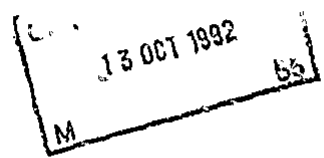


Company Number: 194971

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 TO 1989
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
SPECIAL AND ELECTIVE RESOLUTIONS OF
BP CHEMICALS LIMITED

Dated this 18th day of September 1992



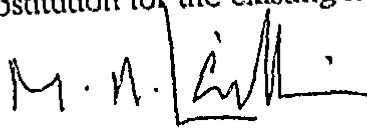
At an Annual General Meeting of BP Chemicals Limited held on 18th September 1992 the following Resolutions were passed:-

As an Elective Resolution pursuant to Section 379A of the Companies Act 1985 (as amended):-

- (a) THAT the company hereby elects (for the purposes of Section 366 A of the said Act) to dispense with the holding of Annual General Meetings, such election to have effect for the calendar year 1993 and subsequent years;
- (b) THAT the company hereby elects (for the purposes of Section 252 of the said Act) to dispense with the laying of accounts and reports before the Company in general meetings. The first accounts and reports in respect of which this election will have effect are those for the year ended 31 December 1992; and
- (c) THAT the Company hereby elects (for the purposes of Section 386 of the said Act) to dispense with the obligation to appoint auditors annually.
- (d) THAT the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to agree the remuneration of the auditors for so long as the election in accordance with Section 386 of the said Act is in force.

As a Special Resolution:-

THAT the Articles of Association (as set out in the document produced to the Meeting and signed by the Chairman of the Company for the purpose of identification) be adopted as the new Articles of Association of the Company, to the exclusion of and in substitution for the existing Articles of Association.


S E C R E T A R Y

Belgrave House
76 Buckingham Palace Road
LONDON SW1W 0SU

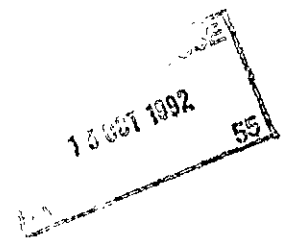
Registered No: 194971

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

BP CHEMICALS LIMITED



(Adopted by Special Resolution passed 18 September 1992)

- 2 -

PRELIMINARY

1. The regulations in Table A in the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 and in any Table A applicable to the Company under any former enactment relating to companies shall not apply to the Company.
2. In these presents (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) the words and expressions set out in the first column below shall bear the meanings set opposite them respectively:-

The Act

The Companies Act 1985 (as amended by the Companies Act 1989), including any statutory modification thereto, or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

The Company

The company to which these presents relate.

Office

The registered office of the Company for the time being.

These presents

These Articles of Association as from time to time amended.

In writing

Written or produced by any substitute for writing or partly one and partly another.

The expression "Secretary" shall include any assistant or deputy assistant secretary and any person appointed by the directors to perform any of the duties of the Secretary, and where two or more persons are appointed to act as joint secretaries shall include any one of those persons.

Words denoting the singular shall include the plural and vice versa. Words denoting the masculine shall include the feminine. Words denoting persons shall include bodies corporate and unincorporate.

Subject as aforesaid any words or expressions defined in the Act shall (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) bear the same meanings in these presents.

A special or extraordinary resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an ordinary resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these presents or the Act and, unless the Act otherwise provides, where for any purpose an extraordinary resolution is required a special resolution shall be effective.

SHARE CAPITAL.

3. The share capital of the Company at the date of the adoption of these presents is £12,500,000 divided into 12,500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each.
4. Subject to the provisions of the Act, and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the Company may by ordinary or elective resolution determine.
5. Subject to section 80 of the Act, all unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the directors and they may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times, and on such terms as they think proper, and section 89(1) of the Act shall not apply.
6. The Company may by ordinary resolution alter the conditions of the Memorandum of Association in any of the ways permitted by section 121 of the Act and, subject to the provisions of the Act, may by special resolution reduce in any way its share capital, any capital redemption reserve and any share premium account.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

7. The instrument of transfer of a share may be in any usual form or in any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor.

GENERAL MEETINGS

8. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
9. The directors may, whenever they think fit, and on requisition in accordance with the Act shall, proceed with proper expedition to convene an extraordinary general meeting.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

10. An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a director shall be called by giving at least twenty-one days' notice. All other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least fourteen days' notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if so agreed by a majority of members together holding not less than 95 per cent in nominal value of the shares in the Company.
11. The notice shall be given to all the members and to the directors, and shall specify the time, day and place of the

meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted and, in the case of an annual general meeting, shall specify the meeting as such.

12. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

13. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present. A quorum for a general meeting shall be a member or members present in person or by proxy and holding or representing the holder or holders of not less than fifty per cent of the shares in the capital of the Company.
14. The chairman (if any) of the board of directors shall preside as chairman at every general meeting of the Company or if there is no such chairman or if he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unwilling to act as chairman the members present may elect one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
15. Directors shall be entitled to attend and speak at all general meetings of the Company.
16. Every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder.
17. Subject to the provisions of the Act, all or any of the members may participate in a general meeting by means of a conference telephone or any communication equipment which allows all persons participating in the meeting to hear each other. Any person so participating shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting and shall be entitled to vote and to be counted in a quorum accordingly. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled, or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting is then present.
18. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member shall be as effectual as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members. In the case of a corporation a resolution in writing may be signed on its behalf by a director or the secretary thereof or by its duly appointed attorney or duly authorised representative.
19. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or if the appointer is a corporation either under seal or

under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorized. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.

20. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed shall be deposited at the office of the Company or at such other place as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting any time prior to the time of the holding of the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote.
21. The instrument appointing a proxy may be in such form as the directors may specify, failing which it may be in any usual or common form.

NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

22. The directors shall not be less than 2 nor more than 10 in number.

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

23. Any director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors and willing to act, to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director so appointed by him. Any appointment or removal of an alternate director shall be by notice to the Company signed by the director making or revoking the appointment or in any other manner approved by the directors. An alternate director shall cease to be an alternate director if his appointer ceases to be a director.
24. An alternate director (except when absent from the United Kingdom) shall be entitled to receive notices of meetings of the directors and of any committee of the directors of which his appointer is a member and shall be entitled to attend and vote as a director and be counted in the quorum at any such meeting at which his appointer is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of his appointer as a director in his absence.
25. Save as otherwise provided in these Articles, an alternate director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointing him.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

26. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Memorandum of Association and these presents and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers of the Company. No alteration of the Memorandum or these presents and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by these presents and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.
27. The directors may appoint, by power of attorney or otherwise, any person to be the agent of the Company for such purpose and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his powers.

DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS

28. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors. They may also delegate to any managing director or any director holding any other executive office such of their powers as they consider desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the directors may impose and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee with one or more directors shall be governed by these presents regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying. Insofar as any such power or discretion is so delegated, any reference in these presents to the exercise by the directors of such power or discretion shall be read and construed as if it were a reference to such committee.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

29. Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest he may have, a director notwithstanding his office:-
 - (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested;
 - (b) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the company is otherwise interested; and

(c) shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.

30. For the purposes of the preceding article, a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified. An interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

31. Subject to the provisions of these presents, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A director may, and the Secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a director who is absent from the United Kingdom. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director who is also an alternate director shall be entitled in the absence of his appointer to a separate vote on behalf of his appointer in addition to his own vote.
32. All or any of the directors may participate in a meeting of the directors by means of a conference telephone or any communication equipment which allows all persons participating in the meeting to hear each other. Any person so participating shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting and shall be entitled to vote and to be counted in a quorum accordingly. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled, or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting is present.
33. The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A person who holds office as an alternate director shall, if his appointer is not present, be counted in the quorum.
34. The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number, but, if the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing directors or director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.

35. The directors may appoint one of their number to be the chairman of the board of directors and may at any time remove him from that office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if there is no director holding that office, or if the director holding it is unwilling to preside or is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the directors present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

36. All acts done by a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors or by a person acting as a director (notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of any director or that any of them were disqualified from holding office or had vacated office or were not entitled to vote) shall be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and had been entitled to vote.

37. A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors; but a resolution signed by an alternate director need not also be signed by his appointer and, if it is signed by a director who has appointed an alternate director, it need not be signed by the alternate director in that capacity.

38. Save as otherwise provided by these presents, a director shall not vote at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which, directly or indirectly, he has an interest or duty which is material and which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the Company unless his interest or duty arises only because the case falls within one or more of the following paragraphs:-

- (a) the resolution relates to the giving to him of a guarantee, security, or indemnity in respect of money lent to, or an obligation incurred by him for the benefit of, the Company or any of its subsidiaries;
- (b) the resolution relates to the giving to a third party of a guarantee, security or indemnity in respect of an obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which the director has assumed responsibility in whole or part and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;
- (c) his interest arises by virtue of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe for any shares, debentures or other securities of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or by virtue of his being or intending to become a participant in the

underwriting or sub-underwriting of an offer of any such shares, debentures, or other securities by the Company or any of its subsidiaries for subscription, purchase or exchange; or

- (d) the resolution relates in any way to a retirement benefits scheme or an employees' share scheme which has been approved, or is conditional upon approval, by the Board of Inland Revenue for taxation purposes, or by the company in general meeting.

For the purposes of this article, an interest of a person who for any purpose of the Act is connected with a director shall be treated as an interest of the director and, in relation to an alternate director, an interest of his appointer shall be treated as an interest of the alternate director without prejudice to any interest which the alternate director has otherwise.

- 39. A director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote.

SECRETARY

- 40. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

THE SEAL

- 41. The common seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors. Any instrument to which the seal is affixed shall be signed by a director or alternate director and countersigned by the Secretary or an assistant secretary or by a second director or alternate director. Where the Act so permits, any instrument signed by a director or alternate director and countersigned by the Secretary or an assistant secretary or by a second director or alternate director and expressed to be executed by the company shall have the same effect as if executed under seal, provided that no instrument shall be so signed which makes it clear on its face that it is intended by the person or persons making it to have effect as a deed without the authority of the directors or of a committee authorised by the directors in that behalf.

DIVIDENDS

- 42. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends.

43. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may pay interim dividends if it appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the Company available for distribution.
44. The Company may, upon the recommendation of the directors, direct payment of a dividend in whole or part by the distribution of specific assets.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

45. The Company by ordinary resolution, or directors with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the Company, may:-
 - (a) subject as hereinafter provided, resolve to capitalise any undivided profits of the Company (whether or not they are available for distribution) or any sum standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve; and
 - (b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either in or towards paying up the amounts, if any, for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively, or in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company of a nominal amount equal to that sum, and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those members, or as they may direct, in those proportions, or partly in one way and partly in the other; but the share premium account, the capital redemption reserve, and any profits which are not available for distribution may, for the purposes of this article, only be applied in paying up unissued shares to be allotted to members credited as fully paid.

NOTICES

46. Unless any provision of the Act or these presents otherwise requires, any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to these presents need not be in writing.
47. A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which it was called.
48. Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which, before his name is entered in the register of members, has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title.

49. Subject to the provisions of the Act, every director, auditor, secretary or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him in the execution and discharge of his duties or in relation thereto including any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, civil or criminal, which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as an officer or employee of the company and in which judgement is given in his favour (or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any findings or admission of any material breach of duty of his part) or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under any statute for relief from liability in respect of any such act or omission in which relief is granted to him by the Court.

THE PARENT COMPANY

50. Whenever The British Petroleum Company p.l.c. (hereinafter called the "Parent Company"), or any company which is for the time being a subsidiary thereof, holds, in aggregate, not less than 90 per cent of the issued ordinary shares, the following provisions shall apply and to the extent of any inconsistency shall have overriding effect as against all other provisions of these presents:-

- (a) the Parent Company may at any time and from time to time appoint any person to be a director or other officer or remove from office any director or other officer howsoever appointed but so that any such appointment or removal shall be deemed an act of the Company;
- (b) no unissued shares shall be issued or agreed to be issued or put under option without the consent of the Parent Company; and
- (c) any or all powers of the directors shall be restricted in such respects and to such extent as the Parent Company may by notice to the Company from time to time prescribe.

Any such appointment, removal, consent or notice shall be in writing served on the Company and signed on behalf of the Parent Company by a director or the Secretary or some other person duly authorised for the purpose. No person dealing with the company shall be concerned to see or enquire as to whether the powers of the directors have been in any way restricted hereunder or as to whether any requisite consent of the parent company has been obtained and no obligation incurred or security given or transaction effected by the company to or with any third party shall be invalid or ineffectual unless the third party had at the time express notice that the incurring of such obligation or the giving of such security or the effecting of such transaction was in excess of the powers of the directors.

WINDING UP

40. If the Company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and for that purpose may value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members. The liquidator with the like sanction may vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines, but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

Company Number: 194971

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 TO 1989
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
SPECIAL AND ELECTIVE RESOLUTIONS OF
BP CHEMICALS LIMITED

Dated this 18th day of September 1992

18 SEP. 1992

At an Annual General Meeting of BP Chemicals Limited held on 18th September 1992 the following Resolutions were passed:-

As an Elective Resolution pursuant to Section 379A of the Companies Act 1985 (as amended):-

- (a) THAT the company hereby elects (for the purposes of Section 366 A of the said Act) to dispense with the holding of Annual General Meetings, such election to have effect for the calendar year 1993 and subsequent years;
- (b) THAT the company hereby elects (for the purposes of Section 252 of the said Act) to dispense with the laying of accounts and reports before the Company in general meetings. The first accounts and reports in respect of which this election will have effect are those for the year ended 31 December 1992; and
- (c) THAT the Company hereby elects (for the purposes of Section 386 of the said Act) to dispense with the obligation to appoint auditors annually.
- (d) THAT the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to agree the remuneration of the auditors for so long as the election in accordance with Section 386 of the said Act is in force.

As a Special Resolution:-

THAT the Articles of Association (as set out in the document produced to the Meeting and signed by the Chairman of the Company for the purpose of identification) be adopted as the new Articles of Association of the Company, to the exclusion of and in substitution for the existing Articles of Association.

M. N. [Signature]
SECRETARY

Belgrave House
76 Buckingham Palace Road
LONDON SW1W 0SU