Rule 4.223-CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of

S.192

Receipts and Payments

Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies,

Company Number

332507

Name of Company

HEADWAY CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

I/We TREVOR FRID

of One Bridewell Street

Bristol

BS1 2AA

the liquidator(\mathbf{x}) of the company attach a copy of my/ $\delta \mathbf{u}$ r statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed TTRID.

Ernst & Young One Bridewell Street Bristol BS1 2AA

Ref: TF/RWD/DMS/4247/48

For Official Use
Liquidation | Post Room |

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COMPANIES HOUSE 01/03/00

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

BS1 2AA

HEADWAY CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

Company' registered number

332507

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up Members

Date of commencement of winding up February 27 1997 Date to which this statement is brought down

February 27 2000

Name and address of liquidator TREVOR FRID One Bridewell Street Bristol

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the amount of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a way as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of composition, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the Liquidation Committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.
- (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

DATE	Of whom received	Nature of Assets realised	AMOUNT
I I		 Brought Forward	 2,478.15
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1		Carried Forward	2,478.1

DISBURSEMENTS

DATE	To whom Paid	Nature of Disbursements	AMOUNT
' 		 	1,945.40
 14/09/1999	Lloyds TSB	 Refunds & Sundries :- Bank Charges	3.50
 18/10/1999 	Lloyds TSB	 Refunds & Sundries :- Bank Charges	 3.50
 16/11/1999 -	Lloyds TSB	 Refunds & Sundries :- Bank Charges	 3.50
 20/12/1999 -	Lloyds Bank plc	 Refunds & Sundries :- Bank Charges 	 3.50
 06/01/2000 	Lloyds TSB	 Refunds & Sundries :- Bank Charges	 3.50
 03/02/2000	Lloyds TSB	 Refunds & Sundries :- Bank Charges 	(3.50
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	1	Carried Forward	1,966.40

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Analysis of Balance	<u> </u>
Total Realisations	£ 2,478.15 1,966.40
Balance £	511.75
The balance is made up as follows: 1. Cash in hands of liquidator	511.75 0.00
Less: the cost of investments realised 0.0	·
Balance	0.00
Total balance as shown above	511.75

 ${\tt NOTE}$ - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement.

* The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securites, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations.

The Liquidator should also state -(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up. £ Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors- including the holders of floating charges) 4,272,000.00 Liabilities- Fixed charge creditors 0.00 Floating charge holders 0.00 unsecured creditors 0.00 (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding uppaid up in cash 32,621,000.00

issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet) Property Dispute
- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded Property Dispute
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed 12 Months