National Veterinary Services Limited

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 339801 For the year ended 30 June 2003

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National Veterinary Services Limited Directors' report and financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2003

Contents

Directors' report	1
Statement of directors' responsibilities	3
Independent auditor's report to the members of National Veterinary Services Limited	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	7
Notes	8

Directors' report

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2003.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the year was the supply of veterinary medicines and equipment.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2002: £2,000,000). An interim dividend of £7,000,000 was paid during the year making a total dividend for the year of £7,000,000 (2002: £2,000,000).

Business review

On 2 January 2003, the trade and certain assets of the company were sold to Dechra Limited.

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

SD Evans

ID Page

ETW Torr

BJ Burston

MD Roach

None of the directors had any interest in the share capital of the company during the year.

Mr MD Roach participates in the Executive Share Plan of Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC and has a right to acquire 50,000 ordinary shares in Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC provided certain performance criteria are met.

Details of the performance criteria are disclosed in the financial statements of Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC.

At the year end, Mr BJ Burston held 15,500 shares in Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC, the ultimate parent company.

Mr BJ Burston also had the following share options in Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC, under an unapproved share option scheme:

	Exercise dates	Expiry date	Number	Exercise price
	2003	2010	70,000	120p
	2005	2012	10,000	153.5p
At start of year			80,000	
Granted during the year	2006	2013	5,000	58.5p
				
At end of year			85,000	
			22	

The other directors were all directors of Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC, the ultimate holding company, and their interests in the shares of group undertakings are disclosed in the financial statements of that company.

Directors' report (continued)

Employees

It is the company's policy to encourage employee involvement as the directors consider that this is essential for the successful running of the business. The company keeps employees informed of performance, developments and progress by way of regular team briefing sessions and notices. The company runs a profit related pay scheme so that all employees can share in the success of the company.

The company gives full consideration to applications for employment from disabled people, where they adequately fulfil the requirements of the job.

Where existing employees become disabled, it is the company's policy whenever practicable to provide continuing employment under the company's terms and conditions and to provide training and career development whenever appropriate.

Suppliers

The company does not adhere to any code of practice regarding the payment of suppliers but seeks to agree the terms of payment with suppliers prior to placing business and it is the companies policy to settle liabilities by the due date. At 30 June 2003, the company had an average nil days (2002: 80 days) purchases outstanding in creditors.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 384 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG Audit Plc as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

S.P. Whitehame

SP Whitehouse

Secretary

Unit 4
Jamage Industrial Estate
Talke Pits
Stoke-on-Trent
ST7 1XW

2 September 2003

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



2 Cornwall Street Birmingham B3 2DL

Independent auditor's report to the members of National Veterinary Services Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 15.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 3, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2003 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG Audit Plc

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

OM Lider Re

2 September 2003

Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 June 2003

	Note	2003 £000	2002 £000
Turnover – discontinued activities Cost of sales – discontinued activities	I	85,005 (77,612)	159,956 (145,312)
Gross profit		7,393	14,644
Distribution costs - discontinued activities Administrative expenses - discontinued activities		(3,468) (1,242)	(5,988) (2,184)
Operating profit – discontinued activities		2,683	6,472
Profit on disposal of business - discontinued activities	3	29,988	-
Profit on ordinary activities before interest		32,671	6,472
Net interest payable	4	(54)	(68)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	5	32,617	6,404
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(807)	(1,929)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		31,810	4,475
Dividends	8	(7,000)	(2,000)
Retained profit for the financial year	16	24,810	2,475

A statement of movements on reserves is given in note 16 to the financial statements.

There were no recognised gains and losses other than those shown above.

Balance sheet at 30 June 2003

	Note	200		200 £000	
Total and a		£000	£000	£000	£000
Fixed assets Tangible assets	9		-		2,038
Current assets	10			16.520	
Stocks Debtors	10 11	55,156		16,538 22,881	
Cash at bank and in hand	11	23,130		6,405	
Cash at bank and in hand					
		55,156		45,824	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(20,608)		(38,170)	
			A 1 7 10		
Net current assets			34,548		7,654
Total assets less current liabilities			34,548		9,692
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than					
one year	13		_		(104)
•					
Net assets			34,548		9,588
1100 0,5000					
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15		1,665		1,515
Profit and loss account	16		32,883		8,073
	2.5				
Total shareholders' funds			34,548		9,588
Tomi phar violatio (dipat					
Shareholders' funds may be analysed as					
Equity interest		34,398		9,588	
Non-equity interest		150		-	
		34,548		9,588	
					

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 2 September 2003 and were signed on its behalf by:

ID Page Director

Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

for the year ended 30 June 2003

	2003 £000	2002 £000
Profit for the financial year Dividends Shares issued	31,810 (7,000) 150	4,475 (2,000)
Net movement in shareholders' funds	24,960	2,475
Shareholders' funds at start of year	9,588	7,113
Shareholders' funds at end of year	34,548	9,588

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Cash flow statement

The company is exempt from the requirement of Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (revised) to prepare a cash flow statement as 100% of the voting rights of the company's shares are controlled by Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC. The consolidated financial statements of Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC, which include the company, are publicly available.

Turnover

Turnover represents cash and credit sales excluding value added tax.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the gross book value less estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets over their estimated useful lives. The principal rates used are as follows:

Short leasehold property - Period of the lease on a straight line basis

Fixtures, fittings and equipment - 10-33¹/₃% on a straight line basis Motor vehicles - 25% on a straight line basis

Leased assets

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and the outstanding future lease obligations are shown in creditors. Rental payments are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account and the capital element which reduces the outstanding lease obligations.

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred (or accelerated) because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse and is provided in respect of all timing differences which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date except as otherwise required by FRS 19 "Deferred Tax".

Pensions

The company participates in a defined contribution pension scheme. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents contributions payable to the scheme in the accounting period.

Related parties

By virtue of the company being a wholly owned subsidiary included in the consolidated financial statements of a larger EU group, the company is exempt under Financial Reporting Standard 8 from disclosing transactions or balances with entities which are part of the group that qualify as related parties.

2 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

	2003 Number	2002 of employees
Distribution	142	275
Buying, sales and marketing and administration	46	86
	188	361
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:	2003	2002
	£000	£000
Wages and salaries	2,537	4,428
Social security costs	196	330
Other pension costs	51	90
	2,784	4,848

3 Profit on disposal of business

On 2 January 2003, the trade and certain assets of the company were sold to Dechra Limited, a subsidiary of Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC. The assets were sold at fair values determined by the directors to be £25,012,000. In accordance with the transfer agreement, consideration of £55,000,000 was received by the company.

There was no tax effect on the disposal proceeds.

4 Net interest payable

4 Net interest payable	2003	2002
	£000	£000
Bank overdraft interest	36	33
Finance lease charges	24	35
Interest receivable	(6)	-
	54	68
	=====	====
5 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		
	2003	2002
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated	£000	£000
after charging		
Auditors' remuneration:		
Audit fees	6	13
Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	365	694
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets held under finance leases	32	233
Payments under operating leases:		
Hire of plant and machinery	45	<u>-</u>
Other assets	252	377
		 _

6 Directors' emoluments

Director's cinoralizates	2003 £000	2002 £000
Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase scheme	154 13	291 22
		
	167	313

Included in the figure for directors' emoluments is £Nil (2002: £26,918) which was paid to Arnolds Veterinary Products Limited, a fellow subsidiary undertaking of the company, for the services of the former chief executive.

The emoluments of the highest paid director were £46,000 and company pension contributions of £4,000 were made to a money purchase scheme on his behalf.

	Number 2003	Number 2002
Members of money purchase pension schemes	5	5
	-	
7 Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
Tax charge for the year		
	2003 £000	2002 £000
UK corporation tax	_	
Current taxation	819	1,981
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(2)	(30)
Total current tax charge for the year	817	1,951
Deferred taxation		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(10)	(41)
Adjustments in respect of prior periods		19
Total deferred tax credit for the year	(10)	(22)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	807	1,929
		

7 Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

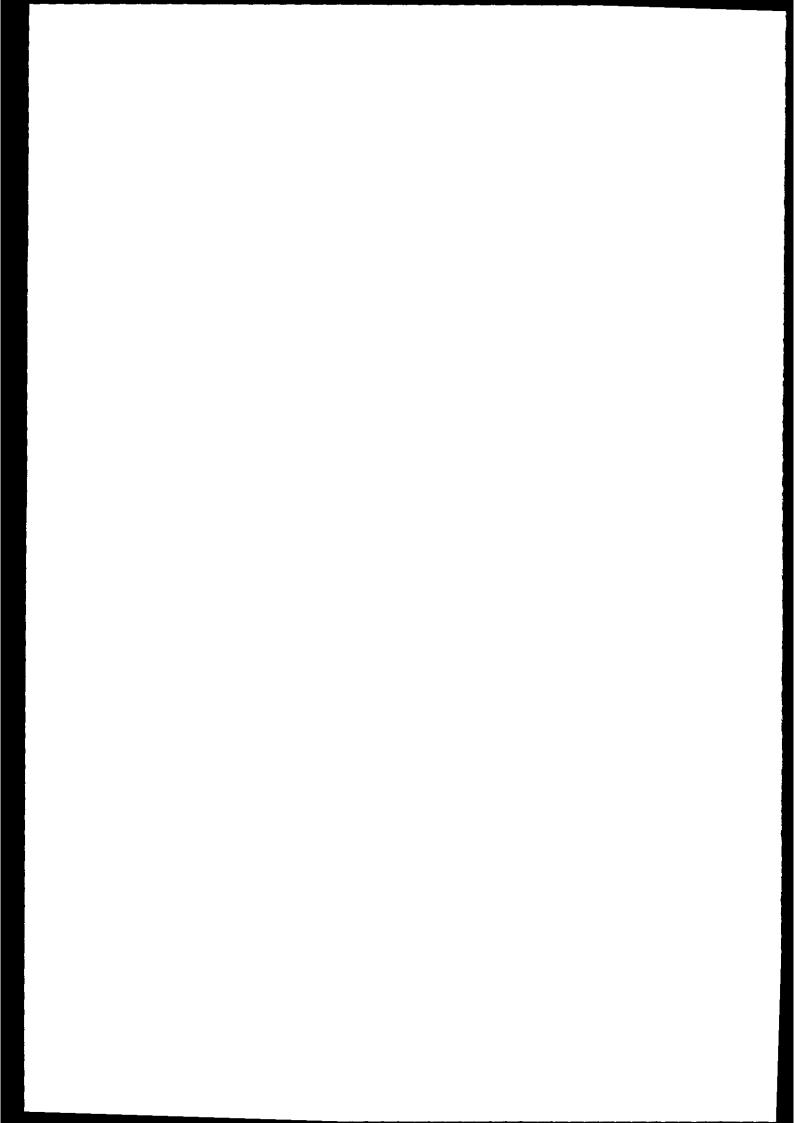
Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period

The current tax charge is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2002: 30%). The differences are explained below:

differences are explained below:		
	2003	2002
	£000	£000
Current tax reconciliation		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	32,617	6,404
Current tax charge at 30% (2002: 30%)	9,785	1,921
Effects of:		
Permanent timing differences:		
Profit on disposal of business	(8,996)	-
Depreciation on assets not eligible for tax allowances	17	17
Other	3	2
	(8,976)	19
	(0,7,0)	.,
Short term timing differences:		
Excess of depreciation over capital allowances	20	23
Other short term timing differences	(10)	18
	10	41
	10	41
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(2)	(30)
Trajudition to the bit in temporal of provious portions	(-)	(30)
That I was I was I was		
Total current tax charge (see above)	817	1,951
		
8 Dividends		
8 Dividends	2003	2002
	£000	£000
	2000	2000
On ordinary shares of £1 each		
Paid	7,000	_
Proposed	-	2,000
- · - F		
		2.000
	7,000	2,000
		

9 Tangible fixed assets

y Tangible lixed assets				
	Short	Fixtures,	Motor	Total
	leasehold	fittings	Vehicles	
	property	and		
		equipment		
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cost	2.40			
At 1 July 2002	369	3,451	2,572	6,392
Additions	18	242	99	359
Disposals	(387)	(3,693)	(2,671)	(6,751)
				
At 30 June 2003	ē	-	-	-
		======		
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 July 2002	247	2,578	1,529	4,354
Charge for the year	18	165	214	397
Disposals	(265)	(2,743)	(1,743)	(4,751)
At 30 June 2003	-	-	-	-
				
Net book value				
At 30 June 2003	-	-	-	-
At 30 June 2002	122	873	1,043	2,038
				
Leased assets				
At 30 June 2003	-	-	-	
				
At 30 June 2002	-	_	656	656
				
10 Stocks				
			2003	2002
			£000	£000
Goods for resale			_	16,538
				
11 Debtors				
			2003	2002
			£000	£000
Trade debtors			_	21,570
Amounts owed by group undertakings			55,156	93
Deferred tax			,	125
Other debtors			_	819
Prepayments			_	274
• •				
			55,156	22,881
				22,001
				~



12	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	•	2003	2002
		£000	£000
Oblica	ations under finance leases	_	323
	creditors	_	28,961
	nts owed to group undertakings	20,608	4,144
	creditors	20,000	18
	ration tax		1,990
	taxation and social security	_	589
	als and deferred income		145
	sed dividend	-	2,000
		20,608	38,170
			
12	Creditors, amounts falling due often more than one year		
13	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2003	2002
		£000	£000
		2000	2000
Ohliga	ations under finance leases	-	104
Conge	ations under milities reades		101
			
	bligations under finance leases are repayable as follows:		
	n one year	-	323
In the	second to fifth years	-	104
			
		_	427
			
14	Provisions for liabilities and charges		
			Deferred
			tax
			£000
A+ 1	July 2002		
	ofer from debtors		(125)
	sfer profit and loss account		(123)
	sfer to Dechra Limited		135
Haits	ice to been a Linked		155
			
At 30) June 2003		-
			
The a	amounts provided for deferred taxation under the liability method at 30% (2002	: 30%) are as follo	ws:
		2003	2002
		£000	£000
Camir	al allayer acc		(102)
	al allowances		(103)
DUOL	term timing differences	-	(22)
			
		-	(125)

15 Called up share capital

	1,665	1,515
150,000 fixed rate preference shares of £1 each	150	-
1,515,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,515	1,515
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
	£000	£000
	2003	2002

On 31 December 2002, the authorised share capital of the company was increased to £1,665,000 by the creation of 150,000 fixed rate preference shares of £1 each for nil premium. On the same day, these shares were allotted to Veneto Limited. In the event of a dividend being declared the fixed rate preference shares are entitled to a non cumulative dividend of 5% of the paid up amount. The fixed rate preference shares carry all of the voting rights at general meetings of the company.

16 Reserves

	Profit and loss account £000
At 1 July 2002 Retained profit for the year	8,073 24,810
At 30 June 2003	32,883

17 Capital commitments

Contracts placed for capital expenditure not provided for in these financial statements amounted to £Nil (2002: £177,000).

18 Commitments under operating leases

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases at 30 June 2003 are as follows:

	Land an	Land and buildings	
	2003	2002	
	000£	£000	
Operating leases which expire:			
In the second to fifth years inclusive	-	48	
Over five years	-	504	
	-	552	

On 2 January 2003, the operating lease commitments were transferred to Dechra Limited.

19 Pensions

The company participates in the defined contribution pension scheme of the Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC Group which is constituted as an independently administered fund with the assets held separately from those of the Dechra Pharmaceuticals Group. The pension charge in respect of the scheme comprises the contributions payable. There were no outstanding contributions at 30 June 2003 (2002: £Nil).

20 Contingent liabilities

The company guarantees the borrowings of certain other group companies which at 30 June 2003 amounted to £24,972,000 (2002: £21,011,000).

21 Ultimate holding company

The ultimate holding company at the year end is Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC, which is registered in England and Wales. The results of the company for the year are included within the group financial statements of Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC but are not included within any other group financial statements.

Copies of the group financial statements of Dechra Pharmaceuticals PLC may be obtained from Dechra House, Jamage Industrial Estate, Talke Pits, Stoke-on-Trent, ST7 1XW.