FOSECO INTERNATIONAL LIMITED REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1995

REGISTERED NO: 468147

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FOSECO INTERNATIONAL LIMITED DIRECTORS REPORT

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 1995.

Results and Dividends

The Company's loss for the year after taxation amounted to £417,000(1994 loss £2,614,000).

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend (1994 : £Nil) and the loss of £417,000 has been offset against reserves.

Review of the Business

The Company's principal activity during the year was the development and licensing of chemical products, primarily for use in metal melting industries.

Fixed Assets

The changes in fixed assets during the year are summarised in the notes to the accounts.

Research and Development

The Company continues to increase its commitment in the area of research and development in terms of both existing product lines and a range of new products.

Future Developments

The directors consider that the business of the Company is unlikely to change in the foreseeable future.

Directors and their Interests

(Resigned 1 January 1996)
(Resigned 1 January 1996)
(Resigned 1 January 1996)
(Appointed 8 June 1995)
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(Resigned 1 January 1996)
(Resigned 8 June 1995)
(Resigned 1 January 1996)
(Resigned 1 January 1996)

FOSECO INTERNATIONAL LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Directors and their Interests (continued)

In addition G Smith and V C Watton were appointed directors on 1 January 1996.

No director had any interest in the shares of the Company. M B Dearden is also a director of Burmah Castrol plc, the ultimate parent undertaking, and his interests in the shares of that company are disclosed in its accounts.

The interests of the other directors in the shares of Burmah Castrol plc were :-

	Ordinary shares of Options to subscribe for ordina		e for ordinary	shares of		
	£1 each £1 each		each			
•					Options	
	As at	As at	As at	Options	exercised/	As at
	1.1.95*	31.12.95	1.1.95*	granted	cancelled	31.12.95
J Briggs	Nil	Nil	19,739	7,244	Nil	26,983
A M Chater	Nil	Nil	7,804	4,650	Nil	12,454
D E Bryant	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
K A Cattell	Nil	Nil	9,497	2,083	9,497	2,083
W E I Galloway	Nil	Nil	1 31,013 10,397 Nil 41,41			41,410
D W Hobbins	Nil	Nil	2,634	12,501	Nil	15,135
M J Issott	Nil	Nil	10,993	3,453	Nil	14,446
M B Jones	Nil	Nil	13,495	2,109	Nil	15,604
A Sleight	Nil	Nil	11,468	4,429	Nil	15,897
D M Spence	Nil	Nil	13,847	9,031	Nil	22,878

^{*} Or at the date of appointment, whichever is later

No director was interested during or at the end of the year in any contract which was significant in relation to the Company's business.

General Information

Burmah Castrol plc maintains a policy of liability insurance for the Burmah Castrol group's officers.

FOSECO INTERNATIONAL LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint Ernst & Young as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting. As permitted by s386 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution to dispense with the obligation to appoint auditors annually will also be put to the members.

By order of the board

Company Secretary

285 Long Acre Nechells Birmingham B7 5JR

13TH JUNE. 1996

FOSECO INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF FOSECO INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

We have audited the accounts on pages 6 to 17 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and on the basis of the accounting policies set out on pages 8,9 and 10.

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described on page 4 the Company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 December 1995 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

ERNST & YOUNG

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

REGISTERED AUDITOR

BIRMINGHAM

10 July PAL

FOSECO INTERNATIONAL LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1995

Notes		Continuing Operations	
	•	1995	1994
		£,000	£'000
3	Turnover	456	101
	Cost of sales	(345)	(62)
	Gross profit	111	39
4	Other operating income	11,061	9,459
	Distribution costs	(84)	-
	Administrative expenses	(12,232)	(13,294)
5	Operating loss	(1,144)	(3,796)
8	Income from shares in group undertakings	463	-
9	Net interest receivable	18	35
	Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(663)	(3,761)
10	Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	236	1,147
21	Loss on ordinary activities after taxation and	/4071	(0.044)
	transfer to reserves	(427)	(2,614)

The Company has no recognised gains or losses other than the loss for the year.

FOSECO INTERNATIONAL LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 1995

Notes	_	1995 £'000	1994 £'000
	Fixed assets:		
11 12 13	Intangible assets Tangible assets Investment in subsidiary undertakings	1,513 2,004 1 3,518	30 2,063 1 2,094
	Current assets:		
14 15	Stocks Debtors Cash and short term deposits	56 6,052 448 6,556	177 6,440 1,112 7,729
16	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10,877	10,208
	Net current liabilities	(4,321)	(2,479)
	Total assets less current liabilities	(803)	(385)
	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year:		
17	Provision for liabilities	9	- (005)
		(812)	(385)
19	Capital and reserves: Called-up share capital	500	500
20	Profit and loss account	(1,312)	(885)
		(812)	(385)

Approved by the board of directors on 13ⁿ I.s. 1996 and signed on their behalf

Direct

FOSECO INTERNATIONAL LIMITED NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

1 Parent undertaking

These accounts present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking of Burmah Castrol plc, registered in Scotland. The Company's accounts are incorporated into the consolidated accounts of Burmah Castrol plc, which are prepared in accordance with UK legislation and include a consolidated cash flow statement.

Group accounts are, therefore, not required by Section 288 (1) of the Companies Act 1985 and the Company is, also, exempt from the requirements of Financial Reporting Statement No. 1 - 'cash flow statements'.

The report and accounts of Burmah Castrol plc may be obtained from the Registrar of Companies, Companies House, 37 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh EH1 2EB. This is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group of which the Company is a member and for which group accounts are prepared.

2 Accounting policies

a Fundamental accounting concept

The accounts have been prepared under the going concern concept because the Company's main creditors (the parent undertaking and fellow subsidiary undertakings) have agreed not to recall the amounts advanced to the Company until all other creditors have been paid.

b Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards under the historical cost convention.

2 Accounting policies (continued)

c Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, commencing in the year following acquisition, at rates calculated to write-off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold property - 2.50% Plant, equipment and vehicles - various rates between 10% and 50%.

d Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

e Research and development

Research and development expenditure is written off as incurred. Research laboratories' equipment is written off over its expected life.

f Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method on timing differences, at the rate at which it is anticipated that the tax will be paid, except for those which are not expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

g Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transactions. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

2 Accounting policies (continued)

h Company pensions

The Company is party to Group pension schemes which require contributions to be made to separately administered funds. Contributions to the schemes are paid in accordance with the Group's funding policy for pensions and are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

i Leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

j Government grants

Government grants on capital expenditure are credited to a deferred income account and are released to revenue over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual amounts.

Grants of a revenue nature are credited to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

k Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost, less accumulated amortisation.

3 Turnover

Turnover is stated at the value of goods and services provided to customers, net of attributable taxes.

The destination of all the company's turnover is Asia.

1995	1994
£,000	£,000

4 Other operating income

Royalties receivable From fellow subsidiary and associated undertakings

11,061

9,459

		1995 £'000	1994 £'000
5	Operating Loss		
	Operating loss is stated after charging: Amortisation of intangible fixed assets Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Directors' remuneration (note 7) Hire of plant and machinery Auditors' remuneration Staff costs (note 6) Reorganisation costs	15 705 1,314 - 28 6,156	15 675 746 - 26 6,329 819
		1995 N o.	1994 No.
6	Employees		
	The average weekly number of employees during the year was made up as follows:		
	Management and technical	151	145
	Ctoff coate during the coate		
	Staff costs during the year amounted to:	1995 <u>£</u> '000	1994 £'000
	Wages and salaries Social Security costs Other pension costs	5,014 510 632 6,156	5,148 340 841 6,329
7	Directors' remuneration		
	Directors remuneration consists of:		
	Compensation for loss of office Other emoluments (including pension	257	99
	contributions)	1,057	647
	-	1,314	746

		1995 No.	1994 N o.
7	Directors' remuneration (continued)		
	The emoluments of the Chairman were £NIL (1994 : £NIL).		
	Emoluments of the highest paid director, excluding pension contributions, were £136,296 (1994: £140,037). Total directors' emoluments, excluding pension contributions, fell within the ranges below:		
	£Nil-£5000	4	2
	£60,001-£65,000 £70,001-£75,000		1 1
	£75,001-£80,000	-	1
	£80,001-£85,000 £85,001-£90,000	1	→
	£90,001-£95,000	1 1	1
	£105,001-£110,000	1	-
	£110,001-£115,000 £120,001-£125,000	1	1
	£130,001-£135,000	1 1	-
	£135,001-£140,000	1	_
	£140,001-£145,000	-	1
		1995	1994
_		£'000	£,000
8	Income from shares in group undertakings		
	Dividends from subsidiary undertaking	463	<u>-</u>
9	Interest receivable/(payable)		
	Bank interest receivable	4	4
	Interest receivable from other group undertakings	19	34
	Bank interest payable	23	38
	Interest payable to other group undertakings	(1) (4)	(3)
	- · · •	18	35

10	Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	1995	1994
	The tax credit in the Profit and Loss Account is made up as follows:	£'000	£'000
	Current tax: Corporation tax at 33% (1994; 33%) Relief for overseas tax	(164) (444)	(861) (383)
	Prior years adjustment Deferred taxation Overseas tax	(608) (65) - 437	(1,244) (292) - 389
	Tax credit	(236)	(1,147)
	Deferred taxation which has not been provided amounted to:	Balance 31.12.95 £'000	Balance 31.12.94 £'000
	Accelerated capital allowances	(119)	(125)
11	Intangible fixed assets	Technical know-how	
11	Intangible fixed assets Cost:		
11		know-how	
11	Cost: As at 1 January 1995	know-how £'000	
11	Cost: As at 1 January 1995 Additions	know-how £'000 60 1,498	
11	Cost: As at 1 January 1995 Additions As at 31 December 1995	know-how £'000 60 1,498	
11	Cost: As at 1 January 1995 Additions As at 31 December 1995 Amortisation: As at 1 January 1995	know-how £'000 60 1,498 1,558	
11	Cost: As at 1 January 1995 Additions As at 31 December 1995 Amortisation: As at 1 January 1995 Charge for the year	know-how £'000 60 1,498 1,558	

12	Tangible fixed assets	Freehold Property £'000	Plant, Equipment and Vehicles £'000	Total £'000
	Cost or valuation			
	At 1 January 1995	305	5,829	6,134
	Additions	-	743	743
	Revaluation	(25)	-	(25)
	Disposals		(497)	(497)
	At 31 December 1995	280	6,075	6,355
	Depreciation:			
	At 1 January 1995	15	4,056	4,071
	Provided in year	7	698	705
	Inter-group transfers	-	5	5
	Revaluation	(15)	-	(15)
	Disposals		(415)	(415)
	At 31 December 1995	7	4,344	4,351
	Net book amounts:			
	At 31 December 1995	273	1,731	2,004
	At 1 January 1995	290	1,773	2,063

The freehold property was valued at an open market value for existing use by Richard Ellis & Co. The net book value on a historical cost basis of freehold property included at valuation at 31 December 1995 was as follows:-

	£'000
Cost	305
Accumulated Depreciation	23
	282

13 Investment in subsidiary undertakings

Subsidiary undertakings:	1995 £'000	1994 £'000
Shares at cost	1	1
Name of undertaking	Holding	Proportion held
Subsidiary undertakings:		

Foseco International Exports Limited	Ordinary shares	100%
Pathia Limited	Ordinary shares	100%

The above undertakings are registered in England and are involved in the export of the Group's products and the management of international operations.

In the opinion of the directors, the aggregate value of the investments in subsidiary undertakings is not less than the net book value at 31 December 1995.

14 **Stocks**

Stock consists wholly of machine parts and equipment for resale to group undertakings.

15	Debtors	1995 £'000	1994 £'000
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings Corporation tax Prepayments Other debtors	34	12
		4,905 610 503	4,227 1,246 823 132
		6,052	6,440

16	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	1995 £'000	1994 £'000
	Bank overdraft Trade creditors Amounts owed to parent undertaking Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings Amount owed to subsidiary undertaking Other taxes and social security Accruals	140 594 4,586 1,662 155 439 3,301 10,877	402 3,750 3,335 185 133 2,403 10,208
17	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	1995 £'000	1994 £000
	Provision for Social Legislation Liability	9	_

18 Company pensions

The Company is party to Group pension schemes which are designed to provide retirement benefits based on final salaries. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Company and the Group. Qualified consulting actuaries carry out actuarial valuations and assessments of the schemes at least once in every three years. The most recent actuarial valuations were carried out at 6 April 1995, and details of these are disclosed in the Burmah Castrol plc company accounts for the year ended 31 December 1995.

The charge to profit and loss in these accounts represents contributions payable to the schemes in accordance with the Group's funding policy.

19	Called-up share capital	1995 £'s	1994 £'s
	Authorised share capital: 500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	500,000	500,000
	Allotted, issued and fully paid: 500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	500,000	500,000

20	Profit and Loss account	1995 £'000	1994 £'000
	Balance at 1 January Loss for the year	(885) (427)	1,729 (2,614)
	Balance at 31 December	(1,312)	(885)
21	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
	Loss for the year Opening shareholders' funds	(427) (385)	(2,614) 2,229
	Closing shareholders' funds	(812)	(385)