

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
WRITTEN SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS
OF
THE NEW CENTURY PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED
("the Company")

UNDER CHAPTER 2 OF PART 13 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

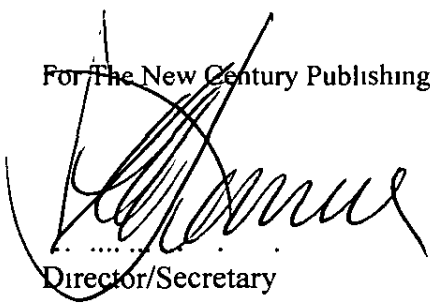
By written resolutions dated 24 March 2015, the sole member of the Company agreed to the following resolutions being passed as special resolutions

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

THAT:

- (a) the memorandum of association of the Company (the **Memorandum**) be amended by deleting all the provisions which, by virtue of section 28 of the Companies Act 2006, are to be treated as provisions of the articles of association of the Company, namely the provisions contained in paragraphs 1 to 5 (inclusive) of the Memorandum,
- (b) in accordance with paragraph 43(1) of Schedule 2 to the Act (Commencement No 8, Transitional Provisions and Savings) Order 2008 (SI 2008/2860) the directors be given the powers to allot shares in the Company or to grant rights to subscribe for or to convert any security into such shares in the Company under section 550 of the Companies Act 2006 This authority is in substitution for all previous authorities conferred on the directors in accordance with section 80 of the Companies Act 1985 or section 551 of the Companies Act 2006, and
- (c) the Company adopt new Articles of Association (annexed hereto) in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, all existing Articles

For The New Century Publishing Company Limited


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Director/Secretary

FRIDAY



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COMPANIES HOUSE

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
NEW ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

THE NEW CENTURY PUBLISHING
COMPANY LIMITED

COMPANY NO 142954

(ADOPTED BY SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS PASSED
ON 24 MARCH 2015)

Chairman's initials

SNC

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

NEW ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

THE NEW CENTURY PUBLISHING COMPANY LIMITED

(Adopted by special resolutions passed on 24 March 2015)

PRELIMINARY

1. The Model Articles for Private Companies Limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 of the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008 No 3229) (the **Model Articles**) shall apply to the company except in so far as they are excluded or varied hereby
2. Model Articles 13, 14, 22 and 26(5) do not apply to the Company

INTERPRETATION AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

3. **Defined terms**

- (1) In the articles, unless the context requires otherwise:

alternate or **alternate director** has the meaning given in article 18 and article 19 respectively,

appointor has the meaning given in article 18,

articles means the company's articles of association, as from time to time amended,

Companies Act means the Companies Act 2006 including any statutory modification or re-enactment of it for the time being in force,

company means The New Century Publishing Company Limited (registered number 142954),

eligible director means a director who is entitled to vote on the relevant matter at a directors' meeting but excluding any director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the relevant matter,

group has the meaning given in article 6, and

relevant situation has the meaning given in article 12

- (2) Unless the contrary intention appears, words importing the singular number include the plural number and vice versa, words importing one gender include all genders and words importing persons include bodies corporate and unincorporated associations

(3) Headings to the articles are inserted for convenience only and shall not affect construction

(4) Model Article 1 shall be amended accordingly

4. Liability of members

The liability of the members is limited to the amount, if any unpaid on the shares held by them

UNRESTRICTED OBJECTS

5. Nothing in these articles shall constitute a restriction on the objects of the company to do (or omit to do) any act and, in accordance with section 31(1) of the Companies Act, the company's objects are unrestricted

DIRECTORS

6. Directors' duties

(1) The purpose of the company

(a) may, if and to the extent that the directors consider it appropriate, and

(b) shall, if directed by the holders of the majority of the shares by notice in writing to the company,

include promoting the success of the group as a whole or of any one or more members of the group (and in this context **group** means the company, any other body corporate which is its holding company or subsidiary and any other body corporate which is a subsidiary of that holding company)

(2) In the exercise of his duties, a director shall not be restricted by any duty of confidentiality to the company from providing information regarding the company to a holding company of the company but a director who is also a director of any holding company of the company shall owe a strict duty of confidentiality to that holding company in relation to confidential information of the holding company

7. Unanimous decisions

Model Article 8 shall be amended by the deletion of paragraph (3) and the re-numbering of existing paragraph (4) as new paragraph (3).

8. Participation in directors' meetings

Model Article 10(3) shall be amended by inserting after the first sentence, the sentence "In the absence of such a decision, the meeting is deemed to take place at the location from where the chairman participates "

9. Quorum for directors' meetings

(1) At a directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting

- (2) The quorum for directors' meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the directors, but subject to paragraph (3), it must never be less than two eligible directors, and unless otherwise fixed it is two eligible directors
- (3) For the purpose of any directors' meeting (or part of a meeting) held in accordance with article 12 to authorise a director's conflict of interest, if only one eligible director is in office, the quorum is one eligible director
- (4) If the total number of directors for the time being in office is less than the quorum required, the director or directors in office must not take any decision other than a decision
 - (a) to appoint further directors, or
 - (b) to call a general meeting so as to enable the shareholders to appoint further directors
- (5) Model Article 11 shall be amended accordingly

10. Chairing of directors' meetings

Model Article 12(4) shall apply as if the word "may" is substituted for the word "must"

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

11. Directors' interests in relation to transactions or arrangements with the company

The relevant provisions of the Companies Act (including, without limitation, sections 177 and 182 of the Companies Act) shall apply in relation to declarations of interests in proposed and existing transactions or arrangements with the company

12. Directors' interests other than in relation to transactions or arrangements with the company

- (1) If a situation (a **relevant situation**) arises in which a director has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the company (including, without limitation, in relation to the exploitation of any property, information or opportunity, whether or not the company could take advantage of it, but excluding any situation which cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest) the following provisions shall apply if the conflict of interest does not arise in relation to a transaction or arrangement with the company
 - (a) if the relevant situation arises from the appointment or proposed appointment of a person as a director of the company
 - (i) the directors (other than the director, and any other director with a similar interest, who shall not be counted in the quorum at the meeting and shall not vote on the resolution), or
 - (ii) the shareholders (by ordinary resolution or by notice in writing given to the company by the holders of a majority of the shares),

may resolve to authorise the appointment of the director and the relevant situation on such terms as they may determine,

- (b) if the relevant situation arises in circumstances other than in paragraph (a)
 - (i) the directors (other than the director and any other director with a similar interest who shall not be counted in the quorum at the meeting and shall not vote on the resolution), or
 - (ii) the shareholders (by ordinary resolution or by notice in writing given to the company by the holders of a majority of the shares),may resolve to authorise the relevant situation and the continuing performance by the director of his duties on such terms as they may determine
- (2) Any reference in paragraph (1) to a conflict of interest includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties
- (3) Any terms determined by the directors or the shareholders under paragraphs (1)(a) or (1)(b) may be imposed at the time of the authorisation or may be imposed or varied subsequently by either the directors or the shareholders and may include (without limitation)
 - (a) whether the interested directors may vote (and be counted in the quorum at any meeting) in relation to any decision relating to the relevant situation,
 - (b) the exclusion of the interested directors from all information and discussion by the company of the relevant situation, and
 - (c) (without prejudice to the general obligations of confidentiality) the application to the interested directors of a strict duty of confidentiality to the company for any confidential information of the company in relation to the relevant situation
- (4) Any authorisation given under paragraphs (1)(a) or (1)(b) may be withdrawn by either the directors or the shareholders by giving notice to the director concerned
- (5) An interested director must act in accordance with any terms determined by the directors or the shareholders under paragraphs (1)(a) or (1)(b)
- (6) Except as specified in paragraph (1), any proposal made to the directors and any authorisation by the directors in relation to a relevant situation shall be dealt with in the same way as any other matter may be proposed to and decided by the directors in accordance with the articles
- (7) Any authorisation of a relevant situation given by the directors or the shareholders under paragraph (1) may provide that, where the interested director obtains (other than through his position as a director of the company) information that is confidential to a third party, he will not be obliged to disclose it to the company or to use it in relation to the company's affairs in circumstances where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence
- (8) (a) If the directors make an authorisation under paragraph (1), impose or vary the terms of an authorisation under paragraph (3), or withdraw an authorisation under paragraph (4), they shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, notify the shareholders of this fact and provide, where applicable, any relevant particulars regarding the authorisation or its terms

- (b) If the shareholders make an authorisation under paragraph (1), impose or vary the terms of an authorisation under paragraph (3), or withdraw an authorisation under paragraph (4), they shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, notify the directors of this fact and provide, where applicable, any relevant particulars regarding the authorisation or its terms
- (9) (a) A director shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, declare the nature and extent of his interest in a relevant situation within paragraph (1)(a) or (1)(b) to the other directors and the shareholders. Failure to comply with this requirement does not affect the underlying duty to make the declaration of interest
- (b) If a declaration of interest in relation to a relevant situation proves to be, or becomes, inaccurate or incomplete, a further declaration must be made

13. Directors' interests generally and voting

- (1) Subject to the Companies Act and to articles 11 and 12, a director notwithstanding his office
 - (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested or participate in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested, including any such pensions, other benefits, transactions or arrangements as are referred to in article 17,
 - (b) may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the company (except as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration as if he were not a director,
 - (c) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise interested, and
 - (d) shall not, by reason of his office (or of the fiduciary relationship established by holding that office), be accountable to the company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit resulting from any relevant situation authorised under article 12 or any interest permitted under paragraphs (1)(a), (1)(b), or (1)(c), and no contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any director having an interest authorised under article 12 or permitted under paragraphs (1)(a), (1)(b), or (1)(c)
- (2) Subject to articles 11 and 12 and to any contrary direction from the holders of a majority of the shares, a director shall be entitled to vote on any decision concerning any matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or a duty
- (3) In the case of an alternate director, an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate in addition to any interest which the alternate otherwise has
- (4) Subject to the Companies Act, the company may, by ordinary resolution or by notice in writing given to the company by the holders of a majority of the shares, suspend or relax the provisions of this article to any extent or ratify any contract, transaction or arrangement not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of this article

- (5) Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to offices or employments with the company or any body corporate in which the company is interested, the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and (provided he is not otherwise precluded from voting) each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote (and to form part of the quorum) in respect of each proposal except that concerning his own appointment
- (6) Subject to paragraph (7), if a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) for voting and quorum purposes, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman whose ruling in relation to any director other than the chairman is to be final and conclusive
- (7) If any question as to the right to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) should arise in respect of the chairman, the question is to be decided by a decision of the directors at that meeting, for which purpose the chairman is not to be counted as participating in the meeting (or that part of the meeting) for voting and quorum purposes
- (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of these articles, no conflict of interests of the directors of the Company shall arise as a result of multiple directorships held within the Thomson Reuters Group and, for the avoidance of doubt, the directors shall be entitled to vote and be counted in reckoning whether a quorum was present notwithstanding any multiple directorships they have within the Thomson Reuters Group

14. Appointment and termination of appointments of directors by majority shareholders

The holders of the majority of the shares may appoint any person as a director and may remove any director. Any appointment or removal shall be made by notice in writing to the company signed by the holders or on their behalf and shall take effect when it is lodged at the registered office or produced at any directors' meeting. Model Articles 17 and 18 shall be amended accordingly.

15. Directors' services and remuneration

- (1) Directors may undertake any services for the company that the directors decide and the company may enter into a contract of service with any director on such terms as the directors think fit
- (2) Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a director but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of contract of service between the director and the company
- (3) Directors are entitled to such remuneration as the directors determine
 - (a) for their services to the company as directors, and
 - (b) for any other service which they undertake for the company
- (4) Subject to the articles, a director's remuneration may take any form
- (5) Unless the directors decide otherwise, directors' remuneration accrues from day to day
- (6) Model Article 19 shall be amended accordingly

16. Directors' expenses

Model Article 20 shall be amended by inserting in the first line the words ", alternate directors and the company secretary (if any)" after the word "directors"

17. Directors' pensions and other benefits

The directors may exercise all the powers of the company to

- (a) pay, provide, arrange or procure the grant of pensions or other retirement benefits, death, disability or sickness benefits, health, accident and other insurances or other such benefits, allowances, gratuities or insurances, including in relation to the termination of employment, to or for the benefit of any person who is or has been at any time a director of the company or in the employment or service of the company or of any body corporate which is or was associated with the company or of the predecessors in business of the company or any such associated body corporate, or the relatives or dependants of any such person For that purpose, the directors may procure the establishment and maintenance of, or participation in, or contribution to, any pension fund, scheme or arrangement and the payment of any insurance premiums,
- (b) establish, maintain, adopt and enable participation in any profit sharing or incentive scheme including shares, share options or cash or any similar schemes for the benefit of any director or employee of the company or of any associated body corporate, and to lend money to any such director or employee or to trustees on their behalf to enable any such schemes to be established, maintained or adopted, and
- (c) support and subscribe to any institution or association which may be for the benefit of the company or associated body corporate or any directors or employees of the company or associated body corporate or their relatives or dependants or connected with any town or place where the company or an associated body corporate carries on business, and to support and subscribe to any charitable or public object whatsoever

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

18. Appointment and removal of alternates

- (1) Any director (the **appointor**) may appoint as an **alternate** any other director, or any other person, to
 - (a) exercise that director's powers, and
 - (b) carry out that director's responsibilities,in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors in the absence of the alternate's appointor
- (2) Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the company signed by the appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors
- (3) The notice must

- (a) identify the proposed alternate, and
- (b) in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice

19. Rights and responsibilities of alternate directors

- (1) Subject to the articles, an alternate may act as an **alternate director** to more than one director and has the same rights, in relation to any decision of the directors as the alternate's appointor
- (2) Except as the articles specify otherwise, alternate directors
 - (a) are deemed for all purposes to be directors,
 - (b) are liable for their own acts and omissions,
 - (c) are subject to the same restrictions as their appointors, and
 - (d) are not deemed to be agents of or for their appointors,

and, in particular, each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all directors' meetings and of all committee meetings of directors of which his appointor is a member

- (3) Subject to the articles, a person who is an alternate director but not a director
 - (a) may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present (but only if that person's appointor is not participating), and
 - (b) may otherwise participate in a unanimous decision of the directors (but only if his appointor is an eligible director in relation to that decision and is not participating)

No alternate may be counted as more than one director for such purposes

- (4) An alternate director is not entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for serving as an alternate director except such part of the alternate's appointor's remuneration as the appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the company

20. Alternates voting at directors' meetings

Subject to the articles, a director who is also an alternate director has an additional vote at a directors' meeting on behalf of each appointor who is

- (a) not participating in the directors' meeting, and
- (b) would have been an eligible director if he were participating in it

No alternate may be counted as more than one director for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present

21. Termination of alternate directorship

An alternate director's appointment as an alternate terminates

- (a) when the alternate's appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the company in writing specifying when it is to terminate,
- (b) on the occurrence in relation to the alternate of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's appointor, would result in the termination of the appointor's appointment as a director,
- (c) on the death of the alternate's appointor,
- (d) when the alternate's appointor's appointment as a director terminates, or
- (e) where the directors otherwise decide

COMPANY NAME

22. Directors' power to change company name

The directors may change the name of the company

SHARES AND DISTRIBUTIONS – SHARES

23. Powers to allot shares

- (1) In accordance with section 550 of the Companies Act, the directors may exercise any power of the company to allot shares or to grant rights to subscribe for or convert any security into shares with such rights and restrictions as they may determine
- (2) Subject to the articles, but without prejudice to paragraph (1) or to the rights attached to any existing share, the company may issue further classes of shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution
- (3) Sections 561 and 562 of the Companies Act are excluded
- (4) The company may issue shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the holder, and the directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares
- (5) In the event that rights and restrictions attaching to shares are determined by ordinary resolution or by the directors pursuant to this article, those rights and restrictions shall apply, in particular in place of any rights or restrictions that would otherwise apply by virtue of the Companies Act in the absence of any provisions in the articles of a company, as if those rights and restrictions were set out in the articles

24. Share certificates

Model Article 24(5)(a) shall be amended by the insertion of the following words "or official seal and in the case of an official seal, unless otherwise determined by the directors, the certificate does not need to be signed" after the words "common seal"

25. Share transfers

Model Article 26 shall be amended by the deletion of the existing paragraph (5) and the insertion in its place of the following new paragraph (5)

"(5) The directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share unless

- (a) it is lodged at the registered office or at such place as the directors may appoint and is accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer,
- (b) it is in respect of one class of shares only, and
- (c) it is in favour of not more than four transferees "

26. Transmittees bound by prior notices

If a notice is given to a shareholder in respect of shares and a transmittee (or a transferee nominated by such transmittee pursuant to Model Article 28) is entitled to those shares, the transmittee (or transferee) is bound by the notice if it was given to the shareholder before the transmittee's (or transferee's) name has been entered in the register of members. Model Article 29 shall be amended accordingly

DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS

27. Procedure for declaring dividends

- (1) The company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends, and the directors may decide to pay interim dividends
- (2) A dividend must not be declared unless the directors have made a recommendation to its amount. Such a dividend must not exceed the amount recommended by the directors
- (3) No dividend may be declared or paid unless it is in accordance with shareholders' respective rights
- (4) Unless the shareholders' resolution to declare or directors' decision to pay a dividend, or the terms on which shares are issued, specify otherwise, it must be paid by reference to each shareholder's holding of shares on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it
- (5) If the company's share capital is divided into different classes, no interim dividend may be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrears
- (6) The directors may pay at intervals any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify payment

- (7) If the directors act in good faith, they do not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on shares with deferred or non-preferred rights

28. Payment of dividends and other distributions

- (1) Where a dividend or other sum which is a distribution is payable in respect of a share, it must be paid by one or more of the following means –
- (a) transfer to a bank or building society account specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the directors otherwise decide,
 - (b) sending a cheque made payable to the distribution recipient by post to the distribution recipient at the distribution recipient's registered address (if the distribution recipient is a holder of the share), or (in any other case) to an address specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide,
 - (c) by sending a cheque made payable to such person by post to such person at such address as the distribution recipient has specified either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide, or
 - (d) any other means of payment as the directors agree with the distribution recipient either in writing or by such other means as the directors decide
- (2) In the articles, "distribution recipient" means, in respect of a share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable–
- (a) the holder of the share or
 - (b) if the share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members, or
 - (c) if the holder is no longer entitled to the share by reason of death or bankruptcy, or otherwise by operation of the law, the transmittee

29. No interest on distributions

The company may not pay interest on any dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share unless otherwise provided by –

- (a) the terms on which the share was issued, or
- (b) the provisions of another agreement between the holder of that share and the company

30. Unclaimed distributions

- (1) All dividends or other sums which are
- (a) payable in respect of shares, and

- (b) unclaimed after having been declared or become payable, may be invested or otherwise made use of by the directors for the benefit of the company until claimed
- (2) The payment of any such dividend or other sum into a separate account does not make the company a trustee in respect of it
- (3) If
 - (a) twelve years have passed from the date on which a dividend or other sum became due for payment, and
 - (b) the distribution recipient has not claimed it, the distribution recipient is no longer entitled to that dividend or other sum and it ceases to remain owing by the company

31. Power of the Company to sell shares of untraced members

- (1) Subject to the Statutes, the company may sell at the best price reasonably obtainable any share provided that
 - (a) for a period of 12 years no cheque or warrant sent by the Company through the post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member or to a person entitled by transmission to the share to either his address on the Register or to his last known address, has been cashed, and no communication has been received by the Company from the member or the person entitled by transmission, and
 - (b) no fewer than 3 dividend warrants have been sent by post to the address referred to in **Article 31. (1)** in the 12 year period referred to in that Article, and
 - (c) the Company has at the end of the 12 year period given notice of its intention to sell the share by advertising in both a national daily newspaper and in a newspaper circulating in the area in which the address referred to in **Article 31. (1)** is located, and
 - (d) the Company has not during the further period of 3 months after the date of the advertisement and prior to the exercise of the power of sale received any communication from the member or person entitled by transmission
- (2) If, during the 12 year period referred to in **Article 31 (1)**, further shares have been allotted in right of those held at the beginning of the period or any previously allotted during such period and all the requirements of **Articles 31. (1) (a) to (d)** inclusive has been satisfied in regard to the further shares the Company may also sell those further shares
- (3) If any share referred to in **Article 31(1)(c)** is sold, the Directors may appoint some person to execute or otherwise effect a transfer of the share or shares in the name and on behalf of the registered holder or the person (if any) entitled by transmission to the share or shares. The Directors may enter the purchaser's name in the Register as the holder. The purchaser will not be obliged to see how the purchase money is applied and his title will not be affected if the transfer

was irregular or invalid in any way. After the purchaser's name is entered in the Register the validity of the sale cannot be impeached by any person, and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale will be in damages only and only against the Company. The Company must account to the member or other person entitled to the share for the net proceeds of the sale and will be deemed to be his debtor and not a trustee for him in respect of the sale. Any moneys not accounted for must be transferred to a separate account and will be a permanent debt of the Company, but may either be employed in the business of the Company or invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company or its holding company if any) as the Directors may from time to time think fit.

32. Purchase of own shares

- (1) Subject to the Act but without prejudice to any other provision of these Articles, the Company may purchase its own shares in accordance with Chapter 4 of Part 18 of the Act, including (without limitation) with cash up to any amount in a financial year not exceeding the lower of
 - (a) £15,000, and
 - (b) the value of 5% of the Company's share capital

DECISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS – ORGANISATION OF GENERAL MEETINGS

33. Notice of general meeting

A shareholder present either in person or by proxy, at any general meeting of the company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which the meeting was convened.

34. Chairing general meetings

Model Article 39(2) shall be amended by the insertion of the following words "(including a proxy or a corporate representative)" after the word "shareholder".

35. Content of proxy notices

Model Article 45(1)(d) shall be amended by the insertion of the words "(or adjourned meeting)" after the word "meeting".

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

36. When a communication from the company is deemed received

- (1) Any document or information, if sent by first class post, shall be deemed to have been received on the day following that on which the envelope containing it is put into the post, or, if sent by second class post, shall be deemed to have been received on the second day following that on which the envelope containing it is put into the post and in proving that a document or information has been received it shall be sufficient to prove

that the letter, envelope or wrapper containing the document or information was properly addressed, prepaid and put into the post

- (2) Any document or information not sent by post but left at a registered address or address at which a document or information may be received shall be deemed to have been received on the day it was so left
- (3) Any document or information, if sent or supplied by electronic means, shall be deemed to have been received on the day on which the document or information was sent or supplied by or on behalf of the company
- (4) If the company receives a delivery failure notification following a communication by electronic means in accordance with paragraph (3), the company shall send or supply the document or information in hard copy or electronic form (but not by electronic means) to the shareholder either personally or by post addressed to the shareholder at his registered address or by leaving it at that address. This shall not affect when the document or information was deemed to be received in accordance with paragraph (3)
- (6) Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by every notice in respect of that share which before his name is entered in the register of members was given to the person from whom he derives his title to the share

37. Notices in writing given to the company by majority shareholders

Any notice in writing given to the company by the holders of a majority of the shares shall take effect when it is lodged at the registered office or produced to any directors' meeting

38. Company seals

Model Article 49 shall be amended by the insertion of the following words at the end of paragraph (1) "or of a committee of the directors" and the insertion of the following new paragraph (5)

- "(5) The company may exercise the powers conferred by the Companies Act with regard to having official seals and those powers shall be vested in the directors. Subject to the Companies Act, any instrument to which an official seal is affixed shall be signed by such persons, if any, and affixed in such manner as the directors may from time to time determine "

WINDING UP

39. Winding up

If the company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Companies Act, divide among the shareholders *in specie* the whole or any part of the assets of the company and may, for that purpose, value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the shareholders or different classes of shareholders. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the shareholders as he with like sanction determines, but no shareholder shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is liability.

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY

40. Indemnity

- (1) Subject to paragraph (5), a relevant director of the company or of an associated company may be indemnified out of the company's assets against
 - (a) any liability incurred by that director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the company or an associated company,
 - (b) any liability incurred by that director in connection with the activities of the company or an associated company in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Companies Act),
 - (c) any other liability incurred by that director as an officer of the company or an associated company
- (2) The company may fund the expenditure of a relevant director of the company or of any associated company for the purposes permitted under the Companies Act and may do anything to enable such relevant director to avoid incurring such expenditure as provided in the Companies Act
- (3) No relevant director of the company or of any associated company shall be accountable to the company or the shareholders for any benefit provided pursuant to this article and the receipt of any such benefit shall not disqualify any person from being or becoming a director of the company
- (4) The powers given by this article shall not limit any general powers of the company to grant indemnities, purchase and maintain insurance or provide funds (whether by way of loan or otherwise) to any person in connection with any legal or regulatory proceedings or applications for relief
- (5) This article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Act or by any other provision of law

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- (6) In this article
- (a) companies are **associated** if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate, and
 - (b) a **relevant director** means any director or former director of the company or of an associated company
- (7) Model Article 52 shall be amended accordingly