# FAG (UK) Limited

Director's report and financial statements Registered number 491002 For the year ended 31 December 2004

A47 \*AXGBQ9LIQ\* 302

3\$2 28/10/2005

FAG (UK) Limited Director's report and financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2004

# **Contents**

Director's report	1
Statement of directors' responsibilities	2
Report of the independent auditors to the members of FAG (UK) Limited	3
Profit and loss account	4
Balance sheet	5
Notes	6

## Director's report

The director presents his annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004.

### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of property rental.

#### Rusiness review

The company has made a profit before taxation of £148,634 (2003: £163,750).

#### Dividends

No dividend is recommended by the director (2003: £Nil).

#### Director and director's interests

The director who held office during the year was:

### D Fellermann

The director does not have any interests in the shares of the company or any other group company registered in the United Kingdom.

PA Phipps Secretary

Forge Lane Minworth Sutton Coldfield West Midlands B76 1AP

26 October 2005

## Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



KPMG LLP 2 Cornwall Street Birmingham B3 2DL

## Report of the independent auditors to the members of FAG (UK) Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 11.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 2, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor 26 October 2005

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2004

	Note	2004 £	2003 £
Other operating income Other operating charges	1	30,375 (6,182)	135,579 (54,186)
Operating profit		24,193	81,393
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	3 4	124,441 -	82,359 (2)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	148,634	163,750
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(36,546)	(24,969)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation and retained for the financial year	11	112,088	138,781

There were no recognised gains or losses in either the current or previous year other than those disclosed in the profit and loss account.

Movements in reserves are set out in note 11.

# Balance sheet at 31 December 2004

	Note		2004		2003
77 . 3		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets Investments	6		2		2
					_
Current assets	7	2 (02 000		2 401 111	
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	,	3,603,000 26,078		3,491,111 76,878	
Cash at bank and it hand		20,076		70,076	
		3,629,078		3,567,989	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(91,227)		(142,226)	
		<del></del>		<del></del>	
Net current assets			3,537,851		3,425,763
Total assets less current liabilities			3,537,853		3,425,765
Provisions for liabilities and charges	9		(208,400)		(208,400)
Net assets			3,329,453		3,217,365
					<del></del>
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	10		2,000,000		2,000,000
Share premium account	11		650,000		650,000
Profit and loss account	11		679,453		567,365
Equity shareholders' funds	12		3,329,453		3,217,365

These financial statements were approved by the director on 26 October 2005

D Fellermann

Director

#### **Notes**

(forming part of the financial statements)

### 1 Principal accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements:

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost accounting rules and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards.

#### Cash flow statement

Under the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard No 1 ("cash flow statements") the company is exempt from preparing a cash flow statement on the grounds of its size.

#### Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the result for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by Financial Reporting Standard No 19 ("deferred tax").

## Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the year end rates of exchange. Translation differences arising at the balance sheet date are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

### Operating leases

Operating lease payments are charged to the profit and loss account in equal annual amounts over the period of the leases.

#### Investments

Shares in group companies are stated at cost less any provision for permanent diminution in value.

#### Other operating income

Other operating income relates to rents receivable.

## 2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated	2004 £	2003 £
after charging/(crediting)		
Property rental Auditors' remuneration in respect of:	32,750	32,750
Audit work	6,000	2,500
Other services	5,350	2,750
Rental income	(30,375)	(29,206)
Exchange gain	(3,953)	(88,693)
	<del></del>	<del></del>

The company has no employees apart from the director. The director did not receive or waive any emoluments during the year (2003: £Nil).

## 3 Other interest receivable and similar income

	2004	2003
	£	£
Bank interest	1,128	1,341
Interest receivable from FAG Kugelfischer AG, a group undertaking	123,307	43,851
Other interest	6	37,167
	<del></del>	
	124,441	82,359
	=======================================	

Other interest receivable comprises the compensation due with respect to the advance corporation tax refund claim.

## 4 Interest payable and similar charges

	2004	2003
	£	£
Other interest	_	2
Olifer affected.	·	

## 5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

Analysis of charge in year				
	2	004	2	003
	£	£	£	£
UK corporation tax				
Current tax on income for the year	47,000		37,500	
Adjustment in respect of prior year	(10,454)		(23,731)	
Total current tax charge		36,546		13,769
Deferred tax				
Deferred tax charge in respect of current year				
(see note 9)		-		11,200
				<del></del>
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		36,546		24,969

## Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year

The current tax charge for the year is lower (2003: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 30% (2003: 30%). The differences are explained below:

	2004 £	2003 £
Current tax reconciliation	-	~
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	148,634	163,750
Current tax at 30% (2003: 30%)	44,590	49,125
Effects of:		
Utilisation of ACT previously written off	-	(3,118)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	8,635	2,643
Decrease in general provisions	-	(11,150)
Other timing differences	(6,225)	-
Adjustment in respect of prior year	(10,454)	(23,731)
Total current tax charge	36,546	13,769

6 Investments held as fixed assets		
	2004 £	2003 £
Shares in group companies at cost: Subsidiaries	2	2
The company owned the entire issued share capital of the following	g non trading subsidiary:	
Subsidiary Cou	untry of incorporation	
FAG Bearing Company Limited Eng	gland and Wales	
FAG Bearing Company Limited is a dormant company.		
7 Debtors		
	2004	2003 £
Amounts owed by FAG Kugelfischer AG, a group undertaking Other debtors	3,603,000	3,490,448 663
	3,603,000	3,491,111
8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2004 £	2003 £
Corporation tax Accruals and deferred income	47,000 44,227	37,500 104,726
	91,227	142,226
	<del>====</del>	
9 Provisions for liabilities and charges		
		Deferred tax £
At beginning and end of year		208,400

# 9 Provisions for liabilities and charges (continued)

The elements of deferred taxation liabilities are as follows:

	2004 £	2003 £
Other timing differences	208,400	208,400
10 Called up share capital		
	2004 £	2003 £
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid: Equity: Ordinary shares of £1 each	2,000,000	2,000,000
11 Reserves		
	Share premium account	Profit and loss account
	£	£
Balance at 1 January 2004 Profit for the year	650,000 -	567,365 112,088
Balance at 31 December 2004	650,000	679,453
12 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
	2004 £	2003 £
Retained profit for the year Opening shareholders' funds	112,088 3,217,365	138,781 3,078,584
Closing shareholders' funds	3,329,453	3,217,365
	<del></del>	

## 13 Commitments

At 31 December 2004, the company was committed to making the following annual payments in respect of operating leases:

	Lan	Land and buildings	
	2004	2003	
	£	£	
Leases which expire:			
Within one year	32,750	32,750	
		=	

## 14 Immediate and ultimate parent

The immediate parent company is FAG Kugelfischer GmbH, a company registered in Germany. The ultimate parent and controlling party is INA-Holding Schaeffler KG, a partnership registered in Germany.