Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 March 2010

Company Number. 532832

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010

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Directors

- H Solomon (USA)
- R Stafford (Republic of Ireland)
- D Burke (Republic of Ireland)

Secretary and registered office

A Livingstone, Bourne Road, Bexley, Kent, DA5 1NX

Company number

532832

Auditors

BDO LLP, 2 City Place, Beehive Ring Road, Gatwick, West Sussex, RH6 0PA

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2010

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 6 and shows the results for the year

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2009 - £Nil)

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company is distribution of ethical and over-the-counter pharmaceutical products. The Company also engages in the purchase and sale of product licences.

Review of the business

Trading for the year was in line with expectations

The Company submitted an application for a marketing authorisation for the new delivery method for one of its existing products in September 2009. It was validated in June 2010 and is currently following the regulatory process.

Key performance indicators compared to previous years are as follows

	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover Gross profit Operating profit / (loss)	30,690,060 12,532,962 2,919,890	27,957,238 10,131,355 (239,041)
Interest received	22,249	136,791

The increase in turnover and profit has come from both increasing volumes in established markets as well as opening up new markets for our niche antibiotic and baby care range. We have also launched one new product during the year which complements our existing product range and we continue to explore opportunities to add to our product portfolio.

The Company has exchanged contracts with a buyer to dispose of its now vacant manufacturing facility and anticipates completion by 31st March 2011

Working capital remains healthy

Research and development

Research and development is primarily focused on maintaining our current marketing authorisations

Some additional work has been necessary to answer questions from the regulator relating to the new delivery method for one of our products. Significant resources are also aimed at sourcing additional products to complement our current portfolio.

Risk and uncertainties

The main financial risks arising from the company's activities are credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and foreign currency risk. These are monitored by the board of directors and were not considered to be significant at the balance sheet date.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

Risk and uncertainties (continued)

Credit risk arises from the Company's trade and other receivables. Management review all debtors for impairment on a regular basis and are comfortable that all unprovided debts are fully recoverable.

Liquidity risk arises from fluctuations in market related interest rates. The company has positive cash reserves and does not make use of borrowings to fund operations. Management monitor and manage the recoverability of debtors and payment of creditors closely to ensure positive cash resources are maintained and enhanced.

The Company's export markets are exposed to fluctuating foreign exchange rates which may impact on the Company's sales and profitability. The Company does not make use of forex exchange contract to mitigate foreign currency risk.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year ended 31 March 2010 were

H Solomon (USA)

R Stafford (Republic of Ireland)

D Burke (Republic of Ireland)

None of the directors had any interest in the share capital of the company during the year or previous year

The interests of the directors in the shares of the ultimate parent company are disclosed in the accounts of that company

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting

By order of the Board

A Livingstone **Secretary**

Date 14th December 2010

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Forest Laboratories UK Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Forest Laboratories UK Limited for the year ended 31 March 2010 which comprise profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

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John Everingham (senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor Gatwick United Kingdom

Date

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2010

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover	2	30,690,060	27,957,238
Cost of sales		(18,157,098)	(17,825,883)
Gross profit		12,532,962	10,131,355
Distribution cost Administration expenses		(5,727,089) (3,885,983)	(5,036,018) (5,334,378)
Operating profit / (loss)	3	2,919,890	(239,041)
Interest receivable Pension finance charges	6 7	22,249 (312,000)	136,791 (280,000)
Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		2,630,139	(382,250)
Taxation	8	60,000	-
Profit / (loss) for the year	18	2,690,139	(382,250)

All amounts relate to continuing activities

The notes on pages 8 to 22 form part of these financial statements

Statement of total recognised gains and losses and reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds for the year ended 31 March 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Statement of total recognised gains and losses			
Profit / (loss) for the year		2,690,139	(382,250)
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets		1,364,000	(2,125,000)
Experience gains arising on scheme liabilities		483,000	997,000
Change in assumptions underlying the present value of scheme liabilities		(2,129,000)	(410,000)
Share based payments		120,387	79,646
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year		2,528,526	(1,840,604)
Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds			
Profit / (loss) for the financial year		2,690,139	(382,250)
Actuarial (loss) on pension scheme		(282,000)	(1,538,000)
Share based payments		120,387	79,646
Net increase / (decrease) in shareholders' funds		2,528,526	(1,840,604)
Opening shareholders' funds		(209,621)	1,630,983
Closing shareholders' funds		2,318,905	(209,621)

Balance sheet at 31 March 2010

Company number 532832	Note	2010 £	2010 £	2009 £	2009 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9		1,375,252		1,285,871
Intangible assets	10		2,073,539		2,574,899
Investments	11		100		100
			3,448,891		3,860,870
Current assets					
Stocks	12	5,855,643		4,717,324	
Debtors	13	6,487,780		6,969,071	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,496,316		1,673,314	
		15,839,739		13,359,709	
Creditors: amounts falling due		, ,		.,,	
within one year	14	12,226,725		12,375,200	
Net current assets			3,613,014		984,509
Total assets less current liabilities			7,061,905		4,845,379
Provisions for liabilities and charges					
Deferred taxation Pension liability	15 16		- (4,743,000)		(60,000) (4,995,000)
1 choich hability	10				
			2,318,905		(209,621)
Capital and reserves					
Share capital	17		534,938		534,938
Capital reserve	18		564,662		564,662
Profit and loss account	18		1,219,305		(1,309,221)
Shareholders' funds			2,318,905		(209,621)

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 14th December

Stafford D Burk

The notes on pages 9 to 22 form part of these financial statements

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of land and buildings and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated at the rates ruling when they occurred. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange profits and losses are included in the Company's trading results.

Turnover

Turnover is the amount derived from the provision of goods and services falling within the Company's ordinary activities after deduction of trade discounts and value added tax. Turnover is recognised when the risks and rewards of owning the goods has passed to the customer, which is generally on delivery

Research and development

Research and development expenditure is written off in the year in which it is incurred

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the company
 has entered into a binding sale agreement and is not proposing to take advantage of rollover relief, and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates to make sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances arising from underlying timing differences in respect of tax allowances on industrial buildings are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining those allowances have been met

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Share based payments

Where share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to the profit and loss account over the vesting period. Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each balance sheet date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. There are no market based vesting conditions

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

For all tangible fixed assets, with the exception of freehold land, depreciation is provided to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual values, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates

Freehold buildings

40 years

Plant, machinery, fixtures and fittings

Up to 10 years

Motor vehicles

Up to 4 years

Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Intangible assets consist of trademarks which are recorded at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is provided on a straight-line basis over the directors' estimate of the useful economic life of 10 years.

Patents, licences and trade marks

The normal expenses of maintaining patents, licences and trade marks are charged against the Company's trading results as incurred

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value

Cost is calculated as follows

Raw materials, bought in parts and

consumable stores

cost of purchase on first in, first out

basıs

Finished goods purchased

cost of purchase on a first in, first out

basis

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Pension costs

The group operates a defined benefit scheme and FRS 17 "Retirement Benefits" has been adopted in full during the year to 31 March 2010. Under FRS 17 pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and scheme liabilities are valued using a projected unit method, discounted at the current rate of return on high quality corporate bonds. The full service cost of benefits accruing during the year is charged against operating profit. The expected return on scheme assets and the change in the net present value of scheme liabilities are included in other finance charges. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses. The scheme deficit is recognised in full in the balance sheet.

Changes in the defined benefit pension scheme asset or liability arising from factors other than cash contribution by the company are charged to the profit and loss account or the statement of total recognised gains and losses in accordance with FRS 17 "Retirement Benefits"

Leased assets

All leases are treated as operating leases Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account

2 Turnover

Turnover is attributable mainly to the distribution of Ethical and Over the Counter (OTC) pharmaceuticals Turnover attributable to each of the Company's geographical markets is

	2010 £	2009 £
United Kingdom Republic of Ireland Rest of Europe Middle East and Far East Asia Africa Canada Central and South America Australia and New Zealand	25,479,403 1,213,503 2,685,541 376,708 55,007 36,076 26,036 316,902 500,884	23,243,002 1,263,096 1,950,585 504,980 94,334 62,500 84,955 361,998 391,788
	30,690,060	27,957,238

All assets of the company are situated within the United Kingdom and all trading results are generated from operations within the United Kingdom

-			
3	Operating profit/(loss)	2010 £	2009 £
	This is arrived at after charging/(crediting)	~	-
	Depreciation Amortisation Research and development expenditure Restructuring costs Profit on foreign currency transactions Auditors' remuneration	104,008 501,360 1,153,713 (16,758) (221,091)	102,876 501,368 1,588,083 1,389,774 (465,851)
	- audit services - non audit services Operating leases – plant and machinery Operating leases – motor vehicles Operating leases – premises Share based payment	39,182 2,730 5,067 140,016 54,508 120,387	39,182 2,730 12,169 58,470 - 79,646
4	Employees		
	The average monthly number of employees within each category was	2010 Number	2009 Number
	Production Distribution Administrative	30 27	31 32 32 ————
		57 	95
	The costs incurred in respect of these employees were	2010 £	2009 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	2,356,233 283,645 1,500,259	2,833,809 352,108 999,000
		4,140,137	4,184,917
5	Directors' emoluments	2010 £	2009 £
	Aggregate emoluments	-	-

6	Interest receivable	2010 £	2009 £
	Bank interest	22,249	136,791
7	Pension finance charges	2010	2009
		£	£
	Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities	334,000 (646,000)	435,000 (715,000)
		(312,000)	(280,000)
8	Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	2010	2009
		£	2005 £
	Analysis of tax charge		
	UK corporation tax		
	- Current tax on profits Deferred tax	-	-
	- Timing differences	60,000	-
	Originating and reversing of timing differences	60,000	-
		2010 £	2009 £
	Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before tax	2,630,139	(382,250)
	Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%)	736,439	(107,030)
	Effects of	40.440	25 200
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	42,440 (12,155)	25,200 (13,932)
	Share option exercise tax deduction	33,708	22,301
	Research and development tax credit	(14,000)	(21,000)
	FRS 17 adjustments not allowable for tax	(149,520)	(91,280)
	Other timing differences	(6,226)	(78,474)
	Tax losses (utilised)/not credited to profit and loss account	(630,646)	264,215
	Current tax charge for year	 -	-

	Freehold land and buildings £	Furniture, fixtures and fittings £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2009 Additions Disposals	1,758,735 - -	742,587 142,001 -	187,520 59,331 (41,260)	34,136 - -	2,722,978 201,332 (41,260)
At 31 March 2010	1,758,735	884,588	205,591	34,136	2,883,050
Depreciation At 1 April 2009 Provided for the year Disposals	891,074	446,461 82,331	99,572 15,677 (33,317)	6,000	1,437,107 104,008 (33,317)
At 31 March 2010	891,074	528,792	81,932	6,000	1,507,798
Net book value At 31 March 2010	867,661	355,796	123,659	28,136	1,375,252
At 31 March 2009	867,661	296,126	87,948	34,136	1,285,871
Freehold land and buildings a	re stated at			2010	2009
Revaluation in 1983 Additions				£ 1,500,000 258,735	£ 1,500,000 258,735
Revalued cost				1,758,735	1,758,735
The historical cost of land and	buildings is			2010 £	2009 £
Historic cost Accumulated depreciation bas	ed on historica	al cost		1,190,193 660,254	1,190,193 660,254
Historical cost net book value				529,939	529,939

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 *(continued)*

10	Intangible assets		
		2010	demarks 2009
	Cost At 1 April Additions	£ 5,113,656 -	£ 5,113,656 -
	At 31 March	5,113,656	5,113,656
	Amortisation At 1 April Provided for the year	2,538,757 501,360	2,037,389 501,368
	At 31 March	3,040,117	2,538,757
	Net book value At 31 March	2,073,539	2,574,899
11	Investments		
	Subsidiaries and related companies		
	The following companies were incorporated in the UK and were of	dormant at 31 March 2010	
		Unqu	oted shares at cost £
	Subsidiary		
	Pharmax Limited		100
	Cost at 31 March 2009 and 31 March 2010		100
	The Company has taken advantage of the exemption granted up preparing consolidated financial statements being itself a wholly of		
12	Stocks	2010 £	2009 £
	Raw materials Finished goods and goods for resale	616,339 5,239,304	- 4,717,324

5,855,643

4,717,324

13	Debtors	2010 £	2009 £
	Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income	5,833,985 653,795	6,472,202 496,869
		6,487,780	6,969,071
	Included in prepayments and accrued income are prepayments of £133,775 (2 greater than one year but less than five years	009 - £157,156	s) receivable in
14	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2010 £	2009 £
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to Group undertakings Accruals and deferred income Other taxation and social security	767,129 10,194,973 928,934 335,689	1,235,028 9,759,670 1,216,707 163,795
		12,226,725	12,375,200
15	Provisions for liabilities and charges	2010 £	2009 £
	Provision for deferred tax		
	Accelerated capital allowances at 1 April Transfer to profit and loss account (note 8)	(60,000) 60,000	(60,000)
	Provision at 31 March	-	(60,000)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

16 Pension scheme

The Company operates a defined benefit pension scheme for the majority of its employees who joined the scheme prior to 6 April 1993. Any new entrants to the Company's pension scheme, subsequent to 6 April 1993, joined a money purchase scheme. The assets of the scheme are held in a separate trustee administered fund.

The pension cost relating to this scheme is assessed every three years in accordance with the advice of a qualified actuary using the projected unit method. The most recent formal valuation, at 30 June 2006, indicated that, on the basis of service to date and current salaries, the scheme's assets were sufficient to meet 55% of its liabilities. It was assumed that the investment returns would be 6.6% per annum, that salary increases would average 4.5% per annum and that present and future pensions would increase at the rate of inflation up to a maximum of 5% per annum.

At 31 March 2010 the scheme, which is contracted out of the state scheme, had assets of approximately £7 7m (2009 - £6 0m). Contributions to the scheme by employees and the company have been maintained in accordance with the recommendations of the actuary in his previous valuation. The company has recently reviewed the funding rate in light of the results of the valuation and is committed to pay 16 4% of total pensionable salaries each year until the next valuation. Additionally, the company will pay a minimum of £876,000 per annum from January 2009 for ten years in order to reduce the deficit in the scheme.

A full actuarial valuation of the mixed benefits scheme was carried out at 30 June 2006 and updated at 31 March 2010 by a qualified independent actuary on an FRS 17 basis. The major assumptions used by the actuary were

	2010	2009	2008
Inflation assumption	3 1%	3 2%	3 7%
Rate of increase in salaries	3 2%	3 3%	3 8%
Rate of increase of pensions in payment	4 3%	3 1%	3 6%
Rate of increase for deferred pensioners	3 1%	3 2%	3 7%
Discount rate	5 6%	6 1%	6 9%

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 *(continued)*

16 Pension scheme (continued)

The assets in the scheme and the expected rate of return at 31 March 2010 were

	Long term rate of return expected at 2010	Value at 2010 £	Long term rate of return expected at 2009	Value at 2009 £	Long term rate of return expected at 2008	Value at 2008 £
Equities Bond Cash	7 7% 4 4% 0 5%	5,493,000 1,263,000 927,000	7 0% 3 8% 0 5%	4,359,000 657,000 1,010,000	7 5% 4 5% 5 3%	6,176,000 941,000 1,416,000
Total marke Value of as		7,683,000		6,026,000		8,533,000
Present val of scheme liabilities	ue	(12,426,000)		(11,021,000)		(12,316,000)
Deficit in Scheme		(4,743,000)		(4,995,000)		(3,783,000)
Related def tax asset (not recogn		1,328,040		1,398,600		1,059,240
Net pension liability on a FRS 17 bas	in	(3,414,960)		(3,596,400)		(2,723,760)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

16	Pension scheme (continued)		2010	2009		
	Analysis of amounts charged to operating profit for the pens.	ion scheme	£	£		
	Current service cost		187,000	214,000		
	Loss on settlements		217,000	365,000		
			404,000	579,000		
	Analysis of amount charged to interest payable for the pensi	on scheme				
	Expected return on the pension scheme assets		334,000	435,000		
	Interest on pension scheme liabilities		(646,000)	(715,000)		
	Net loss charged to other finance charges		(312,000)	(280,000)		
	Analysis of amounts recognised in the Statement of Total Re	Analysis of amounts recognised in the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses				
	Actual return less expected return on net assets		1,364,000	(2,125,000)		
	Experience gains/(losses) arising on scheme liabilities Changes in assumptions underlying the present values		483,000	997,000		
	of scheme liabilities		(2,129,000)	(410,000)		
	Net actuarial loss recognised		(282,000)	(1,538,000)		
	History of experience (losses)/gains					
	, notery of emporiones (resease), gains	2010 £	2009 £	2008 £		
	Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets	4 364 000	(2.425.000)	(4.660.000)		
	- as % of year end pension scheme assets	1,364,000 18 0%	(2,125,000) (35 0%)	(1,669,000) (19 5%)		
	Experience gains/(losses) arising on scheme liabilities - as % of present value of year end scheme liabilities	483,000 3 9%	997,000 9 0%	(18,000) (0 1%)		
	Changes in assumptions underlying the present					
	value of the scheme liabilities - as % of present value of year end scheme liabilities	(2,129,000) (17 1%)	(410,000) (4 0%)	1,819,000 14 8%		
	Actuarial (loss)/gain recognised in the statement of recognised gains and losses	(282,000)	(1,538,000)	132,000		
	- as % of present value of year end scheme liabilities	(2 3%)	(14 0%)	1 1%		

The experience gains and losses are those resulting from the actual performance of the scheme being different from that predicted, for example from changes in economic conditions, from performance of the investment managers who manage the scheme's assets or from changes in the demographic profile of the scheme members

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

16	Pension scheme (continued)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(2010 £	2009 £
	Movements in deficit during the year	L	£
	Deficit in scheme at beginning of year	(4,995,000)	(3,783,000)
	Current service cost Contributions paid Other finance costs Actuarial loss	(404,000) 1,250,000 (312,000) (282,000)	(579,000) 1,185,000 (280,000) (1,538,000)
	Deficit in the scheme at end of year	(4,743,000)	(4,995,000)
17	Share capital	2010	2009
	Authorised, issued and fully paid 2,150 ordinary shares of 10p each	£ 215	£ 215
	21,500 Deferred shares of 10p each	2,150	2,150
	12% non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of £1 each	532,573	532,573
		534,938	534,938

Ordinary shareholders have 1,000 votes per share and the right to all profits after payment of the preference dividend. On a winding up, following payment to the Preference Shareholders, Ordinary Shareholders will receive £100 per share and the balance of any assets following payment to Deferred Shareholders.

Deferred Shareholders have one vote per share, no rights to share in the profits and on a winding up, repayment of the amount paid up following payment to the preference shareholders and £100 per Ordinary Share

Preference Shareholders have one vote per share and in a winding up, surplus assets remaining after payment of liabilities shall first be applied to repaying the paid up amount on their shares. The shares were issued on 26 May 1978 and can be redeemed only at the Company's option. The Company must give three months written notice of redemption. The shares would be redeemed at par value.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

18	Reserves	Non-distributable reserve £	Profit and loss account £
	Balance at 1 April 2009	564,662	(1,309,221)
	Actuarial loss Profit/(Loss) for the financial year Share based payment	- - -	(282,000) 2,690,139 120,387
	At 31 March 2010	564,662	1,219,305

19 Share based payment

The group adopted FRS 20 "Share based Payment" during the year ended 31 March 2007 Prior to this no amounts were reflected in respect of share based payments

For 2010, the impact of share based payments is a net charge to income of £120,387 (2009 - £79,646). The expense has been included in the administrative expenses line of the income statement. There was no impact on net assets

Senior managers and certain other members of staff participate in an equity settled share option scheme operated by the parent company, Forest Laboratories Inc whose shares are listed on the New York Stock Exchange. The options vest over a six year period (2009 – six year) from the date of grant and will lapse if not exercised within six years from the date of grant. In addition, the options will lapse three months after an individual leaves the company's employment. There are no market-based vesting conditions.

The following assumptions were used in determining the fair values of stock options using the Black-Scholes model

	2010	2009
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected stock price volatility	29 70%	34 17%
Risk free interest rate	2 60%	2 80%
Expected lift of options (years)	6	6
	2010	2009
	£	£
The share based remuneration expense (note 3) comprises		
Equity settled schemes	120,387	79,646

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 (continued)

20	Commitments under operating leases The Company's annual commitments under non cancellable operating leases is as follows	2010 £	2009 £
	Plant and machinery - expiring between 2 and 5 years	5,344	5,000
	Motor vehicles - expiring between 2 and 5 years	166,984	58,470
	Property rental - expiring between 2 and 5 years - expiring after 5 years	162,600 -	162,600
		334,928	226,070

21 Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed for FRS8 Related Party Transactions not to disclose any transactions or balances with entities which have 90% or more voting rights controlled within the Group

During the year the Company traded with a distributor in Ireland, Ocean Healthcare Limited, 50% of whose shares were owned by a member of the close family of one of the Company's directors. The transactions have been carried out at arm's length

2010	2009
£	£
359,992	342,954
17,592	207,378
-	2,375
	£ 359,992 17,592

22 Cash flow statement

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed for under Financial Reporting Standard 1 "Cash Flow Statements" not to produce a cash flow statement, as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Pharmax Holding Limited. A Group cash flow statement is included in the financial statements of Pharmax Holding Limited, the United Kingdom parent company. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Pharmax Holding Limited are available from Companies House.

23 Parent company

The Company's ultimate parent company is Forest Laboratories Inc., a company incorporated in the USA