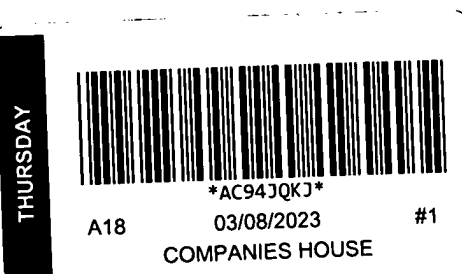


ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED
(Incorporated in United Kingdom. Registration Number: 00405724)

ANNUAL REPORT
For the financial year ended 31 December 2022



ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED
(Incorporated in United Kingdom)

ANNUAL REPORT
For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

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ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED
OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

Directors

A Bullman (Resigned on 30 May 2022)
A Fereday
A Gerber
A S Sandhu (Appointed on 30 May 2022)
D Drake
K Southwell (Appointed 9 June 2023)
P G Whitcutt
P Ward
R H Elliott
R Price (Resigned on 1 March 2023)

Company Secretary

Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited

Registered Office

17 Charterhouse Street
London EC1N 6RA
United Kingdom

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc
1 Churchill Place
Canary Wharf
London E14 5HP
United Kingdom

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
21 Collyer Quay
#09-01 HSBC Building
Singapore 049320

Solicitors

Linklaters
One Silk Street
London EC2Y 8HQ
United Kingdom

Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Statutory Auditors
1 Embankment Place
London, WC2N 6RH
United Kingdom

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT

Introduction

Anglo American Marketing Limited (the "Company") is a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Anglo American plc ("Anglo American"), a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

The Company's principal activity during the year was the sale of thermal coal, nickel, copper and iron ore to international customers as well as the provision of agency services for steelmaking coal and thermal coal, and the provision of marketing, freight and other supporting services for certain Anglo American Group companies. While the Company continues to explore and find new revenue streams in agencies and by adding new commodities to its sales offering, there are no changes to the principal activity of the Company planned for the foreseeable future.

A branch of the Company was registered in Singapore on 14 December 2011 to expand the Company's activities into the Asia Pacific region (Singapore Branch). The Branch's financial results are included in these financial statements.

The directors present their strategic report on the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Business review

Thermal Coal

On 25 March 2022, the Anglo American plc Group (the "Group") announced the sale of its remaining 8.0% shareholding in Thungela Resources Limited. The Company continues to support Thungela in the sale and marketing of its products, and sales and purchases under the offtake agreement will continue to be reported on a net basis, together with the Group's other third-party trading activities.

Copper

The Group's tier one Quellaveco copper mine, located in Peru, started production in mid-2022. It has one of the world's largest untapped copper orebodies and is expected to add around 300,000 tonnes per annum of copper equivalent production (100% basis) on average in the first 10 years of production. The average LME copper price decreased by 5% to 400 c/lb (2021: 423 c/lb), as a result of fears of global recession, manufacturing supply chain disruptions, rising energy costs and weaker investor sentiment. The continuing impact of Russia's invasion of Ukraine, central bank interest rate rises and the effects of China's zero-Covid policy contributed to increased concerns around economic growth prospects. Copper's underlying fundamentals, however, remained attractive, as continued global decarbonisation efforts benefited the use of copper in applications and infrastructure associated with the energy transition.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued)

Business review (continued)

Nickel

The average LME nickel price of US\$11.61/lb (2021: US\$8.39/lb) was 38% higher in 2022 than 2021, as global nickel consumption grew year on year, with the fourth quarter seeing the highest level of consumption as China began to recover from earlier Covid-19 related industrial stoppages. Batteries were the main driver of demand growth, as the production of electric vehicles continued to accelerate.

Iron Ore

The effects of China's zero-Covid policy contributed to growing concerns around economic growth prospects and resulted in a lower average realised price of US\$113/tonne (2021: US\$161/tonne) and lower sales volumes.

Steelmaking coal

The average benchmark price for Australian hard coking coal ("HCC") reached a record high of US\$364/tonne (2021: US\$226/tonne). In the first half of 2022, steelmaking coal prices rose on Queensland supply challenges and buyers' anxiety around the effects of sanctions on Russian supply. The daily spot index rallied to record multiple highs and eventually peaked at US\$671/tonne in March 2022. In the second half of the year, HCC prices remained at elevated levels due to ongoing supply challenges in Australia and Canada, despite a significant decline in demand from global steelmakers and coke merchants.

Principal risks and uncertainties and financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to three principal financial risks, namely price risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Whilst the Company must operate within its available intercompany facility limits, its exposure to cash flow risk is not currently deemed material for the assessment of assets, liabilities and the financial statements.

Significant uncertainty remains over the potential for disruptions to global demand or supply of commodities relating to Russia's invasion of Ukraine since February 2022. With the full impact yet to be felt, the war has already led to effects such as increased price volatility for energy and agricultural products, changing trade flows as Europe is pushed to reduce dependence on Russian oil and gas, and heightened food security risks in some countries. Additionally, a shift in patterns of global trade and ongoing regional tensions have seen the emergence of new regional trade agreements, as well as more widespread use of protectionist trade measures. The realignment of regional trading blocs and greater socio-political complexity can shift centres of demand and consequently the flow of raw materials to them. Trade restrictions and interstate conflict can impact strategically important raw materials, bringing a renewed focus on supply chain resilience and alternative sources of supply. This offers both challenge and opportunity to the mining industry as new sources and routes are found while the world adjusts.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued)

Credit risk

The Company's principal financial assets are cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, derivative financial assets and financial asset investments.

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience, credit profiles and financial metrics, adjusted as appropriate for current observable data. The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are either banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies, or Anglo American Capital plc, which is part of the Anglo American plc group of companies.

Price risk

The Company is exposed to commodity price risk via its sale and purchase contracts, as well as its inventory holdings. Price risk is managed by the Company's sales teams actively monitoring the markets in which it operates and entering into floating price sale and purchase contracts and derivatives using future and swap contracts. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the Group's policies, which stipulate the principles applicable to the use of financial derivatives to manage price risk.

Liquidity risk

The Company maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents and internally generated cash flows to finance its activities.

Key Performance Indicators

The key performance indicators for the Company are revenue and the operating profit margin. These were as follows:

	2022	2021
Revenue (US\$'000)	7,533,763	9,492,097
Operating profit margin (%)	3.5%	1.9%

Revenue declined by 20.6%, driven principally by iron ore prices declining to a lower average realised price of US\$113/tonne (2021: US\$161/tonne). The Company's operating profit margin increased to 3.5%, up from 1.9% in the prior year. This was primarily due to higher margin blends and gains arising on the financial trading strategies from long positions being held in a significant rising price market of Steelmaking coal and physical trading including gains on third party sourced product.

The balance sheet shows that the Company is in a net asset position of US\$769,827,000 (2021: US\$612,068,000).

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued)

Section 172 statement

The Anglo American Marketing Limited Board ("the Board") is cognisant of its legal duty to act in good faith and to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its shareholder and with regard to the interests of a broad range of stakeholders. These include the likely consequences of any decisions we make over different time horizons; the need to foster the relationships we have with all our stakeholders; the interests of our employees; the impact our operations have on the environment and local communities; and the desire to maintain a reputation for high standards of business conduct.

As a part of a major global mining company, the Board understands that our wide range of stakeholders is integral to the sustainability of our business, underpinning our social licence to operate. In addition, the Board is conscious that expectations around our performance and contribution to society- from local to global – are both diverse and continuously evolving.

By listening to, understanding and engaging with our stakeholders, the Board endeavours to live up to their expectations, by staying true to our Purpose, acting in accordance with our Values and delivering our strategy.

Our Purpose and Values

The Board recognises the role of the Company's business in society and within the Anglo American plc Group ("the Group"). The Group's purpose is summarised as 'to re-imagine mining to improve people's lives', and the Company is focused on contributing to the achievement of this purpose.

The Group's Values: Safety; Care and Respect; Integrity; Accountability; Collaboration; and Innovation guide our behaviour and shape our culture, and are fundamental to creating enduring benefit for all our employees, shareholders, and stakeholders in a way that demonstrably improves people's lives.

Engaging our stakeholders

Healthy stakeholder relationships help us to better communicate how our business decisions, activities and performance are likely to affect or be of significant interest to our stakeholders, and provide the opportunity to co-create effective and lasting solutions to business and other challenges.

The Company's stakeholders include our governments, employees, customers, business partners, multinational organisations, industry peers, broader civil society, trade associations and suppliers, in addition to our shareholder.

Long Term Decision Making

The Board took a range of factors and stakeholder considerations into account when making decisions in the year. Decisions are made within the context of the long term factors that may impact the Company and its stakeholders.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued)

Section 172 statement (continued)

Understanding our employees and helping our people thrive

The Company knows that our people are critical to everything we do. We create safe, inclusive and diverse working environments that encourage and support high performance and innovative thinking. The Company acknowledges that to get the best from our people, there is a need to understand their viewpoints and address any concerns that may be raised.

To deliver on our strategic business objectives, we rely on a capable and engaged workforce that behaves ethically and responsibly, consistent with Anglo American's Values and Code of Conduct- essential for us to maintain our social licence to operate. We aim to foster a purpose-led high performance, inclusive culture, through an organisational structure that is fit for purpose, resourcing this structure by attracting and retaining the best talent and empowering leadership to deliver the desired outcomes.

As the Company considers workforce engagement to be a priority for every leader at Anglo American, regular surveys are run to identify areas that more must be done to ensure colleagues feel cared for and respected. The Group has established a Global Workforce Advisory Panel, made up of 12 employee representatives and chaired by a senior independent director, with the intention of giving employees more of a voice in the boardroom so that their views can be better understood and considered when decisions are being made about the future of the business.

Relationships with Suppliers and Customers

The Company engages with suppliers through several channels, in line with the Group's sustainable and responsible supplier programme. The Company also engages with customers through direct personal engagements and via business and industry forums.

This report was approved by the Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

77E2F8881714F5
Debra Drake
Director
27 July 2023

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the Company together with the audited financial statements and auditors' report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

Directors' confirmations

In the case of each director in office at the date the directors' report is approved:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
 - they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.
-

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

Results and dividends

The profit after tax for the year is US\$247,736,000 (2021: US\$188,176,000).

An interim dividend of US\$100,000,000 (2021: US\$200,000,000) was declared and paid in 2022. No final dividends have been declared.

On 5 July 2023, an interim dividend of US\$200,000,000 was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. These financial statements do not reflect this dividend, which will be accounted for in shareholder's equity as a distribution of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 December 2023.

Directors

The directors of the Company who were in office during the year and, except as shown, up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

A Bullman (Resigned on 30 May 2022)
A Fereday
A Gerber
A S Sandhu (Appointed on 30 May 2022)
D Drake
K Southwell (Appointed 9 June 2023)
P G Whitcutt
P Ward
R Price (Resigned on 1 March 2023)
R H Elliott

Going concern

The directors have considered the Company's cash flow forecasts for the period to the end of 2024. This included assessing the wider macro-economic environment, the Group's commodity production, demand for the Company's products and realised prices.

In all of the scenarios modelled, the Company maintains sufficient liquidity throughout the period of assessment without the use of mitigating actions. The Board is satisfied that the Company's forecasts and projections, taking account of modelled changes in trading performance, show that the Company will be able to remain in operation for the period assessed. For this reason, the Company continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

Principal risks and uncertainties

The financial risk management policies of the Company are disclosed in the Strategic Report.

Political donations

The Company made no political donations during the year (2021: US\$nil).

Disabled employees

The Company's policy is that people with disabilities should have full and fair consideration for all vacancies. Employment of disabled people is considered on merit and with regard only to the ability of any applicant to carry out the role. The Company endeavours to retain the employment of, and arrange suitable retraining for, any employees in the workforce who become disabled during their employment. Where possible the Company will adjust a person's working environment to enable them to stay in employment.

Directors' interests

The directors did not have any interests in the share capital of the Company or of the immediate parent company during the year. The directors did not have any material interests during the year in a contract which is significant in relation to the Company's business.

Independent Auditors

At the 2022 Annual General Meeting of Anglo American plc, the Company's ultimate parent company, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ("PwC") were reappointed as external auditors to the Group. Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, PwC will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the financial statements with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

The financial statements on pages 14 to 50 were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 July 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

77E2F8881714F5
Debra Drake
Director
27 July 2023



Independent auditors' report to the members of Anglo American Marketing Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Anglo American Marketing Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report, which comprise: the balance sheet as at 31 December 2022; the income statement, the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.



Independent auditors' report to the members of Anglo American Marketing Limited (continued)

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic report and Directors' report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic report and Directors' report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic report and Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2022 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic report and Directors' report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



Independent auditors' report to the members of Anglo American Marketing Limited (continued)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to the Companies Act 2006 and applicable tax legislation, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries and management bias included within significant accounting judgements and estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- Understanding and evaluating the design and implementation of controls designed to prevent and detect irregularities and fraud;
- Inquiry of management and internal audit regarding their consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud;
- Identifying and testing journal entries, in particular any journal entries posted with unusual account combinations; and
- Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in respect of critical accounting judgements and significant accounting estimates, and assessing these judgements and estimates for management bias.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion...

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.



Independent auditors' report to the members of Anglo American Marketing Limited (continued)

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Mark King'.

Mark King (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
London
27 July 2023

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**INCOME STATEMENT***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022*

	Note	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
Revenue	3	7,533,763	9,492,097
Cost of sales		<u>(7,082,186)</u>	<u>(9,150,146)</u>
Gross profit		451,577	341,951
Administrative expenses		<u>(187,398)</u>	<u>(162,254)</u>
Operating profit	5	264,179	179,697
Finance and investment income	6	24,952	12,336
Finance costs	6	<u>(13,430)</u>	<u>(3,669)</u>
Profit before tax		275,701	188,364
Income tax expense	7	<u>(27,965)</u>	<u>(188)</u>
Profit for the financial year		<u>247,736</u>	<u>188,176</u>

Revenue and operating profits are all derived from continuing operations in the United Kingdom and Singapore.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022*

	Note	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
Profit for the financial year		247,736	188,176
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Revaluation loss on investment in equity instruments, net of tax	12	(500)	-
Other comprehensive expense for the year, net of tax		(500)	-
Total comprehensive income for year attributable to the owner of the Company		247,236	188,176

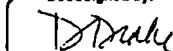
The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**BALANCE SHEET***As at 31 December 2022*

	Note	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	9	12,798	1,912
Intangible assets	10	23,389	12,298
Investments in subsidiaries	11	43,398	33,698
Financial asset investments	12	59,731	90,355
Trade and other receivables	13	32,834	946
Total non-current assets		172,150	139,209
Current assets			
Financial asset investments	12	37,658	28,450
Trade and other receivables	13	1,210,719	1,450,684
Inventories	14	331,654	180,020
Cash and cash equivalents	15	811,337	695,686
Derivative financial instruments	16	136,876	106,189
Total current assets		2,528,244	2,461,029
Total assets		2,700,394	2,600,238
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	17	(1,635,778)	(1,698,780)
Provisions for liabilities	18	(8,500)	(17,475)
Short term borrowings	19	(105,144)	(180,448)
Derivative financial instruments	16	(155,437)	(80,218)
Current tax liabilities		(11,147)	(9,624)
Total current liabilities		(1,916,006)	(1,986,545)
Net current assets		612,238	474,484
Total assets less current liabilities		784,388	613,693
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions for liabilities	18	(928)	-
Medium and long-term borrowings	19	(11,208)	-
Deferred tax liability		(2,425)	(1,625)
Total non-current liabilities		(14,561)	(1,625)
Total liabilities		(1,930,567)	(1,988,170)
NET ASSETS		769,827	612,068
EQUITY			
Called up share capital	20	30,121	30,121
Share premium account	20	119,999	119,999
Capital contribution reserve	20	24,664	51,981
Fair value reserve	12	(500)	-
Retained earnings		595,543	409,967
Total Equity		769,827	612,068

These financial statements on pages 14 to 50 of Anglo American Marketing Limited, registered number 00405724, were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 July 2023. Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors by:

DocuSigned by:



7752F88881214F5

Debra Drake
Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022*

	Note	<u>Called-up share capital</u> US\$'000	<u>Share premium account</u> US\$'000	<u>Capital contribution reserve</u> US\$'000	<u>Fair value reserve</u> US\$'000	<u>Retained earnings</u> US\$'000	<u>Total</u> US\$'000
At 1 January 2021		30,121	119,999	43,083	-	421,791	614,994
Transaction with owners, recognised directly in equity							
- Dividends	8	-	-	-	-	(200,000)	(200,000)
- Equity settled share- based payments	4	-	-	8,898	-	-	8,898
		-	-	8,898	-	(200,000)	(191,102)
Profit for the year, representing total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	188,176	188,176
At 31 December 2021		30,121	119,999	51,981	-	409,967	612,068
Transaction with owners, recognised directly in equity							
- Dividends	8	-	-	-	-	(100,000)	(100,000)
- Equity settled share- based payments	4	-	-	10,523	-	-	10,523
- Transfer to retained earnings		-	-	(37,840)	-	37,840	-
		-	-	(27,317)	-	(62,160)	(89,477)
Profit for the financial year		-	-	-	-	247,736	247,736
Other comprehensive expense for the year	12	-	-	-	(500)	-	(500)
At 31 December 2022		30,121	119,999	24,664	(500)	595,543	769,827

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. General information

Anglo American Marketing Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. The nature of the Company's operations and principal activities is set out in the strategic report. The address of the registered office is given on the Company information page. The Company operates principally in the United Kingdom and through its registered branch in Singapore.

These financial statements are presented in United States Dollars because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

The Company is exempt, by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements, because it is included in the Group financial statements of Anglo American plc. The Group financial statements of Anglo American plc are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in Note 24.

2. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have been applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year except where stated otherwise.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Financial Reporting Standards 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ("FRS 101") and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified for the revaluation of financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values at the end of each reporting period, share-based payments transactions that are within the scope of IFRS 2 *Share-based Payment* and measurements that have some similarities to fair value such as net realisable value in IAS 2 *Inventories*, as explained in the accounting policies below, and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies (see below).

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Basis of preparation (continued)

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of paragraphs 45(b) and 46-52 of IFRS 2 *Share based Payment*
- the requirements of IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurement*
- the requirements of paragraph 52, the second sentence of paragraph 89, and paragraphs 90, 91 and 93 of IFRS 16 *Leases*. The requirements of paragraph 58 of IFRS 16, provided that the disclosure of details in indebtedness relating to amounts payable after 5 years required by company law is presented separately for lease liabilities and other liabilities, and in total
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements* to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
 - paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment*;
 - paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38 *Intangible Assets*;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*
- the requirements of IAS 7 *Statement of Cash Flows*
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors*
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures*
- the requirements in IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures* to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a Group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member
- the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii), 130(f)(iii), 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*.

The Company may take FRS 101 exemptions as it is a member of a Group where the parent prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss and the Company is included in that consolidation.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Adoption of new and revised Standards

On 1 January 2022, the Company has adopted all the new and revised IFRS and new Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) that are effective from that date and are relevant to its operations. The adoption of these new/revised IFRS and new Interpretations does not result in changes to the Company's accounting policies and has no material effect on the amounts reported for the current or prior years.

Going concern

The directors have considered the Company's cash flow forecasts for the period to the end of 2024. This included assessing the wider macro-economic environment, the Group's commodity production, demand for the Company's products and realised prices.

In all of the scenarios modelled, the Company maintains sufficient liquidity throughout the period of assessment without the use of mitigating actions. The Board is satisfied that the Company's forecasts and projections, taking account of modelled changes in trading performance, show that the Company will be able to remain in operation for the period assessed. For this reason, the Company continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

Foreign currency transactions

The financial statements of the Company are measured and presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (its functional currency). The financial statements of the Company are presented in United States dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company. All financial information presented in United States dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless stated otherwise.

Transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised in a manner that depicts the pattern of the transfer of goods and services to customers. The amount recognised reflects the amount to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. Sales contracts are evaluated to determine the performance obligations, the transaction price and the point at which there is transfer of control.

The transactional price is the amount of consideration due in exchange for transferring the promised goods or services to the customer, and is allocated against the performance obligations and recognised in accordance with whether control is recognised over a defined period or at a specific point in time. The Company's payment terms are generally consistent with market practice for the relevant commodity markets and hence sales contracts do not contain any significant financing components.

A sale is recognised when control has been transferred. This is usually when title and insurance risk have passed to the customer and the goods have been delivered to a contractually agreed location. Revenue from contracts with customers is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable as at the date control is transferred, after deducting discounts, volume rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Sales of certain commodities are provisionally priced such that the price is not settled until a predetermined future date, normally ranging from 30 to 120 days, based on movements in quoted markets or contractual prices up to the date of final pricing. Revenue on these sales is initially recognised (when the above criteria are met) at the current market price. These sales are marked to market at each reporting date using the forward price for the period equivalent to that outlined in the contract. Revenue on provisionally priced sales is recognised at the forward market price when control passes to the customer and is classified as revenue from contracts with customers. Subsequent mark-to-market adjustments are recognised in revenue from other sources in the Income Statement.

The Company presents the margin earned on physically-settled contracts relating to the purchase and sale of material produced by third parties external to the Anglo American Group (third-party sales) on a net basis within revenue from other sources where these contracts are entered into and managed collectively to generate a trading margin, and are accounted for as derivatives prior to settlement. This includes third-party material purchased for blending activities conducted to benefit from short-term pricing differentials (usually of less than twelve months). This is consistent with the accounting policy of the Company's ultimate parent company, Anglo American plc. Where material purchased by the Company from third parties external to the Anglo American Group is subsequently sold by the Company to other Anglo American Group companies, the margin earned on the sale is recorded on a net basis within revenue from other sources.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

The sale and purchase of third-party material to mitigate shortfalls in the Anglo American Group's own production are shown on a gross basis with sales reported within revenue from contracts with customers as such contracts are used to maintain customer relationships and fulfil physical sale commitments rather than to generate a trading margin.

Commodity based (own use) contracts that meet the scope exemption in IFRS 9 are recognised in earnings when they are settled by physical delivery and revenue from these contracts is shown as revenue from contracts with customers. Commodity contracts which do not meet the own use criteria are accounted for as derivatives prior to settlement and the related fair value gains and losses are shown as revenue from other sources.

Revenue from services is recognised over time in line with the policy above. For contracts which contain separate performance obligations for the sale of commodities and the provision of freight services, the portion of the revenue representing the obligation to perform the freight service is deferred and recognised over time as the obligation is fulfilled, along with the associated costs. When the Company acts in the capacity of an agent, the revenue recognised is the net amount of commission earned. Revenue from intracompany transfer pricing adjustments is recognised in accordance with approved transfer pricing arrangements.

Finance and investment income

Finance income comprises interest income on cash and cash equivalents; deposits with Group companies, and loans receivable from third parties and a related company. Interest income is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss, using the effective interest method.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

Finance costs

Finance costs comprises finance charge from lease liabilities, finance costs for commitment fees and fees for receivables discounting charged by financial institutions.

Defined contribution pension schemes

Amounts paid in respect of defined contribution pension schemes are recognised in the Income Statement in accordance with IAS 19 *Employee Benefits*. There are no defined benefit schemes.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Share-based payments

Certain Company employees participate in share-based payment arrangements operated by the Group and settled in the shares of the ultimate parent company, Anglo American plc. These are accounted for as equity-settled share-based payments to the directors and eligible employees, which are measured at fair value at the date of grant and expensed on a straight line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest. For those share schemes with market related vesting conditions, the fair value is determined using the Monte Carlo model at the grant date. The fair value of share awards issued with non-market vesting conditions has been calculated using the Black Scholes model. For all other share schemes with non-market related vesting conditions, the likelihood of vesting has been taken into account when determining the relevant charge. Vesting assumptions are reviewed during each reporting period to ensure they reflect current expectations.

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities recognised on balance sheet are recognised within borrowings. On inception, the lease liability is recognised as the present value of the expected future lease payments, calculated using the incremental borrowing rate, adjusted to reflect the length of the lease and country of location. If it is possible to determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, this is used in place of the incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the lease liability consist of each of the following:

- Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments
- Payments whose variability is dependent only upon an index or a rate, measured initially using the index or rate at the lease commencement date. The lease liability is revalued when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate
- Any amounts expected to be payable under a guarantee of residual value
- The exercise price of a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, the lease payments after the date of a renewal option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise its option to renew the lease, and penalties for exiting a lease agreement unless the Company is reasonably certain not to exit the lease early

Variable lease payments (other than those referred to above) and the payments of non-lease components are not included in the lease liability and are charged to operating costs as they are incurred.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change to the forecast lease payments. When the lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of-use asset.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Lease liabilities (continued)

Leases with a term of less than 12 months or those with committed payments of less than US\$5,000 are not recognised in the balance sheet. The Company recognises payments for these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term within operating costs.

Tax

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Probable taxable profits are based on evidence of historical profitability and taxable profit forecasts limited by reference to the criteria set out in IAS 12 *Income Taxes*. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax are recognised as an expense or income in profit or loss, except when they relate to items credited or debited directly to other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the tax is also recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity).

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Inventories

Inventories comprise finished products and work in progress and are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value, unless it is inventory held as a commodity broker-trader which is measured at fair value less costs to sell. The cost of inventories is based on the actual cost, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Included in property, plant and equipment are furniture, fittings and computer and office equipment.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over three years for computer and office equipment and five years for furniture and fittings. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Leased right-of-use assets

Leased right-of-use assets are included within property, plant and equipment, and are made up of office premises. On inception of the lease, they are recognised at the amount of the corresponding lease liability, adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus any direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs for dismantling, removing, or restoring the underlying asset and less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, or, if shorter, the useful life of the asset. The useful lives of right-of-use assets are estimated on the same basis as those of owned property, plant and equipment.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets relate to computer software, software work in progress and royalty assets held by the Company. Computer software is amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of three to five years from the date that it is available for use. For offtake agreements, the amortisation amount and timing are aligned with the delivery of offtake material, which is when the economic benefits are expected to be received. Amortisation methods, residual values and estimated useful lives are reviewed at least annually.

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, a review for the potential impairment of an asset is carried out to determine if circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. Such impairment reviews are performed in accordance with IAS 36 *Impairments of Assets*. Impairments thus arising are reported in the Income Statement.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets

The Company's financial assets are classified into the following measurement categories: debt instruments at amortised cost, equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI) and derivatives at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as at amortised cost only if the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost less expected credit losses or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Investments, other than investments in associates and joint ventures, are financial asset investments and are initially recognised at fair value. Other investments are classified at fair value through OCI and subsequently measured at fair value.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (continued)

The Company has elected to measure equity instruments, at fair value through OCI as this better reflects the strategic nature of the Company's equity investments.

For equity instruments at fair value through OCI, changes in fair value, including those related to foreign exchange, are recognised in other comprehensive income and there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss.

Financial assets at amortised cost and effective interest method

Under IFRS 9, trade and other receivables (except those relating to provisionally priced sales) and cash and cash equivalents are classified as financial assets at amortised cost. These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset at amortised cost, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss or fair value through OCI are expensed in profit or loss.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial assets (including trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any expected credit losses.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial instrument and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the financial instrument, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank, cash on demand deposits with a Group company and cash balances in a margin facility that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash balances in a margin facility relating to the Company's commodity trading activities is presented within cash and cash equivalents as the terms of the agreement allow the Company to request closure of the open positions and return of the margin within three days.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") are measured at FVTPL. Specifically, debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria are classified as at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet either the amortised cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria may be designated as measured at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value as at each reporting date, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss to the extent they are not part of a designated hedging relationship. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss includes any interest earned on the financial asset and is included in profit or loss.

Under IFRS 9, trade receivables from provisionally priced sales are classified as fair value through profit or loss. The Company reclassifies debt instruments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss except for equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses, defined as the difference between the contractual cash flows and the cash flows that are expected to be received, associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For trade receivables only, the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9 is applied, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Expected credit losses are recognised in the income statement. When a subsequent event causes the amount of expected credit loss to decrease, the decrease is reversed through the Income Statement.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *For the financial year ended 31 December 2022*

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset only when the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired, the right to receive cash flows has been retained but an obligation to on-pay them in full without material delay has been assumed or the right to receive cash flows has been transferred together with substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in the Income Statement.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified and accounted for as financial liabilities or equity instruments according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definition of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Trade and other payables

The majority of trade and other payables are initially measured at their fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Trade and other payables incorporating provisional pricing are initially measured at their fair value and are remeasured to fair value in subsequent periods. Any related fair value gains or losses are presented within operating costs.

Equity

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

Derivative financial instruments

In order to hedge its exposure to foreign exchange, interest rate and commodity price risk, the Company enters into forward, option and swap contracts. Commodity based (own use) contracts that meet the scope exemption in IFRS 9 are recognised in the Income Statement when they are settled by physical delivery. Commodity contracts which do not meet the own use criteria are accounted for as derivatives.

All derivatives are held at fair value in the balance sheet within 'Derivative financial assets' or 'Derivative financial liabilities' except if they are linked to settlement and delivery of an unquoted equity instrument and the fair value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are carried at cost. Derivatives are classified as current or non-current depending on the contractual maturity of the derivative. A derivative cannot be measured reliably where the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant, and the probabilities of various estimates cannot be reasonably assessed.

Changes in the fair value of any derivative instruments that are not designated in a hedge relationship are recognised immediately in the income statement as revenue from other sources.

Derivatives embedded in other financial instruments or non-financial host contracts (other than financial assets in the scope of IFRS 9) are treated as separate derivatives when their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of their host contracts and the host contracts themselves are not carried at fair value with unrealised gains or losses reported in the Income Statement.

Derivatives embedded in contracts which are financial assets in the scope of IFRS 9 are not separated and the whole contract is accounted for at either amortised cost or fair value.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Financial Reporting Standard 101 requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

Critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies

The directors are of the opinion that any instances of application of judgements are not expected to have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Revenue recognition

Sales of certain commodities are 'provisionally priced' such that the price is not settled until a predetermined future date, normally ranging from 30 to 120 days, based on movements in quoted markets or contractual prices up to the date of final pricing. As is customary in the industry, 'provisionally priced' sales are based on estimates of the consideration receivable at each reporting date using the forward price for the period equivalent to that outlined in the contract. This is based on the market forward price which may vary depending on the volatility in the market. This adjustment is recorded in the Income Statement.

Allowance for inventories

In determining the net realisable value of the inventories, an estimation of the recoverable amount of inventories on hand is performed by management based on the most reliable evidence available at the time the estimates are made. These estimates take into consideration the fluctuations of price or cost, or any inventories on hand that may not be realised, as a result of events occurring after the end of the financial year to the extent that such events confirm conditions existing at the year end. The carrying amount of inventories as at the year end is disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***2. Accounting policies (continued)****Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (continued)*****Fair value of financial instruments***

Certain of the Company's financial instruments, principally derivatives, are required to be measured on the balance sheet at fair value. Where a quoted market price for an identical instrument is not available, a valuation model is used to estimate the fair value based on the net present value of the expected cash flows under the contract. Valuation assumptions are usually based on observable market data (for example commodity price curves) where available and are expected to change in future periods in response to changing market prices for the underlying commodities.

3. Revenue

	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
Analysis of the Company's revenue		
Sale of commodities and trading revenue	6,908,987	8,847,318
Commission income, freight and other marketing services to Group companies	84,666	65,867
Third party freight services	540,110	578,912
	<u>7,533,763</u>	<u>9,492,097</u>

Revenue of US\$7,533,763,000 (2021: US\$9,492,097,000) for the year includes revenue from contracts with customers of US\$7,464,940,000 (2021: US\$9,098,880,000) and revenue from other sources of US\$68,823,000 (2021: US\$393,217,000) which relate to derivative financial instruments and gains and losses on provisionally priced receivables.

Within revenue from other sources, a net trading income of US\$122,740,000 (2021: net trading income of US\$143,833,000) relates to trading and hedging activities.

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers:

	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
Revenue by class		
Copper	3,177,604	3,597,708
Iron ore	2,388,168	3,541,100
Nickel	867,620	601,640
Coal	323,993	578,230
Other commodities	149,309	179,410
Third party freight services	540,110	578,912
Freight to other Group companies	18,136	21,880
	<u>7,464,940</u>	<u>9,098,880</u>

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
*For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***4. Staff costs****Employee numbers:**

The average number of employees, including directors and excluding contractors by segment was:

	Number 2022	Number 2021
Copper	33	30
Energy Solutions	53	39
Nickel	16	16
Iron Ore	31	28
Corporate and Other	330	243
	463	356

Energy Solutions includes coal trading activities.

The average number of employees, excluding contractors by principal location of employment was:

	Number 2022	Number 2021
Singapore	338	282
London	112	74
Other locations	13	-
	463	356

Employee costs:

Staff costs for the above persons were as follows:

	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
Wages and salaries	73,776	68,212
Social security costs	4,114	4,010
Other pension costs	3,831	4,586
Share-based payment costs	10,523	8,898
Total payroll costs included in operating costs	92,244	85,706

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***4. Staff costs (continued)****Employee costs: (continued)**

Directors' emoluments were as follows:

	2022 US\$'000	Restated 2021 US\$'000
Aggregate emoluments	6,064	5,854
Termination benefits	376	-
Share-based payment costs	4,603	3,994 ¹
Contributions to defined contribution pension scheme	617	607

As at 31 December 2022, there were six (2021: six) directors paid in respect of their services to the Company. The other directors were remunerated by their respective employing Company within the Anglo American Group of companies.

The highest paid director of the Company received emoluments of US\$1,518,000 (2021: US\$1,934,000), share-based payment costs of US\$2,188,000 (2021 restated²: US\$2,151,000) and contributions to a defined contribution pension scheme of US\$301,000 (2021: US\$325,000).

As at 31 December 2022, six (2021: six) directors were members of share-based payment schemes and a defined contribution pension scheme to which the Company contributed.

5. Operating profit

Operating profit is after charging/(crediting):

	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
Low value and short-term lease expense	657	467
Depreciation and amortisation	7,266	8,376
Audit fees	675	842
(Gain)/loss on foreign currency translation	(545)	1,966

Fees paid to the Company's auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, and their associates for services other than the statutory audit of the Company are not disclosed in the Company's financial statements since the consolidated financial statements of the Company's ultimate parent company, Anglo American plc, are required to disclose non-audit fees on a consolidated basis.

¹ 2021 share-based payment has been restated from US\$1,451,000 to US\$3,994,000.

² 2021 share-based payment has been restated from US\$750,000 to US\$2,151,000.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
*For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***6. Finance and investment income/costs**

	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
<u>Finance and investment income</u>		
Interest income from Group companies	3,475	2,156
Other financing income	13,090	2,445
Dividend income from subsidiary	8,387	7,735
	<u>24,952</u>	<u>12,336</u>
<u>Finance costs</u>		
Interest charge on lease liabilities	(207)	(71)
Interest expense from Group companies	(1,030)	-
Other financing fees	(12,193)	(3,598)
	<u>(13,430)</u>	<u>(3,669)</u>

7. Income tax expense**(a) Analysis of charge in the year**

	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
UK Group relief	18,515	(10,584)
UK adjustments in respect of prior period	(2,061)	(337)
Overseas tax adjustments in respect of prior period	754	(294)
Overseas tax	9,438	10,368
Total current tax	<u>26,646</u>	<u>(847)</u>
Overseas deferred tax	800	209
Withholding tax	519	328
Tax rate changes	-	498
Total tax charge for the year	<u>27,965</u>	<u>188</u>

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***7. Income tax expense (continued)****(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year**

The total tax assessed for the year is lower (2021: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below:

	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
Profit before tax	<u>275,701</u>	<u>188,364</u>
Profit before tax multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021: 19%)	52,383	35,789
Effects of:		
- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,100	-
- Income not taxable	(1,594)	(1,167)
- Adjustments in respect of prior period	(1,307)	(631)
- Tax rate changes	-	498
- Transfer pricing adjustment	-	2,597
- Amounts not recognised on share-based payments	(908)	(465)
- Effect of differences between local and United Kingdom tax rates	(21,641)	(36,373)
- Other	(68)	(60)
Total tax charge for the year	<u>27,965</u>	<u>188</u>

The Finance Act 2021 included measures to increase the standard rate of UK corporation tax to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023. The Finance Act 2021 was enacted in June 2021 and accordingly, these rates are applicable to the measurements of deferred tax balances at 31 December 2022. Deferred tax has been measured at the rate it is expected to reverse.

8. Dividends

	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
Interim dividends declared and paid of US\$5.25 cents per share (2021: US\$10.49 cents per share)	<u>100,000</u>	<u>200,000</u>

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***9. Property, plant and equipment**

	Owned asset furniture, fittings and computer equipment US\$'000	Right-of-use asset office premises leased US\$'000	Total US\$'000
At 31 December 2021			
Cost	8,298	9,067	17,365
Accumulated depreciation	(7,282)	(8,171)	(15,453)
Net book value	1,016	896	1,912
Cost			
At 1 January 2022	8,298	9,067	17,365
Addition	-	13,513	13,513
Disposal	(5,752)	(9,067)	(14,819)
At 31 December 2022	2,546	13,513	16,059
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 January 2022	(7,282)	(8,171)	(15,453)
Charge for the year	(623)	(2,004)	(2,627)
Disposal	5,752	9,067	14,819
At 31 December 2022	(2,153)	(1,108)	(3,261)
Net book value			
At 31 December 2022	393	12,405	12,798

Leased assets principally relate to leased offices and office equipment.

10. Intangible assets

	Software US\$'000	Royalty assets US\$'000	Software work in progress US\$'000	Total intangible assets US\$'000
Cost				
At 1 January 2022	25,242	15,200	-	40,442
Additions	-	10,000	5,730	15,730
Disposals	(16,978)	-	-	(16,978)
At 31 December 2022	8,264	25,200	5,730	39,194
Accumulated amortisation				
At 1 January 2022	(21,557)	(6,587)	-	(28,144)
Amortisation for the year	(1,653)	(2,986)	-	(4,639)
Disposals	16,978	-	-	16,978
At 31 December 2022	(6,232)	(9,573)	-	(15,805)
Net book value				
As 31 December 2021	3,685	8,613	-	12,298
Movement during the year	(1,653)	7,014	5,730	11,091
As 31 December 2022	2,032	15,627	5,730	23,389

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***10. Intangible assets (continued)**

Amortisation for Software is presented within Administrative expenses and amortisation for Royalty assets is presented within Cost of Sales.

11. Investments in subsidiaries

	2022	2021
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Cost and Net book value		
At 1 January	33,698	24,098
Additions	9,700	9,600
At 31 December	43,398	33,698

The investments in subsidiaries are all stated at cost less provision for impairment.

During 2022, the Company made capital injections of US\$9,500,000 (2021: US\$4,600,000) and US\$200,000 (2021: US\$nil) into subsidiary companies Anglo American Resources Trading (China) Co., Ltd and Anglo American Marketing Peru S.A, respectively.

During 2021, the Company made a capital injection of US\$5,000,000 into subsidiary, Anglo American Shipping Pte. Limited. The Company also acquired 100% of the share capital of Sulista Forte Pte. Ltd. (formerly known as Anglo American STF Pte. Ltd.), a company incorporated in Singapore for consideration of US\$1.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***11. Investments in subsidiaries (continued)**

Details of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2022 are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Place of incorporation (or registration) and operation</u>	<u>Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held %</u>	<u>Types of shares</u>	<u>Principal activities</u>
MR Iron Ore Marketing Services Singapore Pte. Ltd.	10 Collyer Quay, Level 38 Ocean Financial Centre, Singapore 049315	50.1%	Ordinary	Consultancy and marketing support services
Anglo American Resources Trading (China) Co., Ltd.	Units 01, 02A, 07, 08, Floor 32, No.1198 Century Avenue, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, China	100%	Ordinary	Trading and marketing support services
Anglo American Marketing Chile SpA	Torre Titanium, 2800 Isidora Goyenechea, piso 46, Las Condes, Santiago 7550647, Chile	100%	Ordinary	Trading and marketing support services
Anglo American Shipping Pte. Limited	10 Collyer Quay, Level 38 Ocean Financial Centre, Singapore 049315	100%	Ordinary	Marketing Shipping Services
Cobre del Norte S.A.	Calle Esquilache 371, Piso 10, San Isidro, Lima 27, Peru	99.99%	Ordinary	Trading and marketing support services
Anglo American Marketing South Africa Proprietary Limited.	144 Oxford Road, Melrose, Johannesburg, 2196, South Africa	100%	Ordinary	Trading and marketing support services
Anglo American Marketing Peru S.A.	Calle Esquilache 371 Piso 10 San Isidro, Lima 27, Peru	99.9%	Ordinary	Trading and marketing support services
Sulista Forte Pte. Ltd. (Formerly known as Anglo American STF Pte. Ltd.)	10 Collyer Quay, Level 38 Ocean Financial Centre, Singapore 049315	100%	Ordinary	Investment holding

The subsidiaries above remain unchanged from 2021, with the exception of the change of name of Anglo American STF Pte. Ltd. to Sulista Forte Pte. Ltd. on 24 November 2022.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***12. Financial asset investments**

Financial assets principally comprise intercompany loans at amortised cost, equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income and loans to third parties at fair value through profit or loss and at amortised cost.

	Financial asset at amortised <u>cost</u> US\$'000	At fair value through profit <u>or loss</u> US\$'000	<u>Total</u> US\$'000
Current assets			
2022			
At 1 January 2022	-	28,450	28,450
Additions	20,879	45,000	65,879
Repayment of loans	-	(49,819)	(49,819)
Reclassification	(5,996)	-	(5,996)
Foreign currency movement	(856)	-	(856)
At 31 December 2022	14,027	23,631	37,658
2021			
At 1 January 2021	-	3,557	3,557
Additions	-	25,000	25,000
Repayment of loans	-	(107)	(107)
At 31 December 2021	-	28,450	28,450

	Financial asset at amortised <u>cost</u> US\$'000	At fair value through comprehensive <u>income</u> US\$'000	At fair value through profit <u>or loss</u> US\$'000	<u>Total</u> US\$'000
Non-current assets				
2022				
At 1 January 2022	61,502	-	28,853	90,355
Additions	-	11,000	7,392	18,392
Repayment of loans	(25,996)	-	-	(25,996)
Fair value adjustment	-	(500)	(28,516)	(29,016)
Reclassification	5,996	-	-	5,996
At 31 December 2022	41,502	10,500	7,729	59,731
2021				
At 1 January 2021	-	-	27,425	27,425
Additions	61,502	-	-	61,502
Fair value adjustment	-	-	1,428	1,428
At 31 December 2021	61,502	-	28,853	90,355

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***13. Trade and other receivables**

	Expected within <u>one year</u> US\$'000	Expected after <u>one year</u> US\$'000	Total US\$'000
2022			
Trade receivables	768,056	-	768,056
Trade amounts owed by subsidiaries	123,673	-	123,673
Trade amounts owed by related companies	22,415	-	22,415
Tax receivables	7,224	-	7,224
Other receivables	19,839	32,834	52,673
Accrued income	236,642	-	236,642
Prepayments	31,405	-	31,405
Non-trade amounts owed by related companies	1,465	-	1,465
	1,210,719	32,834	1,243,553
2021			
Trade receivables	1,030,877	-	1,030,877
Trade amounts owed by subsidiaries	84,147	-	84,147
Trade amounts owed by related companies	27,186	-	27,186
Tax receivables	4,334	-	4,334
Other receivables	1,385	946	2,331
Accrued income	233,769	-	233,769
Prepayments	68,986	-	68,986
	1,450,684	946	1,451,630

Trade receivables do not incur interest and are measured at nominal value (with the exception of receivables related to provisionally priced sales as set out in the revenue recognition accounting policy, see Note 2). Trade amounts owed by related companies are unsecured and receivable within 30 days (2021: 30 days) and are not interest-bearing.

The Company applies the simplified expected credit loss model for its trade receivables measured at amortised cost, as permitted by IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience, credit profiles and financial metrics, adjusted as appropriate for current observable data.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***13. Trade and other receivables (continued)**

Trade receivables are as follows:

	31 December 2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000	1 January 2021 US\$'000
Current assets			
Trade receivables	772,838	1,039,606	785,658
Trade amounts owed by subsidiaries	123,673	84,147	40,102
Trade amounts owed by related companies	22,415	27,186	25,828
Less: loss allowance	(4,782)	(8,729)	(2,110)
	914,144	1,142,210	849,478

Of the year end provision for expected credit loss, US\$1,847,000 (2021: US\$3,197,000) were past due. Given the use of payment securities instruments (including letters of credit from acceptable financial institutions), and the nature of the related counterparties, the amounts not provided for are considered recoverable. The historical level of customer default is minimal and there is no current observable data to indicate a material future default. As a result, the credit quality of year end trade receivables is considered to be high.

14. Inventories

	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
Finished products	313,274	154,495
Work in progress	18,380	25,525
	331,654	180,020

Inventories include US\$155,961,000 (2021: US\$84,680,000) of inventory held at fair value under the broker-trader exemption established in IAS 2 *Inventories*. The cost of inventories recognised as an expense and included in cost of sales amounted to US\$6,426,890,000 (2021: US\$8,445,876,000).

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***15. Cash and cash equivalents**

	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
Deposits with related companies	534,701	170,103
Cash at bank	33,799	243,318
Deposit with bank	242,837	282,265
	<u>811,337</u>	<u>695,686</u>

The deposits with related companies are unsecured, repayable on demand and carry an interest rate of 1.296% (2021: 0.004%). This is classified as a cash equivalent.

Deposit with bank of US\$242,837,000 (2021: US\$282,265,000) is required to cover the initial margin on trading exchanges.

16. Derivative financial instruments

	2022		2021	
	Asset US\$'000	Liabilities US\$'000	Asset US\$'000	Liabilities US\$'000
Derivative financial instruments	136,876	(155,437)	106,189	(80,218)

Derivative financial instruments include financial derivatives, such as commodity options, swaps, forwards and futures, which are principally held to manage the Company's exposure to commodity prices and certain committed physical sale and purchase contracts which are accounted for as derivatives (see Note 2).

17. Trade and other payables

	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
Trade payables	174,989	395,067
Trade amounts owed to subsidiaries	32,638	33,973
Trade amounts owed to related companies	1,027,046	831,907
Amounts owed to Group companies	5,870	11,867
Accruals	297,788	380,524
Contract liabilities	81,587	43,714
Tax and social security	2,773	1,720
Other payables	13,087	8
	<u>1,635,778</u>	<u>1,698,780</u>

Trade payables are not interest-bearing and are measured at their nominal value (with the exception of payables relating to provisionally priced commodity purchases which are marked to market using the appropriate forward price until settled).

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***17. Trade and other payables (continued)**

Amounts owed to related companies are unsecured and payable within 30 days (2021: 30 days) and are not interest-bearing.

	31 December 2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000	1 January 2021 US\$'000
Contract liabilities	81,587	43,714	95,749

Contract liabilities represent amounts where consideration has been received from customers in advance of the related performance obligation being completed. All amounts presented as contract liabilities in the comparative period were recognised within revenue in the current period.

18. Provisions for liabilities

The following table summarises the movement in the Company's provisions for liabilities for the year:

	Restoration US\$'000	Legal US\$'000	Total US\$'000
2022			
At 1 January	(472)	(17,003)	(17,475)
Additions	(456)	-	(456)
Utilisation	-	1,661	1,661
Reversal of unutilised amounts	-	6,842	6,842
At 31 December	(928)	(8,500)	(9,428)
Presented as:			
Current	-	(8,500)	(8,500)
Non-current	(928)	-	(928)
Total provisions	(928)	(8,500)	(9,428)
2021			
At 1 January	(472)	(10,673)	(11,145)
Additions	-	(6,330)	(6,330)
At 31 December	(472)	(17,003)	(17,475)
Presented as:			
Current	(472)	(17,003)	(17,475)
Non-current	-	-	-
Total provisions	(472)	(17,003)	(17,475)

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
*For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***18. Provisions for liabilities (continued)****Restoration**

The Company recognises the estimated costs of dismantlement, removal or restoration from the use of office premises.

Legal provision

Legal provisions represent amounts provided for in relation to legal disputes with third parties.

Provisions are recognised for claims where a future cash outflow is considered to be probable. Future cash outflows are considered to be possible in relation to other elements of the claims although these are not expected to be material to the Company.

19. Borrowings

The Company's borrowings relate to borrowings from Group companies under cash pooling arrangements and leases of corporate offices (2021: cash pooling arrangements and leases of corporate offices). The lease for office space was renewed in 2022 for five years.

The following table summarises the movement in borrowings for the year:

	<u>Lease liabilities</u> US\$'000	<u>Borrowings from Group companies</u> US\$'000	<u>Redeemable preference shares</u> US\$'000	<u>Total</u> US\$'000
2022				
At 1 January	(1,369)	(179,079)	-	(180,448)
Issue of redeemable preference shares	-	-	(1,070)	(1,070)
Additions to lease liabilities	(13,513)	-	-	(13,513)
Repayment of principal and interest	2,459	77,354	-	79,813
Interest accrued on borrowings	(207)	(853)	-	(1,060)
Foreign exchange movement	(74)	-	-	(74)
At 31 December	<u>(12,704)</u>	<u>(102,578)</u>	<u>(1,070)</u>	<u>(116,352)</u>
Presented as:				
Short-term	(2,566)	(102,578)	-	(105,144)
Medium and long-term	(10,138)	-	(1,070)	(11,208)
Total borrowings	<u>(12,704)</u>	<u>(102,578)</u>	<u>(1,070)</u>	<u>(116,352)</u>

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***19. Borrowings (continued)**

	<u>Lease liabilities</u> US\$'000	<u>Borrowings from Group companies</u> US\$'000	<u>Total</u> US\$'000
2021			
At 1 January	(4,330)	(29,008)	(33,338)
Proceeds from borrowings	-	(179,079)	(179,079)
Repayment of principal and interest	3,032	29,008	32,040
Interest accrued on borrowings	(71)	-	(71)
At 31 December	<u>(1,369)</u>	<u>(179,079)</u>	<u>(180,448)</u>
 Presented as:			
Short-term	(1,369)	(179,079)	(180,448)
Medium and long-term	-	-	-
Total borrowings	<u>(1,369)</u>	<u>(179,079)</u>	<u>(180,448)</u>

20. Equity

	2022 US\$'000	2021 US\$'000
Authorised share capital called up, allotted and fully paid:		
• 19,056,917 (2021: 19,056,917) ordinary shares of £1 each	30,120	30,120
• 1,000 (2021: 1,000) ordinary shares of US\$1 each	1	1
	<u>30,121</u>	<u>30,121</u>
 Share premium account	 <u>119,999</u>	 <u>119,999</u>

Capital contribution reserve

The capital contribution reserve comprises the cumulative value of employee services received under share-based payment arrangements which are settled in the shares of Anglo American plc.

Fair value reserve

The Company has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity securities in OCI, as explained in Note 2. These changes are accumulated within the FVOCI reserve within equity. The Company transfers amounts from this reserve to retained earnings when the relevant equity securities are derecognised.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *For the financial year ended 31 December 2022*

21. Share-based payments

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company had the following share-based payment arrangements with employees:

Bonus Share Plan (BSP)

The BSP is offered to executive directors and senior employees of the Group to encourage and reward delivery of the Group strategic priorities and strong individual performance. The scheme is governed by the remuneration committee of Anglo American plc and is settled in the shares of Anglo American plc.

50% of the annual bonus earned will be deferred into shares under BSP, vesting 17% after two years and 33% after three years.

The remuneration committee of Anglo American plc reviews the BSP annually to ensure it remains appropriate.

Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP)

The remuneration committee of Anglo American plc makes an annual conditional award of shares in Anglo American plc to executive directors and senior management of the Group to encourage and reward the delivery of superior shareholder returns and business objectives. The conditional award will generally vest after a period of three years, subject to the achievement of specific performance targets.

Prior to grant the committee reviews the performance targets for each measure, where applicable, to ensure they remain sufficiently stretching. Dividend equivalents are paid on any shares that vest and did not entitle the participant to dividends during the vesting period.

The provision of shares under certain of the Anglo American plc share incentive schemes is facilitated by an employee benefit trust. The employee benefit trust has waived the right to receive dividends on all shares except those allocated to dividend bearing share awards.

The costs of operating the trust are borne by the Anglo American Group but are not material.

The total share-based payment expense for the year is disclosed in Note 4.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***21. Share-based payments (continued)****Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP) (continued)**

The fair value of ordinary shares awarded under the BSP and LTIP, being the more material share schemes, was calculated using a Monte Carlo simulations model. The assumptions used in the calculation are set out below:

	BSP 2022	LTIP 2022	BSP 2021	LTIP 2021
Date of grant	11/03/2022	11/03/2022	12/03/2021	12/03/2021
Number of instruments	118,187	68,060	382,334	424,112
Share price at date of grant (£)	39.01	39.01	29.28	29.28
Contractual life (years)	2 to 3	3	2 to 3	3
Vesting Conditions	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Expected volatility (2)	35%	35%	35%	35%
	1.35% to			
Risk free interest rate (3)	1.37%	1.35%	0.00%	0.00%
Expected departures	5% pa	5% pa	5% pa	5% pa
Dividend yield	4.90%	4.90%	3.5%	3.5%
Fair value at date of grant (weighted average) (£)	39.01	39.01	29.28	29.28

(1) Three years of continuous employment.

(2) Based on historic volatility over the last five years.

(3) The yield on zero-coupon UK government bonds with a term similar to the expected life of the award.

Bonus Share Plan (BSP)

Ordinary shares of 54⁸⁶/₉₁ US cents may be awarded under the terms of this scheme for no consideration. The number of shares outstanding is shown below:

	2022 Numbers of shares	2021 Numbers of shares
Outstanding at 1 January	693,592	540,310
Conditionally awarded in year	118,187	382,334
Vested in year	(492,665)	(225,921)
Forfeited in year	-	(3,131)
Outstanding at 31 December	319,114	693,592

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***21. Share-based payments (continued)****Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP)**

Ordinary shares of 54⁸⁶/₉ US cents may be awarded under the terms of this scheme for no consideration. The number of shares outstanding is shown below:

	2022 Numbers of shares	2021 Numbers of shares
Outstanding at 1 January	685,516	421,900
Conditionally awarded in year	68,060	424,112
Vested in year	(529,060)	(144,944)
Forfeited in year	(6,630)	(15,552)
Outstanding at 31 December	217,886	685,516

22. Commitments**Long term contracts**

The Company has entered into long term contracts of affreightment for shipping services for transport of bulk commodities and other related services. The commitments under these contracts total US\$221,908,000 as at 31 December 2022 (2021: US\$273,379,000) to be paid over the next two years. These contracts secure long-term supply of freight for the Company.

23. Related party transactions

At 31 December 2022, as identified in Note 24, Anglo American plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales, is the Company's ultimate parent company. The Company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by paragraph 3(c) of Financial Reporting Standard 101 not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned Group companies.

The Company, in the ordinary course of business, enters into transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned Group companies (other related party transactions). These transactions are under terms that are no less favourable than those arranged with third parties.

ANGLO AMERICAN MARKETING LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***For the financial year ended 31 December 2022***23. Related party transactions (continued)**

In addition to related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Company had the following other related party transactions:

	2022 US\$'000	Restated 2021 US\$'000
Purchase of commodity from other related parties	(3,711,267)	(3,955,295)*
Recharges income from other related parties	35,264	32,020
Commission expense from other related party	(18,716)	(25,242)

* Amounts incurred in respect of purchases of commodities from other related parties have been restated as a result of a reassessment of the completeness of the transactions disclosed. This has resulted disclosure of an additional US\$310,903,000 of purchases for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The restatement does not impact the amounts recognised within the balance sheet or income statement.

24. Ultimate parent company

The Company's immediate parent company is Anglo American Investments (UK) Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling entity is Anglo American plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Anglo American plc is the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group which includes the Company and for which group financial statements are prepared. The financial statements of both the immediate parent and ultimate parent companies may be obtained from the Company Secretary, 17 Charterhouse Street, London, EC1N 6RA, the registered office of the immediate and ultimate parent company.

25. Events since the end of the year

On 5 July 2023, an interim dividend of US\$200,000,000 was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

26. Authorisation of financial statements

These financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of Anglo American Marketing Limited on 27 July 2023.