REGISTERED IN ENGLAND NO 00219528

WATER STREET INVESTMENTS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022



Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

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Officers And Professional Advisors At 30 June 2022

Company Secretary Barcosec Limited

Directors A Broccardo A Brophy

C Stangroome S Saloustros

Independent Auditors KPMG LLP

15 Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5GL

Registered Address 1 Churchill Place, London, E14 5HP

Registration Number 219528

Directors' Report

For the year ended 30 June 2022

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022. The report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Principal activities and review of business

The principal activity of Water Street Investments Limited (the "Company") is to act as an investment holding company. At 30 June 2022 the Company held a 45.05% (2021: 45.05%) interest in the common stock of St George International Inc. (SGI) and a 16.3% (2021: 16.3%) interest in the Series A preferred stock of SGI. The remainder of the stock is owned by The Barclays Bank UK Retirement Fund (UKRF) through its investment in Barclays Nominees (George Yard) Limited.

On 30 June 2022 SGI owned a 50% (2021: 50%) interest in a United States partnership, Abercromby Property International (API), which held an interest in various other properties in the United States, either directly or through its subsidiaries.

The interests in API not held by SGI were owned on 30 June 2022 by certain subsidiaries of The Shipbuilding Industries Pension Scheme and Friends Life Limited.

Profit and dividends

During the year the Company made a loss after taxation of £864 (2021: £463 loss). No interim dividend was paid to the UKRF (2021: £Nil). Shareholders funds decreased to £908,905 (2021: £909,769). The Directors do not propose a final dividend (2021: £Nil).

Directors and company secretary

The Directors of the Company, who who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements are shown below:

A Broccardo A Brophy S Saloustros C Stangroome

Barcosec Limited is the company secretary.

Going Concern

The Directors believe that the Company is a going concern primarily due to its interests in SGI, which has a market capitalisation of \$18.7m at 31 March 2022. After reviewing the Company's financial position, performance and available banking facilities, the Directors are satisfied that the Company has adequate access to resources to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due and to continue in operational existence for at least the next 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. For this reason, the Directors have adopted the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements

Directors' Report

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards and applicable law.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable, relevant and reliable;
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Financial risk management

The Company's activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks. The Company is required to follow the requirements of the Barclays Group risk management policies, which include specific guidelines on the management of foreign exchange, interest rate and credit risks, and advice on the use of financial instruments to manage them. The main financial risks that the Company is exposed to are outlined in note 5.

Directors third party indemnity provisions

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions were in force (as defined by section 234 of the Companies Act 2006) during the course of the financial year ended 30 June 2022 for the benefit of the then Directors and, at the date of this report, are in force for the benefit of the Directors in relation to certain losses and liabilities, including qualifying third party indemnity provisions and qualifying indemnity provisions which may occur (or have occurred) in connection with their duties, powers or office.

Environment

The Barclays Group focuses on addressing environmental issues where it is felt that there is the greatest potential to make a difference. As the global effort to tackle climate change grows, the Barclays Group is moving rapidly to take a leading role in contributing to the transition to a low-carbon economy. In March 2020, Barclays Group set out its ambition to be a net zero bank by 2050.

To successfully fulfil against our Purpose, we must ensure that we address the needs of all our stakeholders. This includes our customers and clients, colleagues, investors and the societies in which we operate.

Directors' Report

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Environment (continued)

The longevity of our business can only be ensured if we help tackle the challenges of our time, such as social inequality and climate change, whilst minimising any unintended and adverse impacts of our operations and our business as a financial institution. To this end we seek to identify and understand the environmental, social and governance factors which impact our organisation and how we shape and impact the environment and society around us. We do this in the context of the financial services we provide, the geographies in which we operate and the needs of our customers and clients.

We will continue to identify new opportunities and strive to integrate our broader social and environmental impact into the way we run and govern our business and the work we do every day to help customers and clients, colleagues and society.

While we have managed ESG issues for several years, our approach continues to evolve in response to a dynamic external environment, increasing investor and other stakeholder attention and continued innovation in our business and product offerings. We recognise that the focus on the societal impact of businesses and performance against wider ESG factors has increased in recent years, with growing interest from a range of stakeholders including investors, clients, policy makers and regulators.

Disclosure of global greenhouse gas emissions is done at a Barclays Group level with information available in the Barclays PLC Annual Report 2022 with fuller disclosure available on our website at https://example.com/citizenship.

Independent auditor

Pursuant to section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

Statement of disclosure of information to auditor

So far as the Directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware. The Directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as Directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Small companies provision

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to small companies set out in section 415A of the Companies Act 2006. The Company has also taken advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Tony Broccardo

Director

Date: 21 March 2023

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Company number: 00219528

Independent Auditor's Report For the year ended 30 June 2022

Independent Auditor's Report To The Members Of Water Street Investments Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Water Street Investments Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 30 June 2022 which comprise the income statement, statement of financial position, statement of other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 4.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2022 and of its loss for the year then
 ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The Directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the Directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the Directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty
 related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's
 ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.

Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of Directors and management as to the Company's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud; and
- Reading Board minutes.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit.

Independent Auditor's Report For the year ended 30 June 2022

Independent Auditor's Report To The Members Of Water Street Investments Limited (continued)

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls and the risk of fraudulent revenue recognition, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because there are no revenue transactions.

We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We performed procedures including identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included high-risk journal entries and other adjustments made at the end of the reporting period.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement related to compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the Directors and other management (as required by auditing standards), and discussed with the Directors the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

The Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

This Company, as a holding company, is not subject to other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements.

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatements. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

Directors' report

The Directors are responsible for the Directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover that report and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the Directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in that report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Independent Auditor's Report For the year ended 30 June 2022

Independent Auditor's Report To The Members Of Water Street Investments Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006, we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 4, the Directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company's Members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's Members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's Members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSigned by:

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Nadia Dabbagh-Hobrow (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants
15 Canada Square
London E14 5GL

As at 30 June 2022

Income Statement

	Note	2022 €	2021 £
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(864)	(463)
Loss before tax		(864)	(463)
Tax	8		
Loss after tax	12	(864)	(463)

There is no material difference between the loss on ordinary activities before taxation and the loss for the financial year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

Statement of other comprehensive income

	2022	2021
	£	£
Loss for the financial year	(864)	(463)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(864)	(463)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As at 30 June 2022

Statement of Financial Position

			2022		2021
	Note	£	£	£	£
ASSETS					
Non current assets					
Shares in group undertakings	10		901,143		901,143
Total non-current assets			901,143		901,143
Current assets					
Cash and other equivalents		11,054		11,521	
Total current assets		11,054		11,521	
Total assets			912,197		912,664
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities	9		(3,292)		(2,895)
Net assets			908,905	•	909,769
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY					
Called up share capital	11	7		7	
Retained Earnings	12	908,898		909,762	
Recalled Earthings	••			303,702	
Total shareholders' equity			908,905		909,769

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 21 March 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Tony Broccardo

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Director

Company Number: 00219528

Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Share Capital £	Retained Earnings £	Total Equity £
Balance as at 1 July 2021	7	909,762	909,769
Loss for the financial year		(864)	(864)
Balance as at 30 June 2022	7	908,898	908,905
	Share Capital £	Retained Earnings £	Total Equity £
Balance as at 1 July 2020	7	910,225	910,232
Loss for the financial year	-	(463)	(463)
Balance as at 30 June 2021	7	909,762	909,769
Statement of Cash Flow For the year ended 30 June 2022			
		2022 €	2021 £
Cash flows from operating activities Bank charges		(635)	(619)
Effect of exchange rates		168	(182)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(467)	(801)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		11,521	12,322
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		11,054	11,521

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

Notes to the financial statements For year ended 30 June 2022

1. Reporting entity

Water Street Investments Limited is a wholly owned investment of The Barclays Bank UK Retirement Fund (UKRF), who is the beneficiary of the Company. The Trustee of the UKRF is Barclays Pension Funds Trustees Limited. The 7 ordinary shares are owned by Barclays Nominees (George Yard) Limited on trust for Barclays Pension Funds Trustees Limited which is a company incorporated in the United Kingdom.

The Company is a private limited company, domiciled and incorporated in the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office of the Company is 1 Churchill Place, London, E14 5HP. These financial statements are prepared for Water Street Investments Limited, the principal activity of which is to act as investment holding company. The financial statements are prepared for the Company in line with the UK Companies Act 2006.

2. Basis of preparation

The Company financial statements have been prepared in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards. The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below, and in the relevant notes to the financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied.

2.1 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention modified to include the fair valuation of certain financial instruments to the extent required or permitted under IFRS 9, as set out in the relevant accounting policies.

After reviewing the Company's financial position, performance and available banking facilities, the Directors are satisfied that the Company has adequate access to resources to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due and to continue in operational existence for at least the next 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. For this reason, the Directors have adopted the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

2.2 New and amended standards

i) New standards, interpretations and amendments effective from 1 January 2022

There are no new amended standards that have had a material impact on the Company's accounting policies.

ii) New standards, interpretations and amendments not yet effective

There are no new amended standards that are expected to have a material impact on the Company's accounting policies.

Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in pounds sterling, the currency of the country in which the Company is incorporated.

Notes to the financial statements For year ended 30 June 2022

4. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied.

(a) Foreign currency translation

The Company applies IAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary balances are translated into Sterling at the period end exchange rates. Exchange gains and losses on such balances are taken to the income statement under expenses. Non-monetary foreign currency balances in relation to items measured in terms of historical cost are carried at historical transaction date exchange rates. Non-monetary foreign currency balances in relation to items measured at fair value are translated using the exchange rate at the date when the fair value was measured.

(b) Shares in group undertakings

The shares in group undertakings in which the Company has a participating interest are included in the balance sheet at the original book cost. No provision for impairment in value is required following the annual review, see note 10.

(c) <u>Financial Statements</u>

The parent undertaking of the Company, UKRF, prepares non-consolidated accounts as it applies the allowable exemption under FRS102 for pension schemes and does not consolidate investment subsidiaries held as part of the investment portfolio in the financial statements. Therefore, the Company is included in the investments in subsidiaries reported at fair value in the UKRF's financial statements.

(d) <u>Interest and expenses</u>

Interest income is accounted for on a receivable basis. Interest payable and expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis.

(e) <u>Current and deferred taxation</u>

Income tax payable on taxable profits ('current tax'), is recognised as an expense in the period in which the profits arise. Income tax recoverable on tax allowable losses is recognised as an asset only to the extent that it is regarded as recoverable by offset against current year or prior year taxable profits.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising from the differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the Company's financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and legislation enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and that are expected to apply when the deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences except from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred tax is not recognised where the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are only offset where there is both a legal right to set-off and an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously with the same tax authority.

(f) <u>Loan valuation</u>

Loans in foreign currency are valued at the exchange rate at the year end.

Notes to the financial statements For year ended 30 June 2022

5. Financial risks

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. These are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, (which includes foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk). Consequently, the Company devotes resources to maintaining effective controls to manage, measure and mitigate each of these risks, and regularly reviews its risk management procedures and systems to ensure that they continue to meet the needs of the business.

(a) Liquidity risk

This is the risk that the Company's cash and committed facilities may be insufficient to meet its debts as they fall due. The Company has the financial support of the beneficiary, UKRF.

There are a very low volume of transactions, so the monitoring of liquidity is carried out annually to ensure there are sufficient funds to cover the bank charges levied on the US bank account.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the Company's earnings or capital, or its ability to meet business objectives will be adversely affected by changes in the level or volatility of market rates or prices such as interest rates, equity prices and foreign exchange rates. The company is not significantly exposed to market risk.

(c) Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk from foreign currency transactions, and recognised assets and liabilities.

(d) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that market prices for the Company's investments measured at fair value may fall.

The impact of price risk is partially mitigated as holdings are valued at historic cost which is considerably lower than the underlying fair value of the assets in which the Company invests.

6. Expenses

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank charges	(864)	(463)
	(864)	(463)

The audit fee for the Company of £11,000 (2021: £11,000) was met by the UKRF.

7. Employees and key management personnel compensation

The Company has no employees (2021: none). A Broccardo, C Stangroome and S Saloustros are employed by Barclays Bank PLC and A Brophy is employed by Barclays Execution Services Limited. No Director received additional remuneration from Water Street Investments Limited. Three Directors are accruing retirement benefits under a defined benefit scheme or defined contribution scheme (2021: Three). One Director exercised options under the Barclays PLC Sharesave Scheme during 2022 (2021: One). Four Directors are entitled to benefits under the Share Value Plan (2021: Three). All benefits stated are from the Directors' respective employers.

Notes to the financial statements For year ended 30 June 2022

.	Taxasion on orange y doublessor	2022 €	2021 £
a)	Analysis of tax charge in the year		L
	Current tax (charge)/credit:	-	-
	Overall tax (charge)/credit in the income statement	·	-
ь)	Factors affecting current tax charge		
	Loss before tax	(864)	(463)
	Tax charge at average UK corporation tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%)	164	88
	Effects of:		
	Losses not utilised	(164)	(88)
	Overall tax (charge)/ credit		-
	Effective tax rate%	0%	0%.

On 22 July 2020 the Finance Act 2020 received Royal Assent, resulting in the UK corporation tax rate remaining at 19% from 1 April 2020 onwards instead of reducing to 17%, the previously enacted rate. This 19% rate has therefore been used to calculate current tax balances for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Legislation has been introduced to increase the main rate of corporation tax from 19% to 25%, effective from 1 April 2023, which was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021. Therefore, any deferred tax balances have been remeasured at the tax rate to be applied when temporary differences are expected to reverse.

There is an unrecognised deferred tax asset of £2,417,319 (2021: £2,417,103) in respect of unutilised tax losses of £9,669,277 (2021: £9,668,413) as it is not probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits.

Notes to the financial statements For year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

9. Liabilities due in less than one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Loan from SGI	3,292	2,895

A loan of \$4,000 was agreed with SGI during 2019 to fund Company operating expenses. The loan with zero percent interest will be repaid as part of the next redemption of the investment in SGI, or offset against any dividend payable by SGI to the Company. The change in the loan balance relates to foreign exchange movements only.

10. Shares in group undertaking

At 30 June 2022 the Company held a 45.05% (2021: 45.05%) interest in the common stock of St George International, Inc. (SGI), a company incorporated in the United States, and a 16.3% (2021: 16.3%) interest in the Series A preferred stock of SGI.

On 30 June 2022 SGI owned a half share in a United States partnership, Abercromby Property International (API), which held an interest in various properties in the United States either directly or through further subsidiaries.

The Directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets.

The shares in group undertakings are denominated in US dollars and represents an equity investment in SGI as follows:

2022

2021

	2022	2021
	£	£
Shares in SGI at cost		
(US\$1,539,350)	901,143	901,143

The Directors consider that the market value of the shares in SGI at 30 June 2022 was in excess of its carrying value in the balance sheet. The fair value of the investment was estimated at £15.4 million (2021: £14.0 million).

The most recent results available for SGI are to 31 March 2022 and include the results of Abercromby Property International for the year ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021 respectively, on a United States income tax basis rather than an accruals basis.

11 Called up share capital

	2022	2021
	£	£
Allotted and fully paid: 7 (2021: 7) ordinary shares of £1 each	7	7

Notes to the financial statements For year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

12. Retained earnings

		2022	2021
		£	£
	Surplus at beginning of year	909,762	910,225
	Loss for the financial year	(864)	(463)
	Surplus at end of year	908,898	909,762
13.	Shareholder's equity		•
		2022	2021
		£	£,
	Opening shareholder's surplus	909,769	910,232
	Loss for the financial year	(864)	(463)
	Closing shareholder's surplus	908,905	909,769

14. Related party transactions

There have been no transactions with the Company's ultimate parent undertaking, the UKRF in the year (2021: nil). The Company's bank balances are held with Barclays Bank PLC, which is a related party of the Company's ultimate parent undertaking. This has resulted in the following:

•	2022 £	2021 £
Income statement:	(864)	(463)
Balance sheet:		
Cash held with Barclays Bank PLC	11,054	11,521
Shares in group undertakings	901,143	901,143
Loan from SGI	(3,292)	(2,895)

15. Parent undertaking and ultimate holding company

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking of Barclays Nominees George Yard Limited (BNGY) which is the immediate parent company incorporated in the United Kingdom. BNGY hold shares in the Company on Trust for the Trustee Company on behalf of the UKRF.