SMITH & NEPHEW INVESTMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

S.M. Swabey

TJ Alfison

JS Braunhofer

(Resigned 26 March 2021) (Appointed 26 March 2021)

Company number

00384546

Registered office

Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE

CONTENTS

Directors report	Page 1 - 2
Statement of Directors responsibilities	3
Profit and loss account	4
Statement of total comprehensive income	5
Balance sheet	6
Statement of changes in equity	\vec{i}
Notes to the financial statements	8 - 15

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The Directors of Smith & Nephew Investment Holdings Limited (the "Company") present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company continues to be an investment holding company. As an investment holding company the Directors do not consider it necessary to disclose the Key Performance Indicators

The Company continues to review its group structure with the intention of liquidating long-term dormant subsidiaries.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 4

The Company made a loss of £10 000 during the year (2019-£10 000 loss). The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019-£nif).

Directorss

The Directors, who served throughout the year except as noted, were as follows

S.M. Swabey

TJ Allison

(Resigned 26 March 2021)

u S. Braunhofer

(Appointed 26 March 2021)

Indemnity

The Company's ultimate parent Company, Smith & Nephew plc, has made a qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of the Company's Directors which were in place throughout the year and which remain in place at the date of approval of this report.

Political donations

No political contributions were made during the year (2019, £nil)

Future developments

Notwithstanding the risks and uncertainties, the Directors do not anticipate any significant change in the activities and results of the Company in the foreseeable future.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks facing the Company are impairment to the value of the investment in subsidiary undertakings to below cost value, which would occur if there was a decline in performance of the underlying subsidiaries and recoverability of intercompany debts.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Going concern statement

The Company is in a net current liability position. It is able to meet its current liabilities as fellow group undertakings have agreed not to demand repayment of their loans within 12 months from the date of this report. No other uncertainties that cast significant doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern have been identified by the Directors.

On hehalf of the Board

Sum m. Swahr

SM Swabey

Director

Building 5

Croxley Park

Hatters Lane

Watford

Hertfordshire

United Kingdom

3Y8 8YE

Company Registration No. 90384546

Date 275 (ptelse 202)

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors. Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern disclosing as applicable matters related to going concern and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations or have no realistic afternative but to do so

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Admin strative expenses	Notes	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Operating loss		19)	.10)
Loss before taxation		-10)	.10;
Income tax expense	2	-	-
Loss for the year		,19,	.10,

The accompanying notes on pages 8 to 15 form part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	2020 £⁺000	2019 £'000
Loss for the year	(10)	(10)
	A 10 5	MATTER CO.
Total other comprehensive income for the		
year	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(13)	(10)

The accompanying notes on pages 8 to 15 form part of the financial statements

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Notes	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Non-current assets		500 460	500.400
Investments	3	580 188 ————	582 436
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	4	73 009	73 009
Cash and cash equivalents		17	17
		73 026	73 026
Total assets		 653 214	 655 462
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	5	(584 443)	(586 681)
Net current liabilities		(511 4 17)	:513 655,
Total liabilities		(584 443)	(586 681)
Net assets		68 771	68 781
			
Equity			
Called up share capital	6	1	1
Retained earnings	7	68 770	68 780
Total equity		68 771	68 781

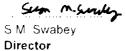
For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

The Members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements

The notes on pages 8 to 15 form part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 275cluse 2021 Signed on its behalf by



Company Registration No. 00384546

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Share capital £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total £'000
1	68 790	68 791
-	(10)	(10)
	(10)	(10)
1	58 ⁷⁸⁰	68 781
-	/10;	·10
-	(10)	(10)
1	58 770	68 771
	capital £'000	capital earnings £'000 £'000 1 68 796 - (10) - (10) - (10) - (10) - (10) - (10) - (10)

The accompanying notes on pages 8 to 15 form part of the financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

Smith & Nephew Investment Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a private company limited by shares. The Company is incorporated idomiciled and registered in England in the United Kingdom. The registered number is 00384546 and the registered address is Building 5. Croxley Park. Hatters Lane. Watford Hertfordshire. WD18 8YE. The Company is exempt by virtue of Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare Group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its Group.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101) and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

In preparing these financial statements the Company applies the recognition measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU "Adopted IFRSs" but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006. There were no transitional adjustments required on adoption of the new standard.

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101

- · the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments. Disclosures.
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1. Presentation of Financial Statements to present comparative information in respect of paragraph 79(a) (iv) of IAS 1.
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d) 10(f) 16 38A to 38D 39 to 40 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1.
 Presentation of Financial Statements.
- · the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies. Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.
- the requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member, and
- the requirements of paragraphs 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets

Where required equivalent disclosures are given in the Group accounts of Smith & Nephew plc. The Group accounts of Smith & Nephew plc are available to the public and can be obtained online via www.smith-nephew.com or at its registered office at Building 5. Croxley Park. Hatters Lane. Watford. Hertfordshire: WD18.8YE.

1.2 Going concern

The Company is in a net current liability position. It is able to meet its current liabilities as fellow group undertakings have agreed not to demand repayment of their loans within 12 months from the date of this report. No other uncertainties that cast significant doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern have been identified by the Directors.

1.3 Investment in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recorded at their cost less any accumulated impairment in value

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Impairment of investments

At each reporting end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its investments to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried in at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

1.5 Fair value measurement

IFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for all fair value measurements. IFRS 13 does not change when an entity is required to use fair value, but rather provides guidance on how to measure fair value under IFRS when fair value is required or permitted. The Company is exempt under FRS 101 from the disclosure requirements of IFRS 13. There was no impact on the company from the adoption of IFRS 13.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand deposits held at call with banks other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument

Financial assets are classified into specified categories. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of recognition.

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, other than those classified as fair value through profit and loss, which are measured at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Loans and receivables

Trade debtors, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that last a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

1.8 Financial liabilities

The company recognizes financial debt when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial liabilities are classified as either 'financial liabilities at fair value through profit or toss' or 'other financial liabilities'.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including borrowings trade payables and other short-term monetary liabilities are initially measured at fair value net of transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of the financial liability. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For the purposes of each financial liability, interest expense includes initial transaction costs and any premium payable on redemption, as well as any interest or coupon payable while the liability is outstanding.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when and only when the Company's obligations are discharged cancelled or they expire

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received inet of direct issue costs

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax

The current income tax expense is based on taxable profits of the period after any adjustments for prior periods. It is calculated using taxation rates enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date and is measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.11 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the reporting date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgements have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where there are indicators of impairment of investments in subsidiaries which indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable, the Company performs impairment tests on these investments based on the fair value by comparing the carrying value with its recoverable amount being the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

2 Income tax expense

	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Current tax		
Current year taxation		-
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	-
Total current tax charge	-	-
		-2*
The charge for the year can be reconciled to the loss per the profit and loss ac		0040
	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Loss before taxation	(10)	:10) ——
Expected tax credit based on a corporate tax rate of 19% (2019, 19%)	(2)	(2)
Expedica tax disali, based on a darporate tax rate or 15% (2015-15%)	(2	121
Effects of		
Deemed expense for tax purposes	(1.018)	(1.018)
Effects of group relief other reliefs	1 020	1 020
		
Tax charge for the year	-	=
		——————————————————————————————————————

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the corporation tax rate was 19% (2019, 19%).

There are unrecognised tax losses of £35 837k and capital losses of £7 348k which are not reasonably expected to be realised in the foreseeable future

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Investments		
	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Investments in subsidiaries	580 188	582 436
	580 188 	582 436
Cost		/ /-
At 1 January 2020 & 31 December 2020		583 154 ———
Impairment		
At 1 January 2020		1718
Impairment Losses		(2 243,
At 31 December 2020		r2 966 ·
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2020		580 188
A+ 04 F: 2040		522.436
At 31 December 2019		532 436

The carrying value of the investment in Smith & Nephew Pensions Nominees Limited of £2 248 000 has been written down to nil following a group restructuring

4 Trade and other receivables

	Due within one	year
	2020	2019
	£,000	£,000
Amount due from parent undertaking	50	50
Amounts due from fellow group undertakings	72 959	72 959
	73 009	73 009
	<u></u> .	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

5	Trade and Other Payables		
		Due within one	e year
		2020	2019
		£,000	£'000
	Amounts due to subsidiary undertakings	583 704	585 932
	Amounts due to fellow group undertakings	749	749
		584 453	586 681
6	Share capital	2020	2019
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	500 Ordinary shares of £1 each	500 ————	500 ————
7	Retained earnings		
			£'000
	At 1 January 2019		68 790
	Loss for the year		(10)
	At 31 December 2019		68 780
	Loss for the year		(10)
	At 31 December 2020		68 770

8 Contingent liabilities

The Company together with Smith & Nephew plc and certain fellow subsidiary undertakings has entered into guarantees with the National Westminister Bank plc in respect of the net overdrafts of the other parties to the guarantee. The maximum exposure under this guarantee amounts to £10 000 000 (2019 - £10 000 000)

9 Subsidiaries and other undertakings

In accordance with Section 409 of the Companies Act 2006, a full list of subsidiaries, associates, joint arrangements, joint ventures and partnerships are listed below.

Company	Registered office address	Proportion of ownership interest (%)
Smith & Nephew Beta Limited (1)	Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE	100.00%
Smith & Nephew Employees Trustees Limited (1)	Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE	100.00%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

S	ubsidiaries and other undertaking	S	(Contine
	imith & Nephew Extruded Films	PO BOX 81 101 Hessle Road Hull HU3 2BN	100
(7)	mith & Nephew Finance (1)	Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE	190
S	imith & Nephew Finance Gratec (1)	Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE	106.
	imith & Nephew Heathcare Limited 1)	101 Hessle Road Hull HU3 2BN	100
	mith & Nephew Eda (2) (3)	Nº 10 ao Km. 131 Parque Tejo - Blocc C 2625-445 Forte de Casa. Vila France de Xira. Portugal	
S	mith & Nephew Lilia Limited (1)	Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Natford Hertfordshire United Kingdom ND18 8YE	103
S	mith & Nephew Limited (2) (3)	Unit 813-818 8/F Delta House 3 On Yiu Street Shatin Hong Kong	
	mith & Nephew Medical Fabrics .imited (1)	Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD13 8YE	100
	mith & Nephew Medical Limited (1) mith & Nephew N V-S.A (2) (3)	PO BOX 81 101 Hessle Road Hull HU3 2BN Hector Henneaulaan 366 1930 Zaventem Belgium	
	mith & Nephew Nominee Company Limited (1)	Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE	100
	mith & Nephew Nominee Services Limited (1)	Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Henfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE	100
	mith & Nephew Orthopaedics Limited 1)	Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE	100 :
	mith & Nephew Pensions Nominees (imited (1) (4)	Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE	160
	mith & Nephew Pharmaceuticals (imited i1)	Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE	100.
	mith & Nephew Raisegrade Limited 1)	Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE	100.
S	mith & Nephew Rareletter Limited (2)	Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane. Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE	100
Ţ	•	UI Osmanska 12 02-823 Warszawa Poland PO BOX 81 101 Hessle Road Hull HU3 2BN Building 5 Croxley Park Hatters Lane Watford Hertfordshire United Kingdom WD18 8YE	100.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

9 Subsidiaries and other undertakings

(Continued)

- (3) Less than 1% interest held by Smith & Nephew Investment Holdings Limited
- (4) Company was dissolved on 20 April 2021
- 10 Ultimate parent company & parent company of larger group

The Company is a subsidiary of Smith & Nephew UK Limited incorporated in England and Wales. The ultimate parent company is Smith & Nephew plc incorporated in England and Wales. The smallest and largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Smith & Nephew plc. The consolidated financial statements of the Group is available to the public and may be obtained from the registered office at Building 5. Croxley Park. Hatters Lane. Watford. Hertfordshire. WD18.8YE and from the Company website at vvvw smith-nephew.com.