

Registered Company number: 00454169

Registered Charity number: 207720

The COMPANIES ACT 1985-2006

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
AND NOT HAVING SHARE CAPITAL

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

Of

The Royal National Institute for Deaf People

("the Company")

Passed on 11 December 2019

At an annual general meeting of the Charity duly convened and held at 1-3 Highbury Station Road, London, N1 1SE the following resolution was passed as a special resolution.

Special Resolution

It is hereby resolved by way of special resolution that:

- i. The draft Articles of Association entitled "Draft Articles of Association A" attached hereto be and are hereby approved and adopted as the Articles of Association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all existing Articles of Association of the Company; and*
- ii. the existing Memorandum of Association of the Company be amended and restated such that it conforms with the draft Memorandum of Association attached hereto.*



Steven Maiden

Company Secretary



A8KNRZU3

A16

19/12/2019

#134

COMPANIES HOUSE

The Companies Acts 1985 to 2006

Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital

Memorandum

of

The Royal National Institute for Deaf People

Company No: 00454169

**Bates
Wells** 
10 Queen Street Place, London EC4R 1BE
bateswells.co.uk

We wish to be formed into a company under this Memorandum of Association

NAMES & ADDRESSES OF SUBSCRIBERS	SIGNATURES OF SUBSCRIBERS
ROBERT SCOTT STEVENSON , 31 Harely Street, London, W1, (Consulting Surgeon).	ROBERT SCOTT STEVENSON
EDWARD EVANS , 128 Warrell Lane, Pinner, M/x., (Member of Parliament).	EDWARD EVANS
WILLIAM ALFRED TOOKEY , 70 Victoria Street, Westminster, (Consultant Engineer).	WILLIAM ALFRED TOOKEY
HUMPHREY MAJOR ANGER , 19 Davenant Road, Oxford, (Clerk in Holy Orders).	HUMPHREY MAJOR AINGER
GILBERT EDWARD ROBINSON , 6 Westbourne Avenue, Hull, (Paint Manufacturer).	GILBERT EDWARD ROBINSON
JOHN SPALDING , Royal Residential School for the Deaf, Old Trafford, Manchester 16, (Headmaster).	JOHN SPALDING
LOUIS BAYLISS , Brynwen, Newbridge-on-Wye, Rads., (Schoolmaster)	LOUIS BAYLISS
GEORGE EDWARD ROBINSON , 58 Garston Old Road, Grassdale, Liverpool 19, (Chief Welfare Officer).	GEORGE EDWARD ROBINSON
HENRY ERIC ASHTON , 23 Hemyock Road, Wesley Hill, Birmingham 29, (Welfare Officer).	HENRY ERIC ASHTON
ERNEST WILLIAM WOODHEAD , Springfield, Maidstone, Kent, (County Education Officer).	ERNEST WILLIAM WOODHEAD
ALAN FAIRBAIRN MCKENZIE , 65 Banbury road, Oxford, (Clerk in Holy Orders).	ALAN FAIRBAIRN MCKENZIE
MARY GRACE WILKINS , 39 Sydney Bdgs., Bath, (Teacher of Deaf).	MARY GRACE WILKINS
MARGARET FRANCES AWDRY , c/o Lt.-Col. R. W. Awdry, Eastcroft House, Devizes, Wilts., (County Alderman for Wilts.).	MARGARET FRANCES AWDRY
GEORGE ALBERT SCHOFIELD , 135 Grosvenor Street, Manchester 1, (Welfare Officer for the Deaf).	GEORGE ALBERT SCHOFIELD
ROBERT STAVERS OLOMAN , Bootham House, York, (Welfare Officer for the Deaf).	ROBERT STAVERS OLOMAN
ALEXANDER WATSON TAYLOR , 11 Grosvenor Mount, Leeds, (Welfare Officer for the Deaf).	ALEXANDER WATSON TAYLOR
JOSPEH HILL , 102 West Park Drive, Blackpool, (Local Authority).	JOSEPH HILL

Witness to the above signatures:
N. G. DEVONSHIRE, [Solicitor]
14 Bedford Row, W.C.1

Dated this 9th day of April 1948

The Companies Acts 1985 to 2006

Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital

Articles of Association

of

The Royal National Institute for Deaf People

Company No: 00454169

**Bates
Wells** 
10 Queen Street Place, London EC4R 1BE
bateswells.co.uk

The Companies Acts 1985 to 2006

Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital

Index to Articles of Association of The Royal National Institute for Deaf People

INTERPRETATION	1
1. Defined terms.....	1
OBJECTS AND POWERS.....	1
2. Objects	1
3. Powers	1
LIMITATION ON PRIVATE BENEFITS	3
4. Benefits to Members and Trustees.....	3
5. OSCR	4
LIMITATION OF LIABILITY AND INDEMNITY	4
6. Liability of members.....	4
TRUSTEES	4
<i>TRUSTEES' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES</i>	<i>4</i>
7. Trustees' general authority	4
8. Members' reserve power	5
9. Chair, Vice Chair and honorary roles	5
10. Trustees may delegate.....	5
11. Committees	6
12. Advisory Groups	6
13. Delegation of day to day management powers	6
14. Delegation of investment management	7
15. Power to change name of Charity	7
16. Rules	7
<i>DECISION-MAKING BY TRUSTEES</i>	<i>8</i>
17. Trustees to take decisions collectively	8
18. Calling a Trustees' meeting.....	8
19. Participation in Trustees' meetings.....	9
20. Quorum for Trustees' meetings	9
21. Chairing of Trustees' meetings.....	9
22. Casting vote	9
23. Unanimous decisions without a meeting	9
24. Trustee interests and management of conflicts of interest.....	10
25. Register of Trustees' interests.....	11
26. Validity of Trustee actions.....	11

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF TRUSTEES	11
27. Number of Trustees	11
28. Appointment and retirement of Trustees	11
29. Disqualification and removal of Trustees	13
PATRONS AND PRESIDENTS	13
30. Patrons	13
31. President and Vice-President	13
MEMBERS	14
BECOMING AND CEASING TO BE A MEMBER	14
32. Becoming a member	14
33. Termination of membership	15
34. Categories of membership	16
35. Associate members	16
ORGANISATION OF GENERAL MEETINGS	16
36. Annual general meetings	16
37. Other General meetings	16
38. Length of notice	16
39. Contents of notice	16
40. Service of notice	17
41. Attendance and speaking at general meetings	17
42. Quorum for general meetings	17
43. Chairing general meetings	18
44. Attendance and speaking by Trustees, patrons and non-members	18
45. Adjournment	18
VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS	19
46. Voting: general	19
47. Votes	19
48. Errors and disputes	20
49. Poll votes	20
50. Procedure on a poll	21
51. Proxies	21
52. Delivery of Proxy Notices	22
53. Amendments to resolutions	24
WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS	24
54. Written resolutions	24
ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS	25
55. Communications by the Charity	25
56. Communications to the Charity	27

57.	Secretary	27
58.	Irregularities	27
59.	Minutes	28
60.	Records and accounts	28
61.	Exclusion of model articles	28
	WINDING UP	28
62.	Dissolution	28

The Companies Acts 1985 to 2006

Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital

Articles of Association of The Royal National Institute for Deaf People

Company No: 00454169

INTERPRETATION

1 Defined terms

The interpretation of these Articles is governed by the provisions set out in the Schedule at the end of the Articles.

OBJECTS AND POWERS

2 Objects

- 2.1 The objects of the Charity are to promote and encourage the prevention and mitigation of deafness and the better treatment, education, training, employment and welfare of people who are deaf or hard of hearing (which expression applies to all those whose hearing is significantly impaired), and generally to promote, safeguard and protect the welfare of such people ("the Objects")

3. Powers

- 3.1 To further its objects the Charity may:

- 3.1.1 provide and assist in the provision of money, materials or other help;
- 3.1.2 organise and assist in the provision of conferences, courses of instruction, exhibitions, lectures and other educational activities;
- 3.1.3 publish and distribute books, pamphlets, reports, leaflets, journals, films, tapes and instructional matter on any medium;
- 3.1.4 promote, encourage, carry out or commission research, surveys, studies or other work, making the useful results available;
- 3.1.5 provide or procure the provision of advice;
- 3.1.6 alone or with other organisations seek to influence public opinion and make representations to and seek to influence governmental and other bodies and institutions regarding the reform, development and implementation of appropriate policies, legislation and regulations provided that all such activities shall be confined to those which an English and Welsh charity may properly undertake;
- 3.1.7 enter into contracts to provide services to or on behalf of other bodies;
- 3.1.8 acquire or rent any property of any kind and any rights or privileges in and over property and construct, maintain, alter and equip any buildings or facilities;

- 3.1.9 dispose of or deal with all or any of its property with or without payment and subject to such conditions as the Trustees think fit (in exercising this power the Charity must comply as appropriate with the Charities Act 2011);
- 3.1.10 borrow or raise and secure the payment of money for any purpose including for the purposes of investment or of raising funds, including charging property as security for the repayment of money borrowed or as security for a grant or the discharge of an obligation (the Charity must comply as appropriate with the Charities Act 2011 if it wishes to mortgage land);
- 3.1.11 set aside funds for special purposes or as reserves against future expenditure;
- 3.1.12 invest the Charity's money not immediately required for its objects in or upon any investments, securities, or property;
- 3.1.13 arrange for investments or other property of the Charity to be held in the name of a nominee or nominees and pay any reasonable fee required;
- 3.1.14 lend money and give credit to, take security for such loans or credit and guarantee or give security for the performance of contracts by any person or company;
- 3.1.15 open and operate bank accounts and other facilities for banking and draw, accept, endorse, issue or execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, cheques and other instruments;
- 3.1.16 accept (or disclaim) gifts of money and any other property;
- 3.1.17 raise funds by way of subscription, donation or otherwise;
- 3.1.18 trade in the course of carrying out the objects of the Charity and carry on any other trade which is not expected to give rise to taxable profits;
- 3.1.19 incorporate and acquire subsidiary companies to carry on any trade;
- 3.1.20 subject to Article 4 (Limitation on private benefits):
 - (a) engage and pay employees, consultants and professional or other advisers; and
 - (b) make reasonable provision for the payment of pensions and other retirement benefits to or on behalf of employees and their spouses and dependants;
- 3.1.21 establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of any other organisations and subscribe, lend or guarantee money or property for charitable purposes;
- 3.1.22 become a member, associate or affiliate of or act as trustee or appoint trustees of any other organisation (including without limitation any charitable trust of permanent endowment property held for any of the charitable purposes included in the Charity's objects);
- 3.1.23 undertake and execute charitable trusts,
- 3.1.24 impose restrictions, which may be revocable or irrevocable, on the use of any property of the Charity, including (without limitation) by creating permanent endowment;

- 3.1.25 amalgamate or merge with or acquire or undertake all or any of the property, liabilities and engagements of any body;
- 3.1.26 co-operate with charities, voluntary bodies, statutory authorities and other bodies and exchange information and advice with them;
- 3.1.27 insure the property of the Charity against any foreseeable risk and take out other insurance policies as are considered necessary by the Trustees to protect the Charity,
- 3.1.28 to pay for indemnity insurance for the Trustees against personal liability incurred by any Trustee for an act or omission which is or is alleged to be a breach of trust or breach of duty, unless the Trustee concerned knew that, or was reckless whether, the act or omission was a breach of trust or breach of duty; and
- 3.1.29 do all such other lawful things as may further the Charity's objects.

LIMITATION ON PRIVATE BENEFITS

4. Benefits to Members and Trustees

- 4.1 The property and funds of the Charity must be used only for promoting the Objects and do not belong to the Members but:
 - 4.1.1 Members who are not Trustees may be employed by or enter into contracts with the Charity and receive reasonable payment for goods or services supplied;
 - 4.1.2 Members (including Trustees) may be paid interest at a reasonable rate on money lent to the Charity;
 - 4.1.3 Members (including Trustees) may be paid a reasonable rent or hiring fee for property let or hired to the Charity, and
 - 4.1.4 Members (including Trustees) who are Beneficiaries may receive charitable benefits in that capacity.
- 4.2 No Trustee may:
 - 4.2.1 buy goods or services from the Charity;
 - 4.2.2 sell goods, services or any interest in land to the Charity;
 - 4.2.3 be employed by or receive remuneration from the Charity;
 - 4.2.4 receive any other financial benefit from the Charity; unless:
 - (a) the payment or transaction is permitted by Clause 4.1 or 4.3; or
 - (b) the Trustees obtain the prior written approval of the Commission.
- 4.3 The Charity may:
 - 4.3.1 reimburse any Trustee reasonable out-of-pocket expenses (including hotel and travel costs) actually incurred in running the Charity,

- 4.3.2 purchase indemnity insurance cover for the Trustees pursuant to Clause 3.1.28;
- 4.3.3 indemnify any Trustee in respect of any liabilities properly incurred in running the Charity (including the costs of a successful defence to criminal proceedings); and
- 4.3.4 make a payment to any company in which a Trustee has no more than a one per cent shareholding.
- 4.4 Whenever a Trustee has a personal interest in a matter to be discussed at a meeting of the Trustees or a committee the Trustee concerned must:
 - 4.4.1 declare an interest before the meeting or at the meeting before discussion begins on the matter;
 - 4.4.2 be absent from the meeting for that item unless expressly invited to remain in order to provide information;
 - 4.4.3 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting; and
 - 4.4.4 be absent during the vote and have no vote on the matter.
- 4.5 This clause may not be amended without the prior written consent of the Commission.

5. OSCR

- 5.1 If the Charity is registered with the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator the additional requirements under section 67 of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 must be complied with.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY AND INDEMNITY

6. Liability of members

- 6.1 The liability of each member is limited to £1.05, being the amount that each member undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Charity in the event of its being wound up while he, she or it is a member or within one year after he, she or it ceases to be a member, for:
 - 6.1.1 payment of the Charity's debts and liabilities contracted before he, she or it ceases to be a member;
 - 6.1.2 payment of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up; and
 - 6.1.3 adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves.

TRUSTEES

TRUSTEES' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

7. Trustees' general authority

Subject to the Articles, the Trustees are responsible for the management of the Charity's business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the Charity

8. Members' reserve power

- 8.1 The members may, by special resolution, direct the Trustees to take, or refrain from taking, specified action.
- 8.2 No such special resolution invalidates anything which the Trustees have done before the passing of the resolution.

9 Chair, Vice Chair and honorary roles

- 9.1 The Trustees may appoint one of their number to be the Chair of the Trustees for such term of office as they determine and may at any time remove him or her from that office.
- 9.2 The Trustees may appoint one of their number to be the Vice Chair of the Trustees for such term of office as they determine and may at any time remove him or her from that office.
- 9.3 The Trustees create such other honorary roles as they see fit and appoint any one of their number to such a role for such term of office as they determine and may at any time remove him or her from that office.
- 9.4 The terms and conditions upon which any Chair, Vice Chair or other honorary role shall be appointed shall be set out in the Rules.

10. Trustees may delegate

- 10.1 Subject to the Articles, the Trustees may delegate any of their powers or functions to any committee
- 10.2 Subject to the Articles, the Trustees may delegate the implementation of their decisions or day to day management of the affairs of the Charity to any person or committee.
- 10.3 Any delegation by the Trustees may be:
- 10.3.1 by such means;
 - 10.3.2 to such an extent;
 - 10.3.3 in relation to such matters or territories; and
 - 10.3.4 on such terms and conditions;
- as they think fit.
- 10.4 The Trustees may authorise further delegation of the relevant powers, functions, implementation of decisions or day to day management by any person or committee to whom they are delegated.
- 10.5 The Trustees may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions
- 10.6 The Trustees may by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any person to be the agent of the Charity for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine.

11. Committees

11.1 In the case of delegation to committees:

- 11.1.1 the resolution making the delegation must specify those who shall serve or be asked to serve on the committee (although the resolution may allow the committee to make co-options up to a specified number);
 - 11.1.2 the composition of any committee shall be entirely in the discretion of the Trustees and may include such of their number (if any) as the resolution may specify;
 - 11.1.3 the deliberations of any committee must be reported regularly to the Trustees and any resolution passed or decision taken by any committee must be reported promptly to the Trustees and every committee must appoint a secretary for that purpose;
 - 11.1.4 the Trustees may make such regulations and impose such terms and conditions and give such mandates to any committee as they may from time to time think fit; and
 - 11.1.5 no committee shall knowingly incur expenditure or liability on behalf of the Charity except where authorised by the Trustees or in accordance with a budget which has been approved by the Trustees.
- 11.2 The meetings and proceedings of any committee shall be governed by the Articles regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Trustees so far as they apply and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Trustees.

12. Advisory Groups

- 12.1 The Trustees may establish advisory groups for the provision of advice to the Trustees on such matters as the Trustees may determine. The Trustees shall ensure appropriate Trustee oversight of these groups and may provide for such oversight in the rules of the Charity.

13. Delegation of day to day management powers

- 13.1 In the case of delegation of the day to day management of the Charity to a chief executive or other manager or managers:
- 13.1.1 the delegated power shall be to manage the Charity by implementing the policy and strategy adopted by and within a budget approved by the Trustees and (if applicable) to advise the Trustees in relation to such policy, strategy and budget;
 - 13.1.2 the Trustees shall provide any manager with a description of his or her role and the extent of his or her authority; and
 - 13.1.3 any manager must report regularly to the Trustees on the activities undertaken in managing the Charity and provide them regularly with management accounts which are sufficient to explain the financial position of the Charity.

14. Delegation of investment management

14.1 The Trustees may delegate the management of investments to a Financial Expert or Financial Experts provided that:

14.1.1 the investment policy is set down in Writing for the Financial Expert or Financial Experts by the Trustees;

14.1.2 timely reports of all transactions are provided to the Trustees;

14.1.3 the performance of the investments is reviewed regularly with the Trustees,

14.1.4 the Trustees are entitled to cancel the delegation arrangement at any time;

14.1.5 the investment policy and the delegation arrangements are reviewed regularly;

14.1.6 all payments due to the Financial Expert or Financial Experts are on a scale or at a level which is agreed in advance and are notified promptly to the Trustees on receipt; and

14.1.7 the Financial Expert or Financial Experts must not do anything outside the powers of the Trustees.

15. Power to change name of Charity

15.1 The Trustees may change the name of the Charity at any time by:

15.1.1 majority decision of at least three-quarters of the Trustees present and voting at a meeting; or

15.1.2 unanimous decision of all the Trustees taken following the procedure in Article 23.

16. Rules

16.1 The Trustees may from time to time make, repeal or alter such rules as they think fit as to the management of the Charity and its affairs. The rules shall be binding on all members of the Charity. No rule shall be inconsistent with the Companies Acts, the Articles or any rule of law

16.2 The rules may regulate the following matters but are not restricted to them:

16.2.1 the duties of any officers or employees of the Charity;

16.2.2 the admission of members of the Charity and the benefits conferred on such members, and any subscriptions, fees or payments to be made by members;

16.2.3 the conduct of members of the Charity in relation to one another, and to the Charity's employees and volunteers,

16.2.4 the conduct of business of the Trustees or any committee (including, without limitation, how the Trustees make decisions and how such rules are to be recorded or communicated to Trustees);

16.2.5 the procedure at general meetings;

- 16.2.6 any of the matters or things within the powers or under the control of the Trustees; and
- 16.2.7 generally, all such matters as are commonly the subject matter of company rules
- 16.3 The Charity in general meeting has the power to alter, add to or repeal the rules.

DECISION-MAKING BY TRUSTEES

17. Trustees to take decisions collectively

- 17.1 Any decision of the Trustees must be either:
 - 17.1.1 by decision of a majority of the Trustees present and voting at a quorate Trustees' meeting (subject to Article 22); or
 - 17.1.2 a unanimous decision taken in accordance with Article 23.

18. Calling a Trustees' meeting

- 18.1 The Trustees must hold at least three meetings each year including the Annual Retirement Meeting.
- 18.2 The Secretary, if any, or the Chair may call a Trustees' meeting at any time and must call a Trustees' meeting at the request of two Trustees.
- 18.3 A Trustees' meeting must be called by at least seven Clear Days' notice unless either:
 - 18.3.1 all the Trustees agree; or
 - 18.3.2 urgent circumstances require shorter notice
- 18.4 In deciding on the date and time of any Trustees' meeting, the Trustees calling or requesting the Secretary to call the meeting must try to ensure, subject to the urgency of any matter to be discussed at the meeting, that as many Trustees as practicable are likely to be available to participate.
- 18.5 Notice of Trustees' meetings must be given to each Trustee.
- 18.6 Every notice calling a Trustees' meeting must specify:
 - 18.6.1 the place, day and time of the meeting;
 - 18.6.2 the general nature of the business to be considered at such meeting; and
 - 18.6.3 if it is anticipated that Trustees participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting.
- 18.7 Notice of Trustees' meetings need not be in Writing.
- 18.8 Article 55 shall apply, and notice of Trustees' meetings may be sent by Electronic Means to an Address provided by the Trustee for the purpose.

19 Participation in Trustees' meetings

- 19.1 Subject to the Articles, Trustees participate in a Trustees' meeting, or part of a Trustees' meeting, when:
- 19.1.1 the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with the Articles; and
- 19.1.2 they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting (for example via telephone or video conferencing).
- 19.2 In determining whether Trustees are participating in a Trustees' meeting, it is irrelevant where any Trustee is or how they communicate with each other.
- 19.3 If all the Trustees participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is.

20 Quorum for Trustees' meetings

- 20.1 At a Trustees' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting
- 20.2 The quorum for Trustees' meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the Trustees, but it must never be less than two, and unless otherwise fixed it is five Trustees
- 20.3 If the total number of Trustees for the time being is less than the quorum required, the Trustees must not take any decision other than a decision
- 20.3.1 to appoint further Trustees; or
- 20.3.2 to call a general meeting so as to enable the members to appoint further Trustees.

21. Chairing of Trustees' meetings

The Chair, if any, or in his or her absence another Trustee nominated by the Trustees present shall preside as chair of each Trustees' meeting.

22. Casting vote

- 22.1 If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal at a Trustees' meeting are equal, the Chair of the meeting has a casting vote in addition to any other vote he or she may have.
- 22.2 Article 22.1 does not apply if, in accordance with the Articles, the chair of the meeting is not to be counted as participating in the decision-making process for quorum or voting purposes.

23. Unanimous decisions without a meeting

- 23.1 A decision is taken in accordance with this Article 23 when all of the Trustees who are entitled to vote on a matter indicate to each other by any means (including without limitation by Electronic Means, such as by email or by telephone) that they share a common view on a matter. The Trustees cannot rely on this Article to make a decision if one or more of the

Trustees has a Conflict of Interest which, under Article 24 and Article 4.4, results in them not being entitled to vote.

- 23.2 Such a decision may, but need not, take the form of a resolution in Writing, copies of which have been signed by each Trustee entitled to vote or to which each Trustee entitled to vote has otherwise indicated agreement in Writing.
- 23.3 A decision which is made in accordance with this Article 23 shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting duly convened and held, provided the following conditions are complied with:
 - 23.3.1 The Trustees entitled to vote must form a quorum in accordance with Article 20;
 - 23.3.2 approval from each Trustee entitled to vote must be received by one person being either such person as all the Trustees have nominated in advance for that purpose or such other person as volunteers if necessary ("the Recipient"), which person may, for the avoidance of doubt, be one of the Trustees;
 - 23.3.3 following receipt of responses from all of the Trustees entitled to vote, the Recipient must communicate to all of the Trustees (by any means) whether the resolution has been formally approved by the Trustee entitled to vote in accordance with this Article 23.3;
 - 23.3.4 the date of the decision shall be the date of the communication from the Recipient confirming formal approval; and
 - 23.3.5 the Recipient must prepare a minute of the decision in accordance with Article 59 (Minutes).

24. Trustee interests and management of conflicts of interest

Declaration of interests

- 24.1 In accordance with Article 4.4.1 above, a Trustee must declare the nature and extent of.
 - 24.1.1 any direct or indirect interest which he or she has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Charity; and
 - 24.1.2 any duty or any direct or indirect interest which he or she has which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the Charity or his or her duties to the Charity.

Participation in decision-making

- 24.2 A Trustee with a personal interest in a matter to be discussed at a meeting is required to comply with Article 4.4 with regard to participating in decision-making in relation to that matter.

Continuing duties to the Charity

- 24.3 Where a Trustee or person Connected with him or her has a conflict of interest or conflict of duties and the Trustee has complied with his or her obligations under these Articles in respect of that conflict:

24.3.1 the Trustee shall not be in breach of his or her duties to the Charity by withholding confidential information from the Charity if to disclose it would result in a breach of any other duty or obligation of confidence owed by him or her; and

24.3.2 the Trustee shall not be accountable to the Charity for any benefit expressly permitted under these Articles which he or she or any person Connected with him or her derives from any matter or from any office, employment or position.

25. Register of Trustees' interests

The Trustees must ensure a register of Trustees' interests is kept

26. Validity of Trustee actions

All acts done by a person acting as a Trustee shall, even if afterwards discovered that there was a defect in his or her appointment or that he or she was disqualified from holding office or had vacated office, be as valid as if such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Trustee

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF TRUSTEES

27. Number of Trustees

27.1 There shall be at least seven Trustees The maximum number of Trustees shall be ten.

27.2 Notwithstanding Article 27.1, as a transitional measure in the 12 months following the date of adoption of these Articles, the maximum number of Trustees on the board shall be 12

28. Appointment and retirement of Trustees

28.1 Any person who is willing to act as a Trustee, and who would not be disqualified from acting under the provisions of Article 29, may be:

28.1.1 elected to be a Trustee by the Members and appointed by the Trustees at the next Annual Retirement Meeting in accordance with Article 28.3 below; or

28.1.2 appointed to be a Trustee by a decision of the Trustees in accordance with Article 28.4 below.

provided that the appointment does not cause the number of Trustees to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with the Articles as the maximum number of Trustees at Article 27.

28.2 Any Trustee appointed must agree to abide by any code of conduct in force from time to time.

28.3 The Trustees shall be elected by the Members and the procedures for the election of trustees (which may include by postal or electronic ballot) shall be defined in Rules and notified to the Members from time to time. The appointment of elected Trustees shall take effect at the conclusion of the Annual Retirement Meeting following their election.

28.4 The Trustees may at any time co-opt a person eligible pursuant to 28.1 to fill a casual vacancy amongst the Trustees who are elected by the Members in accordance with Article 28.3 above or as an additional Trustee in order to add further skills to the board.

28.5 Any Trustee co-opted pursuant to Article 28.4 shall retire at the next Annual Retirement Meeting unless they are elected by the Members in accordance with Article 28.3.

Automatic retirement

28.6 Each Trustee shall retire from office at the third Annual Retirement Meeting following the commencement of his or her term of office. The Annual Retirement Meeting shall be the meeting of the Trustees at which the accounts of the Charity are adopted and the retirement takes effect at the conclusion of the meeting.

28.7 In respect of those Trustees in office at the time of adoption of these Articles of Association, Article 28.6 shall be interpreted such that they are deemed to have commenced their current term of office on the date of adoption of these Articles.

28.8 As a transitional measure in the three years following the date of adoption of these Articles, the Trustees may require one or more Trustees in office at the time of adoption of these Articles to retire from office at the first or second Annual Retirement Meeting following the deemed commencement of his or her term of office in order to ensure that no Trustee serves for a longer term than the maximum term provided by Article 28.11.

28.9 If the retirement of a Trustee causes the number of Trustees to fall below that set out in Article 27 then the retiring Trustee shall remain in office until a new appointment is made

Deemed reappointment

28.10 Subject to Article 28.11, if the Charity at the meeting at which a Trustee retires by virtue of Article 28.6 does not fill the vacancy, the retiring Trustee will, if willing to act, be deemed to have been reappointed unless at the meeting it is resolved not to fill the vacancy or unless a resolution for the reappointment of the Trustee is put to the meeting and lost.

Maximum term

28.11 A retiring Trustee may be reappointed to the board as a Trustee, but shall not usually serve as a Trustee for more than two terms.

28.12 Where there are exceptional circumstances, the Trustees may permit a Trustee who has served for two terms as a Trustee to be reappointed for a further term, subject to their election by the Members in accordance with Article 28.3. For avoidance of doubt, appointment of a Trustee to the role of Chair in accordance with Article 9.1 may be considered to be an exceptional circumstance where the Trustees consider that it would be in the best interests of the Charity for such a Trustee to continue on the Board for a further term in order to fulfil the role of Chair.

28.13 For the purposes of Articles 28.11 and 28.12 a term of office shall not include a term for which the Trustee was co-opted to the board by the Trustees in accordance with Article 28.4.

Minimum age

- 28.14 No person may be appointed as a Trustee unless he or she has reached the age of 18 years.

General

- 28.15 A Trustee may not appoint an alternate director or anyone to act on his or her behalf at meetings of the Trustees.

29. Disqualification and removal of Trustees

- 29.1 A Trustee shall cease to hold office if:

- 29.1.1 he or she ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Act 2006, or is prohibited from being a director by law,

- 29.1.2 he or she is disqualified under the Charities Act 2011 from acting as a trustee of a charity;

- 29.1.3 the Trustees reasonably believe he or she has become physically or mentally incapable of managing his or her own affairs and they resolve that he or she be removed from office;

- 29.1.4 notification is received by the Charity from him or her that he or she is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms (but only if at least seven Trustees will remain in office when such resignation has taken effect);

- 29.1.5 he or she fails to attend three consecutive meetings of the Trustees and the Trustees resolve that he or she be removed for this reason;

- 29.1.6 at a general meeting of the Charity, a resolution is passed by the Members of the Charity that he or she be removed from office, provided the meeting has invited his or her views and considered the matter in the light of such views; or

- 29.1.7 at a meeting of the Trustees at which at least half of the Trustees are present, a resolution is passed that he or she be removed from office. Such a resolution shall not be passed unless he or she has been given at least 14 Clear Days' notice that the resolution is to be proposed, specifying the circumstances alleged to justify removal from office, and has been afforded a reasonable opportunity of either (at his or her option) being heard by or of making written representations to the Trustees

PATRONS AND PRESIDENTS

30. Patrons

The Trustees may appoint and remove any individual(s) as patron(s) of the Charity on such terms as they shall think fit. A patron (if not a member) shall have the right to be given notice of, to attend and speak (but not vote) at any general meeting of the Charity and shall also have the right to receive accounts of the Charity when available to members.

31. President and Vice-President

The Trustees may appoint may appoint and remove any individual as president of the Charity and any individual(s) as vice-president(s) on such terms as they shall think fit. A president or vice-president (if not a member) shall have the right to be given notice of, to attend and speak (but not vote) at any general meeting of the Charity and shall also have the right to receive accounts of the Charity when available to members.

MEMBERS

BECOMING AND CEASING TO BE A MEMBER

32. *Becoming a member*

- 32.1 The members of the Charity shall be the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association of the Charity and such other persons as are admitted to membership by the Trustees in accordance with the Articles.
- 32.2 With the exception of the subscribers to the Memorandum, no person may become a member of the Charity unless:
- 32.2.1 that person has applied for membership in a manner approved by the Trustees; and
- 32.2.2 the Trustees have approved the application. The Trustees may in their absolute discretion decline to accept any person as a member and need not give reasons for so doing.
- 32.3 Membership of the Charity is open to any individual (over 18 years of age) or any organisation interested in promoting the Objects, but the Trustees will not be obliged to accept persons fulfilling those criteria as members. The Trustees may from time to time prescribe such additional criteria for membership as they see fit.

Unincorporated organisations

- 32.4 An organisation admitted to membership which is unincorporated shall be a member through the person of its nominated representative from time to time. Every such organisation must notify the Charity in writing of the name of its nominated representative and may, subject to the Trustees' right to decline to accept any person as a member, replace such nominated representative at any time by giving notice to the Charity. The membership rights may be exercised by the nominated representative or by the organisation which he or she represents.

Corporate Members

- 32.5 An organisation admitted to membership which is an incorporated body ("a Corporate Member") may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise a person or persons to act as its authorised representative or representatives at any meeting of the Charity. Evidence of the appointment of the representative must be provided in the form of:
- 32.5.1 an original or certified copy of the resolution of the directors or other governing body of the Corporate Member;
- 32.5.2 a letter confirming the appointment of the representative on the letterhead of the Corporate Member signed by a duly authorised individual and submitted with evidence of the authority under which it was signed; or

32.5.3 such other form as the Trustees may reasonably require.

32.6 A person authorised under Article 32.5 may exercise (on behalf of the Corporate Member) the same powers as the Corporate Member could exercise if it were an individual member.

Subscriptions

32.7 The Trustees may at their discretion levy subscriptions on members of the Charity at such rate or rates as they shall decide.

Register of members

32.8 The names of the members of the Charity must be entered in the register of members which shall include, where relevant, details of the nominated representative which is a member of the Charity on behalf of an unincorporated organisation under Article 32.4.

33. Termination of membership

33.1 Subject to Article 32.4, Membership is not transferable.

33.2 A member shall cease to be a member:

33.2.1 if the member, being an individual, dies;

33.2.2 if the member is a member on behalf of an unincorporated organisation under Article 32.4 and the unincorporated organisation ceases to exist;

33.2.3 if the member, being a Corporate Member, goes into liquidation other than for the purpose of a solvent reconstruction or amalgamation, has an administrator or a receiver or an administrative receiver appointed over all or any part of its assets, or has an order made or a resolution passed for its winding up;

33.2.4 on the expiry of at least seven Clear Days' notice given by the member to the Charity of his, her or its intention to withdraw;

33.2.5 if any subscription or other sum payable by the member to the Charity is not paid on the due date and remains unpaid at the end of the period of six calendar months beginning with the due date. The Trustees may re-admit to membership any person who ceases to be a member on this ground on him, her or it paying the amounts due; or

33.2.6 if, at a meeting of the Trustees at which at least half of the Trustees are present, a resolution is passed resolving that the member be expelled on the ground that his, her or its continued membership is harmful to or is likely to become harmful to the interests of the Charity. Such a resolution may not be passed unless the member has been given at least 14 Clear Days' notice that the resolution is to be proposed, specifying the circumstances alleged to justify expulsion, and has been afforded a reasonable opportunity of being heard by or of making written representations to the Trustees. A member expelled by such a resolution shall nevertheless remain liable to pay to the Charity any subscription or other sum owed by him, her or it.

34. Categories of membership

34.1 Subject to Article 34.2, the Trustees may establish such different categories of membership as they think fit. The Trustees may, at their discretion, impose different subscriptions and confer different benefits on different membership categories and may, at their discretion, alter such benefits and subscriptions at any time.

34.2 The Trustees may not create different classes of members with different rights within the meaning of those parts of the Companies Acts which deal with class rights.

35. Associate members

The Trustees may establish such classes of associate membership with such description and with such rights and obligations (including without limitation the obligation to pay a subscription) as they think fit and may admit and remove such associate members in accordance with such regulations as the Trustees shall make, provided that no such associate members shall be members of the Charity for the purposes of the Articles or the Companies Acts.

ORGANISATION OF GENERAL MEETINGS

36. Annual general meetings

36.1 The Charity may hold an annual general meeting within 18 months of incorporation and afterwards once in every calendar year. It shall be held at such time and place as the Trustees think fit.

37. Other General meetings

37.1 The Trustees may call a general meeting at any time.

37.2 The Trustees must call a general meeting if required to do so by the members under the Companies Acts.

38. Length of notice

38.1 All general meetings must be called by either:

38.1.1 at least 14 Clear Days' notice; or

38.1.2 shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at that meeting. Any such majority must together represent at least 90% of the total voting rights at that meeting of all the members.

39. Contents of notice

39.1 Every notice calling a general meeting must specify the place, day and time of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted.

39.2 If a special resolution is to be proposed, the notice must include the proposed resolution and specify that it is proposed as a special resolution.

39.3 In every notice calling a meeting of the Charity there must appear with reasonable prominence a statement informing the member of his, her or its rights to appoint another person as his, her or its proxy at a meeting of the Charity.

39.4 If the Charity gives an electronic Address in a notice calling a meeting, it will be deemed to have agreed that any Document or information relating to proceedings at the meeting may be sent by Electronic Means to that Address (subject to any conditions or limitations specified in the notice).

40 **Service of notice**

Notice of general meetings must be given to every member, to the Trustees, to any patron(s) and to the auditors of the Charity.

41. **Attendance and speaking at general meetings**

41.1 A person is able to exercise the right to speak at a general meeting when that person is in a position to communicate to all those attending the meeting, during the meeting, any information or opinions which that person has on the business of the meeting.

41.2 A person is able to exercise the right to vote at a general meeting when:

41.2.1 that person is able to vote, during the meeting, on resolutions put to the vote at the meeting; and

41.2.2 that person's vote can be taken into account in determining whether or not such resolutions are passed at the same time as the votes of all the other persons attending the meeting.

41.3 The Trustees may make whatever arrangements they consider appropriate to enable those attending a general meeting to exercise their rights to speak or vote at it.

41.4 In determining attendance at a general meeting, it is immaterial whether any two or more members attending it are in the same place as each other.

41.5 Two or more persons who are not in the same place as each other attend a general meeting if their circumstances are such that if they have (or were to have) rights to speak and vote at that meeting, they are (or would be) able to exercise them.

42. **Quorum for general meetings**

42.1 No business (other than the appointment of the chair of the meeting) may be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum is present.

42.2 The quorum shall be twenty five persons entitled to vote on the business to be transacted (each being a member, an authorised representative of a Corporate Member or a proxy for a member).

42.3 If two or more persons are authorised representatives of the same Corporate Member they shall together count as one person for the purposes of Article 42.2.

- 42.4 If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting:
- 42.4.1 the chair of the meeting may adjourn the meeting to such day, time and place (within 14 days of the original meeting) as he or she thinks fit; and
- 42.4.2 failing adjournment by the chair of the meeting, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or to such day (within 14 days of the original meeting), time and place as the Trustees may determine, and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting those present and entitled to vote shall be a quorum.

43. Chairing general meetings

- 43.1 The Chair (if any) or in his or her absence some other Trustee nominated by the Trustees shall preside as chair of every general meeting.
- 43.2 If neither the Chair nor any Trustee nominated in accordance with Article 43 1 is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Trustees present shall elect one of their number to chair the meeting and, if there is only one Trustee present and willing to act, he or she shall be chair of the meeting.
- 43 3 If no Trustee is present and willing to act as chair of the meeting within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present in person, or via their authorised representative if a Corporate Member, or by proxy and entitled to vote must choose one of the members or authorised representatives of Corporate Members present in person to be chair of the meeting. For the avoidance of doubt, a proxy holder who is not a member entitled to vote shall not be entitled to be appointed chair of the meeting under this Article 43.3.
- 43.4 In the case of an equality of votes on any resolution of the Members at a General Meeting, the Chair of the meeting shall be entitled to a second or casting vote

44. Attendance and speaking by Trustees, patrons and non-members

- 44.1 Trustees may attend and speak at general meetings, whether or not they are members.
- 44.2 Patrons may attend and speak at general meetings, whether or not they are members.
- 44.3 The chair of the meeting may permit other persons who are not members of the Charity (or otherwise entitled to exercise the rights of members in relation to general meetings) to attend and speak at a general meeting.

45. Adjournment

- 45.1 The chair of the meeting may adjourn a general meeting at which a quorum is present if:
- 45.1.1 the meeting consents to an adjournment; or
- 45.1.2 it appears to the chair of the meeting that an adjournment is necessary to protect the safety of any person attending the meeting or ensure that the business of the meeting is conducted in an orderly manner.

- 45.2 The chair of the meeting must adjourn a general meeting if directed to do so by the meeting.
- 45.3 When adjourning a general meeting, the chair of the meeting must:
 - 45.3.1 either specify the time and place to which it is adjourned or state that it is to continue at a time and place to be fixed by the Trustees; and
 - 45.3.2 have regard to any directions as to the time and place of any adjournment which have been given by the meeting.
- 45.4 If the continuation of an adjourned meeting is to take place more than 14 days after it was adjourned, the Charity must give at least 7 Clear Days' notice of it:
 - 45.4.1 to the same persons to whom notice of the Charity's general meetings is required to be given; and
 - 45.4.2 containing the same information which such notice is required to contain.
- 45.5 No business may be transacted at an adjourned general meeting which could not properly have been transacted at the meeting if the adjournment had not taken place.

VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS

46 Voting: general

- 46.1 A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is duly demanded in accordance with the Articles
- 46.2 On a vote on a resolution at a meeting on a show of hands, unless a poll is duly demanded, a declaration by the chair of the meeting that the resolution:
 - 46.2.1 has or has not been passed, or
 - 46.2.2 passed with a particular majority;
 is conclusive evidence of that fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution. An entry in respect of such a declaration in minutes of the meeting recorded in accordance with Article 59 is also conclusive evidence of that fact without such proof.

47 Votes

Votes on a show of hands

- 47.1 On a vote on a resolution which is carried out by a show of hands, the following persons have one vote each:
 - 47.1.1 each member present in person, and
 - 47.1.2 (subject to Article 52.3) each proxy present who has been duly appointed by one or more persons entitled to vote on the resolution; and
 - 47.1.3 each authorised representative of a Corporate Member present;

provided that if a person attending the meeting falls within two or more of the above categories, he or she is not entitled to cast more than one vote but shall instead have a maximum of one vote.

Votes on a poll

47.2 On a vote on a resolution which is carried out by a poll, the following persons have one vote each:

47.2.1 every member present in person; and

47.2.2 every member present by proxy (subject to Article 52.3); and

47.2.3 every authorised representative of a Corporate Member (subject to Article 47.3) present

47.3 On a vote on a resolution at a meeting which is carried out by a poll, if more than one authorised representative of a Corporate Member purports to vote on behalf of the same Corporate Member:

47.3.1 if they purport to vote in the same way, they will be treated as having cast one vote between them; and

47.3.2 if they purport to vote in different ways they are treated as not having voted

48. Errors and disputes

48.1 No objection may be raised to the qualification of any person voting at a general meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting is valid.

48.2 Any such objection must be referred to the chair of the meeting whose decision is final.

49. Poll votes

49.1 A poll on a resolution may be demanded:

49.1.1 in advance of the general meeting where it is to be put to the vote; or

49.1.2 at a general meeting, either before a show of hands on that resolution or immediately after the result of a show of hands on that resolution is declared.

49.2 A poll may be demanded by:

49.2.1 the chair of the meeting;

49.2.2 the Trustees;

49.2.3 two or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution,

49.2.4 any person, who, by virtue of being appointed proxy or authorised representative of a Corporate Member for one or more members having the right to vote on the resolution, holds two or more votes; or

49.2.5 a person or persons representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote on the resolution.

49.3 A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if:

49.3.1 the poll has not yet been taken; and

49.3.2 the chair of the meeting consents to the withdrawal.

50 **Procedure on a poll**

50.1 Subject to the Articles, polls at general meetings must be taken when, where and in such manner as the chair of the meeting directs

Results

50.2 The chair of the meeting may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and decide how and when the result of the poll is to be declared.

50.3 The result of a poll shall be the decision of the meeting in respect of the resolution on which the poll was demanded.

Timing

50.4 A poll on:

50.4.1 the election of the chair of the meeting; or

50.4.2 a question of adjournment,
must be taken immediately.

50.5 Other polls must be taken within 30 days of their being demanded.

50.6 A demand for a poll does not prevent a general meeting from continuing, except as regards the question on which the poll was demanded.

Notice

50.7 No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded

50.8 In any other case, at least 7 days' notice must be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken

51. **Proxies**

Power to appoint

51.1 A member (including a Corporate Member) is entitled to appoint another person as his, her or its proxy to exercise all or any of his, her or its rights to attend and speak and vote at a meeting of the Charity. A proxy must vote in accordance with any instructions given by the member by whom the proxy is appointed.

Manner of appointment

- 51.2 Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in Writing (a "Proxy Notice") which:
 - 51.2.1 states the name and address of the member appointing the proxy;
 - 51.2.2 identifies the person appointed to be that member's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed;
 - 51.2.3 is signed by or on behalf of the member appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the Trustees may determine; and
 - 51.2.4 is delivered to the Charity in accordance with the Articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate.
- 51.3 A proxy for a member representing an unincorporated organisation under Article 32.4 may be appointed by the member or by the organisation which he or she represents
- 51.4 The Charity may require Proxy Notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes.
- 51.5 Proxy Notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions.
- 51.6 Unless a Proxy Notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as:
 - 51.6.1 allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting; and
 - 51.6.2 appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself.

52. Delivery of Proxy Notices

- 52.1 The Proxy Notification Address in relation to any general meeting is:
 - 52.1.1 the registered office of the Charity; or
 - 52.1.2 any other Address or Addresses specified by the Charity as an Address at which the Charity or its agents will receive Proxy Notices relating to that meeting, or any adjournment of it, delivered in Hard Copy Form or Electronic Form; or
 - 52.1.3 any electronic Address falling within the scope of Article 52.2.
- 52.2 If the Charity gives an electronic Address:
 - 52.2.1 in a notice calling a meeting;
 - 52.2.2 in an instrument of proxy sent out by it in relation to the meeting; or
 - 52.2.3 in an invitation to appoint a proxy issued by it in relation to the meeting;

it will be deemed to have agreed that any Document or information relating to proxies for that meeting may be sent by Electronic Means to that Address (subject to any conditions or limitations specified in the notice). In this Article 52.2, Documents relating to proxies include the appointment of a proxy in relation to a meeting, any document necessary to show the validity of, or otherwise relating to, the appointment of a proxy, and notice of the termination of the authority of a proxy.

Attendance of member

- 52.3 A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting (including an authorised representative of a Corporate Member) remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid Proxy Notice has been delivered to the Charity by or on behalf of that person (or the Corporate Member which they represent). If the person casts a vote in such circumstances, any vote cast by the proxy appointed under the Proxy Notice is not valid.

Timing

- 52.4 Subject to Articles 52.5 and 52.6, a Proxy Notice must be received at a Proxy Notification Address not less than 48 hours before the general meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates.
- 52.5 In the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, the Proxy Notice must be received at a Proxy Notification Address not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll
- 52.6 In the case of a poll not taken during the meeting but taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, the Proxy Notice must be:
- 52.6.1 received in accordance with Article 52.4, or
- 52.6.2 given to the chair, Secretary (if any) or any Trustee at the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

Interpretation

- 52.7 Saturdays, Sundays, and Public Holidays are not counted when calculating the 48 hour and 24 hour periods referred to in this Article 52.

Revocation

- 52.8 An appointment under a Proxy Notice may be revoked by delivering a notice in Writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the Proxy Notice was given to a Proxy Notification Address
- 52.9 A notice revoking the appointment of a proxy only takes effect if it is received before:
- 52.9.1 the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates; or
- 52.9.2 (in the case of a poll not taken on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll to which it relates.

Execution

- 52.10 If a Proxy Notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf.

53. Amendments to resolutions

- 53.1 An ordinary resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution if:
- 53.1.1 notice of the proposed amendment is given to the Charity in Writing by a person entitled to vote at the general meeting at which it is to be proposed not less than 48 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays) before the meeting is to take place (or such later time as the chair of the meeting may decide); and
- 53.1.2 the proposed amendment does not, in the reasonable opinion of the chair of the meeting, materially alter the scope of the resolution.
- 53.2 A special resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution, if:
- 53.2.1 the chair of the meeting proposes the amendment at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed, and
- 53.2.2 the amendment does not go beyond what is necessary to correct a grammatical or other non-substantive error in the resolution.
- 53.3 If the chair of the meeting, acting in good faith, wrongly decides that an amendment to a resolution is out of order, the chair's error does not invalidate the vote on that resolution.

WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

54. Written resolutions

General

- 54.1 Subject to this Article 54 a written resolution agreed by:
- 54.1.1 members representing a simple majority; or
- 54.1.2 (in the case of a special resolution) members representing not less than 75%;
of the total voting rights of eligible members shall be effective.
- 54.2 On a written resolution each member shall have one vote.
- 54.3 A written resolution is not a special resolution unless it stated that it was proposed as a special resolution.
- 54.4 A members' resolution under the Companies Acts removing a Trustee or auditor before the expiry of his or her term of office may not be passed as a written resolution.

Circulation

- 54.5 A copy of the proposed written resolution must be sent to every eligible member together with a statement informing the member how to signify his, her or its agreement and the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not to lapse.
- 54.6 In relation to a resolution proposed as a written resolution of the Charity the eligible members are the members who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the Circulation Date of the resolution.
- 54.7 The required majority of eligible members must signify their agreement to the written resolution within the period of 28 days beginning with the Circulation Date.
- 54.8 Communications in relation to written resolutions must be sent to the Charity's auditors in accordance with the Companies Acts.

Signifying agreement

- 54.9 A member signifies his, her or its agreement to a proposed written resolution when the Charity receives from him, her or it (or from someone acting on his, her or its behalf) an authenticated Document.
- 54.9.1 identifying the resolution to which it relates; and
- 54.9.2 indicating the member's agreement to the resolution.
- 54.10 For the purposes of Article 54.9:
- 54.10.1 a Document sent or supplied in Hard Copy Form is sufficiently authenticated if it is signed by the person sending or supplying it; and
- 54.10.2 a Document sent or supplied in Electronic Form is sufficiently authenticated if:
- (a) the identity of the sender is confirmed in a manner specified by the Charity; or
 - (b) where no such manner has been specified by the Charity, if the communication contains or is accompanied by a statement of the identity of the sender and the Charity has no reason to doubt the truth of that statement.
- 54.11 If the Charity gives an electronic Address in any Document containing or accompanying a written resolution, it will be deemed to have agreed that any Document or information relating to that resolution may be sent by Electronic Means to that Address (subject to any conditions or limitations specified in the Document).

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS

55. Communications by the Charity

Methods of communication

- 55.1 Subject to the Articles and the Companies Acts, any Document or information (including any notice, report or accounts) sent or supplied by the Charity under the Articles or the Companies Acts may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006

provides for Documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by the Charity, including without limitation:

- 55.1.1 in Hard Copy Form;
 - 55.1.2 in Electronic Form; or
 - 55.1.3 by making it available on a website.
- 55.2 Where a Document or information which is required or authorised to be sent or supplied by the Charity under the Companies Acts is sent or supplied in Electronic Form or by making it available on a website, the recipient must have agreed that it may be sent or supplied in that form or manner or be deemed to have so agreed under the Companies Acts (and not revoked that agreement). Where any other Document or information is sent or supplied in Electronic Form or made available on a website the Trustees may decide what agreement (if any) is required from the recipient
- 55.3 Subject to the Articles, any notice or Document to be sent or supplied to a Trustee in connection with the taking of decisions by Trustees may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that Trustee has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or Documents for the time being.

Deemed delivery

- 55.4 A member present in person or by proxy or via their authorised representative if a Corporate Member at a meeting of the Charity shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and the purposes for which it was called
- 55.5 Where any Document or information is sent or supplied by the Charity to the members:
- 55.5.1 where it is sent by post it is deemed to have been received 48 hours (including Saturdays, Sundays, and Public Holidays) after it was posted,
 - 55.5.2 where it is sent or supplied by Electronic Means, it is deemed to have been received on the same day that it was sent;
 - 55.5.3 where it is sent or supplied by means of a website, it is deemed to have been received:
 - (a) when the material was first made available on the website; or
 - (b) if later, when the recipient received (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material was available on the website.
- 55.6 Subject to the Companies Acts, a Trustee or any other person (other than in their capacity as a member) may agree with the Charity that notices or Documents sent to that person in a particular way are deemed to have been received within a specified time, and for the specified time to be less than 48 hours.

Failed delivery

- 55.7 Where any Document or information has been sent or supplied by the Charity by Electronic Means and the Charity receives notice that the message is undeliverable:

- 55.7.1 if the Document or information has been sent to a member or Trustee and is notice of a general meeting of the Charity, the Charity is under no obligation to send a Hard Copy of the Document or information to the member's or Trustee's postal address as shown in the Charity's register of members or Trustees, but may in its discretion choose to do so;
- 55.7.2 in all other cases, the Charity shall send a Hard Copy of the Document or information to the member's postal address as shown in the Charity's register of members (if any), or in the case of a recipient who is not a member, to the last known postal address for that person (if any); and
- 55.7.3 the date of service or delivery of the Documents or information shall be the date on which the original electronic communication was sent, notwithstanding the subsequent sending of Hard Copies.

Exceptions

- 55.8 Copies of the Charity's annual accounts and reports need not be sent to a person for whom the Charity does not have a current Address.
- 55.9 Notices of general meetings need not be sent to a member who does not register an Address with the Charity, or who registers only a postal address outside the United Kingdom, or to a member for whom the Charity does not have a current Address.

56. Communications to the Charity

The provisions of the Companies Acts shall apply to communications to the Charity.

57. Secretary

- 57.1 A Secretary may be appointed by the Trustees for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and may be removed by them. If there is no Secretary:
- 57.1.1 anything authorised or required to be given or sent to, or served on, the Charity by being sent to its Secretary may be given or sent to, or served on, the Charity itself, and if addressed to the Secretary shall be treated as addressed to the Charity ; and
- 57.1.2 anything else required or authorised to be done by or to the Secretary of the Charity may be done by or to a Trustee, or a person authorised generally or specifically in that behalf by the Trustees.

58. Irregularities

The proceedings at any meeting or on the taking of any poll or the passing of a written resolution or the making of any decision shall not be invalidated by reason of any accidental informality or irregularity (including any accidental omission to give or any non-receipt of notice) or any want of qualification in any of the persons present or voting or by reason of any business being considered which is not specified in the notice.

59 Minutes

59.1 The Trustees must ensure minutes are made:

59.1.1 of all appointments of officers made by the Trustees;

59.1.2 of all resolutions of the Charity and of the Trustees (including, without limitation, decisions of the Trustees made without a meeting); and

59.1.3 of all proceedings at meetings of the Charity and of the Trustees, and of committees of Trustees, including the names of the Trustees present at each such meeting,

and any such minute, if purported to be signed (or in the case of minutes of Trustees' meetings signed or authenticated) by the chair of the meeting at which the proceedings were had, or by the chair of the next succeeding meeting, shall, as against any member or Trustees of the Charity, be sufficient evidence of the proceedings.

60. Records and accounts

60.1 The Trustees shall comply with the requirements of the Companies Acts and of the Charities Act 2011 as to maintaining a members' register, keeping financial records, the audit or examination of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies and the Charity Commission of:

60.1.1 annual reports;

60.1.2 annual statements of account; and

60.1.3 annual returns or confirmation statements

60.2 Except as provided by law or authorised by the Trustees or an ordinary resolution of the Charity, no person is entitled to inspect any of the Charity's accounting or other records or Documents merely by virtue of being a member.

61. Exclusion of model articles

The relevant model articles for a company limited by guarantee are hereby expressly excluded.

WINDING UP

62. Dissolution

62.1 If the Charity is dissolved, the assets (if any) remaining after provision has been made for all its debts and liabilities must not be paid to or distributed among the Members, but must be applied or transferred to one or more other bodies established for exclusively charitable purposes within, the same as or similar to the Objects, and if that cannot be done, then to some other charitable object.

62.2 A final report and statement of account must be sent to the Commission.

Schedule 1 - Interpretation and Defined Terms

1. In the Articles, unless the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

	Term	Meaning
1.1	“Address”	includes a postal or physical address and a number or address used for the purposes of sending or receiving Documents or information by Electronic Means;
1.2	“Articles”	the Charity’s articles of association;
1.3	“Beneficiaries”	means people who are deaf or hard of hearing (which expression applies to all those whose hearing is significantly impaired);
1.4	“Chair”	has the meaning given in Article 9;
1.5	“Charity”	The Royal National Institute for Deaf People;
1.6	“Circulation Date”	in relation to a written resolution, has the meaning given to it in the Companies Acts;
1.7	“Clear Days”	in relation to the period of a notice, that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;
1.8	“Companies Acts”	the Companies Acts (as defined in Section 2 of the Companies Act 2006), in so far as they apply to the Charity;
1.9	“Corporate Member”	has the meaning given in Article 32.5;
1.10	“Document”	includes summons, notice, order or other legal process and registers and includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in Electronic Form;
1.11	“Electronic Form” and “Electronic Means”	have the meanings respectively given to them in Section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006;
1.12	“Financial Expert”	an individual, company or firm who, or which, is authorised to give investment advice under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000;
1.13	“Hard Copy” and “Hard Copy Form”	have the meanings respectively given to them in the Companies Act 2006;
1.14	“Proxy Notice”	has the meaning given in Article 51,

-
- | | | |
|------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1.15 | “Proxy Notification Address” | has the meaning given in Article 52, |
| 1.16 | “Public Holiday” | means Christmas Day, Good Friday and any day that is a bank holiday under the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971 in the part of the United Kingdom where the company is registered; |
| 1.17 | “Secretary” | the secretary of the Charity (if any); |
| 1.18 | “Trustee” | a director of the Charity, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called; and |
| 1.19 | “Writing” | the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in Electronic Form or otherwise. |
-
- | | |
|----|--|
| 2. | Subject to paragraph 3 of this Schedule, any reference in the Articles to an enactment includes a reference to that enactment as re-enacted or amended from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it. |
| 3. | Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in the Articles which are not defined in paragraph 1 above bear the same meaning as in the Companies Act 2006 as in force on the date when the Articles became binding on the Charity. |