Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited

Directors

R. E. Cornwell

(Chairman)

Pierre Louis-Dreyfus (French) Gerard Louis-Dreyfus (USA)

Philippe Louis-Dreyfus OBE (French)

E. F. Steiner (USA)

B. Baldensperger (French)

P. H. Akroyd

R. L. Caperton (USA)
J. M. Carruthers
G. J. Gateff (French)

J. P. Huchon (French)
M. Lubetzki (French)

(Appointed 9.9.2004)

(Resigned 9.9.2004)

I. S. McIntosh

N. Mamalis

(Appointed 11.3.2005)

H. Wolkin (USA)

Secretary

A. M. Payne

Registered Office

Queensberry House, 3 Old Burlington Street, London W1S 3LD

Registered Company Number

364962

Auditors

Constantin, Aldwych House, 81 Aldwych,

London WC2B 4HN



Directors' Report

The directors submit their annual report and the audited accounts for 2004 comprising those of the company and the consolidated accounts of Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited and its subsidiaries.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The group trading profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to \$17,638,828 (2003 profit: \$8,422,567). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2003: \$nil).

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company and its subsidiaries are part of an integrated worldwide commodity trading group. The group's principal activity during the year consisted of commodity trading.

REVIEW OF THE GROUP'S BUSINESSES

The UK Group had a satisfactory year in all its various activities.

On 1 October 2004 the company acquired 100% of the share capital of Louis Dreyfus Commodities and Finance Limited ("LDCF"). The principal activity of LDCF consists of the trading of financial related products.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The company is in a strong position to take advantage of the trading opportunities that may arise during the coming year.

FIXED ASSETS

The changes in fixed assets during the year are summarised in note 9 to the accounts.

CLOSE COMPANY STATUS

The company is a close company within the meaning of the provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988. This status has not changed since the year end.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE

During the year the company purchased and maintained liability insurance for its directors and officers as permitted by section 310(3) of the Companies Act 1985.

DIRECTORS

The directors who have held office during the year and at the date of this report are named on page 1. No director had a beneficial interest in the shares of the company, at either the beginning or end of the year.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

It is the responsibility of the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group as at the year-end and of the profit and loss of the group for that period. The directors are responsible for ensuring that applicable accounting standards have been followed, and that suitable accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, have been used in the preparation of the accounts. It is also the responsibility of the directors to prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company and the group will continue in business. The directors are responsible for maintaining adequate accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the company and of the group and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Constantin, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint Constantin will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board, A. M. PAYNE Secretary

London 6 April, 2005

Constantin

Registered Auditor

Aldwych House, 81 Aldwych, London WC2B 4HN

Independent Auditor's Report

to the Shareholders of Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited for the year ended 31 December 2004 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is solely for the company's members, as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibilities to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group as at 31 December 2004 and of the profit and cash flows of the group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Constantin

6 April, 2005 Registered Auditor

Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited Accounting Policies

(i) Basis of accounting

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards except as noted in paragraph (x) below.

(ii) Basis of consolidation

The group accounts consolidate the accounts of the company and its subsidiaries. The financial years of all subsidiaries are coterminous with the parent company

Associated undertakings are those companies in which the group has a participating interest and exerts significant

(iii) Consolidation of subsidiaries accounting in non-dollar currencies

On consolidation, assets and liabilities of subsidiary and associated companies denominated in non-dollar currencies are translated into dollars at year end closing rates of exchange. Income statements are translated at year end closing rates of exchange.

Exchange differences resulting from the translation of net investments in subsidiary and associated undertakings at closing rates are dealt with as movements in reserves as are differences arising on equity investments denominated in foreign currencies in the holding company's accounts. Differences on relevant foreign currency loans are taken to reserves and offset against the differences on net investments in both group and company accounts.

(iv) Foreign currency translation in individual undertakings "

Assets and liabilities denominated in other than the functional currency at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates ruling on that date or if appropriate at a forward contract rate.

Trading transactions are translated at the rate ruling on the settlement date and related gains and losses on exchange are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Turnover represents the amount receivable for goods and services supplied to customers on completion of a contract in respect of commodity trading and other activities, including interest receivable but excluding intra group transactions and value added tax.

Forward purchases and sales of commodities are valued at either quoted market values or, if unavailable, directors' valuation at the balance sheet date and any profit or loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

(vii) Deferred Taxation

Deferred taxation is accounted for on an undiscounted basis at expected tax rates on all differences arising from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. A deferred tax asset is only recognised when it is more likely than not that the asset will be recoverable in the foreseeable future out of suitable taxable profits from which the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

(viii) Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation including provision for impairment in value. Depreciation rates are calculated so that assets are written down to estimated residual value in equal annual instalments over their expected useful lives which are as follows:

Freehold buildings

30 years

Leasehold property

Term of lease Between 4 and 14 years

Equipment and Motor Vehicles

Period of lease

Leasehold Improvements Freehold land is not depreciated.

Investments, other than associated undertakings (see paragraph (ii) above) and subsidiary companies, are stated at the lower of cost or estimated realisable value. In the accounts of the company, investments in subsidiaries, including loans, are shown at cost less impairment in value.

Traded commodities are valued at market values at the balance sheet date. Although not in accordance with SSAP 9, the directors believe that this policy, which is internationally accepted for commodity trading groups, gives a fairer reflection of its commodity trading activities.

The cost of pension contributions is charged to the profit and loss account as explained in note 3.

Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited Group Profit and Loss Account

YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER			
		2004	2003
	Notes	\$000	\$000
Turnover - continuing operations	1	1,490,642	1,038,306
discontinued operations			766
		1,490,642	1,039,072
Cost of Sales	2	(1,404,344)	(986,467)
Gross Profit	2	86,298	52,605
	·		
Administrative Expenses	2	(68,859)	(34,403)
Other Operating Income	2	1,651	421
Exceptional Item	2	3,682	-
Occupit to B. Cit		22 5772	79 421
Operating Profit - continuing operations		22,772	18,431
discontinued operations			192
	3	22,772	18,623
Profit on Sale on Fixed Assets	4	2,634	-
Interest Receivable and Similar Income	5	1,977	723
Interest Payable and Similar Charges	6	(5,917)	(7,173)
Profit on Ordinary Activities Before Taxation		21,466	12,173
Tax on Profit on Ordinary Activities	8	(3,827)	(3,750)
Profit on Ordinary Activities After Taxation			
Transferred to Reserves	16	<u> 17,639</u>	8,423

Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited Group Balance Sheet

AS AT 31 DECEMBER			
		2004	2003
	Notes	\$000	\$000
Fixed Assets			
Tangible Fixed Assets	9	3,278	3,126
Investments	10	5,697	15,197
		8,975	18,323
Current Assets			
Stocks	11	118,328	71,106
Debtors	12	370,597	241, <i>7</i> 53
Cash at bank and in hand		21,588	8,247
	.	510,513	321,106
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13	(432,343)	(260,057)
Net Current Assets		78,170	61,049
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one	year 14	(5,000)	(14,500)
Net Assets		82,145	64,872
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital	15	32,445	32, 44 5
Profit and loss account		49,700	32,427
Shareholders' Funds	16	82,145	64,872

Approved by the Board on 6 April, 2005
I. S. McINTOSH Director

Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited Balance Sheet

AS AT 31 DECEMBER			
		2004	2003
	Notes	\$000	\$000
Fixed Assets			
Tangible Fixed Assets		8	19
Investments	10	84,633	38,001
		84,641	38,020
Current Assets			
Debtors	12	203,624	165,985
Cash at bank and in hand		13,075	1,762
		216,699	167,747
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13	(242,510)	(151,058)
Net Current (Liabilities)/Assets		(25,811)	16,689
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one	e year 14	(5,000)	(5,000)
Net Assets		53,830	49,709
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital	15	32,445	32,445
Profit and loss account		21,385	17,264
Shareholders' Funds		53,830	49,709

Approved by the Board on 6 April, 2005

Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses

YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER		
•	2004	2003
	\$000	\$000
Profit for the financial year	17,639	8,423
Currency translation differences on foreign currency net investments	(366)	(474)
Total gains and losses recognised since last annual report	17,273	7,949

Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited Group Cash Flow Statement

·			
YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER			
		2004	2003
	Notes	\$000	\$000
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	1a	(89,378)	91,850
Returns on investments and servicing of finance			
Interest received		2,234	492
Interest paid		(5,730)	(7,426)
		(3,496)	(6,934)
Taxation	¥ ,		
Corporation tax paid		(3,926)	(1,989)
Overseas tax paid		(939)	. (929)
		(4,865)	(2,918)
Capital expenditure and financial investment			
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets		(723)	(767)
Receipts from sale of tangible fixed assets		929	-
Payments to acquire investments		-	(137)
		206	(904)
(Decrease)/increase in cash	1b	(97,533)	81,094

The notes on page 11 form an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MO	VEMENT IN	NET DEBT		
			2004	2003
			\$000	\$000
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows			(97,533)	81,094
Exchange differences			(1,525)	(1,241)
Movement in net debt			(99,058)	79,853
Net debt at 1 January			(147,138)	(226,991)
Net debt at 31 December	÷ů.		(246,196)	(147,138)
Operating Profit Depreciation Loss on sale of tangible fixed assets Adjustment for exchange differences (Increase)/decrease in debtors (Increase)/decrease in stocks Increase/(decrease) in creditors Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	tflow)/inflov	w from operati	1,159 (128,063) (47,222) (189,378)	2003 \$000 18,623 580 25 (1,658) 26,504 52,734 (4,958) 91,850
1b Analysis of net debt	At 1 January 2004 \$000	Cash flow \$000	Exchange difference \$000	At 31 December 2004 \$000
Cash at bank and in hand	8,247	13,480	(139)	21,588
Bank overdrafts/short term loans	(155,385)	(111,013)	(1,386)	(267,784)
	(147,138)	(97,533)	(1,525)	(246,196)

Notes to the Accounts

1. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION 2004 2003 2004 2003 2004 2003 \$000 \$000 \$000 \$000 \$000 \$000 Turnover Profit/(Loss) before Net Assets taxation Commodity trading 1,038,306 16,282 11,445 1,476,989 77,678 64,872 Financial product trading 13,653 5,184 4,467 Other 766 *728* 1,490,642 1,039,072 21,466 12,173 82,145 64,872

The group is primarily engaged in commodity trading, resulting in turnover originating in the United Kingdom. The nature of commodity trading is such that it is not possible for establish the geographical split of turnover by destination.

2. COST OF SALES AND OPERATING EXPENSES

	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
	Continuing (Operations	Discontinued	Operations	Total	Total
Cost of Sales	(1,404,344)	(986,467)	_	_	(1,404,344)	(986,467)
Gross Profit	86,298	51,839	-	766	86,298	52,605
Administrative Expenses	(68,859)	(34,232)	-	(171)	(68,859)	(34,403)
Other Operating Income/(Expenses)	1,651	824	-	(403)	1,651	421
Exceptional Item (see below)	3,682	-	-	-	3,682	_

Discontinued operations in 2003 principally relate to the activity of the group's marine insurance subsidiary. The exceptional item in 2004 relates to amounts owed to group undertakings written back.

3. OPERATING PROFIT FOR THE YEAR is stated after charging the following:

	\$000	\$000
Wages and salaries	50,503	18,776
Social security costs	1,738	1,378
Group pension scheme costs	324	1,575
Depreciation	552	580
Auditors' remuneration	215	452
Loss on sale of tangible fixed assets	-	25
Exchange loss	6,431	3,273

2003

2004

4.	PROFIT ON SALE OF FIXED ASSETS		
		2004	2003
		\$000	\$000
	Profit on sale of fixed asset investments	1,725	_
	Profit on sale of tangible fixed assets	909	~
		2,634	-
			
5.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		2004	2003
	•	\$000	\$000
	Group undertakings	1,803	618
	Banks	174	105
	ಷ್ಟ [ೆ]	1,977	723
	,		
6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		2004	2003
		\$000	\$000
	Group undertakings	1,161	1,199
	Bank borrowings wholly repayable within 5 years	4,629	5,524
	Other	127	450
		5,917	7,173
7.	DIRECTORS REMUNERATION		
		2004	2003
		\$000	\$000
	Directors' emoluments	4,010	3,270
	Emoluments of the highest paid director	2,589	2,033
		2004	2003
	Number of directors to whom pension entitlements are		
	accruing under a defined benefits scheme.	2	2

8.	TAXATION		
	The company is a close company.		
	a) Analysis of charge in the year:		
		2004	2003
		\$000	\$000
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax on profits of the period	638	1,630
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods	1,032	547
	Foreign tax	2,157	1,086
	Total current tax	3,827	3,263
	Deferred tax:		
	Tax losses	-	487
	Timing differences		
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3,827	3,750
	•		
	b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year.		
	The tax assessed for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2003: 30%)		
	The differences are explained below:		
		2004	2003
		\$000	\$000
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	21,466	12,173
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in	,	,
	the UK of 30% (2003: 30%)	6,440	3,652
	Effects of:		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	182	356
	Tax losses unrelieved/(utilised)	149	(130)
	Group relief surrendered/(received) for no consideration	96	(1,997)
	Depreciation for period less than/(in excess of) capital allowances	218	(63)
	Tax provided on overseas subsidiaries taxable in UK	174	343
	Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	1,033	547
	Foreign exchange movement on tax liability	(733)	105
	Difference due to tax rates suffered overseas	(146)	451
	Gain on sale of investments exempt from tax	(518)	-
	Adjustment on acquisition of subsidiary	(1,613)	_

(1,470)

3,827

15

(1)

3,263

Consolidation Adjustments

Current tax charge of period

Other

8. TAXATION (continued)

c) Factors that may affect the future tax charges.

The effective tax rate in future periods should not differ significantly from the standard UK corporation tax rate of 30%. The group has brought forward tax losses in certain overseas subsidiaries which could reduce tax payments in those countries.

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Leasehold	Freehold	Equipment	Leasehold	Total
	Property	Land and	and Motor	Improve-	
	Long Term	Buildings	Vehicles	ments	
Group	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Cost:					
At 1 January 2004	<u>24</u> ع	1,315	2,912	1,079	5,330
Additions	_ <u>.</u>	52	655	17	724
Disposals	(8)	(33)	(100)	-	(141)
At 31 December 2004	16	1,334	3,467	1,096	5,913
Depreciation:					
At 1 January 2004	(18)	(99)	(1,376)	(711)	(2,204)
Provision for year	-	(49)	(423)	(80)	(552)
Released on disposals	6	33	82		121
At 31 December 2004	(12)	(115)	(1,717)	(791)	(2,635)
Net book amounts at	*-				
31 December 2004	4	1,219	1,750	305	3,278
Net book amounts at					
31 December 2003	. 6	1,216	1,536	368	3,126
					===

10. INVESTMENTS

Group	Associated		
	Undertakings	Unlisted	
	at Cost	Investments	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000
At 1 January 2004	55	15,142	15,197
Disposals	-	(9,500)	(9,500)
At 31 December 2004	55	5,642	5,697
•			
Company			Total
			\$000
At 1 January 2004	_		38,001
Additions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		48,132
Disposals			(1,500)
At 31 December 2004			84,633

The principal subsidiary companies of Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited at 31 December 2004 are shown on page 21 and are all wholly owned, operate within the UK and are included in the consolidation.

The market value of unlisted investments is, in the opinion of the directors, not materially different from their cost. The interest in associated undertakings, held by the group, includes the equity share capital of the following companies:

Name of company	Country of incorporation	Description of shares	Proportion held	Activity
Kings Lynn Silos Ltd.	England	Ordinary of £1 Ordinary of £1	33%	Commodities
BSF Seed Producers (GB) Ltd.	England		50%	Commodities

In accordance with FRS 9, these associates have not been included in the consolidation on the grounds of immateriality. The group disposals for the year relate to an 8% investment in the share capital of S.A.C.E.I.F. Louis Dreyfus & Cia Ltda., a company registered in Argentina. The company additions represent the acquisition of 100% of the shares of Louis Dreyfus & Commodities Finance Limited and Louis Dreyfus Trading Limited ("LDT"). LDT was already part of the LD & Co. Group. The Company disposal relates to the liquidation during the year of a dormant subsidiary.

11. STOCKS

	2004	2003
	\$000	\$000
Traded commodity stocks	118,328	71,106
		===========

12. DEBTORS					
•	(Group		Company	
	2004	2003	2004	2003	
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	
Trade debtors	272,907	150,831	-	' -	
Amounts owed by group undertakings	43,119	65,727	191,883	158,171	
Other debtors	1,776	2,569	-	-	
Prepayments and accrued income	45,901	16,767	41	238	
Corporation tax	6,894	5,859	11,700	7,576	
	370,597 	241,753 ———	203,624 	165,985 	
13. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year					
,	1	Group	Cor	npany	
<u>.</u>	2004	2003	2004	2003	
_	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	
Bank loans and overdrafts, unsecured	267,784	155,385	227,727	130,354	
Trade creditors	11,241	50,318	17	→	
Amounts owed to group undertakings	120,956	40,607	14,452	20,231	
Other creditors	3,167	3,751	38	267	
Accruals and deferred income	29,195	9,996	276	206	
	432,343	260,057	242,510	151,058	
14. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year					
	1	Group	Cor	npany	
	2004	2003	2004	2003	
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	
Amounts owed to group undertakings	5,000	14,500	5,000	5,000	
15. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL					
15. CALLED OF SHARE CAPITAL			2004	2003	
			\$000	\$000	
Authorised:			\$000	2000	
100,000,000 ordinary shares of \$1 each			100.000	100.000	
Allotted called up and fully paid:				=====	
32,445,000 ordinary shares of \$1 each			32,445	32,445	
·					
16. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS'	FUNDS (Grou	p)	***	-004	
			2004	2003	
			\$000	\$000	
Opening shareholders' funds			64,872	56,923	
Retained profit for the year			17,639	8,423	
Currency translation differences on foreign equity investments			(366)	1,950	
Currency translation differences on relevant foreign currency loa	ans		-	(2,424)	
Closing shareholders' funds			82,145	64,872	

17. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has guaranteed letters of credit issued in respect of subsidiaries amounting to \$58,944,423. (2003 - \$14,744,389).

18. COMMITMENTS

In the normal course of business the group has entered into forward contracts for the purchase and sale of commodities.

19. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

	2004	2003
Commodity trading	138	150
•		

20. PENSION COSTS - FRS 17 DISCLOSURES

The company operates a defined benefit pension scheme (the "Scheme"). An estimate of the scheme's financial position was carried out at 31 December 2004 by a qualified independent actuary. The estimate was based on the last full valuation as at 1 January 2003. The company paid contributions of \$3,110,000 in the year to 31 December 2004. The major assumptions used by the actuary were:

2004		2003	
3.10%		3.00%	
2.50%		2.50%	
5.60%		5.75%	
2.50%		2.50%	
\$000	%	\$000	%
38,966	5.60	34,604	5.75
		•	
32,621	6.60	25,853	6.75
71,587		60,457	
(76,758)		(67,095)	
(5,171)		(6,638)	
1,551		1,991	
(3,620)		(4,647)	
	3.10% 2.50% 5.60% 2.50% \$000 38,966 32,621 71,587 (76,758) (5,171) 1,551	3.10% 2.50% 5.60% 2.50% \$000 % 38,966 5.60 32,621 6.60 71,587 (76,758) (5,171) 1,551	3.10% 3.00% 2.50% 2.50% 5.60% 5.75% 2.50% 2.50% \$000 % \$000 \$000 38,966 5.60 34,604 . . 32,621 6.60 25,853 71,587 60,457 (76,758) (67,095) (5,171) (6,638) 1,551 1,991

Analysis of the defined benefit cost charged to		2004	20
operating profit		\$000	\$(
Service cost		549	4
Analysis of other amounts charged to operating profit			
Gain on settlements		-	1,4
Gain on curtailments		-	3
			1,:
Analysis of the amount credited to financing of pension provisions	•		
Expected return		3,991	3,0
Interest on pension liabilities		(4,137)	(3,
Net return		(146)	(
		2004	26
Amount recognised in the statement of total recognised gains & losses		\$000	\$(
Actual return in excess of expected return		488	(4
Experience gains and losses		(904)	(2,
Change in assumptions underlying present value			
of fund liabilities		(50)	
Actuarial loss		(466)	(3,
		2004	20
		\$000	\$0
Movement in deficit during year			
Deficit at the start of the year		(6,638)	(5,:
Foreign exchange difference		(482)	(:
Total operating charge		(549)	(-
Settlement cost		-	
Curtailment cost		-	1,
Contributions		3,110	1,
Net return Actuarial loss in the statement of total recognised gains and losses		(146) (466)	(3,
Ů Ů			<u> </u>
Deficit at the end of the year		(5,171)	(6,
History of experience gains and losses	Year ending		Year end
Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets	31 Dec 2004	31 Dec 2003	31 Dec 2
Amount (\$000s)	488	(483)	
Percentage of scheme assets	1%	(1%)	
Experience gains and (losses) on scheme liabilities:			
Amount (\$000s)	(904)	(2,708)	
Percentage of the present value of the scheme liabilities	(1%)	(4%)	
Total amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses			
• Amount (\$000s)	(466)	(3,191)	(4
Percentage of the present value of the scheme liabilities	(1%)	(5%)	(2

21. COMPANY

The company has not disclosed its own profit and loss account as permitted by section 230 of Companies Act 1985. The profit for the year was \$4,121,626 (2003: \$9,969,743).

22. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The ultimate parent undertaking is Louis Dreyfus SAS., incorporated in France.

23. GROUP ACCOUNTS

The largest and smallest groups for which group accounts are prepared and of which the company is a member are as follows:

Name Address from where copies of the group accounts can be obtained Largest and smallest Louis Dreyfus SAS. 87 Avenue de la Grande Armee, 75782 Paris.

In accordance with FRS8, Related Party Transactions, the company has taken advantage of the exemption for subsidary undertakings, whose 90% or more voting rights are controlled within a group, from the requirement to disclose related party transactions, as the consolidated financial statements in which the company is included are publicly available.

Principal Subsidiaries

Registered in England

LOUIS DREYFUS TRADING LIMITED

Directors

Commodity trading

P. H. Akroyd

R. Allen

I. Barritt

B. Laferriere

I. S. McIntosh

P. Malchere

N. Mamalis D. S. Ohavon

N. Pardo

(Resigned 8.2.2005)

(Appointed 11.3.2005)

(Resigned 9.9.2004)

Registered Office

Queensberry House, 3 Old Burlington Street, London W1S 3LD

Registered in England

LOUIS DREYFUS SERVICES LIMITED

Directors

Commodity Consultancy

J. Barritt

(Appointed 16.3.2004)

P. De Camaret J. Gandar

H. Wolkin

(Appointed 16.3.2004)

Registered Office

Queensberry House, 3 Old Burlington Street, London W1S 3LD

Registered in England

LOUIS DREYFUS COMMODITIES & FINANCE LIMITED

Directors

Financial Product Trading

P. H. Akroyd J. Barritt P. De Camaret I. S. McIntosh

N. Mamalis

Registered Office

Queensberry House, 3 Old Burlington Street, London W1S 3LD

Exemption has been taken of the disclosures required under section 231 (5) (6) of the Companies Act 1985 on the grounds that in the directors' opinion, only the aforementioned companies' results or financial position principally affect the accounts of the group.