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Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

]	For (	Officia	al Use

Name of Company

Caledonia Biscuits Limited

Company Number

235275

We, Bruce Mackay Baker Tilly Restructuring and Recovery LLP 25 Farringdon Street London EC4A 4AB

Matthew Haw Baker Tilly Restructuring and Recovery LLP 25 Farringdon Street London EC4A 4AB

the Liquidators of the company, attach a copy of our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

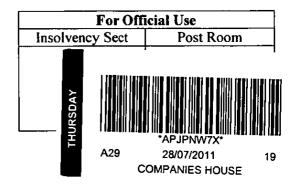
Signed

Bruce Mackay

Matthew Haw

Dated 25/07/11

Baker Tilly Restructuring and Recovery LLP 25 Farringdon Street, London EC4A 4AB Ref VEO/AK/LMM



# Statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Caledonia Biscuits Limited

Company Registered Number

235275

State whether members' or creditors'

Date of commencement of winding up

Members Voluntary Liquidation

voluntary winding up

02 September 2008

Date to which this statement is brought down

22 July 2011

### Name and Address of Liquidators

Name	Bruce Mackay	
At the office of	Baker Tilly Restructuring and Recovery LLP	
Address	25 Farringdon Street	
	London EC4A 4AB	
Name	Matthew Haw	
At the office of	Baker Tilly Restructuring and Recovery LLP	
Address	25 Farringdon Street	
	London EC4A 4AB	

### (1) Form and Contents of Statement

Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance in bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs and charges, or to creditors or contributories. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. These accounts should not contain payments into the Insolvency Services Account (except unclaimed dividends – see Para 5) or payments into or out of bank, or temporary investments by the liquidator, or the proceeds of such investments when realised, which should be shown separately

(a) By means of the bank pass book

(b) By a separate detailed statement of monies invested by the liquidator, and investments realised

Interest allowed or charged by the bank, bank commission, etc., and profit or loss upon the realisation of temporary investments, should, however, be inserted in the accounts of realisations or dishursements as the case maybe. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to

in the accounts of realisations or disbursements as the case maybe. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet, and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals shall represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

#### (2) Trading Account

When the highlighted carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in the statement

#### (3) Dividends, &c

When dividends or instalments of compositions are paid to creditors, or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, or instalment of composition or return to contributories, actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend or composition payable to each creditor, and of surplus assets payable to each contributory, distinguishing in each list the dividends or instalments of composition and shares of surplus assets actually paid and those remaining unclaimed

(4) When unclaimed dividends, instalments of composition or returns of surplus assets are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of court as the case may require

REALISATIONS
Date Receipts From

Nature of receipts or payments/explanation

Total realisations carried forward to next abstract:

Total £

DISBURSEMENTS
Date Payments To

Nature of receipts or payments/explanation

Total £

Total disbursements carried forward to next abstract:

0.00

## Analysis of balance

		£	£
Tota	l realisations	0 00	
	disbursements	0 00	
100	Net Realisations		0 00
Post	Appointment Sales	0 00	
	Appointment Expenditure	0 00	
	Trading Surplus (Deficit)		0 00
	Balance held		0 00
This	balance is made up as follows		
1	Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2	Balance at bank		0 00
3	Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
4	Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	
	Less The cost of investments realised	0 00	
	Balance		0 00
5	Accrued Items		0 00
	Total Balance as shown above		0 00

## Statements by Liquidator

Asset Type

The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up.	£	
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the		0 00
holders of floating charges)		
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors		0 00
Floating charge holders		0 00
Preferential creditors		0 00
Unsecured creditors		0 00
The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up.	£	
Paid up in cash		0 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash		201,000 00
The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets.		

Estimated To Realise

Reasons why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed Final meeting held 22/07/11 – Case closed