Hammond & Champness Limited

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 272643 30 September 2001



Hammond & Champness Limited

Directors' report and financial statements 30 September 2001

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Hammond & Champness Limited

Directors' report and financial statements 30 September 2001

Directors and company information

Directors

G Elliot

(Chairman)

EL Jones

(Managing Director)

H Prahl

AJ Sunderland
JJ Wright
H Poppe

Secretary

CE Newman

Registered office

Traffic Street Nottingham NG2 1NE

Registered number

272643

Registered auditors

KPMG

St Nicholas House

Park Row Nottingham NG1 6FQ

Report of the directors

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2001.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company are the installation, servicing and repair of lifts.

Business review

The profit for the year after taxation amounted to £2,604,000 (2000: £1,600,000). The directors recommend a dividend of 700p per ordinary share (2000: 180p) and a 6% cumulative preference dividend amounting in total to £3,504,000 (2000: £900,000) for the year.

Directors

The directors named on page 1 served throughout the year.

According to the register kept under Section 325(v) of the Companies Act 1985 none of the directors or their families had any interests in the share capital of the company.

Employees

Our policy is to fulfil our obligations under current employment legislation and to offer career and training opportunities to disabled persons commensurate with their aptitudes and abilities. It is also our policy to carry on business so as to avoid causing any unnecessary or unacceptable safety risks to any of our employees.

Employees are kept informed of matters affecting them as employees and are also made aware of financial and economic factors affecting the group. We attach great importance to good communications at all levels throughout the organisation.

Auditors

Our auditors KPMG have indicated to the directors that their business is to transfer to a limited liability partnership, KPMG LLP. Accordingly, they have indicated their intention to resign as auditors of the company and the directors intend to appoint KPMG LLP to fill the vacancy arising. A resolution for the reappointment of KPMG LLP as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

Chewider

CE Newman

Company Secretary

16 April 2002

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



St Nicholas House Park Row Nottingham NG1 6FQ

Independent auditors' report to the members of Hammond & Champness Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 13.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 3, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2001 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

16 April 2002

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 30 September 2001

	Notes	2001 £000	2000 £000
Turnover	2	10,918	13,631
Cost of sales		(5,385)	(7,352)
Gross profit		5,533	6,279
Administrative expenses		(2,219)	(4,243)
Operating profit		3,314	2,036
Other interest receivable and similar income	3	470	41
Interest payable and similar charges	4	-	(47)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	5	3,784	2,030
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(1,180)	(430)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		2,604	1,600
Dividend proposed	8	(3,504)	(900)
(Accumulated loss)/retained profit for the year	15	(900)	700

In both the current and preceding year, the company made no material acquisitions and had no discontinued operations.

There were no recognised gains or losses in either the current or preceding year other than those disclosed in the profit and loss account

Balance sheet

as at 30 September 2001

	Notes	2001	l	2000)
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9		211		633
Current assets					
Stocks and work in progress	10	511		2,110	
Debtors	11	1,842		2,485	
Cash at bank and in hand		11,444		2,208	
		13,797		6,803	
		13,777		0,005	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(13,471)		(5,999)	
Net current assets			326		804
Total assets less current liabilities			537		1,437
Provisions for liabilities and charges	13		-		-
Net assets			537		1,437
					2./
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		500		500
Profit and loss accounts	15		37		937
Equity shareholders' funds	16		537		1,437
	•				

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 16 April 2002 and were signed on their behalf by:

oundin oj.

EL Jones

Director

AJ Sunderland
Director

Notes

forming part of the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced value of goods and services supplied by the company, excluding value added tax.

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets less estimated residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a straight line basis, at the following annual rates:

Plant and machinery -

10%

Deferred taxation

Provision is made for taxation at currently projected rates in respect of items where there is a timing difference between their treatment for accounting and taxation purposes if, in the opinion of the directors, a material tax liability might arise or a short term timing difference will reverse in the foreseeable future.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date or at the agreed contracted rate.

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction or the agreed contracted rate.

Operating leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Stocks & long term contracts

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Progress payments received are deducted to the extent of the individual work in progress valuations, with any excess being carried in creditors.

The amount of profit attributable to the stage of completion of a long term contract is recognised when the outcome can be foreseen with reasonable certainty. Provision for any losses are made as soon as they are foreseen. Contract work in progress is stated at costs incurred, less foreseeable losses and payments on account.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Pension costs - defined benefit scheme

The pension costs charged in the profit and loss account are based on an actuarial method and actuarial assumptions designed to spread the anticipated pension costs over the service lives of the employees in the pension scheme, in a way that seeks to ensure that the regular pension cost represents a subsidiary level percentage of the current and future pensionable salary roll in the light of the current actuarial assumptions. Variations from regular costs are spread over the average remaining service lives of current employees in the pension schemes.

Pension costs - defined contribution scheme

The pension costs charged to the profit and loss account represent the amount of contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

Cash flow statement

Under Financial Reporting Standard Number 1 the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking. A consolidated cash flow statement is included in the financial statements of the parent undertaking.

2 Turnover

The turnover and profit on ordinary activities before taxation arose solely from the continuing principal activities of the company in the United Kingdom.

3 Other interest receivable and similar income

	2001 £000	2000 £000
Receivable from group undertakings Other	470 -	36 5
	470	41
4 Interest payable and similar charges		
	£000	£000
Payable from group undertakings	-	47

		2001 £000	2000 £000
This is stated after charging:	au dia vicarte	12	10
Auditors' remuneration	- audit work - non audit work	12 3	12 3
Depreciation of tangible fixed asset		400	515
Operating lease rentals	- land and buildings	378	450
operating rease remain	- plant and machinery	-	-
6 Directors and employ	ees		
		Number	Number
	ployed by the company during the year,		
excluding directors, was: Administration		_	15
Service and repair		-	202
Other		-	57
		-	274
			
		£000	£000
The aggregate payroll costs of thes	e persons were as follows:		5 926
Wages and salaries Social security costs		-	5,826 525
Pension costs		-	184
1 51151511 55515			
		-	6,535
Emoluments of the directors:			
Aggregate emoluments			107

		Number	r of directors
Retirement benefits are accruing to	the following number of directors under:	2001	2000
Money purchase schemes Defined benefit schemes		-	1
Defined benefit senemes			
		1	
The company's employees have	e transferred to Thyssen Lifts and Escalators Limit	ted.	
7 Tax on profit on ordi	nary activities		
m		£000	£000
Tax on profit at 30% (2000: 30%):		1 100	د ۸۸
Corporation tax - current year - prior year		1,180	600 (170)
- prior year			
		1,180	430
			1

8	Dividends

8	Dividends			
			2001 £000	2000 £000
Propose cumulat	ed dividend of 700p (2000: 180p) per share on ordinary shares and 6% or tive preference shares	n	3,504	900
9	Tangible fixed assets			
	i	Leasehold improvements £000	Plant and machinery £000	Total £000
Cost: At 1 Oc	ctober 2000	_	3,937	3,937
Additio Disposa		-	(651)	(651)
At 30 S	September 2001		3,286	3,286
At 1 Oc Charge Disposa At 30 S	ulated depreciation: ctober 2000 for the year als deptember 2001	-	3,304 400 (629) ————————————————————————————————————	3,304 400 (629) 3,075
	September 2001	-	211	211
At 30 S	September 2000		633	633
10	Stocks and work in progress			
			2001 £000	2000 £000
	aterials and consumables n progress		345 166	843 1,267
			511	2,110
Net cos	n progress comprises: sts less foreseeable losses nts on account		166	1,267
			166	1,267

11 Debtors

Amounts folling the within one years	2001 £000	2000 £000
Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors	1,827	2,319
Amounts owed by group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income	- 15	166
	1,842	2,485
12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	- :	
	£000	£000
Bank overdraft	**	-
Trade creditors	364	318
Amounts owed to group undertakings	9,818	2,059
Corporation tax	1,243	683
Social security and other taxation	412	221
Accruals and deferred income	1,634	2,718
	13,471	5,999
		

The company is a member of the Thyssen Krupp AG group cash pool facility and the bank overdraft represents the company's balance within this arrangement.

13 Provisions for liabilities and charges

No amounts have been recognised in the financial statements in respect of deferred taxation because the amounts are not expected to crystallise in the foreseeable future. The full potential asset not recognised is £290,465 (2000: £252,000).

14 Called up share capital

	2001	2000
	£	£
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid:		
500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each (equity)	500,000	500,000
100 6% cumulative preference shares of £1 each (non-equity)	100	100

	500,100	500,100
		

The preference shares have the following rights

- Fixed cumulative cash dividend of 6% per annum on the issue price.
- In the event of a winding up the shares have priority over all other shares and will be entitled to receive amounts equal to the issue price plus all arrears of preference dividends.
- Rank pari passu with the ordinary shares in regards voting rights.

15 Profit and loss account

To the wife too week and the second		
	2001	2000
	€000	£000
At 1 October	937	237
(Accumulated loss)/retained profit for the year	(900)	700
At 30 September	37	937
16 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
	£000	£000
Profit for the financial year	2,604	1,600
Dividends proposed	(3,504)	(900)
Net (reduction in)/addition to shareholders' funds	(900)	700
Opening shareholders' funds	1,437	737
Closing shareholders' funds	537	1,437

17 Financial commitments

At 30 September 2001 the company had annual commitments under operating leases which expire:

	Land a	Land and buildings	
	2001	2000	
	000£	£000	
Within one year	-	_	
In the second to fifth years	125	125	
Over five years	205	253	
	330	378	

18 Pensions

The company's employees have transferred to Thyssen Lifts and Escalators Limited. All pension disclosures are shown within their financial statements.

19 Related party transactions

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Thyssen Krupp AG, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained within Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group. The consolidated financial statements of Thyssen Krupp AG, within which this company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 20.

20 Ultimate parent and controlling company

At the balance sheet date the company's immediate parent company was Thyssen Aüfzuge Limited, a company registered in England and Wales; the ultimate parent and controlling company is Thyssen Krupp AG which is incorporated in Germany.

The smallest group for which consolidated financial statements are prepared is headed by Thyssen Industries AG, D-45117, Essen. Consolidated financial statements for Thyssen Krupp AG are available from Postfach 101010, D-40001, Düsseldorf.