FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 SEPTEMBER 1996

Co. Reg. No. 104007



DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 1996. The result for the year is shown in the attached profit and loss account. A first interim dividend of 70 pence per share was paid on 19 April 1996. A second first interim dividend of 70 pence per share was paid on 30 September 1996. The directors recommend that no final dividend be paid.

During the year the company was engaged solely in property investment. The directors foresee no material change in the scope or nature of the company's activities.

The investment properties have been valued for the board as at 31 August 1996 on the basis of "open market" value as defined in the RICS Appraisal and Valuation Manual issued by The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. Properties having a book value at 31 August 1996 in excess of £1,000,000 have been valued jointly by Messrs. Knight Frank and Jones Lang Wootton, as external valuers. Properties having a book value at 31 August 1996 of £1,000,000 or less have been valued by those executive directors of the parent undertaking, MEPC plc, who are Chartered Surveyors. The result incorporated in note 9 of the financial statements to 30 September 1996 was a net surplus attributable to ordinary shareholders of £550,208.

Directors who have served during the year were:

Mr J A Beveridge Mr J P M Lee Mr K P Monaghan Mr C M Moniz Mr J L Tuckey

Mr I R Watters

(appointed 6 June 1996)

Except as outlined below, no director had any interest in the share or loan capital of any group company during the year.

The interests of Mr J A Beveridge, Mr J L Tuckey and Mr I R Watters in the share and loan capital of the parent undertaking, MEPC plc, are set out in the financial statements of that company for the year ended 30 September 1996.

The interest of Mr J P M Lee, Mr K P Monaghan and Mr C M Moniz in the share and loan capital of the parent undertaking, MEPC plc, together with their right to acquire ordinary shares of that company in accordance with The MEPC plc Share Option Schemes, was as follows:-

	At 30 Septemb	er 1996	At 1 October 1 subsequent o appointme	iate of
	25p Ordinary Shares	Share options	25p Ordinary Shares	Share options
Mr J P M Lee Mr K P Monaghan Mr C M Moniz	4,998 4,784 6,525	45,861 43,756 50,631	5,689 3,798 7,473	45,861 43,756 50,631

The company secretary is Mr J P M Lee.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Directors' Responsibilities - in respect of the preparation of financial statements

The directors are required by company law to prepare financial statements, based on applicable accounting standards, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss for the year.

The directors ensure that, in preparing the financial statements, suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently, and reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, have been made. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

The directors are also responsible for ensuring that adequate systems of internal control are in operation, for maintaining adequate accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board

J L TUCKE Director

27 November 1996

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE LONDON COUNTY FREEHOLD AND LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 3 to 10.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, are consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 1996 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

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London

KPMG Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 30 September 1996

	Notes	<u>1996</u> £'000	<u>1995</u> £'000
Net income from properties	2	2,588	6,453
Administrative and other expenses	3	(348)	(326)
Operating profit	_	2,240	6,127
Other income	4	26,942	22,778
Gain on disposal of properties	5	487	2
Gain on disposal of investments	5	-	4,267
Cost of finance	6	(16,767)	(6,770)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	·	12,902	26,404
Taxation	7	(6,293)	(7,358)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	·	6,609	19,046
Dividends	8	(25,673)	<u>-</u>
Retained (loss)/profit	•	(19,064)	19,046
HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES			
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		12,902	26,404
Realisation of property revaluation gains in prior years		4,423	76
Amortisation charge (difference between historic cost and amount)	revalued		27
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation		17,325	26,507
Historical cost (loss)/profit retained		(14,641)	19,149
STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LO	<u>SSES</u>		
Profit for the year		6,609	19,046
Amortisation released		157	160
Surplus/(deficit) on revaluation of properties		550	(5,009)
Taxation allowances		11	24
		7,327	14,221

BALANCE SHEET

As at 30 September 1996

		<u>Notes</u>	<u>1996</u> £'000	<u>1995</u> £'000
FIXED ASSET	rs .			
Tangible asset Investment		9	31,955	43,535
Investments		10	8,323	15,323
			40,278	58,858
CURRENT AS	SETS			
DEBTORS:	Amounts falling due within one year	11	1,161	2,305
	Amounts falling due after more than one year	11	256,879	257,147
TOTAL ASSET	'S		298,318	318,310
Financed by:				
CAPITAL AND	RESERVES	•		
Called up st	nare capital	12	9,169	9,169
Share prem	ium account	13	2,789	2,789
Revaluation Other resen		13	24,295	28,011
Profit and lo		13	70,354	65,433
1 TOILE ATTO TO	ss account	13	84,028	103,579
SHAREHOLDE	RS' FUNDS		190,635	208,981
CREDITORS:	Amounts falling due within one year	14	8,059	9,733
	Amounts falling due after more than one year	, 14	99,624	99,596
TOTAL LIABILI	TIES		298,318	318,310
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Approved by the Board of Directors on 27 November 1996 and signed on its behalf by:

J L TUCKEY Director

NOTES

(Forming part of the Financial Statements)

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of investment properties and in accordance with section 226 of, and Schedule 4 to, the Companies Act 1985 and applicable accounting standards.

Depreciation and amortisation

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No 19, (i) investment properties are revalued annually and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to a revaluation reserve; and (ii) no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties and leasehold investment properties with over 20 years to expiry. This treatment may be a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act concerning depreciation of fixed assets. However, these properties are not held for consumption but for investment and the directors consider that systematic annual depreciation would be inappropriate. The accounting policy adopted is therefore necessary for the accounts to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

In relation to note 9, leasehold property where the lease has less than 50 years to expiry, is classified as short leasehold.

Amortisation has been provided on the book value of leasehold properties having less than 20 years to expiry.

Taxation

Capital allowances and industrial building allowances are taken to other reserves, when agreed.

2 NET INCOME FROM PROPERTIES

		<u>1996</u> £'000	<u>1995</u> £'000
Gross r	rental income and other charges (UK)	6,828	11,804
Gross :	rental income	7,131	10,351
Less:	Ground rents Amortisation of leasehold properties	2,433 157	3,293 160
	Other property outgoings less recoveries from tenants	1,953	445
		4,543	3,898
		2,588	6,453

NOTES (continued)

2 ADMINISTRATIVE AND UTHER EXPENSES	3	ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER EXPENSES
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	<u>1996</u> £'000	<u>1995</u> £'000
Intra-group fees Other administrative expenses	334 14	312 14
	348	326

The directors of the company received no remuneration during the year. The company did not employ any other persons as it is administered by employees of MEPC plc. Audit fees are paid by MEPC plc and are accounted for on a group basis.

4 OTHER INCOME

	<u>1996</u> £'000	<u>1995</u> £'000
Interest from group companies: Parent undertaking: MEPC plc Fellow subsidiary undertakings Other interest	15,679 11,255 8	14,874 7,901 3
	26,942	22,778

5 GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF INVESTMENTS AND GAIN ON REDEMPTION OF LOAN STOCK

	<u>1996</u> £'000	<u>1995</u> £'000
Gain on disposal of properties Gain on disposal of investment	487 	2 4,267
	487	4,269

The gain on disposal of properties and investments reflects the surplus between book value and net sale proceeds at the date of disposal.

6 COST OF FINANCE

	<u>1996</u> £'000	<u>1995</u> £'000
Interest due on loan stock 2010 Loss on waiver of loan stock	10,217 6,550	6,770 -
	16,767	6,770

NOTES (continued)

7	TAXATION ON PROFIT ON ORDII	NARY ACTIVITI	IES	<u>1996</u> £'000	<u>1995</u> £'000
	Amounts payable for losses to be s under group relief provisions at 33%	urrendered % (1995 - 33%)		6,293	7,358
8	DIVIDENDS			<u>1996</u> £'000	<u>1995</u> £'000
	Ordinary: Ist interim (paid) 2nd interim (paid)			12,836 12,837	
	Total appropriation from the profit a	and loss accoun	t	25,673	-
9	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES		1	Short	
		Freehold £'000	Long <u>Leasehold</u> £'000	Leasehold £'000	<u>Total</u> £'000
	October 1995 at valuation Additions Disposals Net surplus on revaluation	30,550 27 (1,035) 863	11,250 - (11,250)	1,735 138 (10) (313)	43,535 165 (12,295) 550
	30 September 1996	30,405	-	1,550	31,955
	External valuation Internal valuation	29,170 1,235	-	1,550 -	30,720 1,235
٠	30 September 1996	30,405	, -	1,550	31,955

The 1996 valuation of the investment properties was on the basis of "open market value" at 31 August 1996. Further information with regard to the valuation is given in the directors' report.

A long leasehold property valued at £5,750,000 (1995 - £6,100,000), where the lease has more than 150 years to expiry, has been classified as freehold.

The historical cost of investment properties was £9,372,098 (1995 - £ 17,079,570).

NOTES (continued)

10 INVESTMENTS

These comprise loan stocks to fellow subsidiary undertakings and securities which are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange. The listed securities are held at a cost of £323,000 (the current market value is £1,387,679).

The loan stocks to fellow subsidiary undertakings mature as follows:

	<u>1996</u> £'000	<u>1995</u> £'000
Repayable 1998	8,000	15,000

During the year £449,976 of the loan stock due 1998 was repaid and £6,550,024 repayment due on the loan stock (1998) from a fellow subsidiary undertaking was waived.

11 DEBTORS

	<u>1996</u> £'000	<u>1995</u> £'000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Rent and sundry receivables Other debtors	982 179	1,407 898
	1,161	2,305
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
Loan to fellow subsidiary undertaking Amounts due from the parent undertaking: MEPC plc	100,000 156,879	100,000 157,147
	256,879	257,147

12 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Authorised		Aliotted, issued and fully paid			
	1996	1995	1996		1995	
	£'000	£'000	No	£'000	No	£'000
Ordinary shares of 50p each	9,169	9,169	18,337,750	9,169	18,337,750	9,169
3.85% Cumulative preference shares of £1 each	821	821	•	-	-	_
Unclassified shares of 50p each	2,010	2,010	-	-	-	-
	12,000	12,000	18,337,750	9,169	18,337,750	9,169

THE LONDON COUNTY FREEHOLD AND LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES LIMITED

NOTES (continued)

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS ON SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 13

	£'000	Revaluation Reserve £'000	Other Reserves £'000	Profit & Loss £'000	1996 £'000	1995 £'000
1 October 1995		28,011	65,433	103,579	197,023	182,802
Share capital Share premium	9,169 2,789				9,169 2,789	9,169 2,789
Opening shareholders f	unds 11,958	28,011	65,433	103,579	208,981	194,760
Net surplus/(deficit) on revaluation Retained (loss)/profit Transfer between reser Taxation allowances Amortisation	ves	550 (4,423) 157	4,910 11	(19,064) (487)	550 (19,064) 11 157	(5,009) 19,046 - 24 160
30 September 1996	11,958	24,295	70,354	84,028	190,635	208,981
14 CREDITORS				<u>1996</u> £'000	_	<u>995</u> '000
Amounts falling du	ue within one year:					
Accruals and rent in advance Amounts payable for losses to be surrendered under group relief provision				1,689	5	,316
				6,370	4,417	
			_	8,059	9	,733
Amounts falling di	ue after more than	one year		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		···
10.161% Loan note 2010				99,624	99	,596
			<u></u>			

On 1 August 1996 the 10.161% loan note 2010 became due to the parent undertaking: MEPC plc.

15 COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments, for which provision has not been made in these financial statements amount to:

	<u>1996</u> £'000	<u>1995</u> £'000
Contracted	-	30

In the opinion of the directors, the disclosure requirements of SSAP 21 to show leasing commitments in respect of ground rents are not relevant to a property investment company.

NOTES (continued)

16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

No provision has been made for taxation which might become payable if the properties were sold at the net amount at which they stand in the financial statements. The directors estimate that if the properties were disposed of there would be no taxation liability.

It should be noted that the properties are held as long term investments and there is no intention of effecting such a disposal.

17 PARENT UNDERTAKING AND ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The parent undertaking and ultimate parent company is MEPC plc, a company registered in England and Wales. Copies of the group report and financial statements of MEPC plc are available from the company's registered office at 12 St James's Square, London SW1Y 4LB.