Registration number: 00447296

Airways Aero Associations Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017



Grenfell James Audit LLP 13 The Courtyard Timothys Bridge Road Stratford Upon Avon Warwickshire CV37 9NP

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Airways Aero Associations Limited Company Information

Directors

Mr S Anderson-Brown

Mr C E W Peel Mrs A M Sarney Mr D E S Sarney

Company secretary Mr S A Bonney

Registered office

Wycombe Air Park

Booker Marlow

Buckinghamshire

SL7 3DP

Auditors

Grenfell James Audit LLP

13 The Courtyard Timothys Bridge Road Stratford Upon Avon

Warwickshire CV37 9NP

Airways Aero Associations Limited Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company was non-scheduled Passenger Air Transport however the award of the 50 year lease of Wycombe Airpark means that this assumption is no longer correct. The principle activity is now defined as:

Aviation Training, Airfield Operation and management and Non-Scheduled Passenger Air Transport

Fair review of the business

AAA has produced a strong performance as demonstrated by maintaining a consistent operating EBITDA of £172,816 in line with previous years. This is because of our continuing investment strategy in aircraft, people and infrastructure, allowing the company to expand its training and airfield operations.

Continued future growth is expected from

- As well as hosting the UK's biggest light Aviation Show the Airfield now host a major lifestyle show attracting many new potential customers to light aviation
- The award of the exclusive Piper Aircraft distribution to parent company BEA
- The award of an additional University Training Contract

The improved profit and strengthened balance sheet have resulted in AAA having a secure future of growth supported by very low company gearing:

Gearing ratio (Borrowing as a percentage of Assets): 1.03%

Principal risks and uncertainties

Whilst weather and the economic climate still play a large part in company performance, the effects have been mitigated by investing in areas of the business such as hangarage, ATPL ground school training and simulators, which can assist in offsetting the vagaries of the weather.

Additionally, our program of accelerated debt repayment has resulted in a reduction of fixed operating costs

Approved by the Board on 24 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:



Director

Airways Aero Associations Limited Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

Mr S Anderson-Brown

Mr C E W Peel

Mrs A M Sarney

Mr D E S Sarney

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

Reappointment of auditors

In accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution for the re-appointment of Grenfell James Audit LLP as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board on 24 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:



Mr S Anderson-Brown Director

Airways Aero Associations Limited

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Airways Aero Associations Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Airways Aero Associations Limited for the year ended 31 December 2017, set out on pages 6 to 18. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Parl 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the (set out on page), the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Airways Aero Associations Limited

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Mr E G D James (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Grenfell James Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor

13 The Courtyard Timothys Bridge Road Stratford Upon Avon Warwickshire CV37 9NP

Date: VS Sixter 2018

Airways Aero Associations Limited Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover		2,899,178	2,945,605
Cost of sales		(1,700,205)	(1,776,939)
Gross profit		1,198,973	1,168,666
Administrative expenses		(1,026,157)	(994,819)
EBITDA		172,816	173,847
Depreciation and amortisation		(90,384)	(65,289)
Operating profit	3	82,432	108,558
Gain on revaluation of investment property		-	2,045,000
Interest payable and similar expenses	4	(6,454)	(11,396)
		(6,454)	2,033,604
Profit before tax		75,978	2,142,162
Taxation	7	(8,141)	(301,767)
Profit for the financial year		67,837	1,840,395

Notes

Investment property was valued on an open market basis on 14 December 2016 by Savills (UK) resulting in a gain of £2,045,000.

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	2017 £	2016 £
Profit for the year	67,837	1,840,395
Surplus/(deficit) on property, plant and equipment revaluation	-	21,363
Surplus/(deficit) on revaluation of other assets	2,395	3,726,014
	2,395	3,747,377
Total comprehensive income for the year	70,232	5,587,772

(Registration number: 00447296) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
	Note	T.	E
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	8	461	3,227
Tangible assets	9	5,307,347	5,200,045
Investment property	10	2,045,000	2,045,000
		7,352,808	7,248,272
Current assets			
Stocks	11	151,813	95,610
Debtors	12	558,996	562,145
Cash at bank and in hand		43,071	73,298
		753,880	731,053
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13	(1,194,183)	(929,619)
Net current liabilities		(440,303)	(198,566)
Total assets less current liabilities		6,912,505	7,049,706
Creditors : Amounts falling due after more than one year	13	(28,783)	(93,285)
Provisions for liabilities		(1,274,105)	(1,277,035)
Net assets		5,609,617	5,679,386
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Revaluation reserve		3,833,040	3,852,008
Profit and loss account		1,776,477	1,827,278
Total equity		5,609,617	5,679,386

Approved and authorised by the Board on 24 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:



Mr S Anderson-Brown Director

Airways Aero Associations Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Share capital £	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 January 2017	100	3,830,645	1,848,640	5,679,385
Profit for the year	-	-	67,837	67,837
Other comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	2,395	<u> </u>	
Total comprehensive income Dividends	- 	2,395	67,837 (140,000)	70,232 (140,000)
At 31 December 2017	100	3,833,040	1,776,477	5,609,617

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Wycombe Air Park

Booker

....

Marlow

Buckinghamshire

SL7 3DP

England

The principal place of business is:

Wycombe Air Park

Booker

Marlow

Buckinghamshire

SL7 3DP

England

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemption in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

• the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

Tangible assets

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Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Short leasehold Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings

Aircraft

Depreciation method and rate

5 - 27 years on period of lease

2 - 10 years straight line

3 - 5 years straight line

Straight line over 5 years

Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value, derived from the current market prices for comparable real estate determined annually by external valuers. The valuers use observable market prices, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Goodwill

Positive goodwill is capitalised, classified as an asset on the Statement of Financial Position and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. It is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class

Goodwill

Amortisation method and rate

5 years straight line

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Borrowings

All borrowing costs are recognised in the profit and loss account in the period in which they are incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

Leases

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Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Dividends

DIvidend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Financial instruments

Classification

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Recognition and measurement

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the best estimate, which is an approximation, of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

3 Operating profit

Arrived at after charging/(crediting)

	2017 £	2016 £
Depreciation expense	87,618	62,523
Amortisation expense	2,766	2,766
Operating lease expense - property	159,374	173,015
4 Interest payable and similar expenses		
	2017	2016
Interest on bank overdrafts and borrowings	£ 6,454	£ 11,396

5 Staff costs

The aggregate payroll costs (including directors' remuneration) were as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Wages and salaries	846,962	803,352
Social security costs	84,580	80,153
Pension costs, defined contribution scheme	6,772	4,005
Other employee expense	7,479	15,700
	945,793	903,210

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category was as follows:

	2017 No.	2016 No.
Directors	6	6
Engineering staff	7	3
Admin staff	24	25
Pilots	28	23
	65	57

6 Directors' remuneration

The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Remuneration	133,227	129,576

7 Taxation

Tax charged/(credited) in the income statement

	2017 £	2016 £
Deferred taxation		
Arising from changes in tax rates and laws	8,141	301,767

Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Tax relating to items recognised in other comprehensive inco	me or equity	
	2017	2016
	£	£

Deferred tax related to items recognised as items of other comprehensive income 2,395 3,845

8 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		. Para la
At 1 January 2017	13,830	13,830
At 31 December 2017	13,830	13,830
Amortisation At 1 January 2017 Amortisation charge	10,603 	10,603 2,766
At 31 December 2017	13,369	13,369
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2017	461	461
At 31 December 2016	3,227	3,227

9 Tangible assets

	Short leasehold £	Long leasehold £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Plant and machinery £	Aircraft £	Total £
Cost or valuation	1					
At 1 January 2017 Additions	3,988,175 87,592	700,000	9,945 613	307,435 25,565	445,510 45,386	5,451,065 159,156
At 31 December 2017	4,075,767	700,000	10,558	333,000	490,896	5,610,221
Depreciation						
At 1 January 2017 Charge for the	-	-	8,179	121,784	85,297	215,260
year		_	1,150	57,448	29,016	87,614
At 31 December 2017			9,329	179,232	114,313	302,874
Carrying amount						
At 31 December 2017	4,075,767	700,000	1,229	153,768	376,583	5,307,347
At 31 December 2016	3,988,174	700,000	1,766	149,889	360,216	5,200,045

Revaluation

The Short leasehold of the company's Investment property was revalued on 14 December 2016 by an independent valuer.

Had this class of asset been measured on a historical cost basis, the carrying amount would have been £1,979,995 (2016 - £1,979,995).

10 Investment properties

	2017 £	2016 £
At 1 January	2,045,000	-
Revaluations		2,045,000
At 31 December	2,045,000	2,045,000

Investment property was valued on an open market basis on 14 December 2016 by Savills (UK) Limited.

11 Stocks

	2017 £	2016 £
Aircraft stock	-	-
Parts stock	114,360	75,696
Other stock	10,944	8,414
Work in progress	26,509	11,500
	151,813	95,610

12 Debtors

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors		144,638	295,747
Other debtors		144,164	82,567
Prepayments		145,671	100,632
Accrued income		50,000	-
Deferred tax assets	7	74,523	83,199
Total current trade and other debtors		558,996	562,145

13 Creditors

13 Cieditois			
	Note	2017 £	2016 £
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	14	55,000	55,000
Trade creditors		301,775	191,985
Amounts due to related parties	17	296,298	152,261
Social security and other taxes		55,362	82,102
Other payables		319,347	226,900
Accrued expenses		166,401	221,371
		1,194,183	929,619
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	14	13,750	68,750
Other non-current financial liabilities		15,033	24,535
		28,783	93,285
14 Loans and borrowings			
		2017 £	2016 £
Non-current loans and borrowings			
Other borrowings		13,750	68,750
		2017	2016
		£	£
Current loans and borrowings Other borrowings		55,000	55,000

Included within other creditors is a loan of £68,750 from Silton Investments Limited, split between £55,000 (2016: £55,000) payable within one year and £13,750 (2016: £68,750) payable after more than one year. This loan is secured by a way of a fixed charge over the aircraft owned by the company including all the rights, title, interest and benefit in and to them.

On 29 April 2015 the company entered into a cross-guarantee with its fellow subsidiary Heli Air Limited, in favour of Barclays Bank PLC, as a security for the liabilities of both companies. The guarantee is secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over the assets of both companies.

15 Obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts

Operating leases

The total of future minimum lease payments is as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Not later than one year	150,569	133,844
Later than one year and not later than five years	860,990	830,738
Later than five years	7,412,541	7,556,758
	8,424,100	8,521,340

The amount of non-cancellable operating lease payments recognised as an expense during the year was £159,374 (2016 - £173,015).

16 Dividends

Final dividends paid

	2017 £	2016 £
Final dividend of £1,400.00 (2016 - £Nil) per each Ordinary	140,000	<u> </u>

17 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Other related party transactions

During the year the company made the following related party transactions:

Silton Investments Limited

A company controlled by Mr C Peel and his family.

The company paid interest to Silton Investments Limited of £6,454 (2016: £11,624) in respect of a loan advanced in the prior period. At the statement of financial position date the amount due to Silton Investments Limited was £ 68,750 (2016: £123,750).

18 Relationship between entity and parents

British European Aviation Limited is regarded by the directors as being the company's ultimate parent company.