Report and Financial Statements

**31 December 2007** 

30/10/2008 COMPANIES HOUSE

# REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2007

CONTENTS	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Directors' report	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities	4
Independent auditors' report	5
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Notes to the financial statements	8

# **REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2007**

# OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

## **DIRECTORS**

H J Velge C R A Loncke N D Purshouse B R M A Cluydts

## **SECRETARY**

D C Smith

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Old Popplewell Lane Scholes Cleckheaton West Yorkshire BD19 6DE

# **SOLICITORS**

Cobbetts LLP No 1 Whitehall Riverside Leeds LS1 4BN

## **BANKERS**

HSBC plc 14 Bradford Road Cleckheaton West Yorkshire BD19 3JR

## **AUDITORS**

Deloitte & Touche LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Leeds

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2007

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company was the manufacture of profile wire

The profit for the year after taxation of £3,716,368 (2006 - £414,199 reflects a 3-month trading period)

The company did not pay a dividend during the year (2006 £nil) The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in the year ended 31 December 2007 (2006 £nil)

#### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

The company is continuing to develop its offshore business through internal expansion. Prospects in traditional mature markets continue to be challenging, due to increased foreign competition. Overall the foreseeable future looks positive

#### KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The company looks to maximise its on-time deliveries to customers. In the year the company achieved an on-time delivery success rate of 93% (2006 93%)

The company looks to maximise its utilisation of plant and equipment by minimising machine downtime. In the year the level of downtime and machine set-up time was measured at 82% (2006 81%)

The company endeavours to minimise its working capital. At the end of the year net working capital requirement was £1,532,282 (2006 £821,109)

## RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

#### Cash flow risk

The company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The company does not use foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge this exposure

#### Credit risk

The company's principal financial assets are bank balances and cash, and trade and other receivables

The company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful receivables. The company obtains credit insurance cover for all its customers.

#### **TREASURY**

The company's treasury operates procedures designed to reduce or eliminate financial risk. The policies are approved by the Board and the use of financial instruments is strictly controlled

The company's principal financial instruments comprise borrowings, cash and various items, such as trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. The company does not use forward foreign currency contracts to manage the currency rate risks arising from the company's operations. The company does not use interest rate swaps to manage the interest rate risks arising from the company's operations.

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

#### DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were as follows

H J Velge

C R A Loncke

N D Purshouse

B R M A Cluydts

## CHARITABLE/POLITICAL DONATIONS

The company made charitable and political donations of £Nil (2006 - £Nil) during the period

#### **PAYMENT TO SUPPLIERS**

It is company policy to agree terms and conditions for its business transaction with suppliers. Payment is made on these terms object to the terms and conditions being met by the supplier. The company's creditor days outstanding at 31 December 2007 were 53 days (2006-71 days).

#### DISABLED EMPLOYEES

Applications for employment by disabled employees are always fully considered, bearing in mind the respective aptitudes and abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of staff becoming disabled every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the company continues and appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the company that the training career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible be identical to that of other employees.

#### **EMPLOYEE CONSULTATION**

The company places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and has continued its previous practice of keeping them informed on matters affecting them as employees by holding regular briefing meetings on the various factors affecting the performance of the company

## DISCLOSURE OF RELEVANT INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s234ZA of the Companies Act 1985

#### **AUDITORS**

A resolution for the reappointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

D C Smith Secretary

21 October

2008

## STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF COLD DRAWN PRODUCTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Cold Drawn Products Limited for the year ended 31 December 2007 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 24 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

In addition, we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Leeds 2008

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
TURNOVER	2	28,505,404	6,168,043
Cost of sales		(20,927,570)	(4,568,375)
Gross profit		7,577,834	1,599,668
Distribution costs		(1,044,917)	(245,343)
Administrative expenses		(1,600,805)	(565,908)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	4,932,112	788,417
Interest receivable	6	29,253	25,452
Interest payable	5	(529,883)	(358,091)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE			
TAXATION		4,431,482	455,778
Taxation	7	(715,114)	(41,579)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER			
TAXATION/ PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL		3,716,368	414,199
YEAR	19	, ,	,

All of the activities of the company arose from continuing operations (2006) activities acquired in the year)

There were no recognised gains or losses for the year other than those included in the profit and loss account Therefore no statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

There was no material difference between the reported result and the result calculated on an unmodified historical cost basis

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this profit and loss account

# BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Goodwill	8	6,232,359	6,564,752
Fixed assets	9	5,325,052	
Investments	10	265,202	1,965,167
		11,822,613	13,383,457
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	11	1,871,841	2,050,109
Debtors	12	2,821,806	
Cash at bank and in hand		549,327	916,515
		5,242,974	5,506,981
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	13	(10,184,052)	(15,725,654)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(4,941,078)	(10,218,673)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		6,881,535	3,164,784
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	14	-	(16,275)
PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES	17	(536,578)	(519,920)
NET ASSETS		6,344,957	2,628,589
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	18	2,095,271	2,095,271
Profit and loss account	19	4,249,686	533,318
TOTAL EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	20	6,344,957	2,628,589

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

De 6 dober 2008

2008

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year.

## Basis of preparation

The financial statement have been prepared under the historic cost convention and in accordance with United Kingdom law and applicable accounting standard

The company is exempt from the obligation to prepare and deliver group financial statements as afforded by section 228 of Companies Act 12985, as it is itself a subsidiary undertaking of NV Bekaert SA, which prepares group financial statements that are publicly available

No cash flow statement has been presented, as the company has taken advantage of the dispensation allowed by FRS 1 'Cash flow statements (Revised 1996)' The financial statements of the company's ultimate parent undertaking, NV Bekaert SA, contain a consolidated cash flow statement which deals with the company's cash flows and is publicly available

#### Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods net of VAT and trade discounts as delivered to customers in the normal course of business

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following basis.

Freehold land is not depreciated

## **Investments**

Investments are stated at cost less provisions for any impairment

## Finance and operating leases

Assets acquired under finance leases or hire purchase are treated as tangible fixed assets and depreciation is provided accordingly. The present value of future rentals is shown as a liability and the interest element of rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital balance outstanding

Rental under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term

#### Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of weighted average cost, including production overheads and net realisable value. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price allowing for all further costs of completion and disposal. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete or slow moving stock.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Taxation

Current tax including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided on amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is not discounted

## Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currency are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

#### Pension costs

For defined contribution scheme the amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the balance sheet.

## Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiary undertakings and businesses, representing any excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired is capitalised and written off on a straight line basis over its useful economic life, estimated at twenty years Provision is made for any impairment as necessary

#### 2 TURNOVER

Turnover is attributable to one class of business

The analysis of turnover by geographical market, required by paragraph 55 of schedule 4 of the Companies Act 1985 has not been provided as, in the opinion of the directors, such disclosure would be seriously prejudicial to the interests of the company

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

3.	<b>OPERATING</b>	PROFIT
J.	OIDMINO	

0.2.a.m. (0.1.0)	2007	2006
Operating profit is stated after charging:	£	£
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		
Owned assets	769,535	140,461
Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	130,424	1,865
Operating lease rentals – plant and machinery	19,203	-
<ul> <li>land and buildings</li> </ul>	265,000	88,100
Amortisation of goodwill	332,393	83,098
Fees payable to the company's auditors for the audit of the		
company's annual accounts	15,055	7,500
Total audit fees	15,055	7,500
Tax services	2,200	12,750
Total non-audit fees	2,200	12,750

## 4. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

No emoluments were received by the directors (2006 £Nil) who held office during the year in respect of their services as directors of the company as the amount of centrally allocated remuneration from NV Bekaert S A is £Nil

Staff costs, including directors' emoluments, were as follows

	2007 £	2006 £
Wages and salaries	5,146,705	1,314,702
Social security costs	517,710	95,137
Other pension costs	132,166	34,566
	5,796,581	1,444,405
The average monthly number of employees, including executive directors, during	g the year was	
	2007	2006
	No	No
Production	177	160
Selling and distribution	3	3

During 2006 the average number of employees represent the average during the year 3 month trading period

## 5. INTEREST PAYABLE

Administration

	2007 £	2006 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	3,663	2,517
Interest payable to group companies	526,220	355,574
	529,883	358,091

14

177

12

192

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

	6.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE
--	----	---------------------

Tax losses not recognised

Current tax charge for year

Prior year adjustment

Short term timing differences

Losses available for carry forward

	Bank interest	29,019	3,475
		29,019	21,977
	Interest receivable from group companies		
		29,253	25,452
7.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of charge in year		
		2007	2006
		£	£
	UK corporation tax		
	Current tax on income for the year	773,590	87,446
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(75,134)	(5,075)
	Total UK taxation	698,456	82,371
	Deferred taxation – acclerate capital allownaces	16,658	(40,792)
	Total tax charge	715,114	41,579
	Factors affecting the tax		
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than that resulting from applying the stan the UK of 30%. The differences are explained below	dard rate of corpora	ation tax in
	•	2007 £	2006 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	4,431,482	455,778
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation	1 220 445	126 724
	tax of 30% (2006 30%) Effects of	1,329,445	136,734
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	4,811	25,690
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(62,756)	(22,100)
	Amortisation of intangible asset not deductible	99,718	24,929
	Group relief	(598,000)	(97,830)
	T 1	(270,000)	(57,050)

A change in the corporation tax rate for future accounting periods from 30% to 28% was announced the balance sheet date. This change in tax legislation has now been substantially enacted and will come into effect from 1 April 2008

(5,708)

1,795

23,936

(5,075)

82,371

372

(75, 134)

698,456

2007

£

2006 £

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

# 8. GOODWILL

Purchase of Trade and Assets £
6,647,850
83,098
332,393
415,491
6,232,359
6,564,752

# 9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Short Leasehold Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Assets under construction	Total
I.	£	ı.	L	£
13,470	4.011.620	33,989	936,785	4,995,864
•		-	•	-
137,565	1,042,065	-	200,547	1,380,177
	(12,015)	(4,067)	<u>-</u> _	(16,082)
521,433	5,608,057	29,922	200,547	6,359,959
226	133,200	8,900	-	142,326
20,015	870,661	9,283	•	899,959
	(6,058)	(1,320)		(7,378)
20,241	997,803	16,863		1,034,907
501,192	4,610,254	13,059	200,547	5,325,052
13,244	3,878,420	25,089	936,785	4,853,538
	Leasehold Land and buildings £ 13,470 370,398 137,565 - 521,433 226 20,015 - 20,241 501,192	Leasehold Land and buildings       Plant and machinery         13,470       4,011,620         370,398       566,387         137,565       1,042,065         -       (12,015)         521,433       5,608,057         226       133,200         20,015       870,661         -       (6,058)         20,241       997,803         501,192       4,610,254	Leasehold Land and buildings         Plant and machinery         Motor vehicles           13,470         4,011,620         33,989           370,398         566,387         -           137,565         1,042,065         -           -         (12,015)         (4,067)           521,433         5,608,057         29,922           226         133,200         8,900           20,015         870,661         9,283           -         (6,058)         (1,320)           20,241         997,803         16,863           501,192         4,610,254         13,059	Leasehold Land and buildings         Plant and machinery         Motor vehicles construction           13,470         4,011,620         33,989         936,785           370,398         566,387         - (936,785)           137,565         1,042,065         - 200,547           - (12,015)         (4,067)         -           521,433         5,608,057         29,922         200,547           226         133,200         8,900         -           20,015         870,661         9,283         -           - (6,058)         (1,320)         -           20,241         997,803         16,863         -           501,192         4,610,254         13,059         200,547

Included in land and buildings is land amounting to £nil (2006 £nil) which is not depreciated

The net book amounts of assets held under finance lease or hire purchase contracts included above were

2007	2006
£	£
Plant and machinery 34,086	43,496

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

## 10. FIXED ASSETS INVESTMENTS

			in subsidiary undertakings £
Cost At 1 January 2007 and 31 December 2007			1,965,167
Provision for impairment At 1 January 2007 Written off			1,699,965
At 31 December 2007			1,699,965
Net book amount At 31 December 2007			265,202
At 31 December 2006			1,965,167
The subsidiary undertakings are as follows			
	Class of share capital held	Proportion of share capital held	Nature of business
Lane Brothers Engineering Industries Unlimited Barnards Unlimited Ryelands-Whitecross Limited	Ordinary £1 shares Ordinary £1 shares Ordinary £1 shares	100% 100% 100%	Dormant Dormant Dormant

The investment in Ryelands-Whitecross was fully impaired as at 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2007. The company also had a 50% indirect interest in European Bridge Wire Limited through its holding in Ryelands-Whitecross Limited (both of which are dormant).

On 28 April 2006 Cold Drawn Products Limited acquired the share capital of Lane Brothers Engineering Industries Limited at fair value

During the year the Lane Brothers Engineering Industries Unlimited and Barnards Unlimited repurchased their shares leading to a reduction in the value of the investment held by Cold Drawn Products Limited

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

11.	STOCKS		
		2007 £	2006 £
	Raw materials	863,335	680,767
	Work-in-progress	659,933	728,416
	Finished goods	348,573	576,312
	Spare parts		64,614
		1,871,841	2,050,109
12	DEBTORS		
12	DEDIUNS	2007	2006
		£	£
	Due within one year		
	Trade debtors	2,588,030	2,240,344
	Amounts owed by group companies	12,679	-
	Other debtors	221,097	300,013
		2,821,806	2,540,357
13.	CREDITORS. AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2007 £	2006 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts (note 15)	-	147,316
	Trade creditors	2,927,589	3,469,344
	Amount owed to group undertakings	6,018,876	11,066,587
	Corporation tax	334,898	332,660
	Other taxes and social security	193,206	174,418
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	16,275	16,275
	Other creditors	693,208	519,054
		10,184,052	15,725,654
	Finance lease and hire purchase creditors are secured on the assets concerned		
14.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YI		
		2007 £	2006 £
	Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	-	16,275

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

#### 15. LOANS

Loans fall due for payment as follows

	Loans fall due for payment as follows		
		2007 £	2006 £
	Bank loans Within one year	-	147,316
16.	FINANCE LEASES		
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase agreements		
		2007 £	2006 £
	Within one year Between one and five years	16,275	16,275 16,275
		16,275	32,550
	Finance lease and hire purchase creditors are secured on the assets concerned		
17.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITES		
			Deferred taxation £
	At 1 January 2007 Charged to the profit and loss account		519,920 16,658
	At 31 December 2007		536,578

At the end of the current and previous year the company had no unprovided deferred tax liabilities. At the end of the year the company had an unrecognised deferred tax asset of £Nil (2006 £23,936). In addition the company had capital losses available for carry forward at the year end of £9,772,000 (2006 £9,772,000).

# 18. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Authorised Ordinary £1 shares	Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary shares £1 shares	
	£	No.	£
At 1 January 2007	5,000,000	2,095,271	2,095,271
At 31 December 2007	5,000,000	2,095,271	2,095,271

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

## 19 RESERVES

19	RESERVES		Profit and loss account £
	At 1 January 2007 Profit for the year		533,318 3,716,368
	At 31 December 2007		4,249,686
20.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS'	FUNDS 2007 £	2006 £
	Opening equity shareholders' funds Issue of share capital during the year Profit for the year	2,628,589 3,716,368	214,390 2,000,000 414,199
	Closing equity shareholders' funds	6,344,957	2,628,589

## 21. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

The company had no known contingent liabilities at 31 December 2007 (2006 nil)

At 31 December 2007 the company has annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	2007 £	2006 £
Operating leases which expire		
Assets Other than Land & Buildings		
Within 1 year	-	-
Within 2 to 5 year	26,221	-
Land & Buildings		
Within 1 year	•	-
Within 2 to 5 year	265,000	265,000
	291,221	265,000
	<del></del>	

## 22. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related party disclosures" not to disclose transactions with member of the group headed by NV Bekaert SA on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within that group, and the company is included in consolidated financial statements

# 23. PENSION COSTS

The company contributes to a number of defined contribution schemes The assets of these schemes are held separately from those of the company in independently administered funds. Contributions paid to the scheme amounted to £132,166 (2006-£34,566)

At the year end, contributions included within creditors totalled £832 (2006 £4,733)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

# 24. PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTIES

The immediate and ultimate parent company, and ultimate controlling party of the group of undertakings for which largest and smallest group accounts are drawn up and of which the company is a member, is NV Bekaert SA, a company incorporated in Belgium Copies of NV Bekaert SA accounts can be obtained form NV Bekaert SA, Corporate Communications, President Kennedy Park 18, BE-8500 Kortrijk, Belgium