Babcock Management Limited Directors' report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2012

Company registration number: 00107414

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Directors and advisors

Directors

P L Rogers W Tame F Martinelli

Company Secretary

N Borrett (Appointed 27 July 2012) V Teller (Resigned 27 July 2012)

Registered office

33 Wigmore Street London W1U 1QX

Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
1 Embankment Place
London
WC2N 6RH

Company registration number: 00107414

Directors' report

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company, for the year ended 31 March 2012

Going concern

The directors believe that preparing the financial statements on the going concern basis is appropriate due to the continued support of the immediate parent company Babcock Investments Limited. The directors have received confirmation that Babcock Investments Limited intend to support the company for at least one year after these financial statements are signed.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continues to be that of a holding company. The directors do not anticipate any change in the nature of the company's activities during the financial year. There are no plans to alter significantly the business of the company.

Results and dividends

The result for the financial year was a loss of £7,123,000 (2011 profit £66,529,000) The directors paid a dividend of £10,000,000 (2011 nil) On 3rd May 2011, Babcock Investments Limited elected to convert its zero coupon convertible loan note for its nominal value of £350,000,000 and nominated Babcock Management Limited to be the recipient of the shares issued on conversion

The loss for the financial year will be transferred to reserves

Key performance indicators (KPIs)

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPIs is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business

Principal risks and uncertainties

The management of the business is subject to a number of risks. Procedures are in place across the Group to identify, assess and mitigate major business risks. The management risk is an integral part of our operational review process and is supplemented at Group level by independent challenge and review by the Group Risk Manager and the Audit and Risk Committee. Further details can be found in the Babcock International Group PLC Financial Statements pages 40-43.

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

Under their respective Articles of Association, the directors of the Company are, and were during the year to 31 March 2012, entitled to be indemnified by the Company against liabilities and costs incurred in connection with the execution of their duties or the exercise of their powers, to the extent permitted by the Companies Act 2006

Political and charitable donations

In the financial year ended 31 March 2012 the company made no charitable donations (2011 £nil) There were no political contributions during the financial year (2011 £nil)

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows

P L Rogers
W Tame
The Martinelli

Financial risk management

All treasury transactions are carried out only with prime rated counter-parties. Financial risk is managed in accordance with Group policies and procedures. For further information refer to Note 2 of the Babcock International Group PLC financial statements.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors and the disclosure of information

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information required by the auditors in connection with the preparation of the auditors' report, of which the auditors are unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow directors, each director has taken all steps that he is obliged to take as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

Reappointment of independent auditors

A resolution proposing to reappoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting

By order of the Board 11 December 2012

F Martinelli Director

Independent auditors' report to the members of Babcock Management Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Babcock Management Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 which comprise the Profit and loss account, the Balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibility on page 3 the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2012 and of its loss for the year/then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Company registration number: 00107414

Independent auditors' report to the members of Babcock Management Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

James Parker (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London, United Kingdom

11 December 2012

Babcock Management Limited Profit and loss account

For the year ended 31 March 2012

	Notes	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Administrative expenses	3	(28)	350
Operating (loss)/profit		(28)	350
(Loss)/profit on sale of investments		(21)	1,613
Incomes from shares in group undertaking		-	67,300
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before interest		(49)	69,263
Interest receivable and similar income	2	577	154
Amount written off investments	6	(5,793)	(36)
Interest payable and similar charges	2	(2,516)	(2,852)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	(7,781)	66,529
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	5	658	-
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	11	(7,123)	66,529

There is no difference between the (loss) / profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the loss for the year stated above and their historical cost equivalents

There were no other recognised gains or losses aside from those shown in the profit and loss account and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

All results derive from continuing operations

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements



Company registration number: 00107414

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2012

	Notes	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Fixed assets			
Shares in group undertakings	6 _	1,026,180	681,810
	_	1,026,180	681,810
Current assets			
Debtors	7	135,833	131,689
Cash at bank and in hand	_		2,402
	_	135,833	134,091
Creditors – amounts falling due within one year	8 _	(352,705)	(339,470)
Net current liabilities	_	(216,872)	(205,379)
Total assets less current liabilities	_	809,308	476,431
Net assets	_	809,308	476,431
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	48,000	48,000
Share premium account	11	327,858	327,858
Other reserve	11	350,000	-
Profit and loss account	11 _	83,450	100,573
Total shareholder's funds	11 _	809,308	476,431

The financial statements on pages 6-13 were approved by the board of directors and signed on its behalf/by

F Martinelli

Director

11 September 2012

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies outlined below have been applied consistently throughout the year

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom and the Companies Act 2006 Babcock Investments Limited has undertaken to give such financial assistance as is necessary to the company for a period of not less than twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. On the strength of this assurance, the financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the company is a going concern

Investments in subsidiary undertakings

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less provision for impairment. Any impairment is recognised in the profit and loss account in the period in which it arises

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted as at the balance sheet date. The taxation liabilities of certain group companies may be reduced, wholly or in part, by surrender of losses by fellow group companies. The decision to charge group relief is made on a case by case basis.

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction or, if hedged forward, at the rate of exchange under the related forward currency contract. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Group financial statements

The Company has taken advantage of Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not prepared group financial statements as it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Babcock International Group PLC which prepares consolidated financial statements which are publicly available

Cash flow statement

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised 1996) to dispense with the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement in its financial statements, as a consolidated cash flow statement is included in the financial statements of the ultimate parent company, which are publically available

2. Interest receivable / (payable) and similar income / (charges)

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Interest payable and similar charges		
Bank interest	•	-
Interest payable to group undertakings	(2,516)	(2,852)
	(2,516)	(2,852)
Interest receivable and similar income		
Bank interest	-	-
Loan interest receivable from group undertaking	577	154
	577	154
Net interest and similar income/(charges)	(1,939)	(2,698)

3. Staff costs and directors remuneration

There were no staff employed by the company during the current year and none (2011 none) of the directors received remuneration in respect of their services to the company. The directors are remunerated by other group companies.

4. (Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before taxation

(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated; after charging/(crediting)

		2012	2011
		£'000	£'000
Tax compliance fee Auditors' remuneration		5	4
- audit fees		3	3
Exchange loss / (gain)	1	20	(357)

(658)

5. Tax on (loss) / profit on ordinary activities		
	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Current tax		
UK Corporation tax on loss for the year	-	-
Adjustment in respect of prior years	(658)	-
Group relief for consideration		
Current tax charge for the year	(658)	-
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	-
Adjustment in respect of prior years	-	-

on (loca) / profit on ordinary activities

The tax assessed for the year is higher (2011 lower) than the standard effective rate of corporation tax in the UK for the year ended 31 March 2012 of 26% (2011 28%) The differences are explained below

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(7,781)	66,529
Tax on (loss) / profit on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 26% (2011 28%) Effects of	(2,023)	18,628
Timing differences	-	-
Intangible amortisation not deductible for tax purposes	-	-
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,512	(19,286)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(658)	-
Group relief for nil consideration	511	658
Non-taxable gains	-	
Current tax credit for the year	(658)	11
Factors offecting current and future tay charges		_

Factors affecting current and future tax charges

ACT irrecoverable written off Impact of change in UK tax rate

Tax (credit)/charge

A number of changes to the UK Corporation tax system were announced in the March 2012 Budget Statement Legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 26% to 24% from 1 April 2012 is included in the Finance Act 2012. Further reductions to the main rate are proposed to reduce the rate by 1% per annum to 23% by 1 April 2013. These further changes had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and, therefore the impact is not included in these financial statements.

The company has not recognised potential deferred tax assets of £9,487,000 | (2011 £10,278,000) in relation to capital tax losses on the basis that assets are not likely to be disposed of in the foreseeable future

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

6. Fixed assets investments	
	Total
Cost	£'000
At 1 April 2011	681,846
Additions	350,163
At 31 March 2012	1,032,009
Provision for impairment	
At 1 April 2011	(36)
Disposals	-
Impairment charge	(5,793)
At 31 March 2012	(5,829)
Net book value	
At 31 March 2012	1,026,180
At 31 March 2011	681,810

On 3rd May 2011, Babcock Investments Limited elected to convert its zero coupon convertible loan note for its nominal value of £350,000,000 and nominated Babcock Management Limited to be the recipient of the shares issued on conversion

On 7 September 2011 the company increased its investment in Babcock International Holdings BV by £163,000

On 31 March 2012 the company made a provision of impairment against its investments in Babcock Support Services Investments Limited of £5,793,000

The directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets

The Company's principal subsidiary undertakings, all of which are wholly-owned, are

Company	Country of Registration	Principal Activities
Babcock International Holdings BV	Netherlands	Investment company
Babcock Luxembourg Investments	1	
Sarl	Luxembourg	Investment company
Babcock Support Services	111	
Investments Limited	England and Wales	Investment company

Except as otherwise stated, all shares held comprise ordinary share capital

7. Debtors		
	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Due within one year Amounts owed by group undertakings UK corporation tax recoverable	135,833	131,689 -
·	135,833	131,689

Included in amounts due from group undertakings within one financial year are loans of £11,041,000 (2011 £11,041,000) bearing an interest rate of 6 monthly UK LIBOR plus four hundred basis points

The remaining 124,792,000 (2011 £120,648,000) is non interest bearing

8. Creditors - amounts falling due within one year

-	-
•	-
352,168	339,470
•	-
537	-
2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	£'000 537 - 352,168

Included in amounts due to parent and group undertakings are loans of £13,034,000 (2011 £13,034,000) which bear interest at UK LIBOR six monthly plus one hundred basis points and £6,258,000 (2011 £6,238,000) bearing an interest rate of US LIBOR plus 143 basis points, and £44,000,000 (2011 £44,000,000) bearing an interest rate of UK LIBOR six monthly plus 400 basis points

The remaining £288,876,000 (2011 £276,197,149) is non interest bearing

9.	Called-up	share	capital
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9. Called-up snare capital	1 1	
1 10 1	2012	2011
. .	£'000	£'000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
48,000,445 ordinary shares of £1 each (2011 48,000,445)	48,000	48,000
	-	

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10. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds and reserves

	Called up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Capital Reserve £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
At 1 April 2011 Loss for the year	48,000 -	327,858 -	-	100,573 (7,123)	476,431 (7,123)
Capital Reserves	-	-	350,000	-	350,000
Ordinary shares issued Dividends paid	-	-	-	(10,000)	- (10,000)
At 31 March 2012	48,000	327,858	350,000	83,450	809,308

The increase in capital received represents a capital contribution from its parent undertaking, Babcock Investments Limited as detailed in note 6

11. Contingent liabilities

The Company at the year end had guaranteed or had joint and several liabilities for drawn bank facilities of £nil (2011 £nil) provided to other group companies

The company was a sole guarantor of Babcock International Guarantee Company until 12 July 2010 on which date Babcock International Guarantee Company issued shares to Gibraltar Investments (No 7) Limited

12. Related party disclosures

The Company, as a wholly owned subsidiary, has taken advantage of the exemption, granted under Financial Reporting Standard 8, Related Party Disclosures, from disclosing details of sales and purchases with other members of the group headed up by Babcock International Group PLC, whose financial statements are publically available

13. Ultimate parent undertaking

The Company's immediate parent company is Babcock Investments Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The Company's ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling party is Babcock International Group PLC, a company registered in England and Wales. The only Group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Babcock International Group PLC.

Copies of Babcock International Group PLC Financial Statements are available from the following address

The Company Secretary
Babcock International Group PLC
33 Wigmore Street
London
W1U 1QX