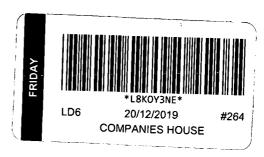
Registration number 00364962

Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2018



Company information

Directors F. Cerisoli

K. AshtonA. MaseratiS. Proctor

Company number

00364962

Registered office

Eversheds House,

70 Great Bridgewater Street

Manchester M15ES

Auditors

Constantin
25 Hosier Lane

London EC1A 9LQ

Table of contents

Directors' Report	4-5
Independent auditor's report	6-8
Statement of comprehensive income	9
Statement of financial position	10
Statement of changes in equity	11
Notes to the accounts	12-17

Directors' Report

The directors submit their annual report and the audited financial statements for Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is to act as a holding company. The principal activity of its subsidiaries has been that of commodity trading.

Results

The results for the year are set out on page 9.

Directors' and officers' liability insurance

During the year, the company purchased and maintained liability insurance for its directors and officers as permitted by 232(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Directors

The directors who served during the year are as stated below:

- K. Ashton
- P. Akroyd (resigned on 9 May 2018)
- F. Cerisoli
- A. Maserati
- S. Proctor

Directors' responsibility

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard FRS 101 and applicable law. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the company will continue in business.

Directors' Report (continued)

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

So far as the directors are aware at the time the report is approved:

- there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Auditors

The auditors, Constantin, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint Constantin will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting, in accordance with Section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 1.9. DEC. 2019 d signed on its behalf by,

-DocuSigned by:

keir Ashton —0E9693939CBB4F1...

K.Ashton Director

Date

December 19, 2019

Independent auditor's report to the members of Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31/12/18 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
 - have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of financial position;
- the statement of changes in equity;
- the related notes 1 to 11, which include a statement of accounting policies.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited (continued)

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited (continued)

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
 - the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Peter Smith FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of

Constantin

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 25 Hosier Lane

London

ECIA 9LQ

Date:

19 December 2019.



Statement of comprehensive income	Notes	2018	2017
		£'000'	£ '000'
Administrative expenses		(18)	(18)
Operating result	_	(18)	(18)
Foreign exchange gain/(loss)		15	(49)
Interest receivable and similar income	3	2	3
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(1)	(2)
Net depreciation of financial investments		(44)	-
Reversal of provision for risk	_	338	-
Profit/(Loss) before taxation		292	(66)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	5	-	10
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year attributable to owners of the Company	_	292	(56)

The notes on pages 12 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December	Notes	2018	2017
		£ '000	£ '000
Non-Current Assets			
Investments Deposit	6	4,230 344	4,274 -
Current Assets			
Debtors: Amounts falling due within one year Cash and cash equivalents	7	103 37	102 362
Current Liabilities			
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(72)	(50)
Net Current Assets	_	68	414
Total Assets less Current Liabilities	<u></u>	4,642	4,688
Non-Current Liabilities			
Provision for liabilities and charges		(186)	(524)
Net Assets		4,456	4,164
Capital Reserves			
Called up share capital	9	4,444	4,444
Profit and Loss account		12	(280)
Shareholders' Funds	. =	4,456	4,164

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

---- DocuSigned by:

keir ashton K. 0.4981138198184F1...

Director

December 19, 2019

Company Registration Number: 00364962

The notes on pages 12 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Called up share capital £ '000	Profit and Loss account £ '000	Shareholders' Funds £ '000
At 1rst January 2017 Loss for the year	4,444	(224 (56	,
At 31 December 2017 and 1rst January 2018 Profit for the year	4,444	(280 292	•
As at 31 December 2018	4,444	12	4,456

The notes on pages 12 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation and accounting convention

Louis Dreyfus & Co. is a company incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in Pound Sterling as this is the main operating currency of the company.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below and in accordance with FRS 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

As permitted by FRS 101, the company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under that standard in relation to the presentation of a cash-flow statement and related party transactions.

1.2 Basis of consolidation

The financial statements contain information about Louis Dreyfus & Co. Limited as an individual entity. In accordance with Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, the company has taken advantage of the exemption available to it from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements on the grounds that it is included in the consolidated financial statements of Louis Dreyfus Commodities B.V., a Netherlands company. The consolidated financial statements of Louis Dreyfus Commodities B.V. are available from its registered office at Westblaak 102, 3012 KM Rotterdam, Netherlands.

1.3 Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or subsequently enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation is recognized in respect of all material timing differences that have originated but not been reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognized in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognized only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing difference can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

1.4 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Pound Sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the date of the transactions. All differences are taken to the statement of comprehensive income.

1.5 Investments

Investments are stated at cost less impairment in value.

1.6 Pension costs

Louis Dreyfus & Co Limited is the principal company of the Louis Dreyfus & Co Limited pension fund (the "Scheme"). In 2007, Louis Dreyfus & Co Limited and Louis Dreyfus Trading Limited assigned their liabilities as principal and participating employer under the Scheme to Louis Dreyfus Company Suisse S.A., a group company incorporated in Switzerland, for consideration of £10m. Louis Dreyfus & Co Limited and Louis Dreyfus Trading Limited remain the principal and participating employer under the Scheme and retain their liabilities under the trust deed and rules.

However, those liabilities have been and will in practice be met by Louis Dreyfus Company Suisse S.A. under the terms of the agreement.

1.7 Financial assets and liabilities

Debtors

Trade debtors, loans, and other debtors that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Interest receivable and similar income is recognized by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and current accounts with banks.

Creditors

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

1.8 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related accrual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

Impairment of receivables

The company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade and other receivables. When assessing impairment of trade and other receivable, Management considers the ageing profile of receivables and historical experience.

2. Auditor's remuneration

Auditor's remuneration is borne by Louis Dreyfus Trading Limited.

3. Interest receivable and similar income

	2018	2017
-	£ '000	£ '000'
Group undertakings	1	1
Other	1	2
Total Interest receivable and similar income	2	3

2018 £ '000	2017 £ '000
(1)	- (2)
(1)	(2)
2018 £'000	2017 £ '000
- -	(10)
	(10)
292	(66)
55	(13)
(55) 0	3
0	(10)
2018 £'000	2017 £'000
(10) 3,570	(10) 3,732
	£'000 (1) (1) (1) (1) 2018 £'000

^{*}Deferred tax assets, coming from capital losses and carried forward losses, have not been recognised due to uncertainty over its recoverability.

6. Investments		
	2018 £ '000	2017 £ '000
Gross amount	4,777	4,777
Provision for diminution in value		
1st of Jan	(503)	(503)
Impairment booked for the year	(44)	-
31st of Dec	(547)	(503)
Opening	4,274	4,274
Closing	4,230	4,274

The company's investments in subsidiary undertakings at 31 December 2018 were as follows:

Name of company	Country of incorporation	Class of shares held	Proportion of shares held
Louis Dreyfus Services Limited	England	Ordinary shares	100%
Louis Dreyfus Company Limited	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary shares	100%

7. Debtors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£ '000'	£ '000
Amounts from group undertakings	89	92
Other receivables	14	10
Total Debtors	103	102

Included above are financial instruments held at amortised cost amounting to £103k (2017: £92k), interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £ '000	2017 £ '000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	(65)	(50)
Accruals Total Creditors	<u>(7)</u> (72)	(50)

Included above are financial instruments held at amortised cost amounting to £65k (2017: £50k).

10. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking and controlling party is Louis Dreyfus Company Suisse S.A., a company incorporated in Switzerland. The ultimate parent undertaking is Louis Dreyfus Holding B.V., incorporated in the Netherlands. The ultimate controlling party is the Louis Dreyfus family. The consolidated financial statements of Louis Dreyfus Holding B.V. may be obtained from Westblaak, 102-3012 Rotterdam.

11. Group accounts

The largest and smallest groups for which group accounts are prepared, and of which the company is a member are:

Name	Largest Louis Dreyfus Holding B.V.	Smallest Louis Dreyfus Company Suisse S.A.
Country of incorporation	Netherlands	Switzerland
Address from where copies of consolidated financial statements can be obtained	Westblaak 102 3012 KM Rotterdam Netherlands	Route de l'Aéroport 29, 1215 Genève Switzerland

Docusigned by:

keir Ushton

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Keir Ashton December 19, 2019

^{*}All shares rank pari-passu in all respects.