

Registered number: 00203663

**Mondelez UK Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2021**

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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## Mondelez UK Limited

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### Strategic report For the year ended 31 December 2021

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The directors present their Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### Principal activities and business review

The company operates as a sales company of Mondelez products to United Kingdom markets and customers. These markets include the retail, food service and vending beverage sectors. The company operates within the Mondelez group of companies with the aim of facilitating the group delivery of its strategic goals and achieving sustainable and profitable growth.

We delivered strong results, volume growth and momentum in 2021 despite COVID-19 and shifts in consumer behaviour. We made sure our brands and categories were in a robust position and importantly we prioritised safety, protecting our people during the pandemic. Share gains of the snacking market was the primary driver in turnover growth of 3.04% (2020 - 5.61%), achieved thanks to strong customer relations, marketing and innovation. This was seen across our key brands, channels and customers whilst our marketing activity also drove strong consumer loyalty.

On 22 March 2021, the company acquired the Grenade business by acquisition of a 97% holding in Lion/Gemstone Topco Limited for £203,657,000 (2020 - £NIL). See note 15 for further information.

On 3 January 2022, Mondelez International Inc. acquired the Chipita business. As a result of this, the relevant business and activities of Chipita UK Limited will be acquired by Mondelez UK Limited on 30 June 2022.

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in England, part of the United Kingdom. The address of its registered office is Uxbridge Business Park, Sanderson Road, Uxbridge, Middlesex, UB8 1DH.

#### Mondelez Section 172 statement

Under section 172 of the UK Companies Act 2006 ('Section 172') directors must act in the way that they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of their company. In doing so, our directors must have regard to stakeholders and the other matters set out in Section 172.

The company is part of the Mondelez International, Inc. group of companies. As a group, our global purpose is Snacking Made Right, which means offering the right snack, for the right moment, made in the right way.

*The right snack:* This is about giving people a wide range of high-quality snacks so they can make great informed choices. From indulgent treats to wholesome bites, we want to create snacks that people truly love and feel good about.

*For the right moment:* This is about making it easy for people to enjoy snacks wherever they are in the world, whatever time of day and to do so mindfully. Our understanding of consumer needs and the connection to our brands is unrivalled. We're also committed to helping our consumers savour the moment and enjoy every bite. While enjoying the snacks they know and love, we are taking steps to help them snack mindfully.

*Made the right way:* This is about taking the lead in making sure our snacks are not only right for people but also right for the planet – from the raw materials we rely on to the communities we live in and work with and the climate we all need to care for. Our goal is to make a positive impact on our planet. To advance our sustainability efforts and create a future where people and the planet thrive, our goals include:

- By 2025, source 100% of our cocoa from Cocoa Life, our global cocoa sustainability program;
- By 2025, use 100% recyclable packaging; and
- By 2025, reduce end-to-end CO2 emissions, water usage in priority locations and food waste.

We're also doing what's right for people across our supply chain: we are committed to doing business in the right way including our ongoing responsibility to respect human rights as well as advocating for labour improvements.

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Strategic report (continued)**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2021**

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**Mondelez Section 172 statement (continued)**

Our comprehensive governance structure provides the foundation for our sustainability efforts at all levels of our organisation. The Governance Committee is directly responsible for overseeing social responsibility, including well-being and environmental and social sustainability. We take a disciplined approach to our sustainability initiatives, are committed to remaining transparent and proactive about our progress, and track, report on and hold people accountable for achieving our goals.

Our group Chief Executive Officer and senior executives across our businesses drive home the central message of our Code of Conduct - that integrity and growth go hand-in-hand. To support the right behaviours throughout the company, we have a Business Integrity group led by our Chief Business Integrity Officer.

In light of our purpose, our directors take steps to understand the needs and priorities of each stakeholder group and do so via a number of mediums, including by direct engagement or via their delegated committees and forums. The relevance of each stakeholder may change depending on the matter at hand. In the Directors' report we provide a high-level summary of how we have done this.

**Results and dividends**

The profit for the financial year amounted to £53,755,000 (2020 - £735,366,000), and at year end the company had net assets of £1,952,866,000 (2020 - £2,172,782,000).

During the year, cash dividends of £105,000,000 (2020 - £197,981,000), and in specie dividends of £169,128,000 (2020 - £616,351,000), were paid.

On 12 August 2020, the company passed a special resolution to cancel and extinguish the company's existing share premium in its entirety from £2,221,288,000 to £NIL. This amount was then transferred to profit and loss reserves.

**Key performance indicators**

The key performance indicators during the year relating to continuing operations are set out in the table below:

	2021	2020
Growth in sales	3.04%	5.61%
Gross margin	7.50%	8.65%

Gross margin is the ratio of gross profit to sales expressed as a percentage.

**Principal risks and uncertainties**

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include price risk, the effects of foreign currency exchange rates, credit risks, liquidity, interest rates and cash flow. The directors have not delegated the responsibility of monitoring financial risk management to a sub-committee of the board. The risk management procedures are implemented by the company's finance department and approved by the parent company. The department has specific guidelines to manage financial risk. The company does not use financial instruments speculatively.

***Price risk and foreign currency exchange risk***

The company has limited exposure to price risk and foreign currency exchange risk due to the operating model in place that governs charges between group companies.

***Credit risk***

The company has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential and existing customers, before sales are made. The amount of any exposure to any individual counterparty is subject to a limit which is reassessed regularly.

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Strategic report (continued)**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2021**

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**Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)**

*Liquidity risk*

The company manages liquidity risk by monitoring the Statement of financial position value, net intercompany balance and funding requirements from group to ensure that the company has access to sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansions.

*Interest rate and cash flow risk*

The company has interest bearing assets and interest bearing liabilities. The interest bearing assets are cash balances and intercompany loans. Interest is earned at variable rates. The interest bearing liabilities are intercompany loans. Interest is charged at variable rates. Interest rate risk is managed by the group treasury team who monitor all risk bearing funds.

As a subsidiary of Mondelez International Inc., the directors also consider the business risk and uncertainties to be minimal and are further detailed in the financial statements of the ultimate parent company, which are publicly available.

This report was approved by the board of directors on  
the board by:

**16th September**

2022 and signed on behalf of

*Louise Stigant*

**L A Stigant**  
Director

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Directors' report**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2021**

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The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

**Directors**

The directors who served the company during the year and to the date of the financial statements being approved, unless otherwise stated were as follows:

A J Beer (appointed 14 December 2021)  
C J Callanan (resigned 28 February 2022)  
G McFadzean (appointed 28 February 2022)  
J O Morris (resigned 13 December 2021)  
C Parkes  
M H Stananought  
L A Stigant

**Results and dividends**

Particulars of results and dividends are detailed in the Strategic report.

**Future developments**

Mondelez International has a strong track record of delivering results and continues to strive for sustainable growth. The key elements to the company's strategy for growth are its brands, people, values and vision. The company aims to achieve this by:

1. Continuing the further development of its brand portfolio and focusing on its core power brands where a competitive advantage can be achieved.
2. Recruiting talented and dedicated employees who are focused and passionate about their work.
3. Maintaining specific values of innovation, quality, safety, respect for communities and the environment, integrity and openness.
4. Sharing the global vision of its ultimate parent company, Mondelez International Inc., to help people around the world eat and live better.

None of the future developments are expected to impact the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

**Going concern**

The company meets its day-to-day working capital requirements through the group's treasury arrangements. As at 31 December 2021 the company had net current liabilities of £127,634,000 (2020 - £119,066,000). Hence the directors have obtained a letter of support from Mondelez UK Holdings & Services Limited and therefore have reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and for at least 12 months from the point of approving this Annual Report and Financial Statements. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements.

The COVID-19 pandemic has continued to impact our colleagues and business operations in 2021, albeit to a lesser extent than the prior year given the Government's measures and restrictions were less severe.

Throughout the past year the safety of our colleagues has been (and remains) our number one priority.

We continued to implement measures to protect our people and our facilities and offered our colleagues much-needed emotional and well-being support during what remained a difficult time for many people.

**Directors' report (continued)**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2021**

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**Going concern (continued)**

This included implementing social distancing measures and increasing our already stringent hygiene measures, as well as adopting health screenings (and temperature checks) on site. We also maintained personal protection equipment for critical roles to further protect employees; and supported colleagues by offering flexible leave options including paid emergency leave to help, for example around childcare. We offered regular information and Q&A sessions with third party medical experts around COVID vaccinations, as well as providing flexibility to allow our people to get the vaccine.

We also continued to run our factories and sites in line with the Government's clear direction that food and drink was a critical industry which must continue to operate given the vital role it played in ensuring that the broader health and well-being of the nation was maintained.

The directors continue to take all reasonable steps necessary to mitigate the associated risks and have appropriate plans in place so that we can continue to serve our customers and consumers moving forward. We continue to serve customers in Northern Ireland from Great Britain using transitional border agreements, while a finalised agreement between the United Kingdom and the European Union over Great Britain to Northern Ireland border procedures is awaited.

The directors are actively monitoring the situation in Ukraine. Although this doesn't materially directly affect any entities within the United Kingdom, the directors are taking all reasonable steps necessary to mitigate any associated risks to ensure all operational and financial performance is maintained.

The directors continue to monitor the proposed government regulations covering HFSS (foods high in fat, sugar and salt), which are now due to be phased into force from October 2022 to January 2024, and are taking all reasonable steps to mitigate any associated risks to the business as a result of this legislation.

**Streamlined energy and carbon reporting**

At Mondelez International, our mission is to lead the future of snacking by creating snacks the right way for both people and planet to love. We aim to make an end-to-end positive impact on the world and the communities where we do business. This is core to who we are as a company. As such, we're committed to using less energy and water, reducing waste and decreasing emissions.

We know that climate change is a real risk to Mondelez International's consumers, our business, our economy and the planet at large. That's why we have set science based targets to reduce our carbon footprint across our value chain globally – from farms growing our ingredients to the packaging around our products.

For the past few years we have been on a path to reduce our carbon emissions and in 2021 we took a key step forward – committing to a goal of net zero greenhouse gas emissions across our full value chain by 2050. As part of the goal, we have signed the Science Based Targets initiative's (SBTi's) Business Ambition for 1.5°C, aligning our long-term emissions mitigation targets with the aim of limiting temperature rise in accordance with the Paris Agreement. We've also joined the United Nations Race to Zero Campaign to help build momentum towards a decarbonized economy.

To deliver lasting change at scale, we are prioritizing where we can have the greatest impact, focusing on innovative and measurable solutions, and collaborating to drive sector-wide transformation. We're taking an end-to-end approach – from field to shelf – to reach our net zero carbon emissions goal by focusing our efforts across key areas and delivering against set targets. As we work toward our goal, we're transforming how we do business – across 150 countries, tens of thousands of suppliers, and hundreds of thousands of farmers. It marks a major step on in our differentiated approach to sustainability, focused on driving lasting progress at scale and creating long-term value for our business and stakeholders.

We are in the process of adjusting our path towards net zero, which is subject to verification by the SBTi (by 2023 latest). In the meantime, we continue to deliver against our 2025 public goals, including reducing our absolute end-to-end greenhouse gas emissions by 10% by 2025 vs a 2018 baseline, which is equivalent to a 23% reduction vs business-as-usual.

**Directors' report (continued)**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2021**

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**Streamlined energy and carbon reporting (continued)**

Following the SBTi guidelines, we focus our carbon reduction programs on the categories of GHG emissions that are most impactful for the company. This represented 20.3 million metric tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e in 2020 (or 83% of our total value chain GHG emissions footprint). Accordingly, we include the following GHG emissions in our goal setting: Scope 1, Scope 2 and major elements of Scope 3: purchased goods and services and waste generated in operations. In 2021, we reduced our Scope 1 and 2 (market-based) emissions by 23% versus our 2018 baseline by continuing to improve energy efficiency and increase our use of renewable energy. We have been implementing programs to reduce Scope 3 emissions that we are currently in the process of translating into carbon emissions reductions.

Electricity and natural gas energy sources are the largest contributor to our manufacturing footprint and so are a major focus of our carbon reduction efforts. We are investing in energy management systems and energy efficient technologies in our factories. We are also using low-carbon renewable energy sources to reduce our CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. In 2021, 32% of the electricity used in our manufacturing sites was renewable compared to 23% in 2020. This initiative was the most important contributor to our reduction of 56,000 tons of carbon emissions in 2021. Our U.K. manufacturing plants are now using 100% renewable electricity. This drove a 31% reduction in our UK manufacturing emissions with over 19,000 metric tonnes of carbon saved.

We want to do everything we can to eliminate it as part of our ongoing efforts to contribute to a world where resources are looked after and used with care and in turn, carbon emissions are reduced. Although we will continue to measure, track and strive to minimize all kinds of waste in manufacturing, we've decided to dedicate a greater focus towards food waste. This makes sense for a food company like us, especially considering that nearly a third of all food produced for human consumption is lost or wasted. Beyond that, food loss and waste also amount to a major squandering of resources including water, land, energy, labor and capital, as well as contributing to global GHG emissions.

We're already exceeding our 2025 goal by reducing food waste in distribution by 65% in 2021 compared to our 2018 baseline (goal 50% reduction). And we've reduced food waste in internal manufacturing sites by 28% (vs. 2018 baseline).

In 2021, we achieved a 6.4% reduction in water usage at priority sites in areas where water is most scarce. Usage at these sites is 56% of our total water usage. Having more than met our 2020 goal on water (vs. 2013 baseline), in 2021 we launched our new 2025 goal (vs. 2018 baseline) to reduce absolute water use at priority sites by 10%. At our Sheffield site in the UK, the team combined improvement in the jellies pump seals and in the flash vessel tank to reduce water and save energy. The site saved 10,950m<sup>3</sup> of water and 150 MWh of energy thanks to these two projects.

Dairy accounts for approximately 22% of our overall carbon footprint, and we are focused on driving this down. Within the dairy footprint, liquid milk accounts for 27% while the remainder comes from powdered dairy or cheese. At a farm level, approximately 40% of emissions are attributed to enteric emissions (from the animals' digestive systems), 34% from feed source and 11% from manure management. The remaining (15%) of emissions are from fertilizer usage, fuel and electricity.

In the U.K. and Ireland, 100% of farmers supplying milk for Cadbury Dairy Milk are tracking their greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions on farms and working on action plans to reduce emissions. The 72 farms in the Selkley Vale farming group, for example, completed their first farm level GHG assessments in 2021 and have put in place a plan to reduce emissions by 10% by 2025. That's equivalent to taking almost 10,000 cars off the road.

*Data and information specific to Mondelez UK Limited:*

		2021	2020
Scope 1	Gas MWh	3,273.60	3,054.26
Scope 2	Elec MWh	261.13	408.94
Scope 3	Total CO <sub>2</sub> kg/FTE	1,897.98	1,576.22



Directors' report (continued)  
For the year ended 31 December 2021

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Streamlined energy and carbon reporting (continued)

- *Scope 1 – Direct emissions e.g. fuel use, combustion of natural gas*  
Gas usage is recharged from Mondelez UK Confectionery Production Limited to Mondelez UK Services GmbH UK branch for office usage annually. The proportion allocated to Mondelez UK Limited is done on a pro rata basis using headcount as the allocation methodology.
- *Scope 2 – Indirect emissions e.g. electricity purchased*  
Electricity usage is incurred in Mondelez UK Services GmbH UK branch. The proportion allocated to Mondelez UK Limited is done on a pro rata basis using headcount as an allocation methodology. The variance in the electricity year-on-year can be explained by overpayment in 2020, caused by electricity meters not accurately calculating correctly. 2020 invoices are being disputed and 2021 values are accurate.
- *Scope 3 – Other indirect emissions e.g. related emissions from business travel*  
Data is gathered from our business mileage claims expense system and internal fleet management team. Expensed and used mileage is collated by individual trip multiplied by the average CO2/km per class of vehicle. Usage is displayed providing the metric CO2 kg/FTE.

Stakeholder engagement

*Employees*

Our annual all-colleague survey shares insights to what is important to colleagues: what is working and where we need to improve.

We have built on our strengths by further building on recognition and celebration in our business, through platforms such as the 'Bravos': our "always-on" peer to peer recognition. In 2021 alone, UK colleagues received over 6,000 Bravos to each other building our culture of thanks and gratitude. Our internal communications platforms connect colleagues on our plans and offer opportunities for dialogue both in person and virtually - driving reach and transparency leadership and communication.

Colleague well-being has always been at the heart of our business, with a strong recognition that a comprehensive offering can provide benefits to our people and the business outcomes. In 2018, we implemented a new employee well-being offering 'BOOST' which put employee experience at the heart. We have continued to develop this programme, evolving it as needs changed during the pandemic.

In addition to our BOOST programme, we have introduced a new Employee Assistance Programme (EAP) to help all our UK employees be at their best, not just at work, but in their personal lives too. Through the EAP (managed by Magellan) practical information, including financial and legal advice as well as resources for family care and counselling on a variety of topics, are available to colleagues and immediate family (such as partner, children, siblings or parents). The service is confidential, free of charge and available 24/7.

Further support is offered via our partnership with Grocery Aid who provide emotional, practical and financial support for colleagues working in our industry. Our colleagues can benefit from the support offered and are also active as industry volunteers and fundraisers, giving back to ensure that others can benefit from their services.

Diversity, Equity and Inclusion (DEI) remains central to our agenda in the UK. Our employee 'Inclusion@MDLZ' programmes support openness in the business and we are creating a work environment where everyone belongs, can be themselves and flourish wherever they are from, whatever their background, beliefs, preference or style.

Our inclusion agenda uses the power of difference; in service of more powerful business outcomes, to support everyone to feel safe and confident in who they are and promoting inclusion not exclusion. These groups include; Families@MDLZ, LGBTI+, GENDA, Greenbite (environmental action group) and Race Relations Network. In 2021 we continued to grow the series of events and information sessions which sought to engage with and educate colleagues on minority groups and issues through these Inclusion Groups.

**Directors' report (continued)**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2021**

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**Stakeholder engagement (continued)**

*Employees (continued)*

We continue to be partners in the 'Diversity in Grocery' programme and co-hosted the 2021 event in Wembley delivering Live labs for delegates covering topics such as reverse mentoring, accessible design, company values and creating equity programmes.

Our Global Chief Diversity & Inclusion Officer is part of the Board Diversity Action Alliance, which seeks to increase the number of racially and ethnically-diverse leaders on the boards of corporations. Mondelez International and its brands also became members of the Unstereotype Alliance, a thought and action platform that seeks to eradicate harmful stereotypes in all media and advertising content.

In 2021 we developed a global DEI Learning Hub to provide a central point for learning related to DEI with a variety of courses, readings, e-learning, videos, for colleagues to explore. The learning offer includes resources for all levels of competence, from basic awareness and education to deep in-team activities around DEI.

Wider development opportunities are provided through our Growing Here Weeks, run annually offer a huge number of personal and business focused development opportunities, open to all in support of career development and aspirations. One of our values is 'grow every day' and this is further enabled through our online suite of learning tools including the 'Mondelez University'. We promote learning everyday through: everyday experiences, expertise of others and formal courses (70/20/10).

We give full consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons where the requirements of the job can be adequately fulfilled by a disabled person. Where existing employees become disabled, it is our policy wherever practicable to provide continuing employment under normal terms and conditions and to provide training and career development and promotion to disabled employees wherever appropriate.

It is our policy to ensure that no employee or job applicant is treated less favourably than another on the grounds of religion, sexual orientation, disability, race, creed, colour, nationality, ethnic or national origins, sex or marital status. As we continue to grow our inclusive recruitment approach, we entered into a partnership with & Verdicta careers in 2021 to promote a positive and diverse working environment, and those looking for jobs in an equal opportunities workplace.

We recognise the need to create and support a flexible working environment incorporating, where possible, family friendly policies. As we continue to work towards a gradual return to the office following the pandemic we recognised the value of hybrid working and have started to roll out in 2021 (continuing this year) Flexibility Principles which support work-life balance for colleagues.

We were proud to sign up to the 'Smallest Things Best Employer Charter' and become an 'Employer with Heart' in November 2021 with the aim of supporting the needs of premature babies and their families. As part of this partnership we announced the enhancements to our Family Leave Policy in the UK regarding prematurity.

We believe in and support the development of a working environment which encourages employee involvement in the business. Information about the company and its business is provided to all employees on matters likely to be of concern to them in team briefings, company newsletters, an annual report and by other communications. We have responded to the challenges of the Pandemic by adjusting our communications approach to ensure the safety of our colleagues and using digital channels to ensure effective and consistent communications. Consultative committees and other employee groups regularly receive information about the business.

Joint consultative committees discuss safety and pension matters. Particular issues are considered and dealt with by elected consultative working parties.

Employee involvement in the company's performance is encouraged through an employee bonus scheme.

**Directors' report (continued)**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2021**

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**Stakeholder engagement (continued)**

*Customers*

Customer interests: We partner with a broad range of retailers such as independent stores, symbol groups, convenience stores, supermarkets/superstores and online customers. We conduct regular interviews and surveys so we can understand our customers' needs, help them grow their business and gain feedback at all levels of our business. Our retail partners are constantly looking to drive share growth and of course deliver against their shopper needs as well as deliver value and continue to expand into growing channels such as online or emerging channels. All retailers want products, promotions and experiences which help them differentiate from their competitors but are also increasingly focused on delivering against Health, Sustainability and Packaging needs.

How we engage: Our retail partners work with many functions across our business including front line sales teams, supply chain/customer service and category development. Our retail partners can also access our online customer portals which provide them with the latest news, tools and resources. We engage with our customers in different ways, focused on delivering growth and of course, to meet shopper needs such as:

- partnering on shopper activations to deliver great in-store experiences or to support retailer initiatives, for example around seasons, sampling, events and/or linking to support customer charities;
- projects and initiatives to deliver on Shopper needs, such as Category reviews or Shopper insights/research;
- initiatives to support people in the FMCG industry such as diversity and inclusion which helps drive personal development and growth; and
- support from field teams calling on 20,000 independent and symbol stores a year offering support and merchandising advice to retailers.

How have we improved our service: The feedback we get from customers is incredibly important to us and we carry out regular surveys, so we can continuously improve our customer offer. We have also held a number of category days with customers where we come together to understand the needs of the consumer, shopper and category and work on opportunities, so we can meet those needs together. As a result, we've introduced new products that offer consumers greater choice on health and well-being as well as reducing plastic and packaging in our products. We're also working with our partners, so they can differentiate themselves and maximise their offer across the categories and channels, in which we operate.

*Community*

By living our purpose to empower people to "snack right", we believe we can continue to have a positive impact on the lives of our consumers and the world around us, and we are using our scale to have a positive impact on those who help produce and those who consume our products.

We contribute to the local communities in which we operate through donations of funds, in kind donations and colleague time and expertise. Through The Cadbury Foundation we support local and national charities and programmes with a focus on Health and Well-being, Skills and Colleague Passions. We have a huge culture of volunteering and encourage our colleagues to share their time and expertise in their local communities during their working day.

Our Health for Life programme in Birmingham celebrated its 10-year anniversary in 2021, marking £4.5 million of investment and now reaching over 225,500 children, teachers, parents and local community members – inspiring them to lead healthier lifestyles through food growing, cooking and physical activity. Through our involvement in Feeding Britain's Future, led by IGD - together with industry our volunteers reached over 10,000 young people to showcase our industry, the vast number of career opportunities available and how their current studies relate.

*Environment*

Our mission is to lead the future of snacking by making snacks that are sustainably sourced using less energy, water, packaging and waste and made with ingredients consumers know and trust. The future of our business depends on a sustainable value chain. We have specific goals to which we hold ourselves accountable, we are continuing to make progress in our efforts and we are committed to being transparent and effective in sharing our progress. This includes the sustainable sourcing of key ingredients, as well as reducing our environmental footprint and protecting the rights of people across our value chain.

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Directors' report (continued)**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2021**

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**Stakeholder engagement (continued)***Environment (continued)*

Of primary concern to us, our customers and our consumers is packaging waste, with a particular focus on plastic. To support the drive for a circular economy, we are members of the Consumer Goods Forum, Ellen MacArthur Foundation and the UK Plastics Pact.

In the past year Mondelez International in the UK has removed 6.4 million plastic windows from its remaining Cadbury shell eggs, launched our plans to include 30% recycled plastic in our Cadbury sharing tablets made in Bournville from 2022 and became founding members of the Flexible Plastic Fund. Many of the UK's treats are now also made with renewable electricity at six of our UK production sites.

In sustainable sourcing we have reached our goal to maintain 100% RSPO palm oil, whilst continuing to push for further reforms. 100% of our palm oil is traceable to the mill from suppliers with aligned policies. Cocoa is the essence of our chocolate and vital to our business so we created Cocoa Life – an award winning programme working with cocoa farmers and their communities, co-creating solutions to make cocoa farming a business of choice and to build communities that take on their own development while conserving the natural resources.

We subscribe to the United Nations Guiding Principles (UNGPs) on Business and Human Rights, Our Corporate Responsibility Guidelines and our Code of Conduct guide everything we do as we strive to ensure that human rights are respected within our own operations, as well as our supply chains. We have adopted the Consumer Goods Forum's Forced Labor Priority Industry Principles and the UN's Women's Empowerment Principles. In addition, we are a signatory of the CEO Action for Diversity & Inclusion pledge.

**Statement of corporate governance***Ethics and governance*

We adopted the Mondelez International Code of Conduct. The code applies to all of our employees, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, and persons performing similar functions. In addition, we adopted Corporate Governance Guidelines, charters for each of the Board's four standing committees and the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for Non-Employee Directors.

To earn the trust of all our stakeholders we ensure strong compliance and governance throughout our company. We are committed to governing our company ethically and efficiently for long-term success. To this end, we have strong structures, policies and processes in place. Internal and external auditors monitor our compliance.

Our comprehensive governance structure provides the foundation for our sustainability efforts at all levels of our organisation. The Governance Committee is directly responsible for overseeing social responsibility, including well-being and environmental and social sustainability.

To support the right behaviours throughout the company, we have a Business Integrity group led by our Chief Business Integrity Officer.

We treat everyone with care and integrity. This is underscored in our Code of Conduct and by our robust Compliance and Integrity Programme to help us train, monitor and address any issues in this area.

**Financial risk management**

Particulars of risk are detailed in the Strategic report.

**Qualifying indemnity provisions**

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions and pension scheme indemnity provisions are in force for the company's directors as of the date of this report and were in force for the duration of 2021.

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Directors' report (continued)**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2021**

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**Charitable donations**

The Mondelez group of companies makes charitable contributions but these are facilitated by a fellow subsidiary entity of the Mondelez International Inc. and not directly by Mondelez UK Limited.

**Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

**Directors' confirmations**

In the case of each director in office at the date the Directors' report is approved:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

**Independent auditors**

The board of directors have chosen to reappoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditors for the coming financial year.

This report was approved by the board of directors on **16th September** 2022 and signed on behalf of the board by:

*Louise Stigant*

**L A Stigant**  
Director

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Mondelez UK Limited

## Report on the audit of the financial statements

### Opinion

In our opinion, Mondelez UK Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021; the Statement of comprehensive income and Statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, as applicable to other entities of public interest, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Other than those disclosed in note 6 to the financial statements, we have provided no non-audit services to the company or its controlled undertakings in the period under audit.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

Our evaluation of the directors' assessment of the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting included:

- Understanding the client's process for the preparation and review of management's forecasts and evaluating their accuracy by comparing the current year actual results with the prior year's forecasts;
- Assessing the adequacy of the letter of support provided to the Company by a fellow group undertaking including assessment of the fellow group undertaking's capacity to provide the financial support when and if required; and
- Assessing the adequacy of the disclosures within the Annual Report.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

## **Reporting on other information**

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic report and Directors' report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

## **Strategic report and Directors' report**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic report and Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2021 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic report and Directors' report.

## **Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit**

### **Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements**

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to Health and safety legislation, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006 and Direct taxes. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to inappropriate manual journals to manipulate the financial position of the business and management bias in estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- Discussions with management, including enquiries into the existence and response to any known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulation and fraud;
- Testing of journals which may appear to have unusual accounting entries;
- Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in relation to estimates; and
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our auditors' report.

### **Use of this report**

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.




## Other required reporting

### Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.



Steven Kentish (Senior Statutory Auditor)  
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors  
Birmingham  
22 September 2022

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Statement of comprehensive income  
For the year ended 31 December 2021**

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	Note	2021 £000	2020 £000
Turnover	5	1,885,739	1,830,118
Cost of sales		(1,744,342)	(1,671,749)
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>141,397</b>	<b>158,369</b>
Impairment of investments	6	(398,920)	-
Administrative expenses		(109,637)	(121,892)
<b>Operating (loss)/profit</b>	6	<b>(367,160)</b>	<b>36,477</b>
Income from shares in group undertakings	9	429,434	707,386
Interest receivable and similar income	10	132	610
Interest payable and similar expenses	11	(119)	(108)
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>62,287</b>	<b>744,365</b>
Tax on profit	12	(8,532)	(8,999)
<b>Profit for the financial year</b>		<b>53,755</b>	<b>735,366</b>
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>53,755</b>	<b>735,366</b>

All activities of the company are from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 19 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Mondelez UK Limited**  
**Registered number:00203663**

**Statement of financial position**  
**As at 31 December 2021**

	Note	2021 £000	2020 £000
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Intangible assets	14	93,008	102,798
Investments	15	1,995,339	2,190,602
		<u>2,088,347</u>	<u>2,293,400</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	16	2,979	-
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	16	419,506	487,058
Cash at bank and in hand		28	11
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	(550,147)	(606,135)
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		<u>(127,634)</u>	<u>(119,066)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>1,960,713</u>	<u>2,174,334</u>
Provisions for liabilities	19	(7,847)	(1,552)
		<u>(7,847)</u>	<u>(1,552)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><u>1,952,866</u></u>	<u><u>2,172,782</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	22	1,581	1,581
Profit and loss account	23	1,951,285	2,171,201
<b>Total equity</b>		<u><u>1,952,866</u></u>	<u><u>2,172,782</u></u>

The financial statements on pages 16 to 37 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on **16th September** 2022 and were signed on behalf of board by:

*Louise Stigant*

**L A Stigant**  
Director

The notes on pages 19 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Mondelez UK Limited**

**Statement of changes in equity  
For the year ended 31 December 2021**

	Called up share capital £000	Share premium account £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000
<b>At 1 January 2020</b>	1,581	2,221,288	28,433	2,251,302
Profit for the financial year	-	-	735,366	735,366
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	735,366	735,366
Dividends paid (note 13)	-	-	(814,333)	(814,333)
Credit relating to equity-settled share based payments (note 21)	-	-	447	447
Transfer from share premium to profit and loss account (note 23)	-	(2,221,288)	2,221,288	-
<b>Total transactions with owners recognised directly in equity</b>	-	(2,221,288)	1,407,402	(813,886)
<b>At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021</b>	1,581	-	2,171,201	2,172,782
Profit for the financial year	-	-	53,755	53,755
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	53,755	53,755
Dividends paid (note 13)	-	-	(274,128)	(274,128)
Credit relating to equity-settled share based payments (note 21)	-	-	457	457
<b>Total transactions with owners recognised directly in equity</b>	-	-	(273,671)	(273,671)
<b>At 31 December 2021</b>	1,581	-	1,951,285	1,952,866

The notes on pages 19 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**1. General information**

The company operates as a sales company of Mondelez products to United Kingdom markets and customers. These markets include the retail, food service and vending beverage sectors. The company operates within the Mondelez group of companies with the aim of facilitating the group delivery of its strategic goals and achieving sustainable and profitable growth.

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in England, part of the United Kingdom. The address of its registered office is Uxbridge Business Park, Sanderson Road, Uxbridge, Middlesex, UB8 1DH.

**2. Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', and the Companies Act 2006.

**3. Accounting policies**

**3.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

**3.2 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions**

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

- (a) the requirement to prepare a Statement of cash flows (Section 7 of FRS 102 and para 3.17(d)).
- (b) reduced financial instrument disclosures (FRS 102 paras 11.39 - 11.48A, 12.26 - 12.29).
- (c) disclosure requirements of Section 26 in respect of share based payments (FRS 102 paras 26.18b, 26.19 - 26.21, 26.23).
- (d) the non-disclosure of key management personnel compensation in total (FRS 102 para 33.7).

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Mondelez International Inc. as at 31 December 2021.

**3.3 Going concern**

The company meets its day-to-day working capital requirements through the group's treasury arrangements. As at 31 December 2021 the company had net current liabilities of £127,634,000 (2020 - £119,066,000). Hence the directors have obtained a letter of support from Mondelez UK Holdings & Services Limited and therefore have reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and for at least 12 months from the point of approving this Annual Report and Financial Statements. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements.

**3. Accounting policies (continued)**

**3.3 Going concern (continued)**

The COVID-19 pandemic has continued to impact our colleagues and business operations in 2021, albeit to a lesser extent than the prior year given the Government's measures and restrictions were less severe.

Throughout the past year the safety of our colleagues has been (and remains) our number one priority.

We continued to implement measures to protect our people and our facilities and offered our colleagues much-needed emotional and well-being support during what remained a difficult time for many people.

This included implementing social distancing measures and increasing our already stringent hygiene measures, as well as adopting health screenings (and temperature checks) on site. We also maintained personal protection equipment for critical roles to further protect employees; and supported colleagues by offering flexible leave options including paid emergency leave to help, for example around childcare. We offered regular information and Q&A sessions with third party medical experts around COVID vaccinations, as well as providing flexibility to allow our people to get the vaccine.

We also continued to run our factories and sites in line with the Government's clear direction that food and drink was a critical industry which must continue to operate given the vital role it played in ensuring that the broader health and well-being of the nation was maintained.

The directors continue to take all reasonable steps necessary to mitigate the associated risks and have appropriate plans in place so that we can continue to serve our customers and consumers moving forward. We continue to serve customers in Northern Ireland from Great Britain using transitional border agreements, while a finalised agreement between the United Kingdom and the European Union over Great Britain to Northern Ireland border procedures is awaited.

The directors are actively monitoring the situation in Ukraine. Although this doesn't materially directly affect any entities within the United Kingdom, the directors are taking all reasonable steps necessary to mitigate any associated risks to ensure all operational and financial performance is maintained.

The directors continue to monitor the proposed government regulations covering HFSS (foods high in fat, sugar and salt), which are now due to be phased into force from October 2022 to January 2024, and are taking all reasonable steps to mitigate any associated risks to the business as a result of this legislation.

**3.4 Consolidated financial statements**

The company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Mondelez International Inc., and is included in the financial statements of Mondelez International Inc., which are publicly available. Consequently, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements under the terms of Section 401 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements are the company's separate financial statements (FRS 102. 9.27(a)).

**3.5 Related party transactions**

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned within the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned (FRS 102 paragraph 33.1A).

**3. Accounting policies (continued)**

**3.6 Revenue recognition**

Sales of goods are recognised on delivery to the customer, when the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the product and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the product. Delivery occurs when the goods have been shipped to the location specified by the customer, the risks of obsolescence or loss have been transferred to the customer, the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed or the company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

Goods sold to customers are often sold with volume rebates and also with the provision for the customer's to return faulty goods. Sales are measured at the prices specified in the sale contract, net of estimated volume rebates and returns. Volume rebates are assessed based on anticipated annual purchases compared to prior agreements. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the discounts and returns.

**3.7 Taxation**

Tax on profit for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

**(i) Current tax**

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

The company is part of a UK tax group for the purposes of group relief, whereby current taxable profits can be offset by current taxable losses of related companies in the same tax group. Where group relief is claimed, payment for these losses is made by the claimant company to the surrendering company equal to the tax benefit.

**(ii) Deferred tax**

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date except for certain exceptions. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

**3.8 Operating leases**

Leases that do not transfer all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Payments under operating leases are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.9 Intangible assets

Purchased goodwill arises where the purchase consideration exceeds the value of the underlying net assets. Purchased goodwill is capitalised in the year in which it arises and amortised over its useful economic life.

**Amortisation**

For the goodwill created on acquisition of the trade and assets of Cadbury UK sales and distribution business in 2011, the directors considered the useful life to be 20 years at that time. This calculation reflected the importance of the sales and distribution business in terms of the overall group business, taking into account the book value of the net assets at that point in time, and the expected value to the business for the foreseeable future.

There have been no significant business changes in the intervening period to conclude that this useful life has materially changed. It is expected that the goodwill generated as a result of the purchase of the sales and distribution business will remain in use and of value for at least the remaining useful economic life. The associated revenue streams remain core to the overall business, and this is not expected to change before June 2031 when the current useful economic life expires.

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

3.10 Investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recorded at cost plus incidental expenses less any provision for impairment.

**Impairment**

At each financial year end assets not carried at fair value are assessed to determine whether there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. If there is such an indication the recoverable amount of the asset is compared to the carrying amount of the asset.

The recoverable amount of the asset is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is defined as the present value of the future cash flows before interest and tax obtainable as a result of the asset's continued use. These cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that represents the current market risk-free rate and the risks inherent in the asset.

If the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, unless the asset has been revalued when the amount is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation. Thereafter any excess is recognised in profit or loss within the Statement of comprehensive income.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss within the Statement of comprehensive income, within administrative expenses, aligned to where the original charge was recognised.

**Return of capital**

Return of capital from subsidiary entities are treated as a reduction in the value of that investment.



**3. Accounting policies (continued)**

**3.11 Provisions for liabilities**

Provisions are recognised where there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefits as a result of a past event. The effect of the time value of money on the provisions are not discounted unless material.

**3.12 Foreign currency translation**

**(i) Functional and presentation currency**

The company's functional and presentation currency is the Pound Sterling.

**(ii) Transactions and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

**3.13 Employee benefits**

The company provides a range of benefits to employees, including annual bonus arrangements, paid holiday arrangements and defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans.

**(i) Short term benefits**

Short term benefits, including holiday pay and other similar non-monetary benefits, are recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is received.

**(ii) Defined contribution pension plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in the Statement of comprehensive income in the period it arises.

**3. Accounting policies (continued)**

**3.13 Employee benefits (continued)**

**(iii) Multi-employer pension plan**

The company is a member of a multi-employer pension plan, the Cadbury Mondelez Pension Fund. As it is not possible for the participating companies to obtain sufficient information to enable them to account for the plan as a defined benefit plan, they account for the plan as a defined contribution plan. Mondelez UK Holdings & Services Limited, as the sponsoring employer, accounts for the whole plan within its financial statements as a defined benefit plan.

Contributions to the plan are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income in the financial year to which they relate.

**(iv) Annual bonus plan**

The company operates an annual bonus plan for employees. An expense is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income when the company has a legal or constructive obligation to make payments under the plan as a result of past events and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

**(v) Share based payments**

The company has chosen to adopt Section 26 of FRS 102 in respect of share based payments.

Equity-settled share based payment transactions for employee services received are measured at fair value and recognised as an expense spread over the service periods for share awards expected to vest. The fair value is measured by reference to the number and market value of the equity instruments at the date of the grant. At each Statement of financial position date the company revises its estimates of the number of awards that are expected to vest and recognises the impact in the Statement of comprehensive income. The corresponding credit is recognised in retained earnings as a component of equity. Recharges made to the company when the share awards have vested are recognised when paid and accounted for as a decrease in equity.

**3.14 Financial instruments**

The company has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

**(i) Financial assets**

Basic financial assets, including trade and intercompany receivables and cash and bank balances are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

**3. Accounting policies (continued)**

**3.14 Financial instruments (continued)**

**(ii) Financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including trade, intercompany and other payables and loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

**3.15 Dividends**

Dividend income received in the form of in specie assets that are not readily realisable is recognised in reserves. Dividend income received in the form of cash is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income. All dividend distributions are recognised in reserves.

**3.16 Interest income**

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

**3.17 Finance costs**

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of associated capital instruments. Bank charges are recognised in the period in which they are incurred.

**3.18 Cash pooling**

The company meets its day-to-day working capital requirements through a combination of loans and through access to funds as part of the Mondelez International group's cash pooling arrangement, of which Mondelez International Finance AG (MIF), a related company based in Switzerland, is the pool leader. Under the cash pooling arrangements, there is no cash held by the company - all balances are deposited in the cash pool at the end of business on each day. The company therefore has a £NIL cash balance.

The value of the current facility is £309,977,000 and this balance is presented within amounts owed by group undertakings within debtors as at the year end (2020 - £311,077,000 presented within amounts owed by group undertakings within debtors). There are not considered to be limits to the available facility within the normal course of business. This is agreed as a rolling facility which is an integrated part of the Mondelez International Inc. group operations.

**4. Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty**

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

**(a) Critical judgements in applying the group's accounting policies**

**(i) Multi-employer defined benefit pension scheme (note 20)**

Certain employees participate in a multi-employer defined benefit pension scheme with other companies in the group. In the judgement of the directors, the company does not have sufficient information on the plan assets and liabilities to be able to reliably account for its share of the defined benefit obligation and plan assets. Therefore the scheme is accounted for as a defined contribution scheme.

**(b) Key accounting estimates and assumptions**

**(i) Doubtful debt provision (note 6)**

Management make provision for doubtful debts based on the ageing of a customer receivable using a sliding scale of percentage rates, or when specific information calls into question the recoverability of a receivable. This provision is reviewed and adjusted on a quarterly basis.

**(ii) Goodwill (note 14)**

For the goodwill created on acquisition of the trade and assets of Cadbury UK sales and distribution business in 2011, the directors considered the useful life to be 20 years at that time. This calculation reflected the importance of the sales and distribution business in terms of the overall group business, taking into account the book value of the net assets at that point in time, and the expected value to the business for the foreseeable future.

There have been no significant business changes in the intervening period to conclude that this useful life has materially changed. It is expected that the goodwill generated as a result of the purchase of the sales and distribution business will remain in use and of value for at least the remaining useful economic life. The associated revenue streams remain core to the overall business, and this is not expected to change before June 2031 when the current useful economic life expires.

**(iii) Investments (note 15)**

The directors believe that the carrying value of investments are supported by the subsidiaries' underlying net assets.

**(iv) Deferred tax (note 18)**

The recognition of deferred tax assets involves making an assessment as to whether it is more likely than not that sufficient and suitable taxable profits will be available in the future against which the reversal of temporary differences can be deducted. Recognition therefore involves an estimate as to the future financial performance of the legal entity or tax group in which the deferred tax asset has been recognised. Deferred tax assets have been recognised during 2021 and 2020 due to changes in the tax loss utilisation legislation. Previously those were not recognised as management had no expectation of reversal in the foreseeable future due to the availability of group tax losses.

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Notes to the financial statements**  
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**5. Turnover**

Turnover arises from:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Sale of goods	1,885,739	1,830,118
	<u>1,885,739</u>	<u>1,830,118</u>

The company operates as a sales and distribution company of Mondelez products into the existing United Kingdom markets and customers. The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the principal activity of the company. There is no material difference between the origin and destination of turnover.

**6. Operating (loss)/profit**

The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Impairment of investments (note 15)	398,920	-
Acquisition costs	2,043	-
Amortisation of intangible assets	9,790	9,790
Operating lease rentals	1,882	1,451
Doubtful debt provision	324	47
Staff costs (note 7)	<u>48,098</u>	<u>42,752</u>

All audit costs of the company are borne on behalf of the UK group by a fellow subsidiary undertaking and not separately recharged to the company. An estimated allocation of the audit fee for the year is £221,000 (2020 - £220,000) and includes audit related services in relation to reporting to the entity's ultimate parent company. There were no non-audit fees paid to the company's auditors in either year.

Non-audit services with a value of £8,000 were provided to Grenade Holdings Limited and its group of companies, which were acquired during the year ended 31 December 2021.

**7. Staff costs**

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year were as follows:

	2021 No.	2020 No.
Sales and marketing	629	647
Administration	2	2
	<u>631</u>	<u>649</u>

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Notes to the financial statements  
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**7. Staff costs (continued)**

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the year, relating to the above, were:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Wages and salaries	37,528	32,570
Social security costs	5,420	5,425
Other pension costs	4,693	4,310
Equity-settled share based payments (note 21)	457	447
	<u>48,098</u>	<u>42,752</u>

**8. Directors' remuneration**

The directors' aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services was:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Directors' emoluments	1,279	1,037
	<u>1,279</u>	<u>1,037</u>

During the year, retirement benefits were accruing to 3 directors (2020 - 2) in respect of defined benefit pension plans. Benefits are accruing under the defined benefits pension scheme and, at the year end the accrued pension amounted to £169,000 (2020 - £121,000).

The number of directors who exercised share options is 3 (2020 - 2) and received shares under a long-term incentive scheme during the year is 4 (2020 - 6).

The highest paid director received remuneration of £377,000 (2020 - £343,000).

The value of the benefits accruing under a defined benefit pension plan in respect of the highest paid director amount to £89,000 (2020 - £75,000).

**9. Income from shares in group undertakings**

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Dividends received from group undertakings	429,434	707,386
	<u>429,434</u>	<u>707,386</u>

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Notes to the financial statements  
For the year ended 31 December 2021**

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**10. Interest receivable and similar income**

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Interest on loans to group undertakings	132	610
	<u>132</u>	<u>610</u>

**11. Interest payable and similar expenses**

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Bank charges	119	108
	<u>119</u>	<u>108</u>

**12. Tax on profit**

	2021 £000	2020 £000
<b>Current tax</b>		
Current tax on profits for the year	8,397	8,854
Adjustment in respect of previous periods	(127)	11
<b>Total current tax</b>	<u>8,270</u>	<u>8,865</u>
<b>Deferred tax</b>		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(84)	19
Tax rate differences	346	122
Adjustment in respect of previous periods	-	(7)
<b>Total deferred tax (note 18)</b>	<u>262</u>	<u>134</u>
<b>Tax on profit</b>	<u>8,532</u>	<u>8,999</u>

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Notes to the financial statements  
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**12. Tax on profit (continued)****Factors affecting tax charge for the year**

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2020 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2020 - 19.00%). The differences are explained below:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Profit before tax	62,287	744,365
Profit before tax multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2020 - 19.00%)	11,835	141,429
Effects of:		
Adjustment in respect of previous periods	(127)	4
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	78,071	1,865
Tax rate differences	346	122
Non-taxable income	(81,593)	(134,421)
<b>Total tax charge for the year</b>	<b>8,532</b>	<b>8,999</b>

**Factors that may affect future tax charges**

The Finance Act 2021 received royal assent on 10 June 2021 and included an increase to the UK's main corporation tax rate to 25% from 1 April 2023.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on the tax rate enacted at the reporting date. Consequently deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2021 are calculated using the 25% enacted tax rate (2020 - 19%).



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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Notes to the financial statements  
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**13. Dividends paid**

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Dividends paid to immediate parent company	274.128	814.333
	<u>274.128</u>	<u>814.333</u>

Cash dividends of £66.40 (2020 - £125.20) and in specie dividends of £106.95 (2020 - £389.77) per ordinary share were paid during the year.

**14. Intangible assets**

	Goodwill £000
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 January 2021	195.804
At 31 December 2021	<u>195.804</u>
<b>Accumulated amortisation</b>	
At 1 January 2021	93.006
Charge in the year	9.790
At 31 December 2021	<u>102.796</u>
<b>Net book value</b>	
At 31 December 2021	<u>93.008</u>
At 31 December 2020	<u>102.798</u>

Goodwill is being amortised on a straight-line basis over twenty years, being the period over which the directors estimate that the values of the underlying businesses acquired are expected to exceed the values of the underlying assets.

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Notes to the financial statements  
For the year ended 31 December 2021**

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**15. Investments**

	Shares in group undertakings £000
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 January 2021	2,190.602
Additions	203.657
At 31 December 2021	2,394.259
<b>Accumulated Impairment</b>	
At 1 January 2021	-
Charge in the year	398.920
At 31 December 2021	398.920
<b>Net book value</b>	
At 31 December 2021	1,995.339
At 31 December 2020	2,190.602

The following are the principal subsidiary undertakings:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Mondelez International Services Limited	100	100
Mondelez UK Biscuit Financing Limited	1,780.058	2,178.978
Mondelez UK R&D Limited	11,524	11,524
Grenade Holdings Limited	203.657	-
Lion/Gemstone Bidco Limited	-	-
Lion/Gemstone Midco Limited	-	-
	1,995.339	2,190.602

On 22 March 2021, the company purchased the Grenade business through the acquisition of a 97% holding in Lion/Gemstone Topco Limited for £203,657,000. Subsequently, in order to simplify the acquired group structure, an internal restructuring was undertaken to eliminate three holding companies, with Mondelez UK Limited carrying out the following transactions:-

- Purchase of Grenade Holdings Limited from Lion/Gemstone Bidco Limited and a transfer of value from the Company's investment in Lion/Gemstone Topco Limited;

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Notes to the financial statements  
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**15. Investments (continued)**

- Transfer of the Lion/Gemstone Midco Limited investment via a dividend in specie from Lion/Gemstone Topco Limited. As this resulted in full devaluation of the Lion/Gemstone Topco Limited investment value in preparation for its ultimate liquidation, the substance of this transaction is considered to reflect a return of investment capital and therefore has been accounted for as a reduction in the related investment value within the Statement of financial position;
- Transfer of the Lion/Gemstone Bidco Limited investment via a dividend in specie from Lion/Gemstone Midco Limited. Given the same facts as the previous transaction above, this has also been accounted for as a return of investment capital in line with the substance of the transaction. This results in an investment value reduction within the Statement of financial position; and
- Ultimate liquidation of the holding companies (Lion/Gemstone Topco Limited, Lion/Gemstone Midco Limited and Lion/Gemstone Bidco Limited).

Following these transactions, Mondelez UK Limited directly holds 97% of Grenade Holdings Limited at the original investment value of £203,657,000.

In addition, to the above, the company impaired its investment in Mondelez UK Biscuit Financing Limited by £398,920,000 (2021 - £NIL) following a review of the underlying net assets of that business.

During the previous year, the company received a return of capital of £72,447,000 from Mondelez International Services Limited.

The carrying value of the investment in Kraft Foods UK Intellectual Property Limited is £NIL (2020 - £NIL).

**Subsidiary and group investments**

The company's investments represent its interest in the following entities:

Name	Registered office	Principal activity	Holding
Kraft Foods UK Intellectual Property Limited	PO Box 12, Bournville Lane, Bournville, BIRMINGHAM, B30 2LJ, United Kingdom	Trademark owner	100.00%
Mondelez International Services Limited	PO Box 12, Bournville Lane, Bournville, BIRMINGHAM, B30 2LJ, United Kingdom	HR services	100.00%
Mondelez UK Biscuit Financing Limited	Uxbridge Business Park, Sanderson Road, Uxbridge, Middlesex, UB8 1DH, United Kingdom	Financing	100.00%
Mondelez UK R&D Limited	PO Box 12, Bournville Lane, Bournville, BIRMINGHAM, B30 2LJ, United Kingdom	Research and development	100.00%
Grenade (UK) Limited	Grenade HQ, Arden House, Marsh Lane, Hampton in Arden, West Midlands, B92 0AJ	Sales	97.00%
Grenade Holdings Limited	Grenade HQ, Arden House, Marsh Lane, Hampton in Arden, West Midlands, B92 0AJ	Holding company	97.00%
Lion/Gemstone Bidco Limited	Uxbridge Business Park, Sanderson Road, Uxbridge, Middlesex, UB8 1DH, United Kingdom	In liquidation	97.00%
Lion/Gemstone Midco Limited	Uxbridge Business Park, Sanderson Road, Uxbridge, Middlesex, UB8 1DH, United Kingdom	In liquidation	97.00%

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**Notes to the financial statements  
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**16. Debtors**

	2021 £000	2020 £000
<b>Amounts falling due within one year</b>		
Trade debtors	102,997	98,242
Amount owed by group undertakings	315,878	388,548
Other debtors	39	-
Prepayments and accrued income	592	268
	<u>419,506</u>	<u>487,058</u>
	2021 £000	2020 £000
<b>Amounts falling due after more than one year</b>		
Other debtors	2,979	-
	<u>2,979</u>	<u>-</u>

Amounts owed by group undertakings include non-trading balances which are unsecured and repayable on demand. Deposits earn interest at the market reference rate of overnight deposit less 0.125% with a floor at 0% (2020 - market reference rate of overnight deposit less 0.125% with a floor at 0%).

Trade debtors are stated after provisions for bad debts of £1,378,000 (2020 - £1,007,000).

**17. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Trade creditors	8,222	7,268
Amounts owed to group undertakings	283,043	360,836
Corporation tax	8,270	8,864
Other taxation and social security	10,861	9,832
Other creditors	27,005	24,250
Accruals and deferred income	212,746	195,085
	<u>550,147</u>	<u>606,135</u>

Amounts owed to group undertakings include non-trading balances which are unsecured and repayable on demand. Loans are charged interest at the market reference rate of overnight deposit plus 0.375% (2020 - market reference rate of overnight deposit plus 0.375%).

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Notes to the financial statements  
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**18. Deferred tax**

The deferred tax included in the Statement of financial position is as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Included in provisions for liabilities (note 19)	1,443	1,181
	<u>1,443</u>	<u>1,181</u>

The deferred tax liability consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Fixed asset timing differences	(36)	(34)
Short term timing differences:		
Share based payments	1,828	1,477
Provisions	(349)	(262)
	<u>1,443</u>	<u>1,181</u>

The Finance Act 2021 received royal assent on 10 June 2021 and included an increase to the UK's main corporation tax rate to 25% from 1 April 2023.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on the tax rate enacted at the reporting date. Consequently deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2021 are calculated using the 25% enacted tax rate (2020 - 19%).

**19. Provisions for liabilities**

	Other £000	Deferred tax £000	Total £000
At 1 January 2021	371	1,181	1,552
Charged to profit & loss	297	262	559
Utilised during the year	(649)	-	(649)
Additions	6,385	-	6,385
	<u>6,404</u>	<u>1,443</u>	<u>7,847</u>

The other provisions relates to a number of organisational and structural reorganisations.

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**Mondelez UK Limited**

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**Notes to the financial statements  
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**20. Employee benefits****Defined contribution plans**

The amount recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income as an expense in relation to defined contribution plans was £1,194,000 (2020 - £1,222,000).

**Multi-employer plan**

The amount recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income as an expense in relation to multi-employer defined benefit plans was £3,499,000 (2020 - £3,088,000).

**Cadbury Mondelez Pension Fund defined benefit plan**

At 31 December 2021 the company's actuary estimated the Cadbury Mondelez Pension Fund to have a surplus of £325,500,000 (2020 - £115,900,000) under the projected unit credit method. The latest full actuarial valuation was carried out as at 5 April 2019, and a new recovery plan was put in place.

**21. Share based payments**

Mondelez International Inc. have issued equity share-based payments to certain company employees and as such full disclosure is provided within the group financial statements of Mondelez International Inc.

The total expense recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income for the year is as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Equity-settled share based payments	457	447
	<u>457</u>	<u>447</u>

**22. Called up share capital**

	2021 £000	2020 £000
<b>Authorised</b>		
10,000,000 (2020 - 10,000,000) Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>
<b>Issued, called up and fully paid</b>		
1,581,334 (2020 - 1,581,334) Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>1,581</u>	<u>1,581</u>

**23. Reserves**

On 12 August 2020, the company passed a special resolution to cancel and extinguish the company's existing share premium in its entirety from £2,221,288,000 to £NIL. This amount was then transferred to profit and loss reserves.

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**24. Operating leases**

At 31 December the company had aggregate future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Not later than 1 year	1,773	1,699
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	2,762	3,678
	<u>4,535</u>	<u>5,377</u>

**25. Guarantees**

The company has provided a guarantee to HM Revenue & Customs of £26,000,000 (2020 - £26,000,000) in respect of a deferment guarantee authorisation. There are no other guarantees in place as at 31 December 2021 (2020 - £NIL).

**26. Events after the end of the reporting period**

On 3 January 2022, Mondelez International Inc. acquired the Chipita business. As a result of this, the relevant business and activities of Chipita UK Limited will be acquired by Mondelez UK Limited on 30 June 2022.

The directors are actively monitoring the situation in Ukraine. Although this doesn't materially directly affect any entities within the United Kingdom, the directors are taking all reasonable steps necessary to mitigate any associated risks to ensure all operational and financial performance is maintained.

The directors continue to monitor the proposed government regulations covering HFSS (foods high in fat, sugar and salt), which are now due to be phased into force from October 2022 to January 2024, and are taking all reasonable steps to mitigate any associated risks to the business as a result of this legislation.

**27. Controlling party**

At 31 December 2021 the immediate parent company was Kraft Foods Schweiz Holdings GmbH, a company incorporated in Switzerland.

At 31 December 2021 the company's ultimate parent company and controlling party was Mondelez International Inc., incorporated in the United States of America. This is the parent company of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Mondelez International Inc. are available on application from the Company Secretary, Cadbury House, Sanderson Road, Uxbridge, UB8 3DH.