Registered Number: 371303

Selected Rug & Matting Limited

Directors' Report and Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December 1994



Jeffreys Henry
Finsgate
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EC1V 9EE



Directors' Report and Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st December 1994

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Financial Statements.

Directors' Report for the year ended 31st December 1994

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31st December 1994.

Principal Activities and Review of the Business

The company's principal activity during the year was those of merchants and distributors of carpets and rugs. Turnover reduced and there were lower gross margins. In the current year directors have taken a view to eliminate the unprofitable turnover and thereby hope to reduce operating expenses.

Results and Dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 4.

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

It is proposed that the loss of £11,621 is transferred to reserves.

Fixed Assets

The significant changes in fixed assets during the year are explained in note 7 to the financial statements.

Directors and their Interests

The directors who served during the year and their interests in the ordinary shares of the company were as stated below.

Shares of the company word an I concern a con-	Number of shares 1994 1993
O. Eisenberg *S. Eisenberg *Including family interest	750 750 9,250 9,250

Auditors

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that Jeffreys Henry be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

Directors' Report for the year ended 31st December 1994 (continued)

Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report was approved by the Board on1995

S. Eisenberg

Director

Auditors' Report to the shareholders of Selected Rug & Matting Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 11 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 6.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st December 1994 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Jeffreys Henry

Chartered Accountants

Registered Auditor

Date: 31 July 1995

Finsgate 5-7 Cranwood Street London

EC1V 9EE

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st December 1994

		1994	1993
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	2,818,707	3,070,191
Cost of sales		(2,214,001)	(2,394,397)
Gross profit		604,706	675,794
Administrative expenses		(589,578)	(643,296)
Operating profit	3	15,128	32,498
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and	4	402	252
similar charges	5	(28,472)	(21,030)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(12,942)	11,720
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	6	1,321	(3,837)
Loss for the financial year	13	£ (11,621)	£ 7,883

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

Balance Sheet as at 31st December 1994

	199	94	19	93
Notes	£	£	£	£
7		46,667		41,742
8	427,494		256,659	
9	711,377		688,376	
1	1,138,871		945,035	
10	(582,294)		(371,913)	
		556,577		573,122
		£ 603,244		£ 614,864
12		10,000		10,000
13		593,244		604,864
14		£ 603,244		£ 614,864
	7 8 9 10	Notes £ 7 8 427,494 9 711,377 1,138,871 10 (582,294)	7 46,667 8 427,494 9 711,377 1,138,871 10 (582,294) 556,577 £ 603,244 12 10,000 593,244	Notes £ £ £ £ 7

Director

S. Eisenberg

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 1994

1. Accounting Policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and include the results of the company's operations as indicated in the directors' report, all of which are continuing.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from the requirement to produce a cashflow statement on the grounds that it is a small company.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced amounts for goods and services provided net of value added tax.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life and on the basis stated, as follows:

Plant and machinery - 20% on Reducing balance

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment - 20% on Reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% on Reducing balance

1.4 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.5 Pensions

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contributions payable by the company during the year in accordance with SSAP 24.

1.6 Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation using the liability method to take account of timing differences between the incidence of income and expenditure for taxation and accounting purposes except to the extent that the directors consider that a liability to taxation is unlikely to crystallise.

1.7 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the accounting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 1994

2. Turnover

			Turnover		
			1994		1993
			£		£
	Geographical market	2.	720,380	2 - 8	894.494
	United Kingdom European Community	2,			98,158
	Middle East				8,645
	North America		3,360		3,442
			776,3989		004,739
			1004		1993
3.	Operating Profit		1994 £		t 1992
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		r		L
	Depreciation of tangible assets		13,297		11,580
	Auditors' remuneration		4,900		6,200
4.	Other Interest Receivable and Similar Income	_	1994 £	_	1993 £
	Bank interest receivable	_	402	_	252
		_		_	
5.	Interest Payable		1994 £		1993 £
	On bank loans and overdrafts On overdue tax		27,761 711		20,917
		£	28,472	£	21,030
		=		=	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 1994

6.	Taxation	1994 £	4	1993 £
	U.K. Current year taxation			
	U.K. Corporation tax at 0% (1993 - 25%) Prior years		-	3,837
	U.K. Corporation tax	(1,	321)	-
		£ (1,	321)£	3,837

The company is a close company within the terms of section 414 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 year.

7.	Tangible Assets	Plant and machinery	•	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost At 1st January 1994 Additions Disposals	71,382 568 -	22,153 5,140 -	49,787 25,053 (24,935)	143,322 30,761 (24,935)
	At 31st December 1994	71,950	27,293	49,905	149,148
	Depreciation At 1st January 1994 On disposals Charge for year	51,095 - 4,171	14,416 - 2,575	36,069 (12,396) 6,551	101,580 (12,396) 13,297
	At 31st December 1994	55,266	16,991	30,224	102,481
	Net book values				
	At 31st December 1994	£ 16,684	£ 10,302 £	19,681 9	46,667
	At 31 December 1993	£ 20,287	£ 7,737 £	13,718 £	41,742
8.	Stock			1994 £	1993 £
	Finished goods and goods for	r resale		427,494	256,659

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 1994

9.	Debtors	199 4 £	1993 £
	Trade debtors Loans to directors Corporation tax Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	467,871 66 1,320 236,205 5,915	
10.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	199 4 £	1993 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Corporation tax Taxes and social security costs Directors' current accounts Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	316,395 141,463 - 97,936 118 187 26,195	156,220 3,838 108,015 91 4,256
		£ 582,294	£ 371,913

The bank overdraft is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.

11. Pension Costs

The company operates two defined contribution schemes. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the company in independently administerd funds. The pension costs charge represents contributions payable by the company to the funds and amounted to £3,141 (1993 £6,141).

12.	Share Capital	1994 £	1993 £
	Authorised 10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 1994

13.	Profit And Loss Account	1994 £	1993 £
	Retained profits at 1st January 1994 Retained loss for the year	604,865	596,981 7,883
	Retained profits at 31st December 1994	593,244 £	604,864
14.	Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds	1994 £	1993 £
	Loss for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	(11,621) 614,864	7,883 606,981
	Closing shareholders' funds	£ 603,244 £	614,864

15. Contingent Liabilities

The following existed at 31st December 1994:a cross bank guarantee in conjunction with a connected company. This amounted to £134,650 (1993 £149,650); documentary credits £17,307 (1993 £297,263)

16.	Directors' Rmoluments		1994 £	1993 £
	Remuneration	£	41,145 £	44,650

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 1994

17. Employees

Number of employees

The average weekly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:

directors) during the year was:	1994 Number	1993 Number
Management, office and selling Warehouse	6 4 ——	6 4 —
	10	10
	=	=-
Employment costs	£	£
Wages and salaries	153,526	149,929
Social security costs	15,025	15,491
Other pension costs	3,141	6,141
	£ 171,692	£ 171,561