DIRECTORS' REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

ANNUAL REPORT 1996

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and financial statements for the fifty-two weeks ended 25th February 1996.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company continues to be retailing of groceries, wines and spirits, with particular emphasis on quality and fresh foods.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the period after taxation amounted to £349,000 (1995 - £337,000) and is dealt with as shown in note 19 to the financial statements.

The directors recommend that a final dividend of 30.0p per ordinary share be paid to shareholders on 1st October 1996.

The retained profit of £49,000 (1995 - £337,000) will be added to reserves.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Movements in tangible fixed assets are set out in note 12 to the financial statements. In the opinion of the directors the value of the company's land and buildings as included in the financial statements is not materially different from current market values.

As stated in note 2 to the financial statements, the directors consider that the 1987 valuation no longer fairly reflects the value to the company of its properties and accordingly have changed the accounting policy so that they are restated at the lower of original cost or valuation when acquired by the Holding Company in 1984 or recoverable amount.

DIRECTORS

The directors who currently hold office are, and those who served during the period were:

Hon R A Rayne (non executive chairman)

P Matthews (chief executive)

J M Allen

M G Chambers

M W Eckersley

M S Glass (non executive)

M S Goldstone - resigned 31st May 1996

M S Glass, who does not have a service contract with the company, retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The interests of the present directors in the ordinary shares of the Holding Company were as follows:

	At 25 th February 1996	At 26 th February 1995
P Matthews	2,231,913	731,913
Hon R A Rayne	1,000,000	1,000,000
M G Chambers	4,333	4,333

In addition to the above shareholdings, options to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Holding Company have been granted to directors as follows:

	Options	Grant date	Price
P Matthews P Matthews M W Eckersley M W Eckersley J M Allen J M Allen J M Allen M S Goldstone	500,000 321,000 75,000 50,000 150,000 250,000 170,000 55,000	12 June 1991 1 July 1992 12 June 1991 1 July 1992 15 July 1993 performance related 15 July 1993 19 November 1995	40p 36p 40p 36p 20p 20p 15.5p
111 b Coldstolic	55,000	19 November 1995	15.5p

All options are exercisable between three and ten years of the grant date except for the performance related options which are exercisable between five and ten years of the grant date subject to the earnings per share growth of the Holding Company increasing over the first five year period at least in line with the 25th ranked company in the FTSE 100 index. The share price of the Holding Company as at 25th February 1996 was 15.5p

There have been no changes to directors' interests since 25th February 1996 with the exception of M S Goldstone whose options have lapsed on 31st May 1996. Hon R A Rayne is a director of Westpool Investment Trust plc which company had a substantial interest in the issued share capital of the Holding Company.

None of the directors was or is materially interested in any contract subsisting during or at the end of the financial period which was significant to the business of the company, other than those shown in note 8 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

DONATIONS

During the period no charitable or political contributions were made by the company.

AUDITORS

A resolution proposing the re-appointment of Ernst & Young as auditors will be submitted at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

M W Eckersley Secretary

5th June 1996

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit and loss of the company for the period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF CULLEN'S STORES PLC

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 23 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain land and buildings and on the basis of the accounting policies set out on pages 6 to 7.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 4, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those financial statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 25th February 1996 and of its profit of the company for the fifty-two weeks then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Lu. L

ERNST & YOUNG Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor London 5th June 1996

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain land and buildings when acquired by the Holding Company in 1984, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

2. DEPRECIATION

The rates of depreciation applied to tangible fixed assets are calculated to write off their cost or valuation on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. The rates of depreciation are as follows:

Freehold property Nil

Long leasehold property 50 years

Short leasehold property

The period of the lease

Plant and fixtures

Varying rates of between 3 and 10 years

Motor vehicles 3-4 years

No depreciation is provided in respect of freehold property as it is considered that the lives and residual values, based on prices ruling at the date of acquisition or the 1984 valuation of these properties, are such that any depreciation would be immaterial. Any permanent diminutions in value below cost or valuation of such properties are charged to the profit and loss account.

3. STOCKS

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value and comprise goods for resale.

4. DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method on all timing differences to the extent that they are expected to reverse in the future without being replaced, calculated at the rate at which it is anticipated the timing differences will reverse. Advance corporation tax which is expected to be recoverable in the future is deducted from the deferred taxation balance.

5. NET PROFIT ON SALE OF FRANCHISES

Profits and losses deriving from the sale of franchises are considered to be part of the ordinary trading of the company. They are arrived at by writing off, in full, the net book value of the relevant short lease, plant, fixtures and equipment, against the net proceeds from the sale of the franchise.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

6. OPERATING LEASES

Rentals in respect of operating leases are charged to profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

7. FINANCE LEASES

Assets held under finance leases, which are those where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over their useful lives. The interest element of the rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

8. PENSIONS

Contributions to defined contribution schemes are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

		101111111111111111111111111111111111111	
	Notes	1996 £000	1995 £000
TURNOVER Cost of sales	1	6,076 5,087	6,773 5,828
GROSS PROFIT		090	=
Administrative expenses		989 (934)	945
Other operating income	3	245	(844) 148
OPERATING PROFIT			
Exceptional items	4	300	249
	4	99	80
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
BEFORE INTEREST		399	329
Interest payable (net)	5	2	10
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
BEFORE TAXATION	6	397	319
Taxation	10	48	(18)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION			
Dividend		349	337
Zividolid	11	300	-
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	19	 49	337
Movements on reserves are shown in note 19	o the financia	===== I statements.	====
STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISE			
	Notes		
	Notes	1996 £000	1995
Profit for the financial year		349	£000 337
Total recognised gains relating to the year		240	=====
Prior year adjustment	2	349	
		(599)	
Total gains and losses recognised since last an	nnual report	(250)	
		====	

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

	Notes	1996	1995
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	12	£000 4,057	£000
CURRENT ASSETS			4,138
Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	13 14	155 1,784 4	65 1,070 287
		1,943	1,422
CREDITORS - amounts falling due within one year	15	4,134	3,796
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(2,191)	(2,374)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			
		1,866	1.764
CREDITORS - amounts falling due after more than one year	16	370	317
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	17	-	-
NET ASSETS		1,496 ====	1,447 ====
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			=
Called-up share capital Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	18 19 19	620 423 453	620 690 137
		1,496	1,447 ====

Approved by the Board of Directors on 5th June 1996

P Matthews) M W Eckersley) Directors Marila

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

	Notes	1996	1995
NET CASH INFLOW		£000	£000
FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	24	1,087	681
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE			
Interest received		49	50
Interest paid		(42)	59
Interest element of finance lease ren	ntal payments	(14)	(69)
	. ,		
		(7)	(10)
TAXATION			
Advance corporation tax paid Tax paid on pension surplus refund		-	(38)
rax paid on pension surprus retund		-	(60)
		-	(98)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			*****
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(1,177)	(438)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		70	764
Loans to franchisees		(142)	-
		(1,249)	326
NET CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW BEF	CODE		==
FINANCING	URE	(1.60)	
		(169)	899
FINANCE ACTIVITIES		====	====
Loan received		_	(200)
Loan repaid		60	(300)
Inception of finance leases		(251)	-
Repayment of capital element of fina	ince leases	102	28
Parent company debt repaid		203	34
		114	(238)
(DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	25	(202)	
(==:-	23	(283)	1,137
		(169)	899
		====	099 ====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

1. TURNOVER

Turnover, all of which derives from continuing UK retailing activities, represents the value of goods sold from managed stores, profit contributions from stores trading under the franchise partnership plan, franchise fee income and franchise rental income. All amounts are stated net of value added tax and discounts.

	1996	1995
	£000	£000
Value of goods sold from managed stores	4,028	5,061
Franchise partnership plan profit contributions Franchise fee income Franchise rental income	752	339
	595	581
	701	792
	6,076	6,773
As a mark Company	====	====

As a result of transfers of stores into franchise and franchise partnership plan, the company had fewer stores under management during 1996.

2. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT

The company's freehold and long leasehold properties, which were previously recorded at either their value on 12th August 1987 or cost if acquired after this date less leasehold depreciation, have been restated to the lower of depreciated historical cost or valuation when acquired by the Holding Company in 1984, or recoverable amount. The directors consider that the 1987 valuation no longer fairly reflects the value to the company of its properties and that this change in accounting policy will ensure that the recorded amount for the company's properties more fairly reflects their future use to the company.

The 1995 comparative amounts, which previously showed profit after taxation of £296,000, have been restated to reflect this change in accounting policy. The profit after taxation for the fifty-two weeks ended 25th February 1996 calculated under the previous accounting policy would have been £91,000 after making a provision for permanent diminution in value of a freehold property of £204,000.

3. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	1996 £000	1995 £000
Rent receivable from non-trading properties Net profit/(loss) on sale of franchises	95 150	153 (5)
	245	148
	====	====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

4. EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

		1996	1995
		£000	£000
	Nisa Ca		
	Net profit on sale of properties	303	80
	Provision for permanent diminution in value of		
	freehold property	(204)	-
		99	80
			====
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE (NET)		
		1996	1995
		£000	£000
	Interest payable:	2000	2000
	On bank loan and overdraft repayable within five years	37	67
	On finance lease obligations	14	2
		51	69
	Interest receivable on short term finance provided	(49)	(59)
		2	10
		====	====
6.	DDOELT ON ODDINA DV. A CTV. VCC.		
υ.	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXA	ΓΙΟΝ	
		1996	1995
		£000	£000
	The profit on ordinary activities is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of owned assets	378	321
	Depreciation of assets held under finance leases	42	7
	Permanent diminution in value of freehold property	204	-
	Auditors' remuneration - audit	26	25
	- other Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	28	26
	Operating lease rentals - land and buildings - other	1,204	1,102
	- Other	4	-
		====	====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25^{TH} FEBRUARY 1996

7. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The remuneration of the directors was:	1996 £000	1995 £000
Fees Other emoluments:	29	25
Basic salaries Performance related adjustments Benefits Pension contributions	273 (13) 27 26 342 ====	256 23 24 328
Emoluments of the chairman:-	1996 £000	1995 £000
Fees Emoluments of the highest paid director:-	22 ====	22 ====
Basic salary Performance related pay Benefits Pension contributions	76 (7) 8 8 ====	73 6 8

The emoluments of the directors (excluding pension contributions) fell within the following ranges:

£0 - £5,000	Number of	directors
•	-	1
£5,001 - £10,000	1	-
£20,001 - £25,000	1	1
£35,001 - £40,000 £40,001 - £45,000	-	1
£40,001 - £45,000	1	1
£50,001 - £55,000	2	1
£60,001 - £65,000	1	-
£65,001 - £70,000	-	1
£75,001 - £80,000	1	1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

8. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

At the year end there was a trading debt of £36,000 owing from Daiva Stores Limited, a company in which M S Goldstone has a beneficial interest of 100% of the issued share capital. This follows the sale of a franchise to Daiva Stores Limited for £220,000 of which £40,000 was deferred and is to be paid over five years and subject to interest at 3% over base.

9. STAFF COSTS

	1996 £000	1995 £000
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	1,073 89 29	1,198 106 25
	1,191	1,329
	Number of 1996	employees
The average weekly number of employees during the period was made up as follows:		
Branches	72	107
Administration	18	15
	10	
	90	122

The above figures do not distinguish between part-time and full-time employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

10. TAXATION

The taxation charge/(credit) is made up as follows:	1996 £000	1995 £000
Corporation tax charge at 27% Deferred taxation Advance corporation tax Tax deducted by trustees at 40% in respect of pension scheme surplus refund	56 (8) 	(73) 45 10 (18)
11. DIVIDEND	1996 £000	1995 £000
Final dividend proposed on ordinary shares 30p (1995 - nil)	300 ====	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

12. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	F'hold property £000	Long L'hold property £000	Short L'hold property £000	Plant fixtures and vehicles £000	Tota £000
Cost or valuation: At 26th February 1995 Revaluation adjustments	2,310 (346)	751 (295)	407	2,149	5,617 (641
At 26 th February 1995 - restated Additions at cost Disposals Permanent diminution	1.964 - - (204)	456 - (456) -	407 41 (118)	2,149 1,136 (370)	4,976 1,177 (944) (204)
At 25th February 1996	1,760		330	2,915	5,005
Depreciation: At 26 th February 1995 Revaluation adjustments	- -	107 (42)	78	695	880 (42)
At 26 th February 1995 - restated Charge for the period Applicable to disposals	- -	65 9 (74)	78 16 (36)	695 395 (200)	838 420 (310)
At 25 th February 1996	<u>-</u>	_	58	890	948
Net book value at 25 th February 1996	1,760		272	2,025	4,057
Net book value at 26 th February 1995	1,964	391	329	1,454	4,138

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

12. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	F'hold property £000	Long L'hold property £000	Short L'hold property £000	Plant fixtures and vehicles £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation comprises:- At valuation At cost	700 1,060 1,760	- - - -	330	2,915 2,915	700 4,305 5,005

An independent valuation of the freehold properties was carried out on 20th August 1984 on an open market basis for the purposes of the original acquisition of the company by its Holding Company.

Comparable amounts determined according to the historical cost convention:

Cost Depreciation Net Book Value	1,338	-	330 58	2,915 890	4,583 948
THE BOOK VAIUE	1,338	<u> </u>	272	2,025	3,635

The revaluation adjustments reflect the change in accounting policy as referred to in note 2.

A provision of £204,000 has been made against one freehold property to reduce the cost to its recoverable amount.

£258,000 of the freehold properties (1995 - £758,000 and the long leasehold) are held for use in operating leases to franchisees.

Included within plant, fixtures and vehicles are assets held under finance leases with a net book value of £240,000 (1995 - £37,000).

The potential liability for tax on the revalued properties had they been sold at their book value at 25th February 1996 would have been nil.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

13. STOCKS

The replacement costs of stocks, which comprise goods for resale, are estimated to be not materially different from their book amounts.

14. DEBTORS

	1996	1995
	£000	£000
Trade debtors		
Other debtors	186	246
· •	1,045	374
Other debtors recoverable after more than one year	246	275
Prepayments and accrued income	307	175
	1,784	1,070
	====	==== =
15. CREDITORS - amounts falling due within one year		
and and add within one year		
	1996	1995
	£000	£000
Bank loan		~000
	60	60
Amount due to parent company Trade creditors	2,640	2,843
	273	206
Corporation tax	15	-
Advance corporation tax	33	_
Other taxation and social security Other creditors	57	53
	427	307
Finance lease creditors	104	31
Accruals and deferred income	225	296
Proposed dividend	300	-
	4,134	3,796
	====	====

The bank loan is secured against certain of the freehold and leasehold properties of the company, and is repayable over five years (note 16).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

16. CREDITORS - amounts falling due after more than one year.

Bank loan repayable by instalments:	1996 £000	1995 £000
 Amounts payable between one and two years Amounts payable between two and five years Finance leases: 	60 120	60 180
Amounts payable between one and two yearsAmounts payable between two and five years	84 106	37 40
	370	217
	====	317

17. PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

At 25th February 1996, the company had not provided for £180,000 of deferred tax arising on the disposal of a freehold property during the year as the chargeable gain arising will be rolled over into new acquisitions.

There was no unprovided deferred tax at 26th February 1995.

18. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised at 26 th February 1995 and 25 th February 1996:	Number of shares	£000
5% cumulative preference shares of £1 each Ordinary shares of 20p each "A" non-voting ordinary share of 20p each Unclassified shares of £1 each	250,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 100,000	250 200 200 100
Allotted, issued and fully paid at		750 ====
26 th February 1995 and 25 th February 1996: 5% cumulative preference shares of £1 each Ordinary shares of 20p each "A" non-voting ordinary shares of 20p each	220,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	220 200 200
		620

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

19. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES

	Share Capital £000	Revaluation Reserve	Profit & Loss Account £000	Total
At 27 th February 1994 - as stated Prior year adjustment Retained profit for the year Transfer of reserves	620	1,382 (640) - (52)	(252) 337 52	1,750 (640) 337
At 26th February 1995 - restated	620	690	137	1,447
At 26 th February 1995 - as stated Prior year adjustment Retained profit for the year Dividend Transfer of reserves	620 - - - -	1,289 (599) - - (267)	137 - 349 (300) 267	2,046 (599) 349 (300)
At 25th February 1996	620	423	453 ====	1,496

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25^{TH} FEBRUARY 1996

20. LEASE COMMITMENTS

	Land & Buildings 1996 £000	Other 1996 £000	Land & Buildings 1995 £000	Other 1995 £000
Operating leases:				
The annual rentals payable under operating leases ar	۵.			
Operating leases which expire within one year Operating leases which expire within two to five ye Operating leases which expire after five years	4	- 9 -	1,176	- - -
	1,447	9	1,176	
The operating leases for land and buildings are subject	==== et to periodi	==== c rent re	,	===
Finance leases:				
Finance leases payable within one year Finance leases payable within two to five years	-	104 190	-	31 77

Finance charges allocated to future years amount to £39,000 (1995 - £7,000).

21. PENSION COSTS

The company operates a number of defined contribution schemes. The pension cost in respect of these schemes was £29,275 (1995 - £24,856).

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- 108

22. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	1996 £000	1995 £000
Contracted but not provided for Authorised but not contracted	286	18 300
	====	====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

23. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At 25th February 1996, the company had given guarantees in respect of borrowings of two of its franchisees to the value of £157,000 on which no loss is expected to arise.

24. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	1996	1995
	£000	£000
Operating profit Depreciation charge (Profit)/loss on sale of franchises Profit on sale of motor vehicles Profit on sale of fixtures and fittings Proceeds from sale of franchises (Increase)/decrease in stocks Decrease in debtors Increase/(decrease) in creditors and provisions	300 420 (150) (8) (39) 369 (90) 170 115	249 328 5 - 213 35 121 (270)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	1,087	
	====	681 ====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKS ENDED 25TH FEBRUARY 1996

25. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DURING THE PERIOD

Analysis of balances as shown in the balance sheet and changes during the current and previous year:

Cash at bank and in hand	1996 £000 4 =====	1995 £000 287	Change in Year £000 (283)
Cook at 1 1 1 1 1 1	1995 £000	1994 £000	Change in Year £000
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdraft Bank loan	287 287	4 (454) (400) (850) =====	283 454 400 1,137

26. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company is Cullen's Holdings plc, a company registered in England, which has undertaken to provide financial support to the company to enable it to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Copies of the group accounts of Cullen's Holdings plc are available from the company's registered office.