REGISTERED	NUMBER:	00415853	(England and	Wales)
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UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

FOR

MACCLESFIELD TOWN FOOTBALL CLUB, LIMITED

Sedulo Accountants Limited Chartered Certified Accountants 62-66 Deansgate Manchester M3 2EN

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MACCLESFIELD TOWN FOOTBALL CLUB, LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

DIRECTOR: A N Alkadhi

REGISTERED OFFICE: Moss Rose Ground

London Road Macclesfield Cheshire SK11 7SP

REGISTERED NUMBER: 00415853 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Sedulo Accountants Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants

62-66 Deansgate Manchester M3 2EN

BALANCE SHEET 30 JUNE 2018

		30.6.18		30.6.17	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		805,828		836,228
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		1,350		3,380	
Debtors	5	44,020		117,642	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,557		3,225	
		50,927		124,247	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	893,636	_	457,462	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(842,709)	_	(333,215)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			(36,881)		503,013
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	7		27,582		2,159,335
NET LIABILITIES			(64,463)		(1,656,322)
CARITAL AND DESERVES					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			2 740 005		2 000 166
Called up share capital			3,740,095		2,099,166
Share premium			467,676		267,179
Retained earnings			(4,272,234)		(4,022,667)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(64,463)		(1,656,322)

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 June 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies
 Act 2006 and
 preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of
- cach financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

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BALANCE SHEET - continued 30 JUNE 2018

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 8 April 2019 and were signed by:

A N Alkadhi - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Macclesfield Town Football Club, Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The nature of the company's business is such that there can be considerable and unpredictable variations in the amount of revenue received. As at the balance sheet date, the company had net current liabilities of £793,382 and net liabilities of £62,931. The directors have prepared projected financial information for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. On the basis of this financial information, the directors of the parent company, Ramy Limited, have reviewed the funding requirements of the company and have indicated their willingness to continue to support the company for the foreseeable future. The directors therefore consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from a withdrawal of funding by the parent company.

Turnover

Income is shown as the actual amounts received or receivable from the company's principal activity. This includes gate receipts, sponsorship, advertising, programme and club shop sales, catering, club events, donations and prize money, less VAT where appropriate.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property - 2% on cost

Plant and machinery - 15% on reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings - at variable rates on reducing balance

Tangible fixed assets are recorded at cost less depreciation.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items. Cost includes all direct expenditure and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS102 to all of its financial statements.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which includes debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial asserts classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less, if not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 87 (2017 - 98).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

••	THE COLUMN TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T				
		Freehold property £	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings £	Totals £
	COST	~	2	~	~
	At 1 July 2017	1,164,795	79,714	603,863	1,848,372
	Additions	· · · -	400	1,562	1,962
	Disposals	-	(940)	-	(940)
	At 30 June 2018	1,164,795	79,174	605,425	1,849,394
	DEPRECIATION		_		
	At 1 July 2017	377,935	67,359	566,850	1,012,144
	Charge for year	22,968	1,913	7,481	32,362
	Eliminated on disposal	<u>-</u>	(940)	_	(940)
	At 30 June 2018	400,903	68,332	574,331	1,043,566
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 30 June 2018	763,892	10,842	31,094	805,828
	At 30 June 2017	786,860	12,355	37,013	836,228
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE	WITHIN ONE YEAR			
				30.6.18	30.6.17
				£	£
	Trade debtors			26,525	38,171
	Other debtors			<u>17,495</u>	<u>79,471</u>
				44,020	117,642

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		30.6.18	30.6.17
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	121,132	38,815
	Trade creditors	106,063	128,782
	Taxation and social security	39,513	16,656
	Other creditors	626,928	<u>273,209</u>
		<u>893,636</u>	<u>457,462</u>
7.	obligations incurred by the company to Ramy Limited and secured on the assets of the con CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	npany.	
	IEAR	30.6.18	30.6.17
		£	£
	Other creditors	27,582	2,159,335
8.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		30.6.18	30.6.17
		£	£
	Bank overdrafts	121,132	38,815
	Parent company loan	<u> 195,975</u> _	1,676,975

9. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company was under the control of Ramy Limited throughout the current and previous year. Mr A Alkadhi is a director of Ramy Limited.

317,107

1,715,790

As at 30 June 2018 Ramy Limited were due £195,975 (2017: £1,676,975) by the company.

Included in other creditors, were loans owed to other shareholders of the company of £59,795 (2017: £224,855).

There were no further transactions undertaken with related parties.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.