# Buhler Sortex Limited (Formerly Sortex Limited)

**Report and Accounts** 

2006

(Company number 434274)

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<b>Buhler Sortex Limited (Formerly Sortex Limited)</b> Registration No 434274		
DIRECTORS	B Mendler (Chairman) C D Chaffers	
	H Kefayati A J Hillary B G M Klishaw	

N H Wilson C A Gunawardena N J Wilkins

SECRETARY

N H Wilson

REGISTERED OFFICE

Pudding Mill Lane, Stratford, London E15 2PJ

**AUDITORS** 

**Bourner Bullock Chartered Accountants** Sovereign House

Notes on the accounts

212-224 Shaftesbury avenue

London WC2H 8HQ

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### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2006

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The profit for the year after taxation amounted to £3,925,914 (2005 - Profit of £6,907,347)

During the year the directors paid a dividend of £1,500,000 in respect of 2005. The directors have recommended a final ordinary dividend of £2,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2006.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF BUSINESS DEVELOPMENTS

The company is principally engaged in the manufacture and distribution of electronic colour sorters and vision systems, and in the manufacture and installation of cleaning and sorting machinery, mainly for the food and agriculture industries

#### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The company is currently involved in the research and development of further ranges of microprocessor-based colour sorting equipment

### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

Having disposed of its headquarters in 2005 to the London Development Agency as part of the London 2012 Olympic Games, work on providing the company with a new headquaters surged ahead during the year, with the frame for the building completed and fit-out well under way by year-end. It is anticipated that the company will move into its new premises in July 2007.

The directors remain optimistic about the long term prospects for growth

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors who served during the year were as follows

C D Chaffers H Kefayati

C A Gunawardena

A J Hillary

M J Honeywood

B G M Kilshaw

**B** Mendler

N H Wilson

N J Wilkins

The directors did not have any interests in shares or debentures of the company or any other subsidiary of the ultimate holding company, or of the company's ultimate holding company during any part of the period

### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Bourner Bullock, will be proposed for reappointment as the company's auditor in accordance with section 386 Companies Act 1985

By order of the board

N H Wilson Secretary

Date 7th August 2007

# Buhler Sortex Limited (Formerly Sortex Limited) STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The directors are also responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website.

So far as each of the directors is aware at the time the report is approved

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, and the related notes 1 to 24. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or the opinions we have formed

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) as set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding director's remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material mis-statement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

### Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985

the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

BOURNER BULLOCK Bourner Bulloca
Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

Sovereign House 212-224 Shaftesbury avenue

Londan 8 August 2007

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

		Year ended 31/12/06	Year ended 31/12/05
	Note	£	Ē
TURNOVER Cost of sales	2/3	35,166,424 (25,373,050)	30,620,508 (23,242,987)
GROSS PROFIT		9,793,374	7,377,521
Distribution costs Administrative expenses Profit/(Loss) arising on exchange movements	-	(2,535,711) (1,455,252) (510,250)	(2,344,647) (1,257,418) 84,012
OPERATING PROFIT	4	5,292,161	3,859,468
Profit/(Loss) on disposal of fixed assets Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	8 9	(9,881) 235,978 (3,154)	4,037,144 21,561 (8, <u>1</u> 37)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		5,515,104	7,910,036
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	10	(1,589,190)	(1,002,689)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	_	3,925,914	6,907,347

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

A reconciliation of the movements in shareholders' funds is given in note 20

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

	Year ended 31/12/06	Year ended 31/12/05
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	3,925,914	6,907,347
Actuarial loss on defined benefit pensions (net of deferred ta	(126,000)	(305,200)
Total recognised gains relating to the year	3,799,914	6,602,147
Prior year adjustment - adoption of FRS 17	-	(626,100)
Total recognised gains since last annual report	3,799,914	5,976,047

### **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2006**

		31/12/06	31/12/06	31/12/05	31/12/05
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets Assets under Construction	12	6,108,038 5,186,624	11,294,662	6,297,187	6,297,187
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	13 14	5,492,999 10,015,642 1,609,897 17,118,538	-	4,879,391 13,212,211 715,246 18,806,848	
Creditors (amounts falling due within one year)	15	(8,337,154)		(6,678,429)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			8,781,384		12,128,419
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		-	20,076,046	-	18,425,606
Provision for liabilities and charges	16		57,054		62,580
Accruals and deferred income	17		(5,265,000)		(5,400,000)
Pension Liability	24		(821,800)		(772,800)
NET ASSETS		-	14,046,300	-	12,315,386
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital	18		1,250,000		1,250,000
Profit and loss account SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	19 20	-	12,796,300 14,046,300	-	11,065,386 12,315,386

The accounts on pages 5 to 19 were approved by the board of directors on the 7th August 2007 and are signed on its behalf by -

Bruno Mendler Chairman

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation of the accounts

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

Change in accounting policies

With effect from 1 January 2005 the company changed its accounting policy for pensions by fully adopting FRS 17 "Retirement Benefits" Accordingly, comparative figures have been restated

#### Cashflow Statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cashflow statement contained in FRS1 (Revised) since it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Buhler Holdings A G whose accounts include the company and are publicly available, see note 21

### Depreciation of fixed assets

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis at rates estimated to write off the cost of assets within their expected useful lives

The principal annual rates of depreciation employed are

Leasehold Land

- equal annual instalments over the life of the lease

Buildings

- equal annual instalments over the length

Machinery, vehicles and furniture

of the life of the building - 8 33% to 33 33%

The carrying values of fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

#### Leased Assets

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis

### Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value. Cost consists of cost of raw materials, labour and overheads attributable to production.

### Research and development

Research and development expenditure is written off in the year in which it is incurred

### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated to sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions recorded in foreign currencies are translated to sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the time of the transaction. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

### Pensions

The company operated a defined contribution scheme and a defined benefit scheme during the year, both of which required contributions to be made to separately administered funds

### Defined benefit pensions

Pension liabilities are measured at the present value in accordance with actuarial assumptions that are updated at each balance sheet date. The net pension liability or asset, after deferred tax, is recognised in the balance sheet.

Pension costs for the group's defined benefit scheme are recognised as follows

### (a) Within operating profit

- The current service cost arising from employee service in the current period,
- The prior year service cost related to employee service in prior periods arising in the current period as a result of improvements to benefits and,
- Cains and losses arising on unanticipated or curtailments where the item that gave rise to the settlement or curtailment is recognised within operating profit

### (b) Within interest payable/receivable

- The interest cost on the liabilities, calculated by reference to the scheme liabilities and discount rate at the beginning of the period and allowing for changes during the period, and
- The expected return on assets, calculated by reference to the assets and their long-term expected rate of return at the beginning of the period and allowing for changes during the period

### Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

- provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold,
- provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable, and
- deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

### **Government Grants**

Government grants in respect of capital expenditure are credited to a deferred income account and are released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the assets by equal annual instalments.

# 2. TURNOVER

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods and services supplied by the company net commission and VAT

### 3. ANALYSIS OF TURNOVER

All turnover is derived from the sale of optical separators and sorting machinery in the following geographical markets

	ronowing geographical ma	rkets	Year ended 31/12/06 £	Year ended 31/12/05 £
	United Kingdom Overseas	- -	466,341 34,700,083 35,166,424	1,041,030 29,579,478 30,620,508
4.	<b>OPERATING PROFIT</b> is state	d after charging / (crediting)	3	£
	Research & development e Depreciation of tangible fi Hire of equipment Operating leases Auditor remuneration		3,134,437 500,605 1,945 113,338 22,500 21,274	3,481,200 500,393 2,763 131,075 24,650 36,534
5.	STAFF COSTS		£	£
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs SFSS Funding	- -	5,051,440 543,302 215,387 12,000 5,822,129	5,095,448 536,220 220,603 - 5,852,271

### 6. **EMPLOYEES**

The average number of employees in the period was 166 (2005 - 179) and is analysed into the following categories

	<b>Year</b> ended 31/12/06 Number	Year ended 31/12/05 Number
Factory/warehouse	74	78
Administration	13	14
Selling	40	40
Research & development		47
	166	179

# 7. **EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS**

		Year ended 31/12/06 £	Restated Year ended 31/12/05 £
	Emoluments	705,603	657,989
	Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	33,637	31,726
		Number	Number
	Members of defined contributions pension schemes	7	
	The amounts in respect of the highest paid director are as follows -	£	£
	Emoluments	157,528	147,606
	Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	<u>8,901</u>	<u>8,735</u>
	The accrued pension entitlement of highest paid director	11,305	10,975
8.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE	£	£
	Bank interest Receivable from parent undertakings Other finance income (see note 24)	48,294 185,684 2,000 235,978	21,561 
9.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	£	£
	Payable to parent undertakings Payable to third parties	3,082 72 3,154	8,137 - 8,137

Restated

# BUHLER SORTEX LIMITED (FORMERLY SORTEX LIMITED) NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2006

10.

TO THE ACCOUNTS December 2006	Year ended 31/12/06 £	Restated Year ended 31/12/05 £
TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	•	-
UK corporation tax at 30.00% (2005: 30%)		
UK corporation tax on profits of the period Group relief payable	1,610,242	1,578,951
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(26,578)	(39,708)
	1,583,664	1,539,243
Deferred tax		
Originating and reversal of timing differences	5,526	(536,554)
	1,589,190	1,002,689

### Factors affecting the tax charge for the period

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30 00% (2005 30%) The differences are explained below

	Year ended 31/12/06 £	Year ended 31/12/05 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	5,515,104	7,915,036
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30 00% (2005 30 00%)	1,654,531	2,374,511
Effect of Disallowed expenses and non taxable income Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Other timing differences Adjustments in respect of previous periods Rollover of holdover gains Capital gains (effects of indexation, rebasing etc)	(44,966) 9,977 (9,300)	(1,136,053) 481,793 46,500 (39,708) (2,550,000) 2,550,000
Current tax charge for the period	1,610,242	1,727,043

### Factors that may affect future tax charges

Provision has been made for all deferred tax assets in respect of accelerated capital allowances, short term and other timing differences, arising from transactions and events recognised in the financial statements of the current year and previous years

11.	Dividends	Year ended 31/12/06 £	Restated Year ended 31/12/05 £
	Equity dividends on ordinary shares		
	Dividends paid in the year	(2,000,000)	(1,500,000)
	Total Dividend	(2,000,000)	(1,500,000)

### 12. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

12.	TANCIBLE FIXED ASSETS				=	
		Buildings	Land	Plant and Machinery	Furniture, Fittings Equip Computers & Vehicles	Iotal
		<u>Dungmig</u> 2	(Short Leasehold)	macrimics y	<u>u_remeres</u>	10,501
		£	£	£	£	£
	Cost					0.444.070
	1 January 2006	•	5,400,000	1,064,306	1,650,326	8,114,632
	Additions Disposals	-	•	181,770 (11,509)	139,806 (99,615)	321,576 (111,124)
	31 December 2006		5,400,000	1,234,567	1,690,517	8,325,084
	Depreciation					
	1 January 2006	•		683,028	1,134,417	1,817,445
	Charge for period Disposals	•	135,000	136,073	229,532	500,605 (101,004)
	31 December 2006	<del></del>	135,000	(10,295) 808,806	(90,709) 1,273,240	2,217,046
	3 · December 2000		133,000			2,217,040
	Net book value at					
	31 December 2006		5,265,000_	425,761	417,277	6,108,038
	Net book value at		5 400 000	704 070	E4E 000	C 202 407
	1 January 2006		5,400,000	<u>381,278</u>	515,909	6,297,187
13.	STOCKS				31/12/06	31/12/05
					£	£
	Raw materials				2,490,765	2,187,846
	Work in progress Finished goods				1,102,871 1,899,363	1,661,332 1,030,213
	Timstica goods				5,492,999	4,879,391
	The difference between the cost is not material	purchase price o	or production cost	of stocks and t	heir replacement	
4.0	DEDEADA					Restated
14.	<b>DEBTORS</b> Due within one year				31/12/06 £	31/12/05 £
	Trade debtors				2,849,639	1,922,313
	Amounts due from other g	roup undertakin	ngs		5,397,044	4,875,424
	Other debtors	·			506,458	1,293,286
	Prepayments and accrued i	ncome			190,501	121,188
	Group Deposit				1,000,000	5,000,000
	Employee benefit asset				72,000	47 242 244
					10,015,642	13,212,211
						Restated
15.	CREDITORS				31/12/06	31/12/05
	Amounts falling due within o	one year			£	£
	Bank overdraft Trade creditors				- 3,424,047	- 1,503,151
	Amounts due to other grou	ın undertakings			3,424,047 241,214	306,336
	Short Term Group Loan	.p aniaorionings			<u>-71,517</u>	750,000
	Other taxation & social secu	irity			207,236	179,180
	Corporation tax				1,091,803	1,315,492
	Other creditors & commissi	on payable			1,658,015	1,049,536
	Accruals				1,714,839	1,574,734
					8,337,154	6,678,429

# 16. PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Provision for deferred tax				
					Deferred tax liability £
	At 1 January 2006  Tax charge  Other timing differences-Pensio	n			(62,580) 5,526
	At 31 December 2006	11			(57,054)
	The deferred tax consists of:			Year	Year
				ended	ended
				31/12/06 £	31/12/05 £
	Accelerated capital allowances Other timing differences			(66,354) 9,300	(62,580) -
	Total deferred tax (asset) / lia	bility		(57,054)	(62,580)
17.	Accruals and Deferred Income	•			
				Deferred Gove	ernment Grants <b>E</b>
	At 1 January 2006				5,400,000
	Received during the year At 31 December 2006				(135,000) 5,265,000
18.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL				
		Authorised		Allotted, called up and fully paid	
		31/12/06 £	31/12/05 £	31/12/06 £	31/12/05 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,250,000
19.	RESERVES				
				Year ended 31/12/06 £	Year ended 31/12/05 £
	Profit and loss account excluding	g pension liabilit	у	13,618,100	11,838,186
	Pension liability Profit and loss account			(821,800) 12,796,300	(772,800) 11,065,386

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2006

# 20. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

	Share Capital £	Profit and Loss Account £	Total Share- Holders Funds £
At 1 January 2006 (as previously reported)	1,250,000	11,065,386	12,315,386
Prior year adjustment - adoption of FRS17	•	-	•
Prior year adjustment - adoption of FRS21	-	-	-
At 1 January 2006 (as restated)	1,250,000	11,065,386	12,315,386
Profit for the financial period	-	3,925,914	3,925,914
Prior year adjustment - reinstate IAS 19 adj		(69,000)	(69,000)
Actuarial loss on defined benefit pensions (net of deferred tax)	-	(126,000)	(126,000)
Dividend & Other Appropriations	-	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
At 31 December 2006	1,250,000	12,796,300	14,046,300

### 21. <u>ULTIMATE PARENT</u>

The parent undertaking of the smallest group of undertakings for which group accounts are drawn up, and of which the company is a member, is Buhler UK Holdings Limited Copies of Buhler UK Holdings Limited's accounts can be obtained from Buhler House, Centennial Park, Elstree, Herts WD6 3SX

The parent undertaking of the largest group undertaking for which group accounts are drawn up, and of which the company is a member, is Buhler Holdings A G, a company incorporated in Switzerland Copies of Buhler Holdings A G is accounts can be obtained from CH 9240, Uzwil, Switzerland

Buhler Holdings AG is the ultimate parent undertaking of Sortex Limited

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS 8 "Related Party Disclosures" from disclosing transactions with related parties that are part of the Buhler group

### 22. <u>CONTINGENT LIABILITIES</u>

The company has contingent liabilities arising in the ordinary course of business from which it is anticipated that the likelihood of any material liabilities arising is remote

### 23. OPERATING LEASES

At 31 December 2006, the company is committed to making the following payments within the next year in respect of operating leases

Operating leases which expire	<b>2006</b> Other £	<b>2005</b> Other £
Within 1 year	33,358	13,341
In two to five years	56,694	85,680
	90,052	99,021

### 24. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company have two pension schemes -

Norwich Union Personal Pension (NUPP) which is a defined contribution scheme and The Sortex Final Salary Scheme (SFSS) which is a defined benefit scheme based on final pensionable salary. As previously reported the SFSS scheme was closed on 30 June 2001 with regard to members' contributions.

### Defined contribution pension scheme.

The pension cost, which represents contributions payable by the company to the NUPP, amounted to £220,911 (2005 - £220,603) There are no outstanding contributions as at 31 December 2006

### Defined benefit pension scheme.

The pension cost and provision are assessed in accordance with the advice of a professionally qualified actuary (Alexander Forbes Financial Services Limited) using the project unit credit method The last valuation being made on the 31st December 2004, and updated to 31 December 2005 by a qualified actuary

## 24. Defined benefit pension scheme (continued)

The major assumptions made when valuing the assets and liabilities of the scheme under FRS 17 are as follows

	Dec 2006
Inflation rate	3 15%
Rate of increase for pensions in payment	3 15%
Rate of increase in deferred pensions	3 15%
Discount rate	5 15%
Rate of salary increases	Not applicable, due to cessation of scheme

	Dec 2005
Inflation rate	2 90%
Rate of increase for pensions in payment	2 90%
Rate of increase in deferred pensions	2 90%
Discount rate	4 90%
Rate of salary increases	Not applicable, due to cessation of scheme

	Dec 2004
Inflation rate	3 00%
Rate of increase for pensions in payment	3 00%
Rate of increase in deferred pensions	3 00%
Discount rate	5 25%
Rate of salary increases	Not applicable, due to cessation of scheme

The expected long term rate of return and market value of the scheme's assets at 31 December 2006 were as follows -

2000 Welle as follows	Expected long term rate of return	
	term return on	
	assets	Market value £
Equities	7 3%	1,702,000
Fixed Interest (mainly UK Gilts)	4 4%	1,019,000
Bonds	5 0%	524,000
Cash	4 5%	21,000
		3,266,000
Present value of the scheme liabilities		(4,440,000)
Deficit in the scheme		(1,174,000)
Related deferred tax asset		352,200_
Net pension liability		(821,800)

The expected long term rate of return and market value of the scheme's assets at 31 December 2005 were as follows -

	Expected loting	
	term rate of	
	return	
	term return on	
	assets	Market
		value £
Equities	7 3%	2,427,000
Fixed Interest (mainly UK Gilts)	4 4%	601,000
Bonds	5 0%	3,000
Cash	4 5%	14,000_
		3,045,000
Present value of the scheme liabilities		(4,149,000)
Deficit in the scheme		(1,104,000)
Related deferred tax asset		331,2 <u>00</u>
Net pension liability		(772,800)

Evnected long

## 24. Defined benefit pension scheme (continued)

The expected long term rate of return and market value of the scheme's assets at 31 December 2004 are as follows

Expected long term rate of term return on assets 7 5% 5 0% 4 0%

Equities Bonds Cash

Present value of the scheme liabilities Deficit in the scheme Related deferred tax asset Net pension liability

Analysis of the Scheme movements during the period:

Deficit at the beginning of the year	<b>31/12/06</b> £ (1.104.000)	31/12/05 <b>£</b> (673,000)
Current service cost	-	-
Contributions paid	108,000	-
Curtailment gain	· -	-
Other financial income	2,000	5,000
Actuarial gain/( loss)	(180,000)	(436,000)
Deficit at the end of the year	(1,174,000)	(1,104,000)

### 24. Defined benefit pension scheme (continued)

			31/12/06 £	31/12/05 £
Amounts charged to operating profit:			Nil	Nil
Amounts (charged)/credited to other fina	ance income:			
			31/12/06 £	31/12/05 £
Expected return on assets Interest on liabilities				189,000 (184,000)
Total other finance income included as part (see note 8)	of net interest	-	2,000 	5,000
Analysis of amounts recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses:				31/12/05 £
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets Experience gains/ (losses) arising on the scheme liabilities Changes in the assumptions underlying the present value of scheme liabilities			205,000 (381,000) (4,000)	23,000 - (459,000)
Actuarial loss recognised in the statement of recognised gains and losses			(180,000)	(436,000)
Net of 30% deferred tax credit		-	(126,000)	(305,200)
History of experience gain and losses:	31/12/2006 £	31/12/2005 £	31/12/2004 £	31/12/2003 £
Actual less expected return on assets Percentage of year end scheme assets Net experience gain / (loss)	205,000 6 3% (381,000)	23,000 0.8%	119,000 <u>4 2%</u> (73,000)	24,000 0 8% 107,000
Percentage of year end scheme liabilities	-8 6%	0.0%	2 1%	3 4%
Change in assumptions Percentage of year end scheme liabilities	(4,000) 	(459,000) 11 1%	(392,000) 11 1%	(211,000) 6 7%