Directors' report and Financial Statements

30 JUNE 2015

COMPANY REGISTRATION No. 410413



REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2014/2015

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

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The directors' present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

DRC Polymer Products Limited manufactures a wide range of polymer-based sheet materials for use in a variety of structural waterproofing applications and other more specialist markets such as fireproofing and soundproofing.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Company made a profit before tax of £2,739 (2014: Profit £32,901).

Turnover has decreased from £96,133 to £14,400 during the year under review. Turnover and gross margin information represent the Key Performance Indicators used to manage the business.

DIVIDENDS

No dividend is recommended (2014: £nil).

DIRECTORS

The directors during the year were as follows:

C A Stott

D J Pett

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

The director's report has been prepared taking advantage of the exemptions available to small companies under the Companies Act 2006.

By order of the Board.

Director

Company Registration No. 410413

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STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable Law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimate that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DRC POLYMER PRODUCTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of DRC Polymer Products Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015 set out pages 6 to 13.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

In addition we read all financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- . give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2015 and of its Profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

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Opinion of other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- . certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- . we have not received all the information and explanations we require to our audit.

Matthew Stallabrass

Senior Statutory Auditor

For and on behalf of

Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP

Statutory Auditor and Chartered Accountants, London

March 2016

Date:

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Year ended 30 June 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
TURNOVER	2	14,400	96,133
Cost of sales		-	-
GROSS PROFIT		14,400	96,133
Administrative expenses		(11,661)	(63,232)
OPERATING PROFIT		2,739	32,901
Interest payable and similar charges	4		
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		2,739	32,901
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	<u>-</u>	41,172
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		2,739	74,073

All activities were continuing throughout the year.

The Company had no recognised gains or losses in either the current or preceding year other than the profit for the year.

There is no material difference between the results as disclosed and the results calculated on an unmodified historical cost basis.

BALANCE SHEET 30 June 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors: amounts falling due within one year Cash at bank & in hand	6	606,765	593,307
		606,765	593,307
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	7	(308,556)	(297,837)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		298,209	295,470
NET ASSETS		298,209	295,470
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account	8 9	4,500,000 (4,201,791)	4,500,000 (4,204,530)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	10	298,209	295,470

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board on ///دراد (And signed on its behalf

Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 June 2015

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis and the directors confirm that they have received confirmation from the parent company that it intends to provide financial support as necessary for the company to continue to meet its financial obligations as they fall due for the foreseeable future.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales excluding value added tax.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on cost or revalued amounts in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The rates of depreciation are as follows:

Plant and machinery	5%-10%	per annum straight line
Motor vehicles	25%	per annum straight line
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	20%-50%	per annum straight line

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes materials, direct labour and production overheads appropriate to the relevant stage of production.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the Profit for the year and takes into account deferred taxation. Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19.

The company recognises a deferred tax asset in respect of past trading losses to the effect that the directors believe future taxable profits will arise.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 June 2015

Leases

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term. Leasing agreements which transfer to the company substantially all the benefits of an asset are treated as if the asset had been purchased outright. The assets are included in fixed assets and the capital element of the leasing commitments is shown as obligation under finance leases. The lease rentals are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The capital element is applied to reduce the outstanding obligations and the interest element is charged against profit so as to give a constant periodic amount of charge on the remaining balance outstanding at each accounting period. Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the useful lives of equivalent owned assets.

Cash Flow Statement

The company has not provided a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking which satisfies the requirements of paragraph 5a of FRS1 (Revised 1996) Cash Flow Statements.

Research and Development

Expenditure on research and development is generally charged against profits in the year in which it is incurred unless it meets the requirements of SSAP13 in which case it is capitalised and amortised over the expected useful life of the product.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Continued) Year ended 30 June 2015

2 TURNOVER

All turnover arose in the United Kingdom.

3 Information Regarding Directors and Employees

No director was paid by the company in either the current or preceding year. No pension contributions were paid to directors in either year.

4	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2015 £	2014 £
	This is stated after charging:		·
	Auditor's remuneration - Audit of these financial statements	1,000	1,000
5	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	Analysis of tax charge in the year	2015 £	2014 £
	Current taxation – UK corporation tax charge	-	6,002
	Deferred taxation Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	(47,174)
	Tax charge for the year		(41,172)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Continued) Year ended 30 June 2015

5 TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

The current tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 20% (2014: 22.50%). The differences are explained below:

		2015 £	2014 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2,739	32,901
	Current tax at 20% (2014: 22.5%) Effects of:	548	7,403
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Losses brought forward utilised	(548)	(1,401)
	Total current tax	-	6,002
6	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2015	2014
	Trade debtors	£ 2,880	£ 4,320
	Other debtors	401,076	370,728
	Taxation and social security	2,809	18,259
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	200,000	200,000
		606,765	593,307
7	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
•	CREDITORS. AMOUNTS FALLING DOE WITHIN ONE TEAR	2015	2014
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdraft	285,363	226,450
	Trade creditors	15,901	65,185
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-
	Accruals and deferred income	1,290	200
	Corporation Tax	6,002	6,002
		308,556	297,837
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The bank loans and overdraft are secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the assets of the Company.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Continued) Year ended 30 June 2015

Shareholders' funds/(deficit) at end of the year

8 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

		2015 £	2014 £
	Authorised 5,500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	5,500,000	5,500,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 4,499,000 (2012: 4,499,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	4,499,000	4,499,000
	1,000 redeemable deferred ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	LT Gacif	4,500,000	4,500,000
9	RESERVES		
			Profit and Loss Account
	At 30 June 2014 Profit for the year		(4,204,530) 2,739
	At 30 June 2015		(4,201,791)
10	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS	(DEFICIT)/FUNDS	
		Year Ended 30 June 2015 £	Year Ended 30 June 2014 £
	Profit for the year Shareholders' funds/(deficit) at beginning of the year	2,739 295,470	74,073 221,397

295,470

298,209

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Continued) Year ended 30 June 2015

11 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company has guaranteed the bank borrowings of certain of its fellow group undertakings.

12 RELATED PARTIES

The Company has taken advantage of the exemptions available under paragraph 3[c] of FRS8 relating to related party transactions.

13 PARENT COMPANY

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking of SWP Group plc. The financial statements of the company are included within the consolidated financial statements of SWP Group plc. Copies of the consolidated financial statements may be obtained from The Secretary, SWP Group plc, Bedford House, 1 Regal Lane, Soham, Cambridgeshire CB7 5BA.