RAMBORO BOOKS PLC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 1997

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RAMBORO BOOKS PLC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 1997

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RAMBORO BOOKS PLC DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 1997.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the company which have remained unchanged during the financial year were those of publishers and wholesalers of books and publications.

Business review and future developments

The directors are satisfied with the performance of the company during the year and will continue to pursue established management policies in the future.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year after taxation amounted to £306,579 and the directors propose a dividend of 200p per Ordinary £1 share.

Directors and their interests

The directors and their interests, as defined by the Companies Act, in the shares of the company, at the beginning and end of the year were as follows:

	Ordinary shares of £1 each	
	1997	1996
J E Needleman Esq	_	-
T Finch Esq	-	-
R Cortie Esq (appointed 3 June 1997)	-	-
A Brown Esq (appointed 3 June 1997)		-

Mr Needleman's interest in the shares of Firecount Limited, the company's holding company, are disclosed in that company's financial statements.

Creditors payment policy

The company's current policy concerning the payment of trade creditors is to:

- a) settle the terms of payment with suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction;
- b) ensure that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment by inclusion of the relevant terms in contracts; and
- c) pay in accordance with the company's contractual and other legal obligations.

, RAMBORO BOOKS PLC DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Taxation status

The company is a close company within the provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing the reappointment of H.W. Fisher & Company, as auditors to the company will be put to the annual general meeting.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By Order of the Board

A. Jose Secretary

Dated: 23rd February 1998

Registered Office:

Unit 5a 202-208 New North Road LONDON N1 7BJ

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF RAMBORO BOOKS PLC

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 12 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on pages 6 & 7.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those financial statements and report our opinion to you.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material mis-statement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of the information in the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 July 1997 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

H.W. Fisher & Company

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

Acre House

11-15 William Road LONDON NW1 3ER

Dated: The February 1998

RAMBORO BOOKS PLC PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 1997

	Notes	£	1997 £	£	1996 £
Turnover	2		3,376,264		3,285,747
Cost of sales			(2,171,307)		(2,033,574)
Gross profit			1,204,957		1,252,173
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		241,863 540,164		195,917 <u>567,370</u>	
Operating profit on continuing operations	3		782,027 422,930		<u>(763,287)</u> 488,886
Loss on discontinued operations			(22,187) 400,743		488,886
Other income	4		<u>39,083</u>		<u>39,192</u>
Profit on ordinary activities before interest			439,826		528,078
Interest payable	6		(23,247)		(26,261)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation			416,579		501,817
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7		(110,000)		(139,000)
Profit on ordinary activities after t	axation		306,579		362,817
Proposed dividend			<u>(100,000</u>)		
Retained profit for the financial y	ear		206,579		362,817
Retained profit bought forward			898,888		536,071
Retained profit carried forward			£1,105,467		£898,888

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

RAMBORO BOOKS PLC BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JULY 1997

	Notes	£	1997 £	£	1996 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		135,170		181,990
Current assets					
Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9 10	1,035,734 1,250,585 345,501 2,631,820		813,440 1,126,425 290,378 2,230,243	
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year	11	(1,516,588)		(1,285,763)	
Net current assets			1,115,232		944,480
Total assets less current liabilities			1,250,402		1,126,470
Creditors - amount falling due after more than one year	12		(94,935) 1,155,467		(177,582) 948,888
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	13		50,000 1,105,467		50,000 898,888
Shareholders' funds-all equity interests	14		£1,155,467		£948,888

Approved by the board on: 23rd February 1998

1. Accounting Policies

a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

b) Turnover

Turnover represents amounts invoiced by the company in respect of goods sold and services rendered during the year stated net of value added tax.

c) Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over the expected useful life as follows:

Fixtures and fittings:

15% per annum on reducing balance

Office equipment:

15% per annum on reducing balance

Motor vehicles:

25% per annum on reducing balance

d) Stocks

Stocks are valued on a first in, first out basis at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost includes all expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and subsequent disposal.

e) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is calculated on the liability method. It is provided to the extent that it is considered, with reasonable probability, that a liability will become payable within the foreseeable future.

f) Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme, pension costs charged against profits represent the amounts payable to the scheme in respect of the year.

g) Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rates ruling at the date of the transactions. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

h) HP and finance leases

Assets held under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are treated as if they had been purchased outright at the present value of the outstanding rentals payable, less finance charges, over the primary period of the leases. The corresponding obligations under these leases are shown as creditors. The finance charge element of rentals payable is charged to the profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Rental payments under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

2. Turnover

The turnover and profit of the company for the year derives from the same class of business as noted in the directors' report.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

	1997 £	1996 £
Arabia	3,317	-
United Kingdom	1,623,437	1,701,849
EEC	329,654	161,379
Europe	89,049	38,653
Asia	152,976	147,231
Africa	144,765	72,878
America	546,628	832,291
Australasia	<u>486,438</u>	<u>331,466</u>
	<u>3,376,264</u>	<u>3,285,747</u>

Profit before tax by geographical market has not been shown as the directors consider it would be seriously prejudicial to the company.

3. Operating Profit on continuing operations 1997	96
£ :	£
This is stated after charging:	
Auditors' remuneration 6,555 6,0 Operating lease rentals - land & buildings 39,487 20,0)00)88
Depreciation on owned tangible fixed assets 7,209 4,9 Depreciation on tangible	93
fixed assets held under	
hire purchase contracts <u>16,343</u> <u>18,4</u>	<u>109</u>
4. Other income	
	996 E
Interest receivable 9,083 9,1	92
Rent and service charge receivable 30,000 30,0	
$\underline{£39.083}$ $\underline{£39.1}$	92
5. Employees and directors	
	96
	${f \epsilon}$
Staff costs including executive	
directors during the year amounted to:	
Wages and salaries 303,795 296,5	
Social security costs 30,380 29,6	
Other pension costs <u>8,800</u> <u>9,1</u> 342,975 335,3	1 <u>28</u> 364
The average monthly number of employees during the year was made up	·
	0.
Office and management <u>15</u>	<u>14</u>
Directors' Emoluments	
Salaries 64,833 75,3	310
	128
73.633	138
Included above is remuneration, excluding pension scheme contribution	s, paid to:-
The Chairman $\underline{£5,000}$ $\underline{£26.4}$	<u>.79</u>
Highest paid director $\underline{\underline{£49,000}}$ $\underline{\underline{£43,8}}$	<u> 31</u>
The number of other directors who received remuneration in the	
following ranges were: No. No.).
£Nil-£5,000 1 1	
£5,001 - £10,000 1	<u>-</u>

6. Interest payable and similar charges on continuing operations

	1997 £	1996 £
Bank loans & overdrafts	16,090	19,926
Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	<u>7,157</u>	6,335
	<u>23,247</u>	<u>26,261</u>

7. Taxation

1997	1996
£	£

The taxation charge which is based on the profit for the year is made up as follows:

Current year corporation tax	110,000	139,000
Caurem vear corporation tax	110.000	132,000

United Kingdom corporation tax has been computed at 26.4% (1996 - 27.7%).

8. Tangible fixed assets

	Short Leasehold Land & Buildings	Fixtures and fittings £	Office equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost:					
At 1st August 1996 Additions Disposals	23,290	45,666 1,235	67,126 19,460 -	149,269 3,000 (50,423)	285,351 23,695 (50,423)
At 31st July 1997	23,290	46,901	86,586	101,846	<u>258,623</u>
Depreciation					
At 1st August 1996 Charge for year Disposals	932	29,160 2,552	35,459 7,669	38,742 12,399 (3,460)	103,361 23,552 (3,460)
At 31st July 1997	932	31,712	43,128	47,681	123,453
Net book value at 31st July 1997	£22,358	£15,189	£43,458	£54,165	£135,170
Net book value at 31st July 1996	£23,290	£16,506	£31,667	£110,527	£181,990

The net book value of assets held under Hire Purchase agreements and Finance Leases amounted to £41,381 (1996:£124,719).

9. Stocks

	1997 £	1996 £
Finished goods and goods for resale	1,035,734	<u>813,440</u>

The replacement cost of stocks is not considered by the directors to be materially different from the amount stated above.

10.	Debtors		
		1997	1996
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
	Trade debtors	1,055,158	932,685
	Amount due from parent undertaking	104,024	104,024
	Other debtors	40,441	37,776
	Prepayments	<u>50,962</u>	<u>51,940</u>
	. •	£1,250,585	£1,126,425
11.	Creditors - amounts falling due within or	ne vear	
11.	Citations amounts turning and manning of	1997	1996
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	50,000	50,000
	Trade creditors	858,314	643,006
	Corporation tax	110,000	139,357
	Other taxation and social security costs	11,246	8,571
	Director's Loan accounts	324,148	295,468
	Finance Leases and Hire Purchase	19,443	40,925
	Accruals	43,437	108,436
	Proposed dividend	100,000	_
	•	£1,516,588	£1,285,763

Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a first fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. The Directors loans are secured by way of a second fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.

12.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after m	ore than one year 1997 £	1996 £
	Due between 1 and 5 years	≈	<u>, </u>
	Bank loans Finance Leases & Hire Purchase	87,500 <u>7,435</u>	137,500 40,082
		<u>94,935</u>	<u>177,582</u>
	The bank loans and overdrafts are repayable as follows:-		
	Within 1 year Between 1 and 2 years Between 2 and 5 years	50,000 37,500 - 87,500	50,000 50,000 <u>87,500</u> <u>187,500</u>
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts:		
	Repayable between 1 and 5 years Included in current liabilities	7,435 <u>19,443</u> <u>26,878</u>	40,082 40,925 81,007

13. Share capital

•	1997 £	1996 £
Authorised: 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	£50,000	£50,000
Allotted, issued and fully paid: 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>50,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>

14. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were formally approved by the directors on 23rd February 1998.

15. Ultimate Parent Company

The directors regard Firecount Ltd a company incorporated in England as the company's ultimate parent company.

16. Commitments under Operating Leases

	1997	1996
	£	£
Land and Buildings		
Expiring within one year	-	2,507
Expiring between two and five years	<u>30,000</u>	<u>30,000</u>

17. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	1997 £	1996 £
Profit for the financial period	206,579	362,817
Opening shareholders funds	<u>948,888</u>	<u>586,071</u>
. 0	£1,155,467	£948,888

18. Transactions concerning directors

- i) The company received professional services valued at £30,000 from Elliot and Partners, a partnership in which J E Needleman is a partner.
- ii) Rent and service charges receivable of £30,000 per annum was collected from Elliot & Partners.

19. Post Balance Sheet Events

On 16th December 1997, Ramboro Books Plc acquired 75% of the issued share capital of Salamander Books Limited, a company incorporated in England.