Registered number: 456595

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Ramboro Books PLC

Directors' report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 August 2004

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Directors' report For the year ended 31 August 2004

The directors present their annual report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2004.

Principal activities and review of business

The principal activity of the company continues to be that of publishers and wholesalers of books and publications. The directors do not anticipate any change in this activity over the coming year.

Both the level of business and the year end financial position were as expected in the light of current trading conditions and the directors do not anticipate any material changes in the present level of activity.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £522,126 (2003 - loss £373,134).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2003 - £nil).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

PA Lassman
NRA Butterfield
R Cortie
C Sanderson (resigned 18/11/2003)
P Lenton (appointed 21/01/2004)
T Finch
NM Lassman

None of the directors who held office at the end of the financial year had any disclosable interest in the shares of the company.

At 31 August 2004 and 31 August 2003, PA Lassman and NRA Butterfield were also directors of the ultimate parent company, Chrysalis Group PLC, and their share interests are stated in the financial statements of that company.

According to the register of directors' interests, no rights to subscribe for shares in or debentures of the company were granted to any of the directors or their immediate families, or exercised by them, during the financial year.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material depatures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' report For the year ended 31 August 2004

Auditors

In accordance with section 384 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG Audit Plc as auditors of the company was proposed and accepted at the Annual General Meeting on 30th June 2005.

This report was approved by the board on 3th June 2005 and signed on its behalf.

P Lenton

Director

Chrysalis Building

Bramley Road

London

W10 6SP



KPMG Audit Plc

8 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8BB United Kingdom

Report of the independent auditors to the members of Ramboro Books PLC

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 14.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 1, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 August 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG Audit Ple

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor 30 June 2005

Ramboro Books PLC

Profit and loss account For the year ended 31 August 2004

	Note	2004 £	As restated 2003 £
Turnover	1, 2	8,333,211	8,000,875
Cost of sales		(4,387,942)	(4,536,886)
Gross profit		3,945,269	3,463,989
Selling and distribution costs		(1,143,400)	(1,129,217)
Administrative expenses		(2,091,795)	(1,789,801)
Operating profit	3	710,074	544,971
Other exceptional items	4		(914,221)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before interest		710,074	(369,250)
Interest payable	5	(3,483)	(3,795)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		706,591	(373,045)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	8	(184,465)	(89)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities after taxation		522,126 ———	(373,134)

Amounts relating to the operating result in the current and previous year derive from continuing activities.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses For the year ended 31 August 2004

For the year ended 31 August 2004	2004 £	As restated 2003 £
Profit/(loss) for the financial year Prior period adjustment (see note 1.13)	706,591 (97,946)	(373,134) -
Total recognised gains/(losses) since last financial statements	608,645	(373,134)

The notes on pages 6 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet As at 31 August 2004

Note E E E E E E E E E			20	0 4	As res	
Intangible fixed assets 9 142,905 153,031 Tangible fixed assets 10 28,746 54,975 Investments 11 1,355,121 1,355,121 Current assets Stocks 12 1,885,991 1,745,691 Debtors 13 4,492,385 2,573,112 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 14 (6,374,082) (4,863,211) Net current assets/(liabilities) 4,294 (544,408) Total assets less current liabilities 1,531,066 1,018,719 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 - (9,779) Net assets 1,531,066 1,008,940 Capital and reserves Called up share capital 17 50,000 50,000 Profit and loss account 18 1,481,066 958,940		Note				
Tangible fixed assets 10 28,746 54,975 1,355,121 1,355,121 1,355,121 1,355,121 1,355,121 1,355,121 1,355,121 1,355,121 1,355,121 1,355,121 1,355,121 1,355,121 1,563,127 1,563,127 1,563,127 1,563,127 1,563,127 1,563,127 1,563,127 1,563,127 1,563,127 1,745,691 1,745,691 1,745,691 1,745,691 1,318,803 1,318,803 1,318,803 1,318,803 1,318,803 1,483,803 1,483,803 1,483,803 1,481,066 1,018,719 1,018	Fixed assets					
11	Intangible fixed assets	9		142,905		
1,526,772	-			•		
Current assets Stocks 12 1,885,991 1,745,691 Debtors 13 4,492,385 2,573,112 6,378,376 4,318,803 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 14 (6,374,082) (4,863,211) Net current assets/(liabilities) 4,294 (544,408) Total assets less current liabilities 1,531,066 1,018,719 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 - (9,779) Net assets 1,531,066 1,008,940 Capital and reserves Called up share capital 17 50,000 50,000 Profit and loss account 18 1,481,066 958,940	Investments	11		1,355,121		1,355,121
Stocks 12 1,885,991 1,745,691 2,573,112				1,526,772		1,563,127
Debtors	Current assets					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 14 (6,374,082) (4,863,211) Net current assets/(liabilities) 4,294 (544,408) Total assets less current liabilities 1,531,066 1,018,719 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 - (9,779) Net assets 1,531,066 1,008,940 Capital and reserves Called up share capital 17 50,000 50,000 Profit and loss account 18 1,481,066 958,940	Stocks	12	1,885,991		1,745,691	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 14 (6,374,082) (4,863,211) Net current assets/(liabilities) 4,294 (544,408) Total assets less current liabilities 1,531,066 1,018,719 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 - (9,779) Net assets 1,531,066 1,008,940 Capital and reserves 17 50,000 50,000 Profit and loss account 18 1,481,066 958,940	Debtors	13	4,492,385		2,573,112	
Net current assets/(liabilities) 4,294 (544,408) Total assets less current liabilities 1,531,066 1,018,719 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 - (9,779) Net assets 1,531,066 1,008,940 Capital and reserves Called up share capital 17 50,000 50,000 Profit and loss account 18 1,481,066 958,940			6,378,376		4,318,803	
Total assets less current liabilities 1,531,066 1,018,719 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 - (9,779) Net assets 1,531,066 1,008,940 Capital and reserves - 50,000 50,000 Profit and loss account 18 1,481,066 958,940		14	(6,374,082)		(4,863,211)	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year15-(9,779)Net assets1,531,0661,008,940Capital and reservesCalled up share capital1750,00050,000Profit and loss account181,481,066958,940	Net current assets/(liabilities)			4,294		(544,408)
than one year 15 - (9,779) Net assets 1,531,066 1,008,940 Capital and reserves 2 17 50,000 50,000 Profit and loss account 18 1,481,066 958,940	Total assets less current liabilities			1,531,066		1,018,719
Capital and reserves 17 50,000 50,000 Profit and loss account 18 1,481,066 958,940		15		-		(9,779)
Called up share capital 17 50,000 50,000 Profit and loss account 18 1,481,066 958,940	Net assets			1,531,066		1,008,940
Profit and loss account 18 1,481,066 958,940	Capital and reserves					
Profit and loss account 18 1,481,066 958,940	Called up share capital	17		50,000		50,000
Shareholders' funds - equity 19 1,531,066 1,008,940		18		1,481,066		958,940
	Shareholders' funds - equity	19		1,531,066		1,008,940

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 30% $\sqrt{3}$ we 2005, and were signed on its behalf by:

P Lentor Director

The notes on pages 6 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 August 2004

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements, except for the change in accounting policy for the treatment of work in progress in respect of book publishing, referred to below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of goods and services supplied by the company, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

1.3 Goodwill and publishing rights

For aquisitions since 1 September 1998, purchased goodwill has been capitalised and included within tangible fixed assets and is amortised on a straight basis to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life, subject to a maximum of twenty years.

Goodwill is subject to impairment review in the year following acquisition and in subsequent years when the circumstances require it. Such reviews are carried out in accordance with FRS 11.

Publishing rights

Publishing rights are valued at cost less accumulated amortisation and provision for impairment. Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost in equal annual instalments over their estimated useful life of twenty years.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following basis:

Motor vehicles

25% straight line

1.5 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

1.6 Stocks and work in progress

Stocks of published books are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all direct costs incurred in bringing the books to their present location and condition, including the initial print run and the proportional allocation of all editorial, origination and printing costs.

Stocks of books which have been held for between one and three years are written off on a formula basis to reflect their dimishing net realisable value. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less any further costs expected to be incurred on disposal.

Work in progress includes all the costs incurred in bringing a book to publication. The accounting policy for work in progress on books was changed with effect from the beginning of the financial year (see note 1.13 Change in accounting policy). All work in progress is now written off on publication of the relevant book.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 August 2004

1.7 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

1.8 Pensions

The company contributes towards defined contribution pension schemes. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account and the pension charge represents the amounts paid during the year by the company.

1.9 Royalties receivable

Royalty income is included on a receivable basis calculated on sales of books arising during each accounting period as reported by licensees.

1.10 Royalties payable

Royalties payable are expensed on an accruals basis. Royalty advances payable are expensed on a period basis, except that they are carried forward and recognised as an asset where such advances relate to current published and unpublished books and where it is estimated that sufficient future royalties will be earned for recoupment of those advances.

1.11 Deferred income

Sales to co-edition partners are recognised upon delivery of the books. Amounts invoiced prior to delivery are credited to deferred income and carried on the balance sheet until the books are delivered.

1.12 Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19.

Chrysalis Group PLC entities are able to relieve their taxable losses by surrendering them to other group companies where capacity to utilise those losses exists. There is an agreement between members of the group that such losses will be purchased and paid for by the recipient company. Where there is reasonable certainty that taxable losses can be utilised the group relief receivable is included in the taxation charge or credit for the year.

1.13 Change in accounting policy

The accounting policy relating to the treatment of work in progress in respect of book publishing activities has been changed. Under the previous accounting policy, pre-publication costs (representing costs incurred in the origination of content prior to publication) included within work - in-progress in respect of books which are considered to have useful economic lives in excess of one year were written off over the useful economic lives of up to five years.

This policy has been reviewed and compared with other book publishing companies and the directors have decided to adopt a more prudent policy of immediate write off of all pre-publication costs, regardless of the expected useful economic lives of the books to which they relate.

The effect of the change in accounting policy is to reduce shareholders' funds brought forward by £97,946. The impact on the profit and loss account for the year ended 31 August 2003 was to decrease profit before tax by £43,685.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 August 2004

2. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to sales of books.

A geographical analysis of turnover is as follows:

	2004 £	2003 £
United Kingdom	5,152,172	5,383,428
Europe	833,957	686,306
North America	785,403	642,204
Other	<u>1,561,679</u>	<u>1,288,937</u>
	8,333,211	8,000,875

3. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	2004	2003
	£	£
Amortisation - intangible fixed assets	10,126	10,424
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:		
- owned by the company	14,261	22,908
- held under finance leases	11,968	9,866
Foreign exchange losses	69,961	(1,009)
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	•	(881)

The auditor's remuneration costs are borne by C&B Publishing PLC on behalf of all companies in the Chrysalis Books Group.

4. Exceptional loss

	2004 £	2003 £
Exceptional loss	-	914,221

On the 23rd May 2003 Ramboro Books PLC disposed its Direct Marketing division for a cash consideration of £300,000.

5. Interest payable

	2004	2003
	£	£
On other loans	2,000	<u></u>
On finance leases and hire purchase contracts	1,483	3,795
	3,483	3,795

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 August 2004

6. Staff costs

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:

	2004 £	2003 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	677,981 77,251 26,813	642,469 67,470 3,431
	782,045	713,370
The average monthly number of employees, including dire	ectors, during the year was as fo	llows:
	2004	2003
	No.	No.
Office, management and administration Sales and distribution	- 17	9 7
	17	16
Directors' remuneration		
	2004 £	2003 £
Emoluments	134,340	-

The highest paid director, who also received contributions towards a defined contribution pension scheme under which the company's contribution for the year was £2,750 (2003 - £nil), received emoluments of £71,989 (2003 - £nil) from the company.

5,250

P Lenton received remuneration from C&B Publishing PLC, which is disclosed in the financial statements of that company.

NRA Butterfield and PA Lassman received remuneration from Chrysalis Group Plc, which is disclosed in the financial statements of that company.

8. Taxation

Company pension contributions

7.

	2004	2003
	£	£
UK corporation tax charge on profits of the year	184,465	89

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 August 2004

Factors affecting tax charge for year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%). The differences are explained below:

Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	2004 £ 706,591	2003 £ (373,045)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by the relevant standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2003 - 30%)	211,977	(111,914)
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for the year in excess of depreciation Adjustments in respect of prior year Utilisation of tax losses brought forward	5,813 (35) (29,384) (3,906)	108,369 7,540 - (3,906)
Current tax charge for year (see note above)	184,465	89

Refer to note 16 for deferred tax.

9. Intangible fixed assets

	Publishing rights	Goodwill	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 September 2003 and 31 August 2004	140,000	62,874	202,874
Amortisation			
At 1 September 2003	34,416	15,427	49,843
Charge for the year	7,000	3,126	10,126
At 31 August 2004	41,416	18,553	59,969
Net book value			
At 31 August 2004	98,584	44,321	142,905
At 31 August 2003	105,584	47,447	153,031

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 August 2004

10. Tangible fixed assets

		Motor vehicles £
Cost		~
At 1 September 2003 Disposals		206,952 (93,433)
At 31 August 2004		113,519
Depreciation		
At 1 September 2003 Charge for the year On disposals		151,977 26,229 (93,433)
At 31 August 2004		84,773
Net book value		
At 31 August 2004		28,746
At 31 August 2003		54,975
The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire pure as follows:	chase contracts, include	ed above, are
	2004	2003
	£	£
Motor vehicles	18,052	<i>54,</i> 975
Fixed asset investments		
	Unlisted invest-	Total
	ments £	£
Cost		

The investment is unlisted. The company in which the company's interest at the year end is more than 20% is as follows:

1,355,121

1,355,121

	Country of incorporation	Principal activity	Class and percentage of shares held
Subsidiary undertakings			

At 1 September 2003 and 31 August 2004

11.

Salamander Books Limited England & Wales Book Publishing 100% Ordinary shares

In the opinion of the directors the investment in the company's subsidiary is worth at least the amount at which it is stated in the company's balance sheet.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 August 2004

12.	Stocks		
		2004 £	As restated 2003 £
	Work in progress Finished goods	38,085 1,847,906	55,148 1,690,543
		1,885,991	1,745,691
13.	Debtors		
		2004 £	2003 £
	Due within one year		
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,668,699 -	2,146,643 194,801
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	791,386 249,982	- 170,672
	Consignment debtors	782,318	60,996
		4,492,385	2,573,112
14.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	10,088	17,420
	Trade creditors Other creditors	664,761 258,546	1,023,192 79,183
	Accruals and deferred income	319,984	410,745
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	5,120,703 	3,332,671
		6,374,082	4,863,211
15.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	-	9,779
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, included	l above, are paya	ble as follows:
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Between one and two years		9,779

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 August 2004

16. Provisions for liabilities and charges

A deferred tax asset applied at the standard rate of corporation tax of 30% arises in the UK, which is not recognised in the accounts because the directors believe that suitable taxable profits are unlikely to arise from which the future reversal of timing differences could be deducted. The deferred tax asset can be analysed as follows:

		2004	2003
		£	£
	Differences between accumulated depreciation and capital		
	allowances	18,914	11,813
17.	Share capital		
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
	50,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
18.	Reserves		
	Profit and loss account	£	
	At 1 September 2003	1,056,886	
	Prior period adjustment	(97,946)	

	At 1 September 2003 restated	958,940	
	Profit retained for the financial year	522,126	
	At 31 August 2004	<u>522,126</u>	

19. Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds - equity

2004 £	As restated 2003 £
522,126	(373,134)
<u> </u>	(373,134)
1,008,940	1,480,020
-	(97,946)
1,531,066	1,008,940
	£ 522,126 522,126 1,008,940 -

20. Related party transactions

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Chrysalis Group PLC, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group. The consolidated financial statements of Chrysalis Group PLC, within which the company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 22 There were no other related party transactions.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 August 2004

21. Cash flow statement

The company is exempt from the requirement of FRS 1 (revised 1996) on the grounds that its parent undertaking, Chrysalis Group PLC, included the company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

22. Controlling parties and ultimate holding company

Chrysalis Books Group PLC, a company incorporated in England and Wales, is the company's immediate parent company and Chrysalis Group PLC, a company incorporated in England and Wales, is the company's ultimate parent company. The consolidated accounts of Chrysalis Group PLC are prepared and may be obtained from the Secretary, Chrysalis Group PLC, The Chrysalis Building, Bramley Road, London, W10 6SP.