,340,359 Tax paid (4,260,000) (378,444) Cash flows from operating activities (2,026,666) 3,020,986 Cash flows from investing activities (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to group companies (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 404 Proceeds of the sale from investment property 29,959,431 6,776,563 Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings repaid (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings frawn down 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities <t< td=""><td>Interest receivable</td><td>474,265</td><td>(252,995)</td></t<>	Interest receivable	474,265	(252,995)
Cash inflows from operations before changes in working capital 4.133,437 3,912,775 (Increase)/decrease in receivables and prepayments 839,209 (2,853,703) Decrease in trade payables and accruals (2,739,312) 2,340,359 Tax paid (4,260,000) (378,444) Cash flows from operating activities (2,026,666) 3,020,986 Cash flows from investing activities (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to group companies (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 404 Proceeds of the sale from investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Interest payable and finance costs	170,397	727,275
Increase decrease in receivables and prepayments 839,209 (2,853,703) Decrease in trade payables and accruals (2,739,312) 2,340,359 Tax paid (4,260,000) (378,444) Cash flows from operating activities (2,026,666) 3,020,986 Cash flows from investing activities (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to group companies (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 404 Proceeds of the sale from investment property 29,959,431 6,776,563 Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings drawn down 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Depreciation	100,535	334,854
Decrease in trade payables and accruals (2,739,312) 2,340,359 Tax paid (4,260,000) (378,444) Cash flows from operating activities (2,026,666) 3,020,986 Cash flows from investing activities **** Loan made to group companies (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 404 Proceeds of the sale from investment property 29,959,431 6,776,563 Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Cash inflows from operations before changes in working capital	4,133,437	3,912,775
Tax paid (4,260,000) (378,444) Cash flows from operating activities (2,026,666) 3,020,986 Cash flows from investing activities (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to group companies (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 404 Proceeds of the sale from investment property 29,959,431 6,776,563 Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings repaid (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings drawn down 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	(Increase)/decrease in receivables and prepayments	839,209	(2,853,703)
Cash flows from operating activities (2,026,666) 3,020,986 Cash flows from investing activities (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to group companies (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 404 Proceeds of the sale from investment property 29,959,431 6,776,563 Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities 8000,000,000 (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings drawn down 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Decrease in trade payables and accruais	(2,739,312)	2,340,359
Cash flows from investing activities Loan made to group companies (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 404 Proceeds of the sale from investment property 29,959,431 6,776,563 Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities 80000000 (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings repard (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings drawn down 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Tax paid	(4,260,000)	(378,444)
Loan made to group companies (2,664,481) (6,658,268) Loan made to related parties 404 Proceeds of the sale from investment property 29,959,431 6,776,563 Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities 80rrowings repaid (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings drawn down 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Cash flows from operating activities	(2,026,666)	3,020,986
Loan made to related parties 404 Proceeds of the sale from investment property 29,959,431 6,776,563 Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities 8000,000,000 (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings repaid 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds of the sale from investment property 29,959,431 6,776,563 Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities 35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings drawn down 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Loan made to group companies	(2,664,481)	(6,658,268)
Acquisitions of investment property (4,630,000) (21,198,844) Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities \$\$\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$ (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings drawn down 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Loan made to related parties		404
Net cash used in investing activities 22,664,950 (21,080,145) Cash flows from financing activities 35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings repaid 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Proceeds of the sale from investment property	29,959,431	6,776,563
Cash flows from financing activities Borrowings repaid (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings drawn down 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Acquisitions of investment property	(4,630,000)	(21,198,844)
Borrowings repaid (35,091,472) (3,306,622) Borrowings drawn down 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Net cash used in investing activities	22,664,950	(21,080,145)
Borrowings drawn down 39,405,938 20,000,000 Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividends paid (2,415,000) (2,425,000) Net cash generated from financing activities 1,899,466 14,268,378 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 22,537,750 (3,790,781) Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Borrowings repaid	(35,091,472)	(3,306,622)
Net cash generated from financing activities1,899,46614,268,378Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents22,537,750(3,790,781)Cash and cash equivalents at start of year3,097,1236,887,904	Borrowings drawn down	39,405,938	20,000,000
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents22,537,750(3,790,781)Cash and cash equivalents at start of year3,097,1236,887,904	Dividends paid	(2,415,000)	(2,425,000)
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year 3,097,123 6,887,904	Net cash generated from financing activities	1,899,466	14,268,378
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	22,537,750	(3,790,781)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 25,634,873 3,097,123	Cash and cash equivalents at start of year	3,097,123	6,887,904
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	25,634,873	3,097,123

Notes to the financial statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Statutory information

Martin's Properties Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales under the Companies Act 2006. The Company's principal activities are set out in the Directors' report. The registered office is 36 Walpole Street, London, SW3 4QS.

Consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 comprise the results of the Company and its subsidiaries (together constituting the "Group").

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, including the provisions of the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008, and under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties at fair value.

The functional currency is the Pound Sterling (£) and the figures are presented in round pounds.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Parent company disclosure exemptions

In preparing the separate financial statements of the parent company, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available in FRS102:

- Only one reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the financial year has been presented as the reconciliations for the group and parent company would be identical;
- Disclosures in respect of the parent company's financial instruments have not been presented as equivalent disclosures have been provided in respect of the group; and
- No disclosure has been made for the aggregate remuneration of the key management personal of the parent company as their remuneration is included in the figures for the group as a whole.
- As is permissible under Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 the parent company profit and loss account has not been disclosed.

1.Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated and separate financial statements are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate those of Martin's Properties Holdings Limited and all of its subsidiaries (i.e. entities that the Group controls through its power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain economic benefits) other than those disclosed in note 11. Subsidiaries acquired during the year are consolidated using the purchase method. Their results are incorporated from the date that control passes. All financial statements are made up to 31 March 2019

Work in progress

Land and developments held for sale are work in progress and are included in the Balance Sheet at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs to completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Notes to the financial statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Turnover

Turnover represents rental income and other property related income receivable in the year and is stated exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

Finance costs

Finance costs of debt are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income over the term of such instruments at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

Interest directly attributable to the construction of tangible fixed assets, incurred up to the time that identifiable major capital projects are ready for service, is capitalised as part of the cost of the assets.

Tenant incentives

Incentive payments to new tenants to occupy the Group's investment properties are treated as a reduction in revenue and initially recorded as prepayments. The prepayments are charged to profit or loss over the term of the lease. Where such prepayments relate to investment properties, the properties are carried at fair value less the amount of the unamortised incentive.

Upon the disposal of an investment property, any unamortised lease incentives are deducted from rents receivables, unless they are of a capital nature, in which case they are included in the calculation of the profit or loss arising on the disposal.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets other than investment properties are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than investment properties (except where the lease term is less than 20 years) at rates calculated to write each asset down to its estimated residual value over its expected useful life as follows:-

Leasehold investment properties - Over the lease term

Plant and machinery - 10-30% per annum using both straight line and reducing balance methods

Investment properties (including properties held under an operating lease) are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at fair value whilst a reliable measure of fair value is available without undue cost or effort. Changes in fair value are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

The directors consider that, because investment properties are not held for consumption, but for their investment potential, to depreciate them would not give a true and fair view. The Companies Act 2006 requires all properties to be depreciated. However, this requirement conflicts with the generally accepted accounting principle set out in FRS

If this departure from the Companies Act 2006 had not been made in order to give a true and fair view, the profit for the financial year would have been reduced by depreciation. However the amount of depreciation cannot reasonably be quantified, because depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount relating to the depreciation of the property cannot be separately identified.

Fixed assets are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable or as otherwise required by relevant accounting standards.

Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts, being the higher of net realisable value and value-in-use, are recognised as impairments. Impairments of revalued assets, except those caused by a clear consumption of economic benefit, are recognised in the statement of changes in equity until the carrying amount reaches depreciated historic cost. All other impairment losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Notes to the financial statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment. Other fixed asset investments are stated at cost less any provision for impairment.

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when tax paid exceeds the tax payable

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from total comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is not discounted.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised in respect of all timing differences that exist at the reporting date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in different periods from their recognition in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered by the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is recognised on income or expenses from subsidiaries, associates, branches and interests in jointly controlled entities that will be assessed to or allowed for tax in a future period except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the timing difference and it is probable that the timing difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

For non-depreciable assets measured using the revaluation model and investment properties measured at fair value (except investment property with a limited useful life held by the Company to consume substantially all of its economic benefits), deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and allowances that apply to the sale of the asset or property

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited in the statement of comprehensive income, except when it relates to items charged or credited to other comprehensive income or equity, when the tax follows the transaction or event it relates to and is also charged or credited to other comprehensive income, or equity

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the entity intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial instruments

The Group has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 Other Financial Instruments (ssues) of FRS 102, in full, to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are offset only when the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net pasis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial instruments are classified as fiabilities and equity instruments according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets

Trade debtors

Trade debtors which are receivable within one year and which do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price. Trade debtors are subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled and any impairment losses.

Where the arrangement with a trade debtor constitutes a financing transaction, the debtor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

A provision for impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the amounts due will not be collected according to the original terms of the contract. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss for the excess of the carrying value of the trade debtor over the present value of the future cash flows discounted using the original effective interest rate. Subsequent reversals of an impairment loss that objectively relate to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial instruments are classified as liabilities and equity instruments according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Trado Craditors

Trade creditors payable within one year that do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price, including transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortised cost. Interest expense and the amortised cost is included in interest payable and other similar charges.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit and loss in the period to which they relate.

Going concern

The Group's investment properties are let to a variety of tenants and generate rental income substantially in excess of finance and administration costs, generating a positive cash flow. The value of the Group's assets is substantially in excess of its liabilities. Accordingly, the Directors consider that the Group should be able to pay its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future and consequently have concluded that it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis for the preparation of the financial statements.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year relate to valuation of investment properties. The directors use information provided by third party chartered surveyors to revalue investment properties to their fair value at the year end date. The fair value of the investment properties is usually considered to be their market value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

2. Turnover		2019	2018
		£	Ĺ
The Group's turnover was all d United Kingdom	erived from its principal activities wholly undertaken within th	ne	
Rent receivable		11,208,544	9,709,990
Development sales		6,497,480	-
Property management fee and	other income	79,208	532,447
		17,785,232	10,242,437
3. Interest receivable		2019	2018
3. ,		£	£
Interest receivable from related	d parties		252,995
Bank interest receivable		113,697	4,806
		113,697	257,801
4. Interest payable and similar	charges	2019	2018
, , , , , ,		£	£
Interest on Bank loans and ove	rdrafts	2,569.627	2,277,888
Interest payable to related part	ties	474,265	
Finance costs amortisation		130,597	301,584
Interest capitalised			(149,390)
		3,174,489	2,430,082
5. Operating profit			
The operating profit is stated a	fter charging	2019	2018
THE OPERATING PROPERTY STATES OF	112. 210.811.8	£	£
Amortisation on short leasehol	d properties	90.053	259,775
Depreciation of tangible fixed a	• •	10.482	79,839
Auditor's remuneration	- audit of statutory financial statements	67.000	65,850
Addition a remuneration	- taxation compliance and advisory work	33.700	53,575
Profit/(loss) on disposal of fixe	·	656,430	(148,437)
Work in progress charged to Pl		310 330	(= : = : : - ;
progress charges to			

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

6. Employees	2019	2018
Staff costs, including directors, remuneration, were as follows	£	£
Wages and salaries	2,959,498	1,798,978
Social security costs	285,507	190.058
Pension costs	33,896	34,150
	3,278,901	2,023,186
The average number of employees (including directors) employed by the Group employees (2018 n:1)	during the year was 23 (2018: 21). The Com	pany has no
7. Directors' remuneration	2019	2018
	£	£
Directors' emoluments	1,441,659	904,338
Pension cast	8,640	7,600
	1,450,299	911,938

The highest paid director received remuneration of £462,152 (2018: £278,845). Aggregate pension contributions of £8,640 (2018: £7,600) were paid in respect of this director.

Contributions were paid, in respect of 1 director (2018. 1) towards their defined contribution pension schemes.

The directors are considered to be the key management personnel and consequently the above reflects total compensation paid to such individuals

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

for the feat Ended 31 March 2019	(Group
8. Taxation	2019	2018
	£	f.
Current tax		
UK Corporation tax recognised in the profit and loss at 19% (2018–19%)	4,938,168	2,083,697
Adjustments for prior years	(470,119)	
Total current tax	4,468,049	2,083,697
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(2,979,510)	(416,883)
Fax charge on profit on ordinary activities	1,488,539	1,666,814
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2,239,363	4,375,123
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018-19%)	425,479	831,273
Effects of. Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	34,048	53,017
Fixed asset differences		
Adjustment for prior years	(470,119)	
Effects of indexation and tax rate changes on fair value gain on investment property	1,499,131	810,612
Deferred tax not recognised		(28,088)
Total tax charge for the year	1,488,539	1,666.814
Factors that may affect future tax charges		
There were no factors that may affect future tax charges		
9. Dividends	2019	2018
	£	£
Interim dividends paid on ordinary shares at £11.57 per share		2.425 000
Interim dividends paid on ordinary shares at £11.50 per share	2,410,000	
	2,410,000	2,425,000

Notes to the Financial Statements

10. Tangible fixed assets	inve	Investment Properties			
Group	Freehold	Leasehold	Short leasehold	Plant and machinery	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation					
At 1 April 2018	199,893,197	108,082,000	4,447,354	353,812	312,776,363
Additions	5,381,042	=		5,25 9	5,386,301
Transfers into stock	(17,671,803)	-	-	-	(17,671,803)
Disposals	(18,504,000)	(9,099,000)	(1,700,000)	-	(29,303,000)
Revaluation	3,389,065	(4,910,000)	(113,947)		(1,634,882)
At 31 March 2019	172,487,501	94,073,000	2,633,407	359,071	269,552,979
Depreciation At 1 April 2018	-	-	1,899,355	334,548	2,233,903
Charge for the year	-		90,053	10,482	100,535
Released on disposal	-	-	-		
At 31 March 2019		-	1,989,408	345,030	2,334,438
Net book value					
At 31 March 2019	<u>172,487,501</u>	94,073,000	643,999	14,041	267,218,541
At 31 March 2018	199,893,197	108,082,000	2,547,999	19,265	310,542,461

Included within Investment Properties is land and buildings used by the group amounting to £2,000,000 {2018 £1,130,785}. Depreciation has not been charged as it is not material. The value of the properties pledged as security for third party borrowing is £180 9m.

On an historical cost basis the investment properties would have been included at

	2019	2018
	£	£
Cost	218,946,833	229,698,797
Investment properties at cost comprise.	150,811,842	159,303,273
Freehold	67,905,628	70,116,159
Long leasehold	229,363	279,365
Short leasehold	218,946,833	229,698,797

The fair value of the Group's investment properties at 31 March 2019 was calculated by the directors on the basis of information provided by third party chartered surveyors

During the year, no interest costs (2018-£149,350) directly attributable to the financing of investment property developments were capitalised.

Notes to the Financial Statements

10. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Company	Freehold	Leasehold	Short	Plant and	Total
Company			easehold	machinery	
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation					
At 1 April 2018	23,602,415	90,248,000	988,265	53,848	114,892,528
Additions	-	· - ·			•
Transfer into stock	(11,291,504)			•	(11,291,504)
Disposals	(3,554,000)		•	-	(3,554,000)
Revaluation	(687,911)	(4,358,000)	(29,283)		(5,075,194)
At 31 March 2019	8,069,000	85,890,000	958,982	53,848	94,971,830
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2018			614,265	53,848	668,113
Charge for the year	•		39,717		39,717
Released on disposal	-	-		•	-
At 31 March 2019	-		653,982	53,848	707,830
Net book value					
At 31 March 2019	8.069,000	85,890,000	305,000	•	94,264,000
At 31 March 2018	23.602,415	90,248,000	374,000	-	114,224,415
On an historical cost basis the investment properties					
would have been included at					
				2010	2018

	2019	2018
	£	£
Cost	76,365,180	80,379,497
Investment properties at cost comprise:	9,053.697	13.062,314
Freehold	67,263.513	67,263,513
Long leasehold	47,970	53,670
Short leasehold	76,365,180	80,379,497

The fair value of the Company's investment properties at 31 March 2019 was calculated by the directors on the basis of information provided by third party chartered surveyors.

investment

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

11. Fixed asset investments

Group		in associates	
		£	
Cost			
At 1 April 2018		100,000	
Sare		(100,000)	
At 31 March 2019		-	
	=		
The Old Printworks Chelsea Limited was sold in the year			
		Other	
	investments in	participating	Total
Company	subsidiaries	interest	
• •	,	£	£
	£	- L	
Cost and net book value	t	<u>.</u>	-

Subsidiaries

Shares or beneficial interest held

Company	Class	%	Principal activity	Direct/Indirect
Subsidiary and other undertakings				
Radnor Walk (WH) Limited	Ordinary	100	Dormant*	Direct
Radnor Walk (WH) No2 Limited	Ord-nary	100	Dormant*	Direct
Martin's Properties (Chelsea) Limited	Ordinary	100	Property investment	Direct
Martin's Estate (Clerkenwell) Limited	Ordinary	100	Property investment	Direct
Martin's Properties (Radnor Walk) Limited	Ordinary	100	Property investment	Direct
Martin's Design and Construction Limited	Ordinary	100	Property investment	Direct
Martin's Properties (Parsons Green) Limited	Ord-nary	100	Property investment	Direct
Martins Properties No.l Limited	Ord-nary	100	Property investment	Ind-rect
25 Oxshatt Rise Limited	Ordinary	100	Property investment	Ind.rect
Radnor Walk (KR) Limited	Ordinary	100	Property investment	Indirect
Martin's Properties (Kensington) Limited	Ordinary	100	Dormant	D-rest
Horticu tural Place Developments Umited	Ordinary	100	Property investment	Direct

^{*} The subsidiaries are dormant and not considered material and are, therefore, not consolidated.

Ail of the above subsidiaries have the same registered office as the company.

By virtue of Section 429A of the Companies Act 2006 the companies listed below are exempt from the Companies Act requirements relating to the audit of the individual accounts:

Martin's Properties (Chelsea) Limited
Martin's Estate (Clerkenwell; Limited
Martin's Properties (Radnor Walk) Limited
Martin's Properties (Parsons Green) Limited
Martin's Properties No.: Limited
25 Oxshott Rise Limited
Radnor Walk (KR) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

12. Work in progress

	Company	Company
	2019	2018
	£	f
Work in progress	8,663,712	
	8,663,712	
	Group	Group
	2019	2018
	£	£
Work in progress	25,946,825	
	25,946,825	

During the year an impairment loss on work in progress of £310,330 (2018, nil) was recognised within direct property costs. No earlier work in progress write downs have been reversed during the current, or proceeding period.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

13. Debtors

	Group 2019	Group 2018	Company 2019	Company 2018
	2019 £	2018 £	2019 £	2018 £
Amounts falling due in less than one year		<u>.</u>	L	L
Trade debtors	1,065,689	2,544,569	67,007	57,327
Amounts owed by group companies	3,816,919	2,961,497	31,803,424	29,333,858
Amounts due from related parties	6,071,616	10,100,979	-	
Other debtors	1,744,926	284,860	85,365	15,054
Other taxes and social security		-	91,156	114,774
Prepayments and accrued income	648,142	930,840	88,730	138,174
External loans	-	-		3,571,050
	13,347,292	16,822,745	32,135,682	33,230,237
Amounts falling due after more than one year	 			
Amounts owed by group companies	-	-	34,680,087	31,663,360
	13,347,292	16,822,745	66,815,769	64,893,597

In the Company, amounts due from group and related parties due within and after one year are interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand

14. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year:

	Group	Graup	Company	Company
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans	500,000	500,000		-
Trade creditors	173,178	3,033,723	46,561	1,441,490
Amounts awed to group companies	•	**	45,086,752	24,978,612
Amounts due to related parties		2,523	-	=
Other creditors	1,695,763	979,252	862,107	609,628
Corporation tax	2,092,525	2,385,953	1,298.334	495,759
Other tax and social security costs	•	333,752	-	٠
Accruals and deferred income	2,696,125	2,661,699	976,972	1,062,998
	7,157,591	9,896,902	48,270,726	28,558,487

Amounts owed to and by group companies are interest free and repayable on demand

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

15. Creditors: Amounts falling due in more than one year

		Group	Бгоир		Company	Company
		2019	2018		2019	2018
		£	£		£	£
Bank loans		82.523 700	73,023,700		38 116,175	38,116,175
Unamortised arrangement fee		(1,053,668)	(516,866)		(664,221)	(130,133)
-		81,470,032	72,506,834		37 451,954	37,986,042
Bank loan analysis						
Amount falling due within one year		500,000	\$00,000			
Over one and under two years		500,000	500,000			
Over two and under five years		9,000,000	39,500,000			
Over five years		73,023,700	33,023,700		38,116,175	38,216,175
		83,023,700	73,523,700		38,116,175	38,116,175
Interestirates Group						
	·*•	Expiry	2019	% €	Expiry	2018
Fixed rate borrowings						
fixed rate	3 02	3un 2026	17.023,700	3 O 2	Jun 2026	17,023.700
- fixed cate	3 36	Jun 2031	16,000,000	3.36	Jun 2031	16.000,000
- fixed rate	2 80	Var 2028	40,000,000			
Floating rate borrowings						
- margin plus LIBOR	2.38	Onc 2022	10,000,000	2 38	Dec 2022	10,500,000
margin plus LIBOR	2 75	Sep 2020		2.75	Sep 2020	30 000,000
-			83,023,700			73,523 700

The external loans are secured by legal charges over certain freehold and long leasehold properties. At the year end there were nil unused facilities (2018 mil)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

16. Provisions for liabilities - Deferred tax

Deferred tax	Group	Company
	£	£
At 1 April 2018	27,073,400	15,415,543
Charged to the statement of comprehensive income	(2,979,510)	(2,388,086)
At 31 March 2019	24,093,890	13,027,457

The brought forward and carried forward provision primarily relates to the deferred tax arising on the revaluation of investment properties in both the group and company.

17. Share capital

Group and company		No. of shares	f
Allotted, issued and fully paid			
At 1 April 2018	A' ordinary shares of £0.01 each	45,500	455
	B' ordinary shares of £0.01 each	54,500	545
		100,000	1,000
Issue of Bonus share	A ordinary shares of £0.01 each	2,418	24
	Bi ordinary shares of £0 01 each	793	8
		3,211	32
Issue of shares in consideration for group reorganisation	A' ordinary shares of £0.01 each	32,673	327
	C ordinary shares of £0.01 each	73,758	737
		106,431	1,064
At 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2019	All ordinary shares of £0.01 each	209,542	2,096

^{&#}x27;A Ordinary shares have the right to vote, the right to receive a dividend and to participate in a distribution (including on winding up). A' Ordinary shares are not redeemable.

^{8&#}x27; Ordinary shares have the right to receive a dividend and to participate in a distribution (including on winding up). 'B' Ordinary shares are not redeemable.

^{&#}x27;C' Ordinary shares have the right to vote, the right to receive a dividend and to participate in a distribution (including on winding up). 'C' Ordinary shares are not redeemable

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

18. Reserves

Reserves represent the following

Fair value reserve

Share Premium

Other reserve

Retained earnings

This fair value reserve represents unrealised profits that have been transferred from the profit and loss reserve (in respect of land and

buildings). As these profits become realised they are transferred back to the

profit and loss account

The fair value of shares issued by a group entity arising from historic $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

group reconstructions

Consideration received for shares issued above the nominal value of

those shares net of any transaction costs

Retained earnings represent accumulated comprehensive income for

the year and prior periods

19. Contingent liabilities

Guarantees in respect of VAT group registration

 Group
 Group
 Company
 Company

 2019
 2018
 2019
 2018

 £
 £
 £
 £

 .
 (324,758)
 433,882

The Company has provided guarantees in connection with redevelopment works at properties owned by subsidiary companies.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

20. Capital commitments

At the balance sheet date, the Group has entered into contracts for £15 5m (2018; £8.6m) for the redevelopment of certain properties. This amount is not provided for within the financial statements

21. Related party transactions

Company

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 Section 33 from the requirement to disclose transactions with wholly owned Group companies on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are prepared.

Group

R Newman, a director of the Company, is a partner in Wallace LLP. Wallace LLP provided legal services to the group on an arm's length basis amounting to £352,329 during the year (2018 £314,737).

A director used a company bank account to settle a personal liability of £201,458. No company funds were used During the year Martin's Properties Chelsea Limited acquired a 35% share of a property owned by the Martin's of Chelsea Executive Pension Scheme, of which it is the principal employer. £4.0m was owed to Martin's Properties Chelsea Limited by the Pension Scheme at year end.

Included within Amounts due from related parties is a £2.1m (2018, £2.1m) loan from Martin's Property Holdings Limited to Martin's Properties (OS) Limited. No interest is charged on this loan.

22. Financial instruments

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments at 31 March were:

Financial liabilities: Measured at amortised cost	83.838.973	77,356,085
Measured at amortised cost	38,334,024	18,989,028
Financial assets:	£	£
	2019	2018

23. Post balance sheet events

On the 7th May 2019 a reorganisation of the Martin's Properties Holdings Group took place. The Group was split into two independent property owning Groups and a number of subsidiaries were transferred to entities of common ownership. The entities transferred are detailed below:

Radnor Walk (KR) Limited was transferred to Martin's MUse Limited for £26.8m settled by way of intercompany consideration.

Martin's Properties (Parsons Green) Limited was transferred to Martin's MUse Limited for £6.9m settled by way of intercompany consideration

These transactions had no impact for corporation tax purposes

24. Control

The immediate and ultimate parent company and controlling party is Martin's Family Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, copies of its financial statements are available from Companies House.