FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1994

Company No. 185691

FRASER & RUSSELL Chartered Accountants 4 London Wall Buildings Blomfield Street LONDON EC2M 5NT



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1994

Company No. 185691

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their Annual Report and the Financial Statements as at 31st March 1994.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE YEAR

The company's principal activity during the year was the manufacture of electric lamp components.

The company ceased production on 31st December 1993 and undertook an orderly disposal of its remaining assets by 31st March 1994. All matters pertaining to the company's activities had been finalised by 30th June 1994 and the ultimate deficiency attributable to the shareholders in respect of irrecoverable loans and share capital determined. These figures are reflected in the balance sheet on page 5.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The loss for the financial year ended 31st March 1994 is set out in the attached Profit and Loss Account on page 4.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR SHARE INTERESTS

The following were Directors of the Company during the year ended 31st March 1994.

D. Stevenson (Chairman until 1st April 1994)

A. Mills (Chairman from 1st April 1994 until 12th May 1994)

J.T. Liggins (Resigned 31st May 1994)
Dr. J. Gebhard (Resigned 1st September 1993)
Mr. R. Caban (Appointed 1st September 1993)

No director has any interest in the shares of the company (beneficial or otherwise).

SHARE CAPITAL

The share capital of the company is owned equally by OSRAM Limited and Thorn (MPR) Limited.

AUDITORS

A resolution proposing the re-appointment of Messis. Fraser & Russell, Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- * make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- * state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- * prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless, as is the case in these financial statements, it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

BY GRDER OF THE BOARD

Secretary

Registered Office: Sheffield Road, Chesterfield, Derbyshire, S41 8LB

30th June 1994

AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF LAMP CAPS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 13 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31st March 1994 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

FRASER & RUSSELT Charterod Accountants and Registered Auditors

4 London Wall Buildings Blomfield Street LONDON EC2M 5NT

30th June 1994

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1994

		1	994	<u>1</u>	993
	Notes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER	2		4,405,352		6,291,614
Change in Stock of Finished Goods and Work in Progress			(912,497)		(44,698)
Other Operating Income			3,492,855		6,246,916 15,000
Raw Materials and Consumables Other External Charges		1,593,793 774,154	3,492,855	2,898,931 977,005	6,261,916
			(2,367,947)		(3,875,936)
Staff Costs Depreciation Other Operating Charges	5	1,794,525 142,493 (180,190)	1,124,908	2,201,735 196,273 1,359	2,385,980
			(1,756,828)		(2,399,367)
OPERATING LOSS	3		(631,920)		(13,387)
Interest Payable (net)	6		(2,786)		(33,795)
Redundancy payments (Loss)/Profit on disposal of fixed a	ssets	(945,859) (229,558)		- 2 , 542	
			(1,175,417)		2,542
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION			(1,810,123)		(44,640)
Taxation	7		87,000		15,201
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	15		£(1,723,123)		£ (29,439)

The results stated above all relate to discontinued operations.

There were no other recognised gains or losses other than those stated above. Transacti ms between 31st March 1994 and the final repayment of the shareholders' loans have been anticipated in the above figures.

The Notes set out on pages 7 to 13 form part of these Financial Statements.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31ST MARCH 1994

	Notes	<u>1994</u> £	1993 £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Tangible Assets	8		904,407
Stocks	9	•	912,497
Debtors	10		1,363,479
Cash at Bank and in Hand		-	18,585
		***************************************	3,198,968
CREDITORS: Amounts Fall	ing Duc		-,
Within One Year	11	(627,088)	(2,102,933)
			
		£ (627,088)	£1,096,035
		and the second s	
CAPITAL AND RESERVE	S		
Called Up Share Capital	14	300,000	300,000
Profit and Loss Account	15	(927,088)	796,035

Shareholders' Funds	16	£ (627,088)	£1,096,035
			A

Transactions between 31st March 1994 and the final repayment of the shareholders' loans have been anticipated in the above figures.

The Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 30th June 1994

DIRECTOR

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1994

		19	<u>994</u>	19	93
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	19		(339,732)		372,940
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANC	CE:				
Interest received Interest paid		12,495 (15,281)		5,941 (39,736)	
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance			(2,786)		(33,795)
TAX REPAYMENT RECEIVED			-		93,619
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Proceeds from Sale of fixed assets		532,356		(25,549) 2,542	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from invactivities	esting		532,356		(23,007)
Net cash inflow before financing			189,838		409,757
HINANCING					
Loans repaid to parent companies	(net)		(206,330)		**
(DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CA AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	SH 21		£(16,492)		£409,757

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1994

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Financial Statements

The financial statements are drawn up under the historical cost convention of accounting and have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The accounts have not been prepared under the going concern accounting convention because the company ceased production on 31st December 1993 and undertook an orderly disposal of its remaining assets as at that date. Accordingly, the going concern convention is not applicable to these financial statements.

In the opinion of the directors, full provision has been made for all known liabilities as a result of the decision to cease production. In the event that further liabilities may arise as a result of this decision, the parent companies have indicated that they will fund any shortfall.

(b) <u>Depreciation</u>

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of Fixed Assets on a straight line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets concerned. The principal annual rates in use are as follows:

Freehold Buildings		2% - 10%
Plant and Machinery	- Services	5% - 10%
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- Production Plant	7.5% - 10%
	- Office Equipment and Machinery	5% - 25%
	- Vehicles and Die Sets	25%

(c) Stocks

All stocks have been valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

In respect of finished goods and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate element of indirect manufacturing expenses.

(d) Deferred Taxation

It is the Company's policy to make provision for Corporation Tax deferred due to:

- i) Capital allowances exceeding depreciation provided in the financial statements.
- ii) Timing differences arising as a result of provisions made in these financial statements in respect of which expenditure will be incurred in later years.

(c) Repairs and Maintenance

Provision is made for the foreseeable costs to be incurred in major repairs of furnaces, which normally take place at intervals in excess of three years, having regard to annual technical reviews of the repair programme. Other expenditure on repairs and maintenance is written off to revenue as it is incurred.

(f) Research and Development

Expenditure on research and development is written off to revenue as it is incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1994 (Continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Pensions

It is the policy of the company to provide for pension liabilities, generally by payments to trusts independent from the finances of the company. Contributions made by the company are charged against profits.

(h) Foreign Currency Translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange on forward contracts existing at the balance sheet date. Transactions denominated in foreign currency have been translated at the rates ruling at the dates of the transaction. All exchange profits have been included in the reported results for the year.

2.	TURNOVER	1994	1993
	An analysis of turnover is given below:	000£	£000
	United Kingdom Overseas	1,015 3,390	2,575 3,717
		£ 4,405	£ 6,292
3.	OPERATING LOSS is after charging:	£	£
	Directors' Remuneration (note 4) Auditors' Remuneration Write-back of Furnace repair maintenance provision	106,981 10,000 (212,891)	42,263 12,000 -
		No.	

The company is a consortium company whose issued share capital is owned 50% by OSRAM Limited and 50% by THORN (MPR) Limited. The results include the trading with these companies.

4.	DIR	ECTORS' REMUNERATION	£	£
	(a)	Executive Remuneration Pension costs Compensation for loss of office	58,549 5,312 43,120	39,433 2,830
			£ 106,981	£ 42,263
	(b)	Emoluments of Chairman	£ NIL	£ NIL
		Emoluments of Highest Paid Director		
		(excluding Pension Contributions)	£ 58,549	£ 39,433

No other Director received emoluments.

(c)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1994 (Continued)

5.	STAF	F COSTS	1994 £	1993 £
	a)	Wages and Salaries Social Security costs Other Pension Costs	1,597,975 157,703 38,847	1,967,293 194,123 40,319
			£1,794,525	£2,201,735
	(b)	The average weekly number of employees during the year was as follows:		Numbers
		Direct Labour	88	91
		Indirect Labour including Staff	91 ——	97
			179	188
			sadas	= =
6.	INTE	REST PAYABLE (NET)	£	£
		Deposit Interest Receivable Overdraft Interest Payable	12,495 (15,281)	5,941 (39,736)
			£ (2,786)	£ (33,795)
7.	TAXA	ATION		
		fer from Deferred Taxation Year Adjustments	(87,000)	5,000 10,201
			£ (87,000)	£ 15,201

No corporation tax arises for the year as the company incurred a loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1994 (Continued)

£	£
Transfer from fixed assets Reclassification of provisions	1,157,298 (252,891)
£ -	£ 904,407
9. STOCKS £	£
Finished Goods and Goods for Resale Work in Progress Raw Materials and Consumables	330,072 120,499 461,926
	£ 912,497
10. DEBTORS	
Trade Debtors - Other Debtors - VAT recoverable - Prepayments and Accrued Income -	1,321,553 15,667 - 26,259
£ -	£1,363,479
11. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	American de managliste.
Bank Overdrant (see below) Loans from Part at Companies Trade Creditors Other Creditors Provision for taxation (Note 13) Other Taxes and Social Security Costs Accruals	2,093 820,000 1,004,621 5,551 87,000 54,990 128,678
£627,088	£2,102,933

The Bank overdraft is shown net of foreign currency deposits amounting to £Nil (1993: £181,827).

The company has unsecured multi-currency bank borrowing facilities comprising short-term facilities of £Nil (1993 - £1,200,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1994 (Continued)

12.	PROVISIONS	1994 £	1993 £
	Repairs Provision		
	Balance at 1st April 1993 Add: Provided during the year	-	262,891 24,291
	Less: Expenditure during the year	-	287,182 34,291
	Reclassification of provision	-	252,891 (252,891)
		£ -	£ -
13.	DEFERRED TAXATION		
	Capital Allowances in excess of depreciation Less: Relief due in later years in respect of actual expenditure for which provisions	-	210,000
	are currently disallowed, and other timing adjustments	-	(93,000)
	Less: Tax Losses carried forward	• •	117,000 (30,000)
	Reclassification of provision (Note 11)	-	87,000 (87,000)
		£ -	£ -

Deferred taxation had been reclassified as a current tax liability to cover any potential liability to corporation tax that may arise out of the decision to terminate the business operations of the company.

14. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised, Allotted, Called Up and Fully Paid

Authorised Ordinary Shares of £1 each	£300,000	£300,000
Issued and Fully Paid Share Capital	£300,000	£300,000
		-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1994 (Continued)

15.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	<u>1994</u> £	<u>1993</u> £
	At 1st April 1993 Loss for the year	796,035 (1,723,123)	825,474 (29,439)
	At 31st March 1994	£(927,088)	£796,035
16.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHA	AREHOLDERS' FUNDS	
	Loss for the year Opening shareholders' funds	(1,723,123) 1,096,035	(29,439) 1,125,474
	Closing shareholders' funds	£(627,088)	£1,096,035
		gineral communications of	

17. CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AUTHORISED AND COMMITTED

Capital Expenditure which has been authorised by the Board at 31st March 1994 but not incurred by that date, amounted to £Nil (1993 £NIL)

18. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The group is a member of the Tickhill Pension Scheme the assets of which are held separately from those of the group in trustee administered funds independent of the group's finances. Under this Scheme the group operates a defined benefits salary pension scheme in respect of employers' and employees' normal contributions, and a defined contribution money purchase scheme in respect of transfer values received from other pension schemes and employees' additional voluntary contributions.

Contributions to the scheme are determined by qualified actuaries on the basis of triennial valuations using the Projected unit Method. The most recent valuation was at 1st October 1993. The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the results of the valuation are those relating to the rate of return on investments and the rate of increase in salaries. It was assumed that investment returns would be 9½% per annum and that salary increases would average 8%.

The pension cost charge was £38,847 (1993: £40,319). No contributions were outstanding at the balance sheet date (1993: Nil).

The most recent actuarial valuation showed that the market value of the scheme's assets was £4,410,800 and that the actuarial value of those assets represented 109% of the benefits that had accrued to members, after allowing for expected future increase in earnings. Throughout the year the contributions of the employer and employees have remained at 7.6% and 5.0% respectively inclusive of life assurance and death in service benefit premiums.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1994 (Continued)

19.	RECONCILIATIONS OF OPERATING LOSS	TO MEN	7004	
17.	CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	ITIES	1994 £	1993 £
	Operating Loss		(631,920)	(13,387)
	Depreciation Charge		142,493	196,273
	Redundancy payments		(945,859)	(2,542)
	Decrease in stocks		912,497	44,698
	Decrease in debtors		1,363,479	328,209
	(Decrease) in creditors		(1,180,422)	(172,853)
	Increase/(Decrease) in provisions		-	(10,000)
	Net Cash (Outflow)/Inflow from Operating			
	Activities		£(339,732)	£372,940
20.	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN CASH AND CA EQUIVALENTS DURING THE YEAR	SH	1994	1993
	EQUIVALENTS DURING THE YEAR		£	£
	Balance at 1st April 1993		16,492	(393,265)
	Net cash (outflow)/inflow		(16,492)	409,757
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Balance at 31st March 1994		£ -	£ 16,492
21.	ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH A	ND CASH		
	EQUIVALENTS AS SHOWN IN THE BALANCE SHEET			
				Change
		<u>1994</u> £	<u>1993</u> £	<u>in year</u>
		£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	**	18,585	(18,585)
	Bank overdraft	-	(2,093)	2,093
		£ -	£ 16,492	£ (16,492)