## **Briggs Amasco Curtainwall Limited**

## Directors' report and financial statements

31 December 1998 Registered number 284505



# Directors' report and financial statements

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## Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1998.

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the financial year amounted to £139,000 (1997: loss of £176,000). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (1997: £Nil).

#### Principal activities and business review

The company has not undertaken any new contracts during the year but retains ongoing obligations in respect of its previously completed contracts and its properties.

#### Directors and directors' interests

The directors who served during the year and subsequently were:

CMH Kemp AC Smith

The directors serving during the year held the following interests in share and loan capital in the ultimate parent company, Tarmac plc, during the year:

		At 1	Bought	Sold	At 31
		January	during	during	December
		1998	year	year	1998
Ordinary shares					
CMH Kemp		15,323	33,272	-	48,595
AC Smith		12,040	24,442	(450)	36,032
	At 1				At 31
	January	Granted in	Lapsed	Exercised	December
	1998	year	in year	in year	1998
Share options		•	•		
СМН Кетр	291,767	48,986	(16,541)	(14,871)	309,341
AC Smith	233,788	31,057	-	(14,871)	249,974

#### Auditor

In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG Audit Plc as auditor of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

This report was approved by the board on its behalf by:

HW Goss

Hilton Hall Essington Wolverhampton WV11 2BQ

## Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



## Auditor's report to the members of Briggs Amasco Curtainwall Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 9.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As described on page 2, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 1998 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

**KPMG Audit Plc** 

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

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# Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 1998

	Note	1998 £000	1997 £000
Turnover	2	-	2
Cost of sales		327	214
Gross profit		327	216
Administrative expenses		(138)	(463)
Operating profit/(loss) Interest receivable		189	(247)
Interest receivable		<del>-</del>	
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	3	189	(243)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	5	(50)	67
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities after taxation	11	139	(176)
Accumulated losses brought forward		(22,539)	(22,363)
Accumulated losses carried forward		(22,400)	(22,539)

A statement of movements in shareholders' funds is given in note 11 to the financial statements.

Turnover and results reported above all relate to discontinued activities.

## Statement of recognised gains and losses

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the results reported above.

# Balance sheet at 31 December 1998

	Note	19 £000	98 £000	1997 £000	£000
Current assets Debtors	6	155	2000	301	2000
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(233)		(630)	
Net current assets			(78)		(329)
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	. 8		(22,314)		(21,995)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	9		-		(207)
Net liabilities			(22,392)		(22,531)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	10		8 (22,400)		8 (22,539)
Equity shareholders' funds			(22,392)		(22,531)

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on its behalf by:

CMH Kemp Director

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#### **Notes**

(forming part of the financial statements)

## 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements:

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared using the historic cost convention. The parent company has confirmed that it will continue to provide financial and other support to the company and will not seek repayments of amounts due to it for a period of at least twelve months and thereafter for the foreseeable future. For these reasons the going concern basis has been used in preparing the accounts.

#### Accounting standards

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards.

#### Turnover

Turnover consists of external sales of manufactured goods and the value of work on contracts completed during the year. Turnover also includes the settlement of claims arising on contracts completed in prior years.

#### **Operating leases**

Rental payments under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as they are incurred.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation calculated using the liability method is included only where the effects of timing differences between results as stated in the financial statements and as computed for taxation purposes are likely to crystallise in the foreseeable future.

#### Related party transactions

Under Financial Reporting Standard 8, the company is exempt from the disclosure of transactions with other group undertakings on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Tarmac plc and its results are included in Tarmac plc's consolidated financial statements.

#### 2 Turnover

The analysis of turnover by geographical area is as follows:

the analysis of turnover by geographical area is as follows:		
	1998	1997
	£000	£000
Theist Vinada		
United Kingdom	-	2

## Notes (continued)

## 3 Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation

	1998	1997
	£000	£000
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is stated (after crediting)		
Release of provisions for remedial works on contracts	(272)	(116)

#### 4 Directors' emoluments

None of the directors received any emoluments from any source in respect of their services to the company during the year ended 31 December 1998 (1997: £Nil).

The company did not have any employees during the current or preceding year.

## 5 Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities

The tax charge based on the profit/(loss) for the year comprises:

	1998	1997
	£000	£000
Current year		
Group relief receivable	(31)	-
Deferred taxation	90	62
Adjustments in respect of prior years		
Group relief receivable	-	139
Deferred taxation	(9)	10
	50	(67)
Debtors	<del></del>	
Destail		
	1998	1997
	£000	£000
Trade debtors	100	129
Group relief receivable	31	139
Other debtors	3	-
Prepayments and accrued income	18	33
Deferred taxation	3	-
	155	301

## Notes (continued)

## 7 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

		1998 <b>£00</b> 0	1997 £000
		TOOO	2000
	Trade creditors	2	107
	Accruals and deferred income	231	523
			<del></del>
		233	630
8	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
	•	1998	1997
		000£	£000
	Amount owed to group undertakings	22,314	21,995
		<del></del>	

The amount owed to group undertakings is unsecured, is interest free and has no fixed repayment terms. The intermediate parent company has confirmed that it will continue to support the company by not requesting repayment of or charging interest on the amount owed whilst the company remains a subsidiary undertaking of Tarmac plc, or until such time as the company has sufficient funds.

## 9 Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Deferred taxation £000	Other provisions £000	Total £000
At beginning of year	(93)	300	207
Transfer from/(to) profit and loss account	90	(272)	(182)
Expenditure during year Other movements:	-	(18)	(18)
Transfers		(10)	(10)
At end of year	(3)	<del></del>	(3)

Other provisions relate to losses on discontinuance of the business.

Deferred taxation relates to provisions for losses on discontinuance of the business. There is no unprovided deferred taxation.

## Notes (continued)

#### 10 Share capital

	1998	1997
	£	£
Authorised:		
4,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	4,000	4,000
4,000 deferred shares of £1 each	4,000	4,000
10,500 3.5% cumulative preference shares of £1 each	10,500	10,500
10,500 4.2% cumulative preference shares of £1 each	10,500	10,500
	29,000	29,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:	<del></del>	====
4,000 ordinary shares of £l each	4,000	4,000
4,000 deferred shares of £1 each	4,000	4,000
	8,000	8,000
11 Movement in shareholders' funds	<del></del>	<del></del>
$H^{-1}(\mathbb{R}^{n})$	1998	1997
	0002	£000
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	139	(176)
Opening shareholders' funds	(22,531)	(22,355)
Closing shareholders' funds	(22,392)	(22,531)
	<del>_</del>	

#### 12 Performance bonds

Performance bonds have been entered into in the normal course of business.

#### 13 Ultimate parent undertaking

Tarmac plc is the company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party and is registered in England and Wales

Copies of its annual report and financial statements are available from Hilton Hall, Essington, Wolverhampton, WV11 2BQ.