STRATEGIC REPORT, DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 28 JUNE 2015 TO 2 JULY 2016

FOR

WILLIAM COOK STANHOPE LIMITED

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WILLIAM COOK STANHOPE LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

DIRECTORS:

Sir Andrew Cook CBE

W J Cook C D Seymour

SECRETARY:

M K Hodgson FCA

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Parkway Avenue

Sheffield

South Yorkshire

S9 4UL

REGISTERED NUMBER:

00359586 (England and Wales)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR:

KPMG LLP

1 Sovereign Square Sovereign Street

Leeds LS1 4DA

BANKERS:

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

2 Whitehall Quay

Leeds LS1 4HR

STRATEGIC REPORT for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

The directors present their strategic report for the period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The operating performance during the period has been generally satisfactory, particularly in view of the economic climate and collapse in the prices of most industrial commodities, the extraction of which constitutes a significant market sector.

Turnover increased to £18,547,541 in the year ended 2 July 2016 from £14,359,929 in the fifteen months ended 27 June 2015.

Gross profit was £2,975,663 in 2016 against £4,475,886 in 2015. Normal operating expenses (excluding exceptional items) were £2,127,141 compared with £2,395,251 in the prior period.

The profit for the financial period amounted to £631,140 (2015: £2,053,083). The profit for the prior period included an exceptional profit of £500,000 arising from the sale of part of the business to a fellow Group company.

Balance sheet

The directors present financial statements showing shareholder's funds of £6,795,849 as at 2 July 2016 compared to £10,164,710 as at 27 June 2015.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The most significant risks to the Company's profitability are:

- Reduced demand from the Company's main markets
- Bad management
- Collapsed mineral prices
- Hostile trade union interference

The board has strategies to manage these risks and remains confident of the continued success of the Company.

Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

Management monitor the performance of the operations compared to budget and forecast.

KPIs monitored daily are:

- Production volume and value
- Sales volume and value
- Plant availability (production downtime)
- Quality (scrap and rework)
- Order intake

STRATEGIC REPORT for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES - continued

KPIs monitored weekly and monthly are:

- Profit and cash generation
- Man hours per tonne
- Labour cost per tonne
- Overtime and absenteeism
- Health and safety rate (accidents per 100,000 hours)
- Delivery performance
- Forward order outlook

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

M K Hodgson FCA - Secretary

Date: **26**March 2017

DIRECTORS' REPORT for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the period under review was the design, manufacture and supply of steel products and complex engineered assemblies in high strength steels, other metals and polymers.

DIVIDENDS

An interim dividend of £4,000,000 was paid to the parent company on 22 June 2016. The directors recommend that no final dividend be paid.

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 2 July 2016 will be £4,000,000.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The directors are confident about the long-term prospects for the Company, which is well established and focussed on specialist markets, where quality and service have an intrinsic value and significant added value is also provided.

Careful investment continues to be made where necessary to support or improve the Company's operating efficiency.

DIRECTORS

Sir Andrew Cook CBE has held office during the whole of the period from 28 June 2015 to the date of this report.

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

K J Grayley - resigned 1 July 2015 W J Cook - appointed 1 July 2015 S J Alexander - appointed 1 July 2015

C D Seymour was appointed as a director after 2 July 2016 but prior to the date of this report.

S J Alexander ceased to be a director after 2 July 2016 but prior to the date of this report.

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

The directors benefit from qualifying third party indemnity provisions in place during the financial period and at the date of this report.

EMPLOYEES

It is the policy of the Group to employ disabled persons wherever circumstances permit and provide normal opportunities for their training, promotion and career developments.

The company considers it important that employees are well informed on all aspects of its affairs as far as the needs of communication and financial confidentiality will allow.

DIRECTORS' REPORT for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE STRATEGIC REPORT, THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditor is unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

AUDITOR

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

M K Hodgson FCA - Secretary

Date: 28 March 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WILLIAM COOK STANHOPE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of William Cook Stanhope Limited for the year ended 2 July 2016 on pages eight to twenty three. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page five, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 2 July 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WILLIAM COOK STANHOPE LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Adrian Stone (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
1 Sovereign Square
Sovereign Street
Leeds
LS1 4DA

Date: 31 March 2017

INCOME STATEMENT for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

		Period 28.6.15	Period 30.3.14
		to	to
		2.7.16	27.6.15
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER	2	18,547,541	14,359,929
Cost of sales		(15,571,878)	(9,884,043)
GROSS PROFIT		2,975,663	4,475,886
Distribution costs		(329,508)	(189,590)
Administrative expenses		(1,797,633)	(2,235,525)
OPERATING PROFIT	5	848,522	2,050,771
Profit on sale of intangible fixed assets	6		500,000
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	.		
BEFORE TAXATION	•	848,522	2,550,771
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(217,382)	(497,688)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIO	OD	631,140	2,053,083

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

	Period	Period
	28.6.15	30.3.14
	to	to
	2.7.16	27.6.15
Notes	£	£
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	631,140	2,053,083
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	631,140	2,053,083

BALANCE SHEET 2 July 2016

		2.7.16	27.6.15
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS		1.050.000	1 200 000
Intangible assets	9	1,270,000	1,388,000
Tangible assets	10	3,363,817	3,703,916
		4,633,817	5,091,916
CURRENT ASSETS			•
Stocks	11	2,314,270	3,817,834
Debtors	12	2,075,044	2,092,369
Cash at bank and in hand		903,284	1,747,534
CDUDITIONS		5,292,598	7,657,737
CREDITORS	12	(2.120.566)	(2.554.005)
Amounts falling due within one year	13	(3,130,566)	(2,554,905)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		2,162,032	5,102,832
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		6,795,849	10,194,748
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	15	·	(30,038)
NET ASSETS		6,795,849	10,164,710
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	16	461,308	461,308
Share premium	17	48,300	48,300
Revaluation reserve	17	2,277,082	2,277,082
Retained earnings	17	4,009,159	7,378,020
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS		6,795,849	10,164,710

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on by:

March 2017 and were signed on its behalf

Sir Andrew Cook CBE - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Share premium £	Revaluation reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 30 March 2014	461,308	5,324,937	48,300	2,277,082	8,111,627
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income Balance at 27 June 2015	461,308	2,053,083 7,378,020	48,300	2,277,082	2,053,083
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	· -	(4,000,000) 631,140		<u>-</u>	(4,000,000) 631,140
Balance at 2 July 2016	461,308	4,009,160	48,300	2,277,082	6,795,850

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain tangible fixed assets, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. Under Company law, the Directors are required to consider whether it is appropriate to prepare financial statements on the basis that the Company is a going concern. As part of its normal business practice, budgets, cash flow forecasts and longer term financial projections are prepared and in reviewing this information, the Directors are satisfied that the Company have adequate resources to enable them to continue in business for the foreseeable future. The Directors have therefore adopted the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements.

Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirement of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

Turnover

Turnover is the net invoiced value of goods sold and services rendered excluding value added tax.

Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Intangible fixed assets being the amount paid for Customer Relationships and purchased in 2007 are capitalised at cost and amortised by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic life of 20 years. These intangible assets are subject to annual impairment reviews.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated by equal annual instalments over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Plant and machinery

- 10% - 20% on cost or revalued amount

Fixtures and fittings

- 20% on cost

Motor vehicles

- 33.3% on reducing balance

At each reporting date the company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined, which is the higher of its fair valueless costs to sell, and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value using the first in/ first out method.

Cost comprises the direct costs of production and the attributable proportion of all overheads appropriate to location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price reduce'd by all costs of completion, marketing, selling and distribution.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company participates in an active defined contribution group personal pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

Government grants

Government grants in respect of capital expenditure are recognised over the expected useful economic lives of the related assets. Any amounts not recognised immediately in the profit and loss account are included in the balance sheet as deferred income.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

2. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

		ni-d	له ما الما
		Period 28.6.15	Period 30.3.14
		to 2.7.16	to 27.6.15
		2.7.16 £	27.6.13 £
	H. ta. 1 What dam		9,255,675
	United Kingdom	15,595,131	
	Europe	1,996,476	2,785,222
	United States of America	898,457	2,181,738
	Rest of World	57,477	137,294
		18,547,541	14,359,929
3.	STAFF COSTS		
		Period	Period
		28.6.15	30.3.14
		to	to
		2.7.16	27.6.15
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	3,186,403	3,492,096
	Social security costs	278,470	278,478
	Other pension costs	34,589	38,330
		3,499,462	3,808,904
	The average monthly number of employees during the period was as follows:		
		Period	Period
		28.6.15	30.3.14
		to	to
		2.7.16	27.6.15
	Manufacturing	87	84
	Sales and administration	27	30
	•	114	114
		· <u> </u>	

4. **DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS**

Total remuneration received by qualifying directors for services to the Company and the Group in the financial year was £321,380. The directors were remunerated through the ultimate parent company, William Cook Holdings Limited, and immediate parent company William Cook Cast Products Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

5. **OPERATING PROFIT**

6.

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

Hire of plant and machinery Other operating leases Depreciation - owned assets Profit on disposal of fixed assets Customer relationships amortisation Auditor's remuneration for the audit of the company's financial statements Auditor's remuneration for taxation compliance services Foreign exchange differences Research & development	Period 28.6.15 to 2.7.16 £ 89,814 219,105 542,502 (1,500) 118,000 16,000 5,996 63 32,868	Period 30.3.14 to 27.6.15 £ 46,852 309,142 625,473 (15,000) 195,000 16,000 2,350 (21,124) 4,971
Exceptional Items		
Administrative expenses include the following exceptional costs:	Period 28.6.15 to 2.7.16 £	Period 30.3.14 to 27.6.15 £
Staff costs and redundancy		29,864
PROFIT ON SALE OF INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
	Period 28.6.15 to 2.7.16 £	Period 30.3.14 to 27.6.15 £
Profit on disposal of business		500,000

During the prior period, the company sold part of the business relating to the design and manufacture of intermodal freight components for commercial applications, along with the intellectual property rights associated with the design and manufacture of these products. The sale was to William Cook Intermodal Limited, a fellow Group company, generating a profit on sale of £500,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

7. TAXATION

Analysis	of the	tax c	harge
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The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the period was as fo	llows:
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The tax charge on the profit of ordinary activities for the period was as follows.		
•	Period	Period
	28.6.15	30.3.14
	to	to
	2.7.16	27.6.15
	£	£
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax	230,173	405,868
Adjustment in respect of prior period	71,848	14,589
Adjustment in respect of prior period	71,010	
Total current tax	302,021	420,457
1 otal current tax	302,021	420,437
Deferred tax:		
	(19,679)	84,807
Current period	, , ,	•
Adjustments relating to prior period	(68,840)	(7,576)
Effect of rate change	3,880	
	/aa.a.	
Total deferred tax	(84,639)	<u>77,231</u>
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	217,382	497,688
	·-	

UK corporation tax has been charged at 20% (2015 - 20.80%).

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the period is higher (2015 – lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	Period	Period
	28.6.15	30.3.14
	to	to
	2.7.16	27.6.15
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	848,522	2,550,771
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation		
tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20.80%)	169,704	530,560
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	52,498	67,511
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	6,888	7,013
Effect of rate change	(11,708)	(3,394)
Profit on sale of non qualifying assets	-	(104,002)
1 7 0		<u> </u>
Total tax charge	217,382	497,688
•		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

8. **DIVIDENDS**

	Period	Period
	28.6.15	30.3.14
	to	to
	2.7.16	27.6.15
	£	£
Ordinary shares of £0.25 each		
Interim dividend for the current financial period	4,000,000	

9. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Customer relationships £
COST	
At 28 June 2015	
and 2 July 2016	2,480,000
AMORTISATION	
At 28 June 2015	1,092,000
Amortisation for period	118,000
At 2 July 2016	1,210,000
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 2 July 2016	1,270,000
At 27 June 2015	1,388,000

In the opinion of the directors, there was no material difference between the carrying amount and fair value of Intangible Fixed assets at 2 July 2016.

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles	Totals £
COST				
At 28 June 2015	4,481,813	559,125	34,600	5,075,538
Additions	214,052	-	26,279	240,331
Disposals	(37,928)	-		(37,928)
At 2 July 2016	4,657,937	559,125	60,879	5,277,941
DEPRECIATION				
At 28 June 2015	794,695	542,327	34,600	1,371,622
Charge for period	531,454	5,266	5,782	542,502
At 2 July 2016	1,326,149	547,593	40,382	1,914,124
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 2 July 2016	3,331,788	11,532	20,497	3,363,817
At 27 June 2015	3,687,118	16,798		3,703,916

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

At the date of transition to FRS 102, the revalued plant and machinery has been valued at deemed cost as a result of a previous GAAP revaluation dated 29 March 2014, and in accordance with section 35 of FRS 102.

11.	STOCKS		
11.	STOCKS	2.7.16	27.6.15
		£	£
	Raw materials and consumables Work-in-progress	1,309,310 1,004,960	1,906,122 1,911,712
	w ork-in-progress	1,004,900	1,911,712
		2,314,270	3,817,834
12.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2.7.16	27.6.15
	Tundo debtano	£ 804,263	£ 1,008,722
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,070,624	648,928
	Other debtors	-	300
	VAT	-	209,426
	Deferred tax asset (see note 15)	54,601	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	145,556	224,993
		2,075,044	2,092,369
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2.7.16	27.6.15
		£.7.16	27.6.13 £
	Trade creditors	2,263,570	1,646,651
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	<u>-</u>	51,540
	Corporation tax	98,823	369,424
	Social security and other taxes	106,742	74,318
	VAT Other creditors	298,855 23,840	40,889
	Accruals and deferred income	338,736	372,083
	Accidents and describe moome		
		3,130,566	2,554,905
14.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows		27.6.15
		2.7.16 £	27.6.15 £
	Within one year	243,752	243,000
	Between one and five years	205,966	449,718
		449,718	692,718
15.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		
			27.6.15
	Deferred tax		£ 30.038
	Deterred tax		30,038

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

15. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

	Balance at 28 Credit to Inco	June 2015 me Statement during period				Deferred tax £ 30,038 (84,639)
	Balance at 2 J	uly 2016				<u>(54,601</u>)
	The deferred t	ax debtor is included within o	debtors at note 12.			
	The elements	of deferred taxation are as fol	llows:		2.7.16	27.6.15
		tween accumulated depreciation of capital allowances differences	ion and		£ (51,004) (3,597)	£ 12,068 17,970
					<u>(54,601</u>)	30,038
16.	CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Allotted, issue Number: 1,845,232	ed and fully paid: Class: Ordinary		Nominal value: £0.25	2.7.16 £ 461,308	27.6.15 £ 461,308
17.	RESERVES		Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Revaluation reserve £	Totals £
	At 28 June 20 Profit for the p Dividends		7,378,020 631,140 (4,000,000)	48,300	2,277,082	9,703,402 631,140 (4,000,000)
	At 2 July 2016	5	4,009,160	48,300	2,277,082	6,334,542

Revaluation reserve

This reserve represents the pre FRS 102 cumulative revaluation gains and losses on revaluation of plant and machinery held as tangible assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Period 28 June 2015 to 2 July 2016

18. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company makes contributions to a group personal pension scheme.

The assets of the defined contribution pension scheme are held separately from those of the company, in an independently administered fund. The company's contribution to the scheme for the period was £34,589 (2015: £38,330).

There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at the end of the financial period. Accrued contributions at 27 June 2015 were £3,284.

19. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate holding company is William Cook Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

20. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Group contingent liabilities relating to guarantees, performance bonds and other items of a normal trading nature amounted to £899,000 (2015: £1,026,000).

William Cook Stanhope Limited has given guarantees in respect of bank indebtedness of fellow group undertakings, which amounted to £4,411,000 (2015: £2,155,000).

21. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

There were no contracted capital commitments at the period end (2015: £nil).

22. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

23. FIRST YEAR ADOPTION

Transitional relief

On transition to FRS 102, the company has taken advantage of the following transitional relief:

• to use a previous GAAP revaluation as deemed cost on an item of property, plant and equipment.

RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY 30 March 2014 (DATE OF TRANSITION TO FRS 102)

		UK GAAP	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102
	Notes	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS				
Intangible assets		1,583,000	-	1,583,000
Tangible assets		3,843,508	-	3,843,508
Investments		100,000		100,000
		5,526,508	-	5,526,508
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks		1,584,445	-	1,584,445
Debtors		3,060,356	-	3,060,356
Cash at bank and in hand		543,192		543,192
		5,187,993		5,187,993
CREDITORS				
Amounts falling due within one year		(2,602,874)		(2,602,874)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		2,585,119		2,585,119
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	Γ			
LIABILITIES		8,111,627	-	8,111,627
NET ASSETS		8,111,627	-	8,111,627
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital		461,308	-	461,308
Share premium		48,300	-	48,300
Revaluation reserve	(a)	2,277,082	-	2,277,082
Retained earnings	(a)	5,324,937		5,324,937
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		8,111,627		8,111,627

RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY - continued 27 June 2015

		UK GAAP	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102
EULED I COURT	Notes	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS		1 200 200		1 200 000
Intangible assets		1,388,000	-	1,388,000
Tangible assets		3,703,916		3,703,916
		5,091,916		5,091,916
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks		3,817,834	-	3,817,834
Debtors		2,092,369	-	2,092,369
Cash at bank and in hand		1,747,534	=	1,747,534
		7,657,737		7,657,737
CREDITORS				
Amounts falling due within one year		(2,554,905)		(2,554,905)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		5,102,832		5,102,832
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT				
LIABILITIES		10,194,748	-	10,194,748
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		(30,038)		(30,038)
NET ASSETS		10,164,710		10,164,710
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital		461,308	-	461,308
Share premium		48,300	-	48,300
Revaluation reserve	(a)	2,042,085	234,997	2,277,082
Retained earnings	(a)	7,613,017	(234,997)	7,378,020
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		10,164,710	<u>-</u> -	10,164,710

Notes to the reconciliation of equity

⁽a) The revaluation reserve arising on the revaluation of plant and machinery at 29 March 2014 has been frozen at that date, and the deemed cost of the plant and machinery taken as the valuation at that date. Consequently, the elimination of revaluation reserve released through the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been backed out of the financial statements at the date of transition to FRS 102.

RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT for the Period 30 March 2014 to 27 June 2015

	UK GAAP	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102
	£	£	£
TURNOVER	14,359,929	-	14,359,929
Cost of sales	(9,884,043)		(9,884,043)
GROSS PROFIT	4,475,886	-	4,475,886
Distribution costs	(189,590)	-	(189,590)
Administrative expenses	(2,235,525)	 -	(2,235,525)
OPERATING PROFIT	2,050,771	-	2,050,771
Profit on sale of intangible fixed assets	500,000	- -	500,000
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
BEFORE TAXATION	2,550,771	-	2,550,771
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	(497,688)		(497,688)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	2,053,083		2,053,083