ASDA STORES LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2004



Registered No. 464777

DIRECTORS

A Bond

J J Mckenna

D Smith

A Spindler

D Downie

J Longworth

T Page

(Appointed 1st January 2005)

A De Nunzio

(Resigned 1st April 2005)

M Blundell D Cheesewright (Resigned 1st November 2004)

S Clark

(Resigned 1st October 2004)

H G Bowles

(Resigned 1st November 2004) (Resigned 1st November 2004)

SECRETARY

J Longworth

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP PO Box 61 Cloth Hall Court 14 King Street Leeds LS1 2JN

REGISTERED OFFICE

Asda House Southbank Great Wilson Street Leeds LS11 5AD

BANKERS

National Westminster Bank plc Leeds City Office 8 Park Row Leeds LS1 1QS

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activities of the company are the operation of food, clothing, home and leisure superstores throughout Great Britain. The directors are optimistic that the business will continue to grow in the foreseeable future.

PROFIT AND DIVIDENDS

The company's profit, after taxation, for the financial year, as set out on page 6, amounted to £205,886,000 (31 December 2003: £259,818,000). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (31 December 2003: £680,000,000 - £24.28 per share).

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who served during the year, at the year-end and at the date of this report are shown on page 1. The directors' shareholdings and share options are holdings and options in Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. As Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. is incorporated in the USA, disclosure of these interests is not required.

POLITICAL AND CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

Charitable donations for the year amounted to £559,996 (31 December 2003: £560,278). There were no political donations made during the year (31 December 2003: £nil).

RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT

Essential to the company's success is the delivery of fresh, innovative, good value products, which are unique to Asda. Our buying teams, food technologists and marketeers are continually searching to improve the quality of the company's products and to develop new ideas, many of which are sold under the Asda, Smart Price, Extra Special and George labels.

TRADING TERMS

The company deals with over sixteen thousand separate suppliers and has established trading terms which are appropriate to the particular relationship and product supplied. Whenever an order is placed the parties will be aware of the payment terms and it is the company's policy to abide by those terms.

DISABLED EMPLOYEES

The group gives full consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons where the requirements of the job can be adequately fulfilled by a handicapped or disabled person.

Where existing employees become disabled, it is the group's policy wherever possible to provide continuing employment under normal terms and conditions and to provide training and career development and promotion to disabled employees wherever appropriate.

EMPLOYEE INVOLVEMENT

During the year, the policy of providing employees with information about the group has been continued through briefings on the Asda internal website. Employees have also been encouraged to present their suggestions and views on the group's performance. Regular meetings are held between local management and employees to allow a free flow of information and ideas. Employees benefit directly in the success of the business through participation in the share option schemes.

AUDITORS

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the board,

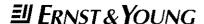
J J Mckenna Director 18th July 2005

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ASDA STORES LIMITED

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Note of Historical Cost Profits and Losses, Reconciliation of Shareholders' Funds, Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 26. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

EMPF + YOUNG LLP

Ernst & Young LLP Registered Auditor Leeds July 2005

PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2004

		Year	Year
		ended	ended
		31 December :	31 December
		2004	2003
	Notes	£000	£000
SALES		15,153,771	14,204,590
Value added tax		(1,119,781)	(1,107,000)
TURNOVER	2	14,033,990	13,097,590
Operating costs	2 3	(13,718,916)	(12,759,423)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE INTEREST		315,074	338,167
Investment income	6	_	2,114
Interest receivable and similar income	7	39,294	10,987
Interest payable and similar charges	8	(80,475)	(23,158)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		273,893	328,110
Taxation	9	(68,007)	(68,292)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		205,886	259,818
Dividends	10	-	(680,000)
RETAINED PROFIT/ (LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		205,886	(420,182)
		· <u></u>	

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

for the year ended 31 December 2004

There are no other recognised gains and losses arising in the year other than the profit for the year ended 31 December 2004 of £205,886,000 (31 December 2003: loss of £420,182,000).

RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

for the year ended 31 December 2004

	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	31 December	31 December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Profit for the financial year	205,886	259,818
Dividends payable	· -	(680,000)
Total recognised gains and losses	205,886	(420,182)
Shareholders' funds at beginning of year	1,324,883	1,745,065
Shareholders' funds at end of year	1,530,769	1,324,883

NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES for the year ended 31 December 2004

	Year ended 31 December 2004 £000	Year ended 31 December 2003 £000
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation Adjustment of depreciation to historical cost basis	273,893 (2,337)	328,110 (2,742)
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	271,556	325,368
Historical cost retained profit/ (loss) after taxation and dividends	203,549	(422,924)

BALANCE SHEET as at 31 December 2004

		31 December 3	
	Notes	2004 £000	2003 £000
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets Investments	11 12	3,293,046 500,100	2,610,635 500,100
myesunents	12		
		3,793,146	3,110,735
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	13		594,012
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	14		1,158,747 131,951
Cash at bank and m nahu		134,030	131,931
		2,010,060	1,884,710
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	15	(4,057,487)	(3,466,983)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(2,047,427)	(1,582,273)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,745,719	1,528,462
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year			
Other creditors	16	(014.050)	(186)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	18	(214,950)	(203,393)
TOTAL NET ASSETS		1,530,769	1,324,883
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	21	584,865	584,865
Share premium account	22	260	260
Revaluation reserve	22	111,483	111,483
Profit and loss account	22	834,161	628,275
TOTAL EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		1,530,769	1,324,883
		=======================================	

J Mckenna Director 18th July 2005

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

as at 31 December 2004

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

ACCOUNTING BASIS

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis as the immediate holding company has agreed that it will continue to provide financial support to this company to enable it to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The transitional provisions of FRS15 have been followed and accordingly prior year valuations of land and buildings have not been updated.

In accordance with FRS 1 no cash flow statement has been prepared as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Wal-Mart Stores Inc., which produces a consolidated cash flow statement.

GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Asda Group Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. Accordingly, consolidated financial statements have been prepared as permitted by section 228 of the Companies Act 1985.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

The company's tangible fixed assets are included in the balance sheet at cost less depreciation, with the exception of its food retailing properties, which have been included at valuation less depreciation and amounts written off. In accordance with the transitional provisions of FRS 15 the directors have elected to freeze all future revaluations and the revalued assets have not been restated to their historical cost.

DEPRECIATION

The company's tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives, on a straight line basis as follows:

Freehold and long leasehold property - 20 to 50 years

Short leasehold property - over period of lease

Plant, fixtures and fittings - 3 to 20 years

There is no depreciation charged on freehold land. The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are periodically reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

LEASED ASSETS

Assets held under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are included in borrowings at the cost of outright purchase. Rentals are apportioned between reductions in the capital obligations included in borrowings and those relating to finance charges which are charged to the profit and loss account at a constant periodic rate of charge.

The capitalised cost of leased assets is written off over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease terms. The costs of operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

STOCKS

Stocks comprise goods held for resale and are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

as at 31 December 2004

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) DEFERRED TAXATION (CONTINUED)

- provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;
- deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

PENSIONS

The group operates a defined benefit pension scheme, which requires contributions to be made to separately administered funds. Contributions to these funds are charged in the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over the employees' working lives within the group. The regular cost is attributed to individual years using the projected unit method. Variations in pension cost, which are identified as a result of actuarial valuations, are amortised over the average expected remaining working lives of employees in proportion to their expected payroll costs. Differences between the amounts funded and the amounts charged in the profit and loss account are treated as either provisions or prepayments in the balance sheet.

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged in the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

INVESTMENTS

Short term investments are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the period in which it is incurred.

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction or at the contracted rate if the transaction is covered by a forward exchange contract. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date or if appropriate at the forward contract rate. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

RESTATEMENT OF COMPARATIVES

Note 9 taxation and note 19 on deferred taxation have been reclassified to give a fairer presentation of the 2003 tax reconciliation and deferred tax provision. The notes include more detailed analysis on the tax impact of pensions.

as at 31 December 2004

2. ANALYSIS OF TURNOVER

Turnover comprises the value of sales excluding value added tax.

Turnover, which is attributable to continuing activities, comprises the value of sales excluding value added tax. Turnover is derived from the principal operations in the United Kingdom.

3. OPERATING COSTS

This is stated after charging/ (crediting):

	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	31 December .	31 December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Change in stocks	(87,108)	496
Other operating income	(82,243)	(233,134)
Raw materials and consumables	10,912,520	10,287,323
Staff costs	1,555,462	1.420,988
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	185,711	178,349
Loss / (Profit) on sale of tangible fixed assets	10,080	(2,853)
Other operating charges	1,224,494	1,108,254
	13,718,916	12,759,423
OTHER OPERATING CHARGES		
OPERATING A DAGE CHARGES		
OPERATING LEASE CHARGES - land and buildings	61,309	62,000
- plant and machinery	55,186	54,929
	116,495	116,929
AMOUNTS PAID TO AUDITORS		
- Audit fees	179	157
- Non-audit fees	8	5
	187	162

as at 31 December 2004

4. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

2004	2003
5,213	4,941
No.	No.
	8
77	871 ————————————————————————————————————
	ended December 31 2004 £000 5,213 No. 12 7 5

The highest paid director exercised share options during the year and did not receive or become entitled to any shares from qualifying services under a long term incentive scheme. The remuneration of the directors listed below were in respect of their services to the Broadstreet Great Wilson Europe Group as a whole: A Bond; J J Mckenna; D Smith; A Spindler; D Downie; J Longworth; T Page; A De Nunzio; M Blundell; D Cheesewright; S Clark and H G Bowles. It is not possible to allocate their remuneration to the companies within the group.

5. STAFF COSTS

	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	31 December 3	I December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Wages and salaries	1,419,974	1,300,648
Social security costs	90,282	79,643
Other pension costs	45,206	40,697
	1,555,462	1,420,988

The average number of employees during the year was 143,125 (31 December 2003: 134,068).

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

as at 31 December 2004

6. INVESTMENT INCOME

	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	31 December .	31 December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Dividends receivable from Group undertakings	-	2,114

7. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	31 December 31	December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Bank interest receivable	718	9,535
Interest receivable from Group undertakings	38,576	1,452
	39,294	10,987
		

INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 December 31 2004 £000	December 2003 £000
Bank interest payable Interest payable to Group undertakings	729 79,746	23,158
	80,475	23,158

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

as at 31 December 2004

9 TAXATION

The charge to UK corporation tax for the year arises as follows:

	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	31 December 31	December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
CURRENT TAX		
UK corporation tax on profit for the year	40,821	45,385
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(544)	(14,083)
TOTAL CURRENT TAX	40,277	31,302
DEFERRED TAX	12 (1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 	
Origination and reversal of timing differences	28,367	29,082
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(637)	7,908
TOTAL DEFERRED TAX (NOTE 19)	27,730	36,990
TAX CHARGE ON PROFITS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	68,007	68,292
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%) (2003: 30%). The differences are explained below.

·	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	31 December 31	December
	2004	2003
		As restated
	£000	£000
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAX	273,893	328,110
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES MULTIPLIED BY		
THE STANDARD RATE OF UK CORPORATION TAX (30%) (2003:30%)	82,168	98,433
Effects of:		
Accelerated capital allowances and other timing differences	(34,867)	(38,382)
Pension contributions in excess of pension charge	6,500	9,300
Non-qualifying depreciation	1,873	2,745
Permanent differences	(2,903)	
Stock option provision release	(1,958)	3,018
Non taxable income	-	(13,800)
Tax interest	_	(1,847)
Losses surrendered from parent company for nil consideration	(10,866)	
Prior period adjustments	(544)	(14,083)
Other	874	(562)
CURRENT TAX CHARGE FOR YEAR	40,277	31,302

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS as at 31 December 2004

10. DIVIDENDS

DIVIDENDS		
	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	31 December 31	December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Dividends paid - £nil (2003: £24.28 per ordinary share)	-	680,000

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS as at 31 December 2004

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold properties £000	Leasehold properties £000	Plant and machinery £000	Total £000
COST OR VALUATION At 1 January 2004 Additions Disposals	1,544,951 597,705 (12,086)	360,975 4,953 (705)	1,363,326 244,617 (80,090)	3,269,252 847,275 (92,881)
Transfers to other group undertakings	(124,617)	5,761	-	(118,856)
At 31 December 2004	2,005,953	370,984	1,527,853	3,904,790
COST OR VALUATION AT THE END OF THE YEAR IS REPRESENTED BY:				
Valuation	371,947	-	-	371,947
Cost	1,634,006	370,984	1,527,853	3,532,843
	2,005,953	370,984	1,527,853	3,904,790
DEPRECIATION	05 406	100 751	930 704	1 025 052
At 1 January 2004 Charge for the year	95,406 27,531	109,751 10,783	820,796 147,397	1,025,953 185,711
Disposals	(5,428)	(470)	(63,944)	(69,842)
Transfers to other group undertakings	(1,811)	1,196	•	(615)
At 31 December 2004	115,698	121,260	904,249	1,141,207
Net book amounts at 31 December 2004	1,890,255	249,724	623,604	2,763,583
Assets under construction				529,463
NET BOOK VALUE AT 31 DECEMBER 2004				3,293,046
Net book amounts at 31 December 2003	1,449,545	251,224	542,530	2,243,299
Assets under construction at 31 December 2003				367,336
NET BOOK VALUE AT 31 DECEMBER 2003				2,610,635

as at 31 December 2004

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Food retailing properties were revalued at 1 June 1999 by External Valuers, Messrs G.L. Hearn and Partners, Chartered Surveyors. The open market valuations were carried out on the basis of "Existing Use Value" as defined in Practice Statement 4 of, and in accordance with, the RICS Appraisal and Valuation Manual (the New Red Book) published by the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors, with the exception of certain superstores which, in the opinion of the directors, have a limited future economic life in existing use. In respect of these properties, the directors have estimated their lower, alternative use value.

In accordance with the transitional provisions of FRS 15, the directors have elected to freeze all future revaluations and the revalued assets have not been restated to their historical cost.

The historical cost of food retailing properties included at valuation is as follows:

	31 December 31	! December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Freehold properties	260,902	260,902
		 :
The net book amount of leasehold property includes:		
	31 December 3	l December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Leases with 50 years or more unexpired	201,030	201,542
Leases with less than 50 years unexpired	48,695	49,682
	249,725	251,224

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS as at 31 December 2004

12	FIXED	ASSET	INVESTMENTS
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	£000
Cost at 1 January 2004 and 31 December 2004	500,140
Amounts provided at 1 January 2004 and 31 December 2004	(40)
Net book value at 1 January 2004 and 31 December 2004	500,100

The principal subsidiary undertaking which is wholly owned is Corinth Services Limited which is registered in England and Wales. Corinth Services Limited is an investment company. In the directors' opinion, the aggregate values of investments in subsidiaries are not less than the balance sheet amount.

13. STOCKS

14.

	31 December 3	l December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Goods held for resale	680,631	592,859
Goods not held for resale	489	1,153
	681,120	594,012
		
DEBTORS Amounts falling due within one year:		
Amounts faming due within one your	31 December 3	1 December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,044,013	1,031,119
Other debtors	69,714	54,938
Prepayments and accrued income	42,240	37,499
Taxation	38,337	
	1,194,304	1,158,747

as at 31 December 2004

15	CREDITORS:	amounte	falling due	within one year
15.	TREDITORS:	amounis	Talling duc	WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31 December 31 December	
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Obligations under finance leases (note 17)	227	306
Trade creditors	1,399,289	1,553,744
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,323,057	1,527,361
Amounts owed to ultimate parent company	6,142	17,438
Other taxes and social security	26,805	23,943
Other creditors	97,313	73,895
Accruals	204,654	270,296
	4,057,487	3,466,983

16. OTHER CREDITORS

•	31 December 31 I	December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Obligations under finance leases (note 17)	-	186

17. OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES AND HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS

The maturity of these amounts is as follows:

The materity of these amounts to the restriction	31 December 31	December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Amounts payable: Within one year (note 15)	227	306
Within two to five years (note 16)	-	186
	227	492
	<u>- : </u>	

18. PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	31 December 3	1 December
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Deferred taxation (note 19)	185,145	157,415
Provisions (note 20)	29,805	45,978
	214,950	203,393

as at 31 December 2004

19. DEFERRED TAXATION

	31 December 31	l December
	2004	2003
		As restated
	£000	£000
AMOUNT PROVIDED		
Accelerated capital allowances	186,280	160,952
Pension costs	15,800	7,500
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(16,935)	(11,037)
	185,145	157,415
		
		Total
		£000
MOVEMENT IN DEFERRED TAX PROVISION		
At January 2004		157,415
Provision charged through the profit and loss account (note 9)		27,730
At 31 December 2004		185,145
Deferred tax has been provided at 30% (2003: 30%).		

Deferred tax has been provided at 30% (2003: 30%).

No provision has been made for deferred tax on potential capital gains which would arise as a consequence of the disposal of properties at revalued amounts as any capital gain should be covered by indexation allowance, rollover relief or capital losses. The Company considers it impractical to quantify the amount of tax which would arise if rollover relief was not available.

Corporation tax of £24.3m was deferred as a consequence of rollover relief claims made in respect of the disposal of certain fixed assets in prior periods.

20. PROVISIONS

		Provision for	
	contribution provision	onerous lease contracts	Total
	£000	£000	£000
At 1 January 2004	40,700	5,278	45,978
Utilised during the year	(14,876)	(1,297)	(16,173)
At 31 December 2004	25,824	3,981	29,805
	<u></u> -	= =====================================	

The share contribution provision represents the provision required to fund the economic cost of the ASDA share schemes which were established to allow colleagues to own shares in the ultimate parent company. The onerous lease provision represents provisions for lease obligations arising from discontinued activities.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

as at 31 December 2004

21. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised

At 31 December 2004 and 31 December 2003	No.	£000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	29,000,000	29,000
'Redeemable ordinary shares of £1 each	721,000,000	721,000
	750,000,000	750,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid At 31 December 2004 and 31 December 2003	No.	£000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	28,008,978	28,009
Redeemable ordinary shares of £1 each	556,856,118	556,856
	584,865,096	584,865
		

Ordinary redeemable shares

The ordinary redeemable shares rank in all respects pari passu with, and have the same rights as, the ordinary shares except that they are redeemable at par together with any arrears or accruals of dividend calculated down to and including the due date for redemption.

The redeemable shares are redeemable at the option of the company on or before 31 December 2099.

22. RESERVES

				Profit	
	Share	Share	Revaluation	and loss	
	capital	premium	reserve	account	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 January 2004	584,865	260	111,483	628,275	1,324,883
Profit for the year	-	-	-	205,886	205,886
At 31 December 2004	584,865	260	111,483	834,161	1,530,769
					

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS as at 31 December 2004

23. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

	31 December 31	December
a) Company capital commitments	2004	2003
a) Company Capital Commissions	£m	£m
Contracted for but not provided in the financial statements	36	107

b) The annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases, mainly in respect of land and buildings are as follows:

	31 December 3	1 December
	2004 £000	2003 £000
Amounts payable: Within one year Between two and five years After five years	795 2,061 48,147	1,735 2,178 42,958
	51,003	46,871

24. PENSIONS

ASDA group operates a defined benefit pension scheme open to all full time and part time salaried colleagues and a defined contribution plan open to all hourly paid colleagues. These schemes provide a pension in addition to the basic state pension together with other benefits such as life assurance. There is also an unfunded final salary arrangement for salaried colleagues whose salary is in excess of the earnings cap.

The assets of the defined contribution plan are invested with the Prudential Life Assurance Company whilst the assets of the defined benefit pension scheme are placed by the trustees under the management of professional fund managers. The assets of these schemes are held separate from the group's assets.

The trustees of these schemes have been selected to represent the wide range of members and consist of eight colleagues (nine for the defined contribution plan) performing a range of roles in stores, depots and ASDA House. In addition there is one pensioner trustee and a professional independent trustee.

The pension cost relating to the defined benefit pension scheme is assessed in accordance with the advice of an independent qualified actuary who conducted a triennial valuation as at 5 April 2004 using the projected unit method.

The key actuarial assumptions relating to the defined benefit scheme are that: the investment return preretirement will be 7.29% per annum; the investment return post-retirement will be 4.89% per annum; pension increases will be 3% per annum; and salary increases will be 4.5% per annum. At 5 April 2004, the market value of the scheme's assets was £495.9 million and this represented 76% of the benefits that had accrued to members, after allowing for expected future increases in salaries. In order to address the deficit the directors have agreed to continue to monitor the deficit on an ongoing basis and make additional contributions to eliminate the deficit when appropriate. To derive the pension cost, the deficit is being spread as a percentage of salaries over the future working lifetime of the existing members.

The pension cost of the unfunded arrangement is assessed in accordance with the advice of an independent qualified actuary.

as at 31 December 2004

24. PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

FRS17 Retirement Benefits

The Group operates a defined benefit pension scheme in the UK. A full actuarial valuation was carried out at 5 April 2004 and updated to 31 December 2004 by a qualified independent actuary.

Under the transitional arrangements of FRS 17, the company is required to disclose the following information about the defined benefit pension scheme and the figures that would have been shown under FRS17 in the financial statements.

FRS17 gives the present value of the schemes assets and liabilities by discounting pension commitments, including salary growth, at an AA corporate bond yield.

The FRS17 value of liabilities, including those that are unfunded at 31 December 2004 is £803.6m (31 December 2003: £690m) and the market value of assets is £598.6m (31 December 2003: £473.8m) giving a pension scheme deficit of £205.0m (31 December 2003: £216.2m).

In calculating the liabilities of the defined benefit pension scheme the following assumptions have been used:

31 DECEMBER 2004	UK SCHEM	E % PER ANNUM
Discount rates for liabilities		5.30
Future salary growth		4.30
Future price inflation		2.80
Future pension growth		2.80
The assets and liabilities in the scheme as at 31 December 200	4 were:	
	Rate of Return %	Value £m
Equities Bonds Gilts and other	7.5 4.9 7.0	521.5 67.3 9.8
Market value of assets		598.6
Present value of scheme liabilities		(803.6)
Pension liability before deferred tax Deferred tax asset		(205.0) 61.5
Net pension liability		(143.5)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

as at 31 December 2004

24.	PENSIONS ((CONTINUED)
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31 DECEMBER 2003	UK SCHEM	E % PER ANNUM
Discount rates for liabilities		5.40
Future salary growth		4.30
Future price inflation		2.80
Future pension growth		2.80
The assets and liabilities in the scheme as at 31 December 2	003 were:	
	Rate of Return %	Value £m
Equities	7.3	414.7
Bonds	5.1	51.0
Gilts and other	7.3	8.1
Market value of assets		473.8
Present value of scheme liabilities		(690.0)
Pension liability before deferred tax		(216.2)
Deferred tax asset		64.9
Net pension liability		(151.3)
Net pension habitity		====
31 DECEMBER 2002	UK SCHEM	1E % PER ANNUM
Discount rates for liabilities		5.50
Future salary growth		3.85
Future price inflation		2.35
Future pension growth		2.35
The assets and liabilities in the scheme as at 31 December 2	2002 were:	
	Dute of Determs 0/	Value £m
Equities	Rate of Return % 7.0	304.8
Bonds	5.0	47.0
Gilts and others	7.0	8.1
Market value of assets		359.9
Present value of scheme liabilities		(534.0)
		
Pension liability before deferred tax		(174.1)
Deferred tax asset		52.2
Net pension liability		(121.9)
-		

as at 31 December 2004

24. PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

If the above amounts had been recognised in the financial statements, the company's net assets and profit and loss account at 31 December 2004 and 31 December 2003 would have been as follows:

	31 December 31 December	
	2004 2003	
	£m	£m
Net assets excluding pension liability	1,530.8	1,324.9
Reversal of SSAP24 prepayment	(50.8)	(28.5)
Deferred tax in relation to SSAP 24	15.2	8.6
FRS 17 pension liability net of deferred tax	(143.5)	(151.3)
Net assets including pension liability	1,351.7	1,153.7
	-	120.2
Profit and loss account excluding pension liability	834.2	628.3
Reversal of SSAP24 prepayment	(50.8)	(28.5)
Deferred tax in relation to SSAP 24	15.2	8.6
FRS 17 pension liability net of deferred tax	(143.5)	(151.3)
Profit and loss account including pension liability	655.1	(457.1)
	÷. 	£m
Movement in deficit during the year 2004:		(21 (2)
Deficit in scheme at 1 January 2004		(216.2)
Movement in year:		(39.6)
Current service costs Contributions		64.8
Net return on assets		(2.5)
Actuarial loss		(11.5)
Deficit in scheme at 31 December 2004		(205.0)
		£m
Movement in deficit during the year 2003: Deficit in scheme at 1 January 2003 Movement in year:		(174.1)
Movement in year: Current service costs		(29.4)
Contribution		31.7
Net return on assets		(4.9)
Actuarial loss		(39.5)
Deficit in scheme at 31 December 2003		(216.2)

as at 31 December 2004

23.

PENSIONS (continued)	
	£m
Movement in deficit during the year 2002: Deficit in scheme at 1 January 2002	(69.3)
Movement in year: Current service costs	(26.5)
Contributions	52.7
Net return on assets	1.7 (132.7)
Actuarial loss	(132.7)
Deficit in scheme at 31 December 2002	(174.1)
Delick in develop at 5 x 2 contact = 5 x 2	
The following amounts would have been recognised in the accounts in under the requirements of FRS17:	the year ended 31 December 2004
	31 December
	2004
	£m
PROFIT AND LOSS ACOUNT	
Amounts charged to operating profit:	39.6
Service cost	
Amounts charged/ (credited) to other finance income:	
Expected return on pension plan assets	35.9
Interest on pension plan liabilities	(38.4)
Net return	(2.5)
STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES:	
Actual return less expected return on assets	21.2
Experience gains and losses on liabilities	(2.3)
Changes in assumptions	(30.4)

Details of experience gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2002:

Actuarial loss recognised in Statement of total recognised gains and losses

Difference between actual and expected return on scheme assets	
Amount (£m)	21.2

Percentage of scheme assets	4%
reicellage of scheme assets	

Experience gains and losses on scheme liabilities	
Amount (£m)	(2.3)
Percentage of scheme liabilities	0%

Total amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses	
Amount (£m)	(11.5)

(1%)Percentage of scheme liabilities

(11.5)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

as at 31 December 2004

23. PENSIONS (continued)

The following amounts would have been recognised in the financial statements in the year ended 31 December 2003 under the requirements of FRS17:

	31 December 2003
	£m
PROFIT AND LOSS ACOUNT Amounts charged to operating profit: Service cost	29.4
Amounts charged/ (credited) to other finance income: Expected return on pension plan assets	25.4
Interest on pension plan liabilities	(30.3)
Net return	(4.9)
STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES: Actual return less expected return on assets Changes in assumptions	53.4 (92.9)
Actuarial loss recognised in Statement of total recognised gains and losses	(39.5)
Details of experience gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2003:	
Difference between actual and expected return on scheme assets Amount (£m) Percentage of scheme assets	53.4 11%
Total amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses Amount (£m) Percentage of scheme liabilities	(39.5) (6%)

as at 31 December 2004

23. PENSIONS (continued)

The following amounts would have been recognised in the financial statements in the year ended 31 December 2002 under the requirements of FRS17:

	31 December
	2002
	£m
PROFIT AND LOSS ACOUNT	
Amounts charged to operating profit:	
Service cost	26.5
1 1/ (I't - I't - I't - add an Emana in come)	
Amounts charged/ (credited) to other finance income: Expected return on pension plan assets	28.9
Interest on pension plan liabilities	(27.2)
interest on pension plan habilities	
Net return	1.7
The Females	
STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES:	
Actual return less expected return on assets	(107.8)
Changes in assumptions	(24.9)
	:
Actuarial loss recognised in Statement of total recognised gains and losses	(132.7)
	
Details of experience gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2003:	
Details of experience gains and tosses for the year chief 31 December 2003.	
Difference between actual and expected return on scheme assets	
Amount (£m)	(107.8)
Percentage of scheme assets	(30%)
Total amount are amigad in statement of total recognized gains and losses	
Total amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses	(133.0)
Amount (£m) Percentage of scheme liabilities	(25%)
1 Greentage of seneme nating to	()

The group operates a defined contribution and a defined benefit pension scheme. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the group in an independently administered fund. The unpaid contributions outstanding at the year end, included in other creditors are £0.5m (2003: £0.2m) for the defined contribution scheme. The charge for the year for the defined contribution scheme is £10.5m (2003: £9.0m). The charge for the defined benefit scheme is £34.7m (2003: £31.7m).

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The group has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 8 from disclosing transactions with entities where 90% or more of their voting rights are controlled within the Wal-Mart Store group of companies or with investees of the group.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

as at 31 December 2004

26. PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent undertaking is Asda Group Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The smallest group at which consolidated financial statements are prepared is Asda Group Limited. Copies of these financial statements are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ.

In the directors' opinion, the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. which is incorporated in the USA. Copies of its consolidated financial statements, which include this company, can be obtained from the Company Secretary, Wal-Mart Stores, Inc., Corporate Offices, 702 SW 8th Street, Bentonville, AR72716, USA.