(Registered No 194971)

ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS 2009

Board of Directors

R M Stott

S H Rata_l

R C Harrington

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2009

Results and dividends

The profit for the year after taxation was £6,848,000 which, when added to the retained profit brought forward at 1 January 2009 of £12,037,000 together with total paid interim dividend to ordinary shareholders of £6,019,000, gives a total retained profit carried forward at 31 December 2009 of £12,866,000

During the year the company has declared and paid dividends of £6,019,000 (2008 £44,000,000). The directors do not propose the payment of a final dividend

Principal activity and review of the business

The company and its subsidiary undertakings operate chemicals and plastics manufacturing assets either in their own name or as agents of BP International Limited

The key financial and other performance indicators during the year were as follows

	2009	2008	Variance
	£000	£000	%
Turnover	67,839	83,656	(19)
Profit before taxation	7,218	40,909	(82)
Profit after taxation	6,848	40,262	(83)
Shareholders' funds	34,090	33,261	2
	2009	2008	Variance
	%	%	
Current assets as % of current liabilities (quick ratio)	(1)	(3)	2

Turnover has decreased due to the drop in the business performance caused by the global economic downturn which started towards the end of 2008 and continued through 2009. The turnover which relates to the activities carried out for its parent company BP International Limited was significantly hit due to the drop both in the sales volume and prices.

Profit before and after taxation has decreased substantially due to reduced dividend received from the companies subsidiaries this year

There is a slight increase in the shareholders' funds due to the retained profit for the year

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company aims to deliver sustainable value by identifying and responding successfully to risks Risk management is integrated into the process of planning and performance management at a group level. Monitoring and accountability for the management of these risks occur through quarterly performance reviews at a group level.

Company level risks have been identified and classified in four categories strategic, compliance and ethics, financial risk management and operational.

Strategic risks

Competition

The oil, gas and petrochemicals industries are highly competitive. There is strong competition, both within the oil and gas industry and with other industries, in supplying the fuel needs of commerce, industry and the home. Competition puts pressure on product prices, affects oil products marketing and requires continuous management focus on reducing unit costs and improving efficiency

Compliance and ethics risks

Ethical misconduct and non-compliance

Our code of conduct, which applies to all employees, defines our commitment to integrity, compliance with all applicable legal requirements, high ethical standards and the behaviours and actions we expect of our business and people wherever we operate. Incidents of non-compliance with applicable laws and regulation or ethical misconduct could be damaging to our reputation and shareholder value. Multiple events of non-compliance could call into question the integrity of our operations.

Reporting

External reporting of financial and non-financial data is reliant on the integrity of systems and people Failure to report data accurately and in compliance with external standards could result in regulatory action, legal liability and damage to our reputation

Financial risk management

The main financial risks faced by the company through its normal business activities are market risk, foreign currency exchange risk and interest rate risk. The management of these financial risks is performed at BP Group level

Market risk

Market risk is the possibility that changes in currency exchange rates, interest rates or oil, natural gas and power prices will adversely affect the value of the group's financial assets, liabilities or expected future cash flows. The management of such risks is performed at BP Group level. The group has developed policies aimed at managing the market risk inherent in its natural business activities and, in accordance with these policies, the group enters into various transactions using derivative financial and commodity instruments (derivatives). Derivatives are contracts whose value is derived from one or more underlying financial instruments, indices or prices that are defined in the contract. The group also trades derivatives in conjunction with these risk management activities.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Foreign currency exchange risk

Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates can have significant effects on the company's reported results. The company's financial assets and liabilities give rise to transactional currency exposures. Such exposures arise from transactions in a currency other than the company's functional currency. The management of such risks is performed at BP Group level BP's foreign exchange management policy is to minimize economic and significant transactional exposures arising from currency movements against the US dollar. The group co-ordinates the handling of foreign exchange risks centrally, by netting off naturally occurring opposite exposures wherever possible and then dealing with any material residual foreign exchange risks. For highly probable forecast capital expenditures the group locks in the US dollar cost of non US dollar supplies by using currency forwards and futures.

Operational risks

Personal safety

Inability to provide safe environments for our workforce and the public could lead to injuries or loss of life and could result in regulatory action, legal liability and damage to our reputation

Environmental

If we do not apply our resources to overcome the perceived trade-off between global access to energy and the protection or improvement of the natural environment, we could fail to live up to our aspirations of no or minimal damage to the environment and contributing to human progress

People and capability

Employee training, development and successful recruitment of new staff, in particular petroleum engineers and scientists, are key to implementing our plans. Inability to develop the human capacity and capability across the company could jeopardise performance delivery.

Research and development

The research centre carries out a varying number of tasks including product support, development of existing product and research into new innovative technology. There was a decrease in the R&D costs from last year, mainly due to the divestment of Vinyl Acetate Europe (VAM) and Ethyl Acetate Europe (EtAc) plants along with the restructuring of the research centre.

Future developments

The directors aim to maintain the management policies which have resulted in the company's growth in recent years. They believe that the company is in a good position to take advantage of any opportunities which may arise in the future.

It is the intention of the directors that the business of the company will continue for the foreseeable future

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Directors

The present directors are listed on page 1

R M Stott and S H Rataj served as directors throughout the financial year. The changes since I January 2009 were as follows:

Appointed

Resigned

F W M Starkie R C Harrington 30 September 2009

1 October 2009

Directors' indemnity

The company indemnifies the directors in its Articles of Association to the extent allowed under section 232 of the Companies Act 2006.

Disabled employees

The company gives full consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons where the requirements of the job can be adequately fulfilled by a handicapped or disabled person.

Where existing employees become disabled, it is the company's policy wherever practicable to provide continuing employment under normal terms and conditions and to provide training and career development and promotion wherever appropriate

Employee involvement

During the year, the BP group continued its policy of providing employees with information on matters of concern to them. In particular, information relating to group performance and group policies has been readily available to employees through the 'BP World' intranet web-site. Employees were invited to participate in BP share schemes

Policy and practice on payment of creditors

It is the company's policy to follow the CBI's prompt payment code of practice for all suppliers to the company with payments made in accordance with the relevant contractual payment terms. A copy of the code of practice may be obtained from the CBI

The number of days' purchases represented by trade creditors at the year-end was nil

Auditors

In the absence of a notice proposing that the appointment be terminated, Ernst & Young LLP will be deemed to be re-appointed as the company's auditor for the next year

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Directors' statement as to the disclosure of information to the auditor

The directors who were members of the board at the time of approving the directors' report are listed on page 1. Having made enquiries of fellow directors and of the company's auditor, each of these directors confirms that.

- To the best of each director's knowledge and belief, there is no information relevant to the preparation of their report of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- Each director has taken all the steps a director might reasonably be expected to have taken to be aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

Jim Lafferty

By Order of the Board

For and on behalf of

Sunbury Secretaries Limited

Company Secretary

Registered Office

12 Annust

Chertsey Road Sunbury on Thames Middlesex TW16 7BP

United Kingdom

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom accounting standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss for that period. In preparing these accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable United Kingdom accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors confirm that they have complied with these requirements and, having a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BP CHEMICALS LIMITED

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet, the accounting policies and the related notes 1 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom accounting standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) These standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of the company's profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

fort - Young LLP

Ulcular Tasta (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

Registered auditor London

17 August 2010

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting standards

These accounts are prepared in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards

Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Basis of preparation

At 31 December 2009 the company's balance sheet had net current liabilities of £80,224,000

The directors consider it appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis, since the parent undertaking agreed to provide sufficient finance, whether directly or through one of its subsidiaries to enable the company to meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future

Statement of cash flows

The group accounts of the ultimate parent undertaking contain a consolidated cash flow statement. The company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by the Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised), whereby it is not required to publish its own cash flow statement.

Group accounts

Group accounts are not submitted as the company is exempt from the obligation to prepare group accounts under Section 400 (1) of the Companies Act 2006. The results of subsidiary and associated undertakings are dealt with in the consolidated accounts of the ultimate parent undertaking, BP p l c, a company registered in England and Wales. The accounts present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about the group

Revenue recognition

Revenue arising from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the buyer and it can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, customs duties and sales taxes

Dividend income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive the payment is established

Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in sterling by applying the exchange rate ruling on the date of transaction. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account.

Research

Expenditure on research is written off in the year in which it is incurred

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Dividends payable

Final dividends are recorded in the accounts in the year in which they are approved by the company's shareholders. Interim dividends are recorded in the year in which they are approved and paid

Investments

Fixed asset investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are held at cost. The company assesses investments for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an investment may not be recoverable. If any such indication of impairment exists, the company makes an estimate of its recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an investment exceeds its recoverable amount, the investment is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Pensions

The disclosures of Financial Reporting Standard No 17 "Retirement Benefits" have been made in the accounts of the ultimate parent undertaking.

Other debtors

Other debtors are carried at the original invoice amount, less allowances made for doubtful receivables. Provision is made when there is objective evidence that the company will be unable to recover balances in full. Balances are written off when the probability of recovery is assessed as being remote.

Other creditors

Other creditors are carried at payment or settlement amounts
If the effect of the time value of money is material, other creditors are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

		2009	2008
	Note	£000	£000
Turnover	1	67,839	83,656
Administration expenses		(66,640)	(87,077)
Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before investment income, interest and tax		1,199	(3,421)
Income from shares in group undertakings		6,019	44,330
Profit before taxation	2	7,218	40,909
Taxation	4	(370)	(647)
Profit for the year		6,848	40,262

The profit of £6,848,000 for the year ended 31 December 2009 has derived in its entirety from continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

There are no recognised gains or losses attributable to the shareholders of the company other than the profit of £6,848,000 for the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008 profit of £40,262,000)

BP CHEMICALS LIMITED (Registered No. 194971)

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2009

		2009	2008
	Note	£000	£000
Fixed assets			
Investments	6	114,314	114,314
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		731	2,450
		731	2,450
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(80,955)	(83,503)
Net current habilities		(80,224)	(81,053)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		34,090	33,261
NET ASSETS		34,090	33,261
Represented by			
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	12,500	12,500
Share premium account	9	8,724	8,724
Profit and loss account	9	12,866	12,037
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS – EQUITY INTERESTS		34,090	33,261

On behalf of the Board

Director

12 August

2010

Ronald Stott

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. Turnover

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax, represent amounts invoiced to other group companies. Turnover is attributable to the manufacturing and selling petrochemicals

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below

		2009	2008
		£000	£000
	By geographical area.		
	UK	63,897	75,015
	Rest of World	3,942	8,641
	Total	67,839	83,656
2.	Profit on ordinary activities before interest and taxation		
	This is stated after charging.		
		2009	2008
		£000	£000
	Impairment of fixed asset investment	_	5,212
	Loss on sale of fixed asset investment	-	9
	Expenditure on research	14,624	14,780
3.	Auditor's remuneration		
		2009	2008
		£000	£000£
	Fees for the audit of the company	9	9

Fees paid to the company's auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, and its associates for services other than the statutory audit of the company are not disclosed in these accounts since the consolidated accounts of BP Chemicals Limited's ultimate parent, BP pl.c, are required to disclose non-audit fees on a consolidated basis

The fees were borne by another group company

4. Taxation

The Company is a member of a group for the purposes of relief under Section 402 of the Income & Corporation Taxes Act 1988 No corporation tax has been provided because another group company, BP International Limited, has undertaken to procure the claim or surrender of group relief to the extent it is required and to provide for any current or deferred tax that arises without charge

The following table provides a reconciliation of the UK statutory corporation tax rate to the effective current tax rate on profit before taxation

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

4. Taxation (continued)

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Profit before taxation	7,218	40,909
Current taxation	(370)	(647)
Effective current tax rate	5%	2%
	2009	2008
	%	- %
UK statutory corporation tax rate	28	28
Increase / (decrease) resulting from.		
Higher overseas tax rate	5	2
Non-deductible expenditure / non-taxable income	(39)	(28)
Group relief	18	` <u>á</u>
Transfer pricing adjustment	(7)	(3)
Effective current tax rate	5	2

5. Directors and employees

(a) Remuneration of directors

None of the directors received any fees or remuneration for services as a director of the company during the financial year (2008: £Nil)

(b) Employee costs

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Wages and salaries	31,524	31,209
Termination payments	6,945	(42)
Social security costs	2,499	2,687
Pension costs	7,080	8,492
	48,048	42,346

(c) The average monthly number of employees during the year was 570 (2008 610)

2009	2008
No	No
570	610

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

6. Fixed assets - investments

	Subsidiary shares
Cost	
At 1 January 2009	119,526
Disposals	<u>-</u>
At 31 December 2009	119,526
Amounts provided	
At 1 January 2009	5,212
Charge for the year	
At 31 December 2009	5,212
	
Net book amount	
At 31 December 2009	114,314
At 31 December 2008	114,314

The investments in the subsidiary undertakings are unlisted

The amounts provided against subsidiary undertakings are to reduce the carrying value of the investment to its recoverable amount

The subsidiary undertakings of the company at 31 December 2009 and the percentage of equity capital held are set out below. The principal country of operation is generally indicated by the company's country of incorporation or by its name.

Subsidiary		Country of	
undertakings	%	incorporation	Principal activity
BXL Plastics Limited	100	England and Wales	Plastics
BP Chemicals (Korea) Limited	100	England and Wales	Chemicals
BP Korea Marketing Limited	100	England and Wales	Marketing
BP World-Wide Technical Services Limited	100	England and Wales	Chemicals
BP Chemicals France Holdings SAS The Company of Proprietors of the Neath	100	France	Holding Company
Canal Navigation	85	England and Wales	Chemicals

7. Creditors

	2009	2008
	Within	Within
	l year	l year
	000£	£000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	75,581	75,274
Other	5,292	7,956
Bank overdraft	82	273
	80,955	83,503

The amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are repayable on demand

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

8. Called up share capital

	2009_	2008
	£000	£000
Allotted and called up		
12,500,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each for a total nominal value of		
£12,500,000	12,500	12,500

9. Capital and reserves

	Equity share	Share premium	Profit and loss	
	capital	account	account	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 January 2009	12,500	8,724	12,037	33,261
Profit for the year	-	•	6,848	6,848
Dividends – current year interim paid	-	-	(6,019)	(6,019)
At 31 December 2009	12,500	8,724	12,866	34,090

In 2009 the company has paid interim ordinary dividends for £6,019,000 (2008: £44,000,000). The dividend per share was £0.48 (2008 dividend per share £3 52)

10. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2009_	2008
	000£	£000
Profit for the year	6,848	40,262
Dividends – current year interim paid	(6,019)	(44,000)
Net increase / (decrease) in shareholders' interests	829	(3,738)
Shareholders' interest at 1 January	33,261	36,999
Shareholders' interest at 31 December	34,090	33,261

11. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption contained within Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related Party Disclosures", and has not disclosed transactions with group companies There were no other related party transactions in the year

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

12. Pensions

The company is a participating employer in the BP Pension Fund. The BP Pension Fund is separately funded and provides benefits that are computed based on an employee's years of service and final pensionable salary. The level of contributions made to the BP Pension Fund is the amount needed to provide adequate funds to meet pension obligations as they fall due, and are based on pension costs in respect of all members of the fund.

The obligation and the cost of providing pensions are assessed annually using the projected unit credit method. The date of the latest actuarial valuation for the BP Pension Fund was 31 December 2008 and the date of the most recent actuarial review was 31 December 2009 During 2009, member contributions of £22m (2008: £21m) were made to the BP Pension Fund.

The BP Pension Fund is operated in a way that does not allow the individual participating employing companies in the Pension Fund to identify their share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the fund. Therefore the company's payments in respect of pension current service cost have been accounted for as an expense as if they were contributions to a defined contribution scheme and no further FRS 17 disclosures made in these accounts.

The results of the most recent actuarial valuation of the BP Pension Fund as at 31 December 2008, have been reflected into the disclosures required by FRS 17 for the year ended 31 December 2009, and are included within the accounts of the ultimate parent undertaking BP p.l c

In the BP p l.c accounts, pension plan assets are measured at fair value and pension plan liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at an interest rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high-quality corporate bond of equivalent currency and term to the plan liabilities. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in full in this company's statement of total recognised gains and losses in the period in which they occur

13. Immediate and ultimate parent undertaking

The immediate parent undertaking of this company is BP Chemicals Investments Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent undertaking of the group of undertakings for which group accounts are drawn up, and of which the company is a member, is BP p l.c., a company registered in England and Wales. Copies of BP p l c 's accounts can be obtained from 1 St James's Square, London, SW1Y 4PD