Arnolds Veterinary Products Limited

Directors' Report and Financial
Statements
Registered number 00505382
For the year ended 30 June 2018

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Arnolds Veterinary Products Limited Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2018

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Directors' Report

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018. The Company was entitled to exemption from preparing a strategic report under section 414B of the Companies Act 2006.

Results and dividends

The Company did not trade during the current or prior year. The directors anticipate that the Company will not resume trading in the coming years. The results for the year are set out on page 5. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2017: £nil) for the year.

Directors

The directors who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

ID Page

RJ Cotton

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Directors' and officers' liability

The Company maintains an appropriate level of directors' and officers' insurance whereby directors are indemnified against liabilities to third parties to the extent permitted by the Companies Act 2006. The directors also benefitted from qualifying third party indemnity provisions in place during the financial year and at the date of this report. A copy of the indemnity provisions will be available for inspection on request at the registered office.

Directors' Report (continued)

Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their re-appointment was approved at the Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the board

RJ Cotton

Director

24 Cheshire Avenue Cheshire Business Park Lostock Gralam Northwich CW9 7UA

30 October 2018

Independent auditors' report to the members of Arnolds Veterinary Products Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Arnolds Veterinary Products Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2018 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Directors' Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018; the income statement, the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate, or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2018 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Arnolds Veterinary Products Limited (continued)

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Andrew Hammond (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Birmingham

30 October 2018

Income statement

for the year ended 30 June 2018

During the financial year under review and the previous financial year the Company did not trade and received no income and incurred no expenses. Consequently, during the year the Company made neither a profit nor a loss and has no other comprehensive income.

Statement of financial position

as at 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 £000	£000	2017 £000	£000
Current assets Trade and other receivables		530	2000	530	2000
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Net assets			530		530
Equity	4		520		520
Issued share capital Retained earnings	4		530		530
	•				
Total shareholders' funds			530		530
	•				

The notes on pages 7 to 9 form part of the financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 5 to 9 were approved by the board of directors on 30October 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

RJ Cotton
Director

Company number: 00505382

Statement of changes in equity for the year end 30 June 2018

· .	Issued share capital £000	Retained earnings £000	Total shareholders' funds £000
For the year ended 30 June 2017			
Balances at 1 July 2016	530	-	530
Result for the financial year	-	-	-
Balances at 30 June 2017	530	-	530
	=		
For the year ended 30 June 2018			
Balances at 1 July 2017	530	-	530
Result for the financial year	-	-	-
Balances at 30 June 2018	530	-	530
			

Notes to the financial statements

1 Principal accounting policies

General information

Arnolds Veterinary Products Limited is a non-trading company. The Company is incorporated and domiciled in the UK. The address of the registered office is 24 Cheshire Avenue, Cheshire Business Park, Lostock Gralam, Northwich, CW9 7UA.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of Arnolds Veterinary Products Limited have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS 101). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. There are no areas involving a high degree of judgement.

The following exemptions from the requirements of IFRS have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements, in accordance with FRS 101:

- The following paragraphs of IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements':
 - 10(d) (statement of cash flows),
 - 16 (statement of compliance with all IFRS),
 - 38A (requirement for minimum of two primary statements, including cash flow statements),
 - 111 (cash flow statement information), and
 - 134-136 (capital management disclosures).
- IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows'.
- The requirements in IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures' to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group.

Under FRS 101, the Company has taken advantage of the requirements of Paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8, Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors.

The directors intend that the Company will take advantage of the above disclosure exemptions for the year ended 30 June 2018.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in shareholders' funds. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in shareholders' funds, respectively.

The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date in the country where the Company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situation in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are amounts due from other Group entities. If collection is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets. Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Preference shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Financial guarantee contracts

Where the Company enters into financial guarantee contracts to guarantee the indebtedness of other group companies, the Company considers these to be insurance arrangements, and accounts for them as such. In this respect, the Company treats the guarantee contract as a contingent liability until such time as it becomes probably that the Company will be required to make a payment under the guarantee.

2 Result on ordinary activities before taxation

No directors received any emoluments in respect of services as a director of the Company during the current or preceding financial year. There are no employees other than directors in either year.

Auditors' remuneration has been borne by the ultimate parent undertaking in both years.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

3 Trade and other receivables

3 Trade and other receivables	2018 £000	2017 £000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	530	530

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayments and are repayable on demand.

4 Issued share capital

Allotted and fully paid:	2018 £000	2017 £000
500,000 (2017: 500,000) ordinary shares of £1 each 30,000 (2017: 30,000) fixed rate preference shares of £1 each	500 30	500 30
	530	530

In the event of a dividend being declared on ordinary shares, the fixed rate preference shares are entitled to a noncumulative dividend of 5% of the paid up amount. The fixed rate preference shares carry all of the voting rights at general meetings of the Company.

5 Controlling parties

The immediate parent undertaking is Veneto Limited. The ultimate parent undertaking and the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements is Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC.

Copies of the group financial statements of Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC may be obtained from 24 Cheshire Avenue, Cheshire Business Park, Lostock Gralam, Northwich, CW9 7UA.