(Company Limited by Guarantee and having a share capital)

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended

31 December 2008

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21/03/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE

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AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SAND MOOR GOLF CLUB LIMITED UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 5, together with the financial statements of The Sand Moor Golf Club Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and the auditor

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The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

BAKER TILLY UK AUDIT LLP

Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants 2 Whitehall Quay Leeds

February 2009

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 December 2008

		2008	2007
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2		
Tangible assets		1,032,682	990,140
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		8,135	9,338
Debtors		8,452	11,860
Cash at bank and in hand		1,000	1,000
		17,587	22,198
CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year	3	225,664	249,681
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(208,077)	(227,483)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		824,605	762,657
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up equity share capital	4	168	168
Other reserves	•	474,052	474,052
Profit and loss account		350,385	288,437
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		824,605	762,657
The state of the s		024,005	702,037

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

The abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 5 were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 11 February 2009 and are signed on their behalf by:

FGBBlake Chairman

A Allinson O. Allunsa Treasurer

G Hinchcliffe Cilcs Huchcliffe Director

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 December 2008

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

The company has taken advantage of paragraph 3 (3) of schedule 4 of the Companies Act 1985 to allow the format of the financial statements to be adapted to reflect the special nature of the company's operations.

TURNOVER

Income represents the amount derived from the receipt of membership subscriptions, and the provision of goods and services falling within the company's activities after deduction of value added tax.

FIXED ASSETS

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost, including the appropriate amount of irrecoverable Value Added Tax.

DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Greenkeepers' facility - 4% straight line
Practice ground - 1% straight line
Other land and buildings - NIL (see below)
Machinery and implements - 20% straight line

Furniture, fittings and equipment - 20% and 10% straight line

Tractors - 25% straight line
Course Alterations - 10% straight line

The other land and buildings, comprising the golf-course, club-house and half-way house, are maintained to a high standard and depreciation is not provided on the property as, in the directors' opinion, the residual value is equal to the carrying value disclosed in the accounts. This accounting treatment is not in accordance with paragraph 5.26 of the FRSSE. The directors believe that to comply with this requirement of the FRSSE would not show a true and fair view of the company's financial position.

STOCKS

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

OPERATING LEASE AGREEMENTS

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

PENSION COSTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 December 2008

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

GOING CONCERN

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue in operation for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, notwithstanding the fact that the company's balance sheet disclosed net current liabilities of £208,077 at 31 December 2008. Of this amount £58,934 comprises subscriptions received in advance from members which are highly unlikely to be repaid.

Furthermore, the directors have prepared cash flow projections which indicate that the company will remain comfortably within its bank overdraft facility (currently standing at £200,000 but due for review on 1 April 2009) in the period of 12 months following the date of approval of these financial statements.

On this basis, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

VALUE ADDED TAX

The company is partially exempt for VAT purposes. The cost of additions to tangible assets includes the appropriate amount of irrecoverable input tax. The irrecoverable VAT relating to items of income expenditure is included as an expense item within general expenses.

2 FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
Cost At 1 January 2008 Additions	1,767,120 121,771
At 31 December 2008	1,888,891
Depreciation At 1 January 2008 Charge for year	776,980 79,229
At 31 December 2008	856,209
Net book value At 31 December 2008	1,032,682
At 31 December 2007	990,140

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 December 2008

3 CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year

The bank overdraft is secured on the assets of the company.

4 SHARE CAPITAL

	2008	2007
	£	£
Authorised:		
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	2008	2007
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
168 Ordinary shares of £1 each	168	168
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