# Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

for

**Jaylow Supplies Limited** 

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# **Jaylow Supplies Limited**

# Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

DIRECTORS:

Mr H J Lobenstein Mrs B Lobenstein Mr M Lobenstein

SECRETARY:

Mrs K H Lobenstein

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

5 North End Road

London NW11 7RJ

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

00463864 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

Martin+Heller

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors 5 North End Road London

NW11 7RJ

# Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2014.

### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

Key financial and other performance indicators during the year were as follows:

	2014 £	2013 £
Turnover	67,192,220	66,137,941
Margin	6.7%	6.3%
Profit after tax	858,640	873,174
Shareholders funds	16,041,502	15,182,862

As most of the company's products contain high amounts of copper, the turnover increase in 2014 was largely due to an increase in copper prices during the year.

Shareholders funds increased due to the year's profits.

### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company possesses the required management expertise to monitor and manage risk. The principal risks and uncertainties facing the company are as follows:

### Economic Risks

Any economic downturn is likely to lead to a reduction in the number of infrastructure projects as many companies prepare to consolidate and slowdown investment in the tougher economic climate.

### Price Risks

Price risks arise on the company's product range due to changes in commodity prices. There is a management team dedicated to monitoring product prices to ensure exposure is limited.

### Financial Risks

The company reduces its exposure to variability of foreign exchange rates by mostly buying and selling its product in the same currency. This limits the risk to any surplus which collects in foreign currency accounts.

# Credit risk

A risk that one party will cause financial loss to another party by failing to discharge an obligation. It is the company's policy to minimise such losses by ensuring deferred terms are only granted to those customers who demonstrate an appropriate payment history and satisfy credit worthiness procedures. At the balance sheet date most of the total trade debtors were within assigned terms.

### Liquidity risk

The risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities.

## **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

As part of its normal policy, the company is looking to strengthen and increase its share of the market in existing product lines as well as further diversifying where this would be consistent and complementary to its present operations.

## ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr M Lobenstein - Director

Date: 30/7/15

# Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2014.

### DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2014 to the date of this report.

Mr H J Lobenstein Mrs B Lobenstein Mr M Lobenstein

### POLITICAL DONATIONS AND EXPENDITURE

During the year the company made charitable donations amounted to £409,245 (2013: £308,895).

### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

## **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Martin+Heller, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr M Lobenstein - Director

Date: 30 7/15

We have audited the financial statements of Jaylow Supplies Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 on pages five to fourteen. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

MI Martin FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Martin+Heller

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors
5 North End Road

London NW11 7RJ

# Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

		31.12	.14	31.12.	.13
	Notes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER			67,192,220		66,137,941
Cost of sales			62,702,013		61,960,737
GROSS PROFIT			4,490,207		4,177,204
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		1,221,981 1,810,864		1,140,502 1,773,469	
			3,032,845	<del></del>	2,913,971
			1,457,362	,	1,263,233
Other operating income			14,150		39,967
OPERATING PROFIT	3		1,471,512		1,303,200
Profit/loss on sale of invest			136,535		-
			1,334,977		1,303,200
Interest payable and similar charges	4		177,714		172,113
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			1,157,263		1,131,087
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5		298,623		257,913
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR			858,640		873,174

## **CONTINUING OPERATIONS**

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the current year or previous year.

# TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profits for the current year or previous year.

# Balance Sheet 31 December 2014

		31.12	.14	31.12	.13
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	6		65,763		72,343
Investment property	7		1,311,309		1,383,134
			1,377,072		1,455,477
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	8	6,392,114		5,210,550	
Debtors	9	20,138,053		20,309,233	
Cash at bank and in hand		120,301		18,541	
		26,650,468		25,538,324	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	10	11,986,038		11,810,939	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			14,664,430		13,727,385
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			16,041,502		15,182,862
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	14		26,000		26,000
Profit and loss account	15		16,015,502		15,156,862
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	19		16,041,502		15,182,862

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 32.7.15 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr M Lobenstein - Director

# Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

	Notes	31.12.14 £	31.12.13 £
Net cash inflow/(outflow)			
from operating activities	1	351,525	(1,700,489)
Returns on investments and			
servicing of finance	2	(177,714)	(172,113)
<b>Caxation</b>		(283,394)	(256,959)
Capital expenditure			
and financial investment	2	61,966	(1,017,333)
		(47,617)	(3,146,894)
Financing	2	(1,786)	(1,785)
Decrease in cash in the period		(49,403)	(3,148,679)
Reconciliation of net cash flow			
to movement in net debt	3		
Decrease in cash in the period		(49,403)	(3,148,679)
Change in net debt resulting			
rom cash flows		(49,403)	(3,148,679)
Movement in net debt in the period		(49,403)	(3,148,679)
Net debt at 1 January		(9,722,157)	(6,573,478)
Net debt at 31 December		(9,771,560)	(9,722,157)
•			

1.	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH I ACTIVITIES	NFLOW/(OUTFL	LOW) FROM O	PERATING
			31.12.14 £	31.12.13 £
	Operating profit		1,471,512	1,303,200
	Depreciation charges		16,439	18,673
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets		10,437	1,162
	Loss on sale of investment		(136,535)	1,102
	(Increase)/decrease in stocks		(1,181,564)	2,735,970
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors		171,180	(5,974,254)
	Increase in creditors		10,493	214,760
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		351,525	(1,700,489)
2.	ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN TH	HE CASH FLOW	STATEMENT	
			31.12.14	31.12.13
			£	£
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance			
	Interest paid	-	(177,714)	(172,113)
	Net cash outflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance	e	(177,714) ———	(172,113)
	Capital expenditure and financial investment			
	Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(9,859)	(18,000)
	Purchase of investment property		(452,752)	(1,005,334)
	Sale of tangible fixed assets		(132,732)	6,001
	Sale of investment property		524,577	-
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) for capital expenditure and financial investigation	stment	61,966	(1,017,333)
	Financing			
	Amount withdrawn by directors		(1,786)	(1,785)
	Net cash outflow from financing		(1,786) ——	(1,785) ====
3.	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT			<b>A</b> 4
		At 1/1/14 £	Cash flow £	At 31/12/14 £
	Net cash:	10.541	101.760	120 201
	Cash at bank and in hand	18,541	101,760	120,301
	Bank overdrafts	(9,740,698)	(151,163)	(9,891,861)
		(9,722,157)	(49,403)	(9,771,560)
	Total	(0.722.157)	(40 402)	(0.771.560)
	r ottai	(9,722,157) ———	(49,403) ———	(9,771,560)

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### Turnover

(i) Turnover represents the net value of electrical cables sold to customers excluding VAT.

(ii) The geographical analysis of the company's turnover is as follows:

	2014 £	2013 £
United Kingdom Rest of Europe	66,871,977 320,243	65,852,481 285,460
	67,192,220	66,137,941

### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 20% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 20% on reducing balance
Fixtures & fittings - 20% on reducing balance

### **Investment property**

Investment property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in market value is transferred to a revaluation reserve.

### Stocks

The principal raw material elements of stock are copper and PVC. Due to the fluctuating nature of the world copper and PVC markets the stock is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

## Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

## Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates, VAT and other sales taxes or duty. The following criteria must be met before revenue is recognised.

### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer, usually on despatch of goods.

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

2.	STAFF COSTS		
		31.12.14 £	31.12.13 £
	Wages and salaries	1,355,434	1,209,715
	Social security costs Other pension costs	118,127 102,962	121,690 95,599
		1,576,523	1,427,004
		<del></del>	
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:	31.12.14	31.12.13
	Administration	14	14
	Warehouse	35	35
		49	49
3.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		31.12.14	31.12.13
	Other operating leases	£ 327,556	£ 305,284
	Depreciation - owned assets	16,439	18,673
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration	15,000	1,162 14,500
	Directors' remuneration	251,580	190,903
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follows:		
	Money purchase schemes	1	1
	Information regarding the highest paid director for the year ended 31 December 2014 is a	s follows:	
		31.12.14 £	
	Accrued pension at 31 December 2014	73,992	
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		31.12.14 £	31.12.13 £
	Bank loan interest	177,714	171,974
	Interest on late payment of corporation tax	_	139
	•		<del></del>
		177,714	172,113

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

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5.	TAXATION				
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activ	ities for the year was as fo	llows:	31.12.14 £	31.12.13 £
	Current tax: UK corporation tax Corporation tax (over)/under paid			276,502 22,121	257,913
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities			298,623	257,913
	Factors affecting the tax charge The tax assessed for the year is higher than the	e standard rate of corporat	ion tax in the UK	. The difference is	explained below:
				31.12.14 £	31.12.13 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax			1,157,263	1,131,087
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation in the UK of 21% (2013 - 23%)	tax		243,025	260,150
	Effects of: deductible for tax purposes Depreciation and loss on disposal for the period Corporation tax underprovided in previous ye Corporation tax adjustments due rate changes Loss on disposal of investment	ars	wances	(774) 22,121 5,579 28,672	1,829 - (4,066) -
	Current tax charge			298,623	257,913
6.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Fixtures & fittings	Totals
	COST	£	£	£	£
	At 1 January 2014 Additions	80,169	67,558	157,399 9,859	305,126 9,859
	At 31 December 2014	80,169	67,558	167,258	314,985
	DEPRECIATION	<del> </del>	<del></del>		
	At 1 January 2014 Charge for year	68,416 2,350	30,623 7,387	133,744 6,702	232,783 16,439
	At 31 December 2014	70,766	38,010	140,446	249,222
	NET BOOK VALUE	<del></del>		<del></del>	<del></del>
	At 31 December 2014	9,403	29,548	26,812	65,763
	At 31 December 2013	11,753	36,935	23,655	72,343

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

7.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY		
			Total £
	COST		
	At 1 January 2014		1,383,134
	Additions Disposals		452,752 (524,577)
	At 31 December 2014		1,311,309
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 December 2014		1,311,309
	At 31 December 2013		1,383,134
8.	STOCKS		
0.	STOCKS	31.12.14	31.12.13
		£	£
	Finished goods and goods for resale	6 202 114	5 210 550
	resaie	6,392,114	5,210,550
9.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.12.14	31.12.13
	Trade debtors	£	£
	VAT	19,890,440 188,863	20,184,809 65,674
	Prepayments	58,750	58,750
		20,138,053	20,309,233
10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.12.14	31.12.13
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 11) Trade creditors	9,891,861 966,933	9,740,698 907,280
	Corporation tax a/c	256,590	241,361
	Social security and other taxes	67,716	61,082
	Net wages	26,310	
•	Directors' current accounts Accrued expenses	15,775	17,561
	Accrued expenses	760,853	842,957
		11,986,038	11,810,939
11.	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		31.12.14	31.12.13
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		
	Bank overdrafts	9,891,861	9,740,698

### 12. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The following operating lease payments are committed to be paid within one year:

Land and buildings		Other opera	ting leases
31.12.14	31.12.14 31.12.13		31.12.13
£	£	£	£
•	•	5,575	5,575
940,000	940,000	69,785	69,785
1,175,000	1,175,000	75,360	75,360
	31.12.14 £ 235,000 940,000	31.12.14 £ £ £ 235,000 235,000 940,000 940,000	31.12.14

## 13. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	31.12.14	31.12.13
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	9,891,861	9,740,698

· Bank facilities are secured by a fixed and floating debenture.

## 14. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	31.12.14 £	31.12.13 £
25,000	"A" Ordinary Shares	£1	25,000	25,000
1,000	"B" Ordinary Shares	£1	1,000	1,000
			26,000	26,000

# 15. RESERVES

	£
At 1 January 2014	15,156,862
Profit for the year	858,640
At 31 December 2014	16.015.502

### 16. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for the directors. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The contributions for the year were £102,962 (2013:£95,599). At the year end there were no outstanding contribution.

# 17. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The capital expenditure authorised and contracted for by the company was £Nil (2013:£Nil).

Profit and loss account

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

## 18. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is controlled jointly by H J Lobenstein and his spouse by virtue of controlling 79% of the total share capital of the company.

# 19. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	31.12.14 £	31.12.13
Profit for the financial year	858,640	873,174
Net addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	858,640 15,182,862	873,174 14,309,688
Closing shareholders' funds	16,041,502	15,182,862
*·······•		