Report and Accounts

For the 52 weeks ended 29 December 2006

WEDNESDAY



A49

31/10/2007

DIRECTORS

W R Banks A Vaizey

SECRETARY

A Vaizey

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP No 1 Colmore Square Birmingham B4 6HQ

REGISTERED OFFICE

Anixter House 1 York Road Uxbridge Middlesex UB8 1RN

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and financial statements for the 52 weeks ended 29 December 2006

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company continued to be inventory management and the distribution of industrial fasteners

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

On 1 January 2006 the trade and assets of the Company were sold to Anixter Limited at net book value Anixter Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Anixter International Limited incorporated in the United Kingdom Proceeds for this transaction remain outstanding on the inter-company account

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year amounted to £246,000 (2005 loss of £1,622,000) The directors do not recommend a dividend (2005 £nil)

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who served during the period are shown on page 1

No director had any material interest in any contract or arrangement subsisting during the year with the company

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITORS

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made inquiries of fellow directors and the group's auditor, each director has taken all the steps that he/she is obliged to take as a director in order to made himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

Charitable donations of £ nil (2005 £700) have been made in the period

AUDITORS

A resolution to re-appoint Ernst & Young LLP as the Company's auditor will be put to the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

The report has been approved by the board of directors and signed on its behalf

W R Banks

Director

7.6 1.6 2003

Date

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INFAST AUTOMOTIVE LIMITED

We have audited the company's financial statements for the 52 weeks ended 29 December 2006 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes 1 to 21 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) as set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanation s we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INFAST **AUTOMOTIVE LIMITED**

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 29 December 2006 and of its profit for the period then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

Ernsvel Young LLP Ernst & Young LLP
Registered Auditor
Birmingham
Date 30 October 2007

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the 52 weeks ended 29 December 2006

	Notes	2006 £000	2005 £000
TURNOVER Cost of sales	2	-	65,288 (53,097)
GROSS PROFIT			12,191
Administrative expenses	5	<u>-</u>	(14,462)
OPERATING LOSS Interest Income/(Expense)	5 6	351	(2,271)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	7	351 (105)	(2,284) 662
Taxation PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	,	(103)	
AND RETAINED FOR THE PERIOD	17	246	(1,622)

All of the activities of the company are regarded as continuing

There are no recognised gains or losses for the period or for the previous period other than as stated in the profit and loss account. Accordingly, a statement of total recognised gains and losses is not presented

BALANCE SHEET

As at 29 December 2006

		2006	2005
	Notes	£000	£000
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	8	-	2,955
		-	2,955
CUDNICATE ACCEPTS			
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks	9	_	8,277
Debtors	10	5,414	17,044
Cash at bank and in hand	.0	-	20
		5,414	25,341
CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year	11	(105)	(23,075)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		5,309	2,266
		5 200	5 221
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		5,309	5,221
CREDITORS amounts falling due after more than one year	12	-	(75)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES			
Deferred tax	13	-	(83)
		5,309	5,063
CAPITAL AND RESFRVES			
Called-up share capital	16	2,075	2,075
Share premium account	17	413	413
Profit and loss account	17	2,821	2,575
TOTAL FQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	18	5,309	5,063
		=====	

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by

W R Banks Director

Date 26 ON 2007

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the 52 weeks ended 29 December 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards under the historical cost convention. No cash flow statement has been presented in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised) as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of a group for which financial statements are publicly available.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements permitted under section 228A of the Companies Act 1985 because it is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Anixter Inc (a company incorporated in the US), which prepares consolidated financial statements which are publicly available

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue operating for the foreseeable future. For this reason the going concern basis continues to be adopted for preparing the accounts

Turnover

Turnover comprises sales in the ordinary course of business to customers for goods supplied and services provided, exclusive of value added tax

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of tangible fixed assets is provided on the straight-line basis over their anticipated useful lives.

Freehold Buildings

2%

Short leasehold land and buildings Computers, plant, equipment and vehicles Length of lease

Four to ten years

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

Operating leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on the straight- line basis over the periods of the leases

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value with due allowance for any obsolete or slow moving items. Net realisable value is estimated selling price less cost to complete and sell. Cost includes all direct expenses in landing and delivering the stock into the company's warehouses.

Taxation

Corporation tax is provided on taxable profits at the rate ruling for the accounting period

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the Balance Sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date which will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold,

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the 52 weeks ended 29 December 2006

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities recorded in foreign currencies have been translated into sterling at the rate ruling at 24 December 2006. Any trading profits or losses arising from exchange movements have been dealt with in the profit and loss account.

Pension scheme arrangements

Infast Money Purchase Pension Scheme

The cost of providing pensions and related benefits under this defined contribution scheme is charged to the profit and loss account in accordance with the contributions payable to the scheme

2. TURNOVER

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below

		2006	2005
		£000	£000
	United Kingdom	-	62,060
	Rest of Europe	-	3,095
	Rest of World .	-	133
			65,288
3.	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS		
٥.	DIRECTORS EMOLOMENTS	2006	2005
		£000	£000
	Emoluments	-	320
		========	=======================================
	Company contributions paid to money purchase pension schemes	_	39
	Company contributions paid to money parentee pension contents.		
		2006	2005
		2006 No	2003 No
	Members of money purchase pension schemes	NO	8
	Members of money purchase pension schemes		
			
	The amounts paid in respect of the highest paid director are as follows		
		2006	2005
		£000	£000
	Emoluments	-	75
			
	Company contributions paid to money purchase pension schemes	_	14
	Company contributions paid to money parenase pension settences		

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the 52 weeks ended 29 December 2006

4.	EMPLOYEE INFORMATION		
		2006	2005
		£000	£000
	Wages and salaries	-	5,656
	Social security costs	-	607
	Other pension costs		226
		-	6,489
	The average weekly number of persons (including executive directors) employed the year was	d by the compa	any during
		2006	2005
		No	No
	Administration		148
	Distribution	-	118
			266
			
5	OPERATING LOSS		
		2006	2005
		£000	£000
	Operating loss is stated after charging/(crediting) Depreciation charge for the period		
	Tangible owned fixed assets	-	519
	Tangible fixed assets held under finance lease hire purchase contracts	-	52
	Auditor's remuneration - audit services	-	30
	Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases	-	369
	Hire of other assets - operating leases	<u>-</u>	603 (25)
	Loss on sale of fixed assets		
	All audit fees in 2006 are borne by Anixter Limited		
6	INTEREST INCOME/(EXPENSE)		
		2006	2005
		£000	£000
	Finance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	-	(12)
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	(1)
	Interest receivable from group undertakings	351	-
		351	(13)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the 52 weeks ended 29 December 2006

7. TAXATION

a Charge	2006	2005
Committee	£000	£000
Current tax	105	(626)
UK Corporation tax on profits/(losses) of the year	105	(636)
Adjustments in respect of previous years		
Total current tax (note 7b)	105	(636)
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences (note 13)	-	(26)
Tax on profits/(losses) on ordinary activities	105	(662)
•		
b Reconciliation of current tax charge	2006	2005
b Reconciliation of Carrent tax enarge	£000	£000
Profits/(Losses) on ordinary activities before tax	351	(2,284)
Profits/(Losses) on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard		
rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2005 30%)	105	(685)
Effect of		
Disallowed expenses and non-taxable income	-	23
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	_	(28)
Short term timing differences	-	54
Current tax charge for the period (Note 7a)	105	(636)
Current tax charge for the period (Note 7a)		(030)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the 52 weeks ended 29 December 2006

8 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery £000	Fixtures and fittings £000	Motor vehicles £000	Totals £000
Cost At 1 January 2006	5,942	322	278	6,542
Transferred to group undertakings	(5,942)	(322)	(278)	(6,542)
At 29 December 2006		-		-
Depreciation At 1 January 2006	3,210	113	264	3,587
Transferred to group undertakings	(3,210)	(113)	(264)	(3,587)
At 29 December 2006	- x (2011 - 1011 -	•	_	
Net book value At 29 December 2006		-	-	-
At 31 December 2005	2,732	209	14	2,955
				

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes an amount of £ nil (2005 £144,543) in respect of assets held under finance lease and hire purchase contracts

9 STOCKS

	2006 £000	2005 £000
Finished goods and goods for resale	-	8,277

The difference between the purchase price and their replacement cost is not material

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS
For the 52 weeks ended 29 December 2006

)	DEBTORS	2006	2005
		£000	£000
	Trade debtors Amount due from group undertakings	5,414	11,408 4,384
	Other debtors Prepayments Corporation tax recoverable	- -	615 636
		5,414	17,044
ļ	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	2006 £000	2005 £000
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts (Note 14) Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors	- - -	68 • 2,119 8,341
	Amount owed to group undertakings Other taxation and social security payable	105	8,499 465
	Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	-	1,882 1,701
		105	23,075
	opportunity of the state of the		
2	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after one year	2006 £000	2005 £000
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts (Note 14)	-	75
		.======================================	
3	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES The movements in deferred taxation during the current and previous periods as	re as follows	
		2006	2005
		£000	£000
	At 1 January Transfer to other group undertakings	83 (83)	109 (26)
	At 31 December	-	83
	Deferred taxation provided in the accounts and the amounts not provided are a	s follows	
			Provided
		2006 £000	2005 £000
	Capital allowances in advance of depreciation Short term timing differences	- -	163 (80)
	chert term through active and a		(50)
			83

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the 52 weeks ended 29 December 2006

14. OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES AND HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS

Net commitments under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are as follows

	2006	2005
	£000	£000
Amounts payable		
Within one year	-	68
In two to five years	•	75
	-	143
		====
PENSION AND SIMILAR OBLIGATIONS		
Infast Money Purchase Pension Scheme As the majority of businesses were transferred to Anixter Limited there were reby the company for the 52 weeks ended 29 December 2006. The Infast Mone has been transferred to Anixter Limited.		
CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		

16

15.

17

2006	2005
£000	£000
2,075	2,075
	
	Profit
Share	and loss
Premium	account
£000	£000
413	4,197
-	(1,622)
413	2,575
-	246
413	2,821
2006	2005
£000	£000
5,063	6,685
246	(1,622)
5,309	5,063
	\$\frac{\pmatrix}{2,075}\$ Share Premium \(\frac{\pmatrix}{2000}\) 413 \(\frac{\pmatrix}{413}\)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the 52 weeks ended 29 December 2006

19. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At 29 December 2006 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	20	006		2005
	Land and	Other	Land and	Other
	Buildings		Buildings	
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Operating leases which expire				
Within one year	-	-	7	51
In two and five years inclusive	-	-	93	129
In over five years	-	-	739	-
	-	-	839	180
	- 	:: 		

20 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in paragraph 3(c) of Financial Reporting Standard 8 not to disclose transactions with group companies as it is a 100% subsidiary of a company whose consolidated group accounts are publicly available

21 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The immediate parent company is HMH Fasteners Ltd, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Anixter International Inc, a company incorporated in the United States of America. This is the largest group to consolidate the results of the company and copies of the group financial statements can be obtained through its website http://www.anixter.com