Registered no: 320321

OBC Insurance Consultants Limited

Annual report

for the year ended 31 December 2003



OBC Insurance Consultants Limited

Annual report for the year ended 31 December 2003

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Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2003

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003.

Principal activity

The company's principal activity is that of insurance consultants.

Review of business

The directors are satisfied with the performance of the company and do not envisage any change in the principal activity in the ensuing year.

Post balance sheet event

On 1st January 2004 the company completed the purchase of the assets and trade of Roy Ashby Insurance Brokers (see note 18).

Dividend and transfer to reserves

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2002: Nil). The profit for the year of £238,232 has been transferred to reserves.

Directors

The directors who served throughout the year are as follows:

K N F Deakin

D Pearson

J Shipley

G Heathfield

E Pearson

Mr E Pearson died on 18 January 2004.

Directors' interests

The interests in the share capital of Secure Trust Banking Group PLC of the directors in office at 31 December 2003 were as follows:

> 2003 Ordinary 1p shares Ordinary 1p shares

At 31 December At 31 December 2002

J Shipley 1,500 1,500

K N F Deakin and D Pearson are directors of Secure Trust Banking Group PLC and their interests are shown in the directors' report of that company.

Directors' report (continued)

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are required by UK company law to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

The directors confirm that suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently and reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made in the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003. The directors also confirm that applicable accounting standards have been followed and that the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, and for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditors to the company will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

J R Kaye Secretary

26 March 2004

Independent auditors' report to the members of OBC Insurance Consultants Limited

We have audited the financial statements which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the note of historical cost profits and losses and the related notes which have been prepared under the historical cost convention (as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets) and the accounting policies set out in the statement of accounting policies.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

We read the other information contained in the annual report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. The other information comprises only the directors' report.

Independent auditors' report to the members of OBC Insurance Consultants Limited (Continued)

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 2003 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Birmingham

26 March 2004

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2003

	Notes	2003 £	2002 £
Turnover	1	4,019,575	3,917,961
Administrative expenses		(3,672,511)	(3,668,887)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	347,064	249,074
Taxation	5	(108,832)	(76,500)
Retained profit for the year	13	238,232	172,574

The above results relate wholly to continuing activities.

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit shown above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

Note of Historical cost profits for the year ended 31 December 2003.

	2003 £	2002 £
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	347,064	249,074
Realisation of property gains of previous years	-	9,873
Difference between historical cost depreciation charge and the actual depreciation charge for the year calculated on the revalued amount	440	10,957
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	347,504	269,904
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities after taxation	238,672	193,404

Balance sheet at 31 December 2003

	Notes		
		2003	2002
Fixed assets		£	£
Intangible assets	6	51,688	56,583
Tangible assets	7	719,797	768,522
Investment in subsidiary	8	217,876	217,876
		989,361	1,042,981
Current assets			
Debtors	9	1,334,649	1,164,455
Property held for resale		42,500	42,500
Cash in hand		14,023,480	6,814,934
		15,400,629	8,021,889
Creditors:			
Amounts falling due within one year	10	(16,888,541)	(9,801,653)
Net current liabilities		(1,487,912)	(1,779,764)
Net liabilities		(498,551)	(736,783)
		=	
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11	360	360
Revaluation Reserve	12	72,608	73,048
Profit and loss account	13	(571,519) 	(810,191)
Equity shareholders' funds		(498,551)	(736,783)
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The financial statements on pages 5 to 16 were approved by the board of directors on 26 March 2004 and were signed on its behalf by:

J Shipley Director

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003

1. Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting, as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and on a going concern basis. The ultimate parent company, Secure Trust Banking Group PLC, has acknowledged that it will provide continued financial support to the company to enable the business to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future.

Consolidated accounts

Under section 228(1) of the Companies Act 1985 the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare group accounts, therefore consolidated accounts have not been prepared and these financial statements only present information about the company as an individual undertaking.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged on a straight line basis from the month of purchase, to write down the cost of tangible fixed assets over their estimated useful lives applying the following annual rates:

Freehold buildings	2%
Office equipment	15% - 20%
Motor vehicles	25%

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Turnover

Turnover represents brokerage and other commissions. Commissions are included in the profit and loss account from the inception of an agency contract.

Investment in subsidiary

This is shown at cost. Provision would be made for any permanent diminution in value.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future at the balance sheet date.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits against which to recover carried forward tax losses and from which the future reversal of underlying timing difference can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Cash flows and related party transactions

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Secure Trust Banking Group PLC and is included in the consolidated financial statements of Secure Trust Banking Group PLC which are publicly available. Consequently, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS 1 (revised 1996). The company is, also, exempt under the terms of FRS 8 from disclosing related party transactions with entities that are part of the Secure Trust Banking Group PLC.

Pension costs

The company contributes to individual defined contribution pension schemes for the benefit of certain employees. The company's contributions, which are determined annually, are charged against profits in the year in which they are payable.

Operating leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

OBC Insurance Consultants Limited

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2. Directors' emoluments

	2003 £	2002 £
Emoluments (including benefits in kind)	78,331	70,956
Pension Contributions	9,420	9,180

The emoluments of the highest paid director, excluding pension contributions, were £78,331 (2002: £70,956).

The emoluments of Mr Deakin, Mr D Pearson, Mr E Pearson and Mr Shipley are paid by Secure Trust Bank PLC, a fellow subsidiary company which makes no recharge to the company. Their total emoluments are included in the aggregate of directors' emoluments disclosed in the financial statements of Secure Trust Bank PLC.

3. Employee information

By activity:	2003 Number	2002 Number
The average monthly number of persons (including executive directors) employed by the company during the year was		
Administration	146	140
		
The staff costs in respect of these employees were:	2003 £	2002 £
Wages and salaries	2,057,110	2,040,829
Social security costs	180,884	172,717
Other pension costs	22,837	25,664
	2,260,831	2,239,210

4. Turnover and profit on ordinary activities before taxation

No analysis of turnover or profit before taxation by activity or geographical area is given as the company is involved in only one activity which arises entirely in the United Kingdom.

	2003	2002
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after Crediting:		
Rent receivable	17,587	16,965
Profit/(loss) on disposal of fixed assets	2,522	(44)
And after charging:		
Amortisation of goodwill	4,895	4,897
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	159,413	168,165
Auditors' remuneration – audit fees	25,000	25,000
Equipment rentals	4,479	3,484
Other operating lease rentals	166,639	166,168

Auditors' remuneration for non-audit services amounted to £3,000 (2002: £3,000)

5. Taxation		2003	2002
Current tax: The taxation charge comprises: United Kingdom corporation tax at 30% (2002: 30%)	. I	£	£
Current (Over)/under provision in respect of prior years	·)	112,408 315	86,528 (5,794)
Total current tax		112,723	80,734
Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences (ACA Under/(Over) provision in respect of prior years	and other)	(5,383) 1,492 ————	(7,532) 3,298
Total deferred tax		(3,891)	(4,234)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		108,832 ———	76,500
The tax assessed for the period is lower than the s the UK 30%. The differences are explained below:	tandard rat		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax		2003 £ 347,064	2002 £ 249,074
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard 30% (2002:30%) Effects of:	rate in the	UK 104,119	74,722
Non qualifying depreciation Entertaining		2,906	3,932 58
Prior year adjustment Deferred tax		1,807 3.891	(2,212) 4,234
		112,723 ———	80,734
6. Intangible assets			
Goodwill	Cost £	Amortisation £	Net book Value £
At 1 January 2003	97,846	(41,263)	56,583
Charge for the year		(4,895)	(4,895)
At 31 December 2003	97,846	46,158	51,688

Total goodwill of £97,846 is being amortised over 20 years as this is considered to be the best measure of its useful life.

7. Tangible fixed assets

1. Taligible lixea access				
	Freehold	Office	Motor	
	property	Equipment	vehicles	Total
	f. oporty	£	£	£
Cost or Valuation	4	2	~	
	404.004	700.040	404 754	4 404 700
At 1 January 2003	484,024	786,018	164,751	1,434,793
Additions	-	99,330	36,428	135,758
Group transfer	-	-	(39,753)	(39,753)
Disposals	-	-	(18,018)	(18,018)
At 31 December 2003	484,024	885,348	143,408	1,512,780
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2003	50,537	539,814	75,920	666,271
Group transfer	,	-	(21,289)	(21,289)
Charge for year	9,684	114,378	35,351	159,413
Disposals	3,004	114,070	(11,412)	(11,412)
Disposais	-	-	(11,412)	(11,412)
				
At 31 December 2003	60,221	654,192	78,570	792,983
Net book value				
At 31 December 2003	423,803	231,156	64,838	719,797
Net book value				
At 31 December 2002	433,487	246,204	88,831	768,522

The freehold properties were revalued by Fraser Wood, Mayo & Pinson, Chartered Surveyors, in December 2001, on an existing use basis. The valuation was undertaken in accordance with the R.I.C.S. appraisal valuation manual. The directors are not aware of any material change in value since December 2001 and therefore the valuation has not been updated.

If freehold property had not been revalued, it would have been included at the following amounts:

	2003 £	2002 £
Cost	462,224	462,224
Aggregate depreciation	(109,767)	(100,523)
Net book value	352,457	361,701

8. Investment in subsidiary

		ests in group undertakings
The company owns 100% of the ordinary share capital of BRM Insurance Consultants Limited		£
Cost and net book value At 1 st January 2003 and 31 st December 2003		217,876
Consolidated accounts are not prepared as the company Is a wholly owned subsidiary of another UK company		
9. Debtors		
Accounts follows the second	2003 £	2002 £
Amounts falling due within one year Trade debtors Amounts eved by group undertakings	1,165,262	1,052,646
Amounts owed by group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income Deferred tax	142,489 26,898	88,802 23,007
	1,334,649	1,164,455
10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one yea	r 2003 £	2002 £
Bank overdraft Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Other taxation and social security payable Accruals and deferred income	31,253 1,125,058 15,445,768 71,061 48,139 167,262	31,253 1,279,753 8,239,269 55,838 39,447 156,093
	16,888,541	9,801,653
11. Called-up share capital	2003 £	2002 £
Authorised 1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid 360 ordinary shares of £1 each	360	360

12. Revaluation reserve

At 31 December 2003	72,608
Transfer to profit and loss account	(440)
At 1 January 2003 Transfer to profit and loss account	73,048

13. Profit and loss account

	2003 £	2002 £
At 1 January 2003	(810,191)	(1,003,595)
Retained profit for the year Transfer from revaluation reserve	238,232 440 ———	172,574 20,830
At 31 December 2003	(571,519)	(810,191)

Cumulative goodwill written off relating to the purchase of businesses prior to 1998 which has now been eliminated against the profit and loss account reserve amounts to £3,720,361 (2002 £3,720,361).

14. Reconciliation of movements in equity shareholders' funds

	2003 £	2002 £
Retained profit for the year Opening shareholders' funds	238,232 (736,783)	172,574 (909,357)
Closing shareholders' funds	(498,551)	(736,783)

15. Financial commitments

At 31 December 2003 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2003 Property Rentals £	2002 Property Rentals £
Expiring: Within one year Between two and five years After five years	42,258 87,869 17,700	45,833 61,344 37,450

16. Capital Commitments

At 31 December 2003 the company had capital commitments of £24,600 (2002 – £12,112).

17. Pension arrangements

The company makes contributions to individual defined contribution pension schemes on behalf of certain employees. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the company in independently administered schemes. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company and is shown in note 3.

18. Post balance sheet event

On 1st January 2004 the company completed the purchase of the assets and trade of Roy Ashby Insurance Brokers, a sole trader located in the West Midlands, for a total consideration of £270,000, payable in two stages and contingent on the retention of at least 65% of business.

19. Ultimate parent undertaking

The directors regard Secure Trust Banking Group PLC, a company registered in England and Wales, as the immediate and the ultimate parent undertaking and ultimate controlling party.

A copy of the consolidated financial statements of Secure Trust Banking Group PLC may be obtained from The Secretary, Secure Trust Banking Group PLC, One Arleston Way, Solihull, B90 4LH.