# IPC Media Limited

Report and financial statements for the year ended

31 December 2010

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# Directors' report

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

#### Business review

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of ultimate parent Time Warner Inc and in the UK the company's results are reported within the group accounts of Time Warner Holdings Limited The annual reports of these parent entities contain information regarding the performance, future development and risks and uncertainties affecting the company

The principal activity of the company is magazine and online publishing

Turnover increased 15% year on year whilst operating costs excluding the exceptional item were flat. As a result operating profit before the exceptional item increased 12% year on year to £51.3m

In accordance with FRS 17, an exceptional item of £20 5m has been included in operating profit relating to the pension surplus not recognised due to scheme closure to future service accrual

No equity dividends were proposed or paid during the year (2009 - £nil)

#### Going concern

On the basis of their assessment of the company's financial position the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future thus they consider that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis

#### Directors

The directors during the year and subsequently were

S J Auton

H Averill

F A Dent

R J Evans

S K Evans

S Hırst

D M Mair

C L Meredith

J A Newcombe

N Robinson

E A Webster (resigned 31 December 2010)

P R Williams

#### Company Secretaries

L E Klein

S J Williams

#### Directors' indemnity

The company has granted indemnities to its directors against hability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006. This qualifying third party indemnity provision was in force throughout the period and remains in force as at the date of approving the directors' report.

# Directors' report (Cont'd)

#### Employee participation

Employees are informed of the performance and prospects of the company and encouraged to become aware of the financial and economic factors which affect the company and its ability to compete in the marketplace. The individual contributions of staff are recognised as being essential to the future success of the business.

The company has an established staff council which met regularly during the year

# Disabled persons

It is the company's policy to consider the skills and aptitudes of disabled persons fully and fairly at all times in recruitment, career development, training and promotion. In pursuing this policy and having special concern for employees who become disabled, all practical measures are taken to ensure that disabled persons are placed in jobs suited to their individual circumstances.

#### **Donations**

During the year the company made charitable donations of £27,498 (2009 · £14,523)

#### Disclosure of information to the auditors

As far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware there is no relevant information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Directors have taken all the steps they ought to take as directors to make themselves aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed by order of the Board

Enousie

S J Williams

Company Secretary Blue Fin Building 110 Southwark Street

London SE1 0SU

4 July 2011

# Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,

make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,

state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of IPC Media Limited

We have audited the financial statements of IPC Media Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 21 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report

#### Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended.
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

# Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Karl Vice (Sendr statutory auditor) for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

July 2011

# Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2010 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2009 £'000
Turnover	2	356,074	350,734
Cost of sales		(166,581)	(170,387)
Gross profit		189,493	180,347
Sales and distribution costs		(90,265)	(90,086)
Administrative expenses excluding exceptional item		(47,923)	(44,358)
Operating profit before exceptional item		51,305	45,903
Exceptional administrative expenses Pension surplus not recognised under FRS 17 due to scheme closure to future service accrual		(20,500)	
Operating profit	3	30,805	45,903
Net interest receivable	6	437	597
Other finance income	7	5,700	3,200
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		36,942	49,700
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	9	(12,241)	(300)
Profit for the year	17	24,701	49,400

Turnover and operating income arose from continuing operations

# Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2010 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2009 £'000
Profit for the financial year		24,701	49,400
Actuarial losses on post employment plans Tax (charge)/credit	8 9	(607) (549)	(28,987) 8,116
Total gains and losses recognised for the year		23,545	28,529

# Balance sheet

as at 31 December 2010	mber 20	10
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	Note	31 December 2010 £'000	31 December 2009 £'000
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	10	18,185	24,843
Tangible assets	11	38,157	45,199
Investments	12	<u>79,746</u>	81,246
		136,088	151,288
Current assets			
Stocks	13	4,399	5,156
Debtors amounts falling due after more than one year	14	751	653
Debtors amounts falling due within one year	14	205,174	136,322
Cash at bank and in hand		24,126	45,682
		234,450	187,813
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	15	(127,881)	(105,959)
Net current assets		106,569	81,854
Total assets less current liabilities		242,657	233,142
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	15	(13,877)	(15,510)
Total net assets excluding pension asset/(hability)		228,780	217,632
Post employment assets	8	6,318	•
Post employment liabilities	8	(2,226)	(10,044)
Pension asset/(liability)		4,092	(10,044)
Total net assets including pension asset/(liability)		232,872	207,588
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	16	2,580	2,580
Share premium account	17	112,887	112,887
Share redemption account	17	2,318	2,318
Equity share-based payments	17	8,501	6,762
Profit and loss account	17	106,586	83,041
Equity shareholders' funds	17	232,872	207,588

S K Evans Director for the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements are presented for the company as an individual undertaking. The company is not required to prepare group financial statements under Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 because its parent undertaking is established under the law of a member State of the European Union

Under the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 1 · 'Cash Flow Statements', the company has not prepared a cash flow statement because it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Time Warner Inc , which is incorporated in the United States of America and which has prepared consolidated financial statements which are publicly available

On the basis of their assessment of the company's financial position the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future thus they consider that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

Where appropriate, prior year comparatives have been restated to be consistent with the current year classification

#### Share based payments

For the purposes of determining the equity settled cost under FRS 20 the fair value of share based payments are estimated using the Black Scholes option pricing model, and recognised as an expense over the vesting period Adjustments are made to the fair values to reflect the likelihood that share based payments will not vest due to employees leaving the company

## Investments

Investments are stated at cost less provision, if appropriate, for any impairment in value

# Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially capitalised at fair value on acquisition and are subsequently amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic life up to a maximum of 20 years

The carrying value of intangible assets is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full year following acquisition and in other periods when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

## Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided on a basis that will write off the book value of fixed assets on a straight line basis over their expected lives. Depreciation rates range from 10% to 33 1/3% for equipment and the remaining lease term for leasehold improvements.

The carrying value of tangible fixed assets is reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

# Operating leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the periods of the leases

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value

for the year ended 31 December 2010

# 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that they are considered recoverable against future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax balances are not discounted

#### Pensions

The company operates defined benefit and defined contribution pension schemes

The defined benefit charge to operating profit is the cost of accruing pension benefits promised to employees over the year plus any gains and losses arising on settlements and curtailments and any benefit improvements granted to members by the company during the year

Other finance income in the profit and loss account includes a credit equivalent to the expected return on defined benefit scheme assets over the year offset by a charge equal to the expected increase in the present value of liabilities over the year. The difference between the market value of defined benefit scheme assets and the present value of the plans liabilities is disclosed as an asset or liability on the company's balance sheet net of deferred taxation. Any difference between the expected return on assets and that actually achieved and any changes in the liabilities over the year due to changes in assumptions or experience are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

Contributions payable by the company in respect of defined contribution schemes are charged to operating profit as incurred

## Foreign exchange

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates ruling on the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and habilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates ruling on that date. The translation differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

# 2 Segmental information

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 December	31 December
The analysis of the company's turnover by destination	2010	2009
of geographical market is as follows	£'000	£'000
United Kingdom	317,842	314,496
Europe	23,386	24,667
Rest of the world	14,846	11,571
Total	356,074	350,734

Turnover is derived from the company's principal activity, magazine and online publishing, and is stated net of trade discounts and VAT

It is not appropriate to analyse operating profit or net assets attributable to geographical market as the company operates principally from one geographical location

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

3	Operating profit		
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting)		
	Depreciation of owned tangible assets	10,631	11,023
	Amortisation of intangible assets	2,147	2,399
	Auditors' remuneration		
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the company and fellow subsidiaries	180	175
	Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	11,505	11,481
	Profit on disposal of fixed assets and titles	(767)	(346)
4	Information regarding directors and employees		
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Staff costs (including directors)		
	Wages and salaries	80,586	80,767
	Social security costs	8,106	8,295
	Pensions (note 8)	6,208	4,518
		94,900	93,580
		34,300	
		Number	Number
	The monthly average number of persons employed		
	Editorial	853	890
	Sales and distribution	717	766
	Administration	368	387_
		1,938	2,043
5	Directors' emoluments		
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Total emoluments	2,908	2,482
	Compensation for loss of office	-	<u>263</u>
	Company contributions paid to money purchase schemes	25	24

for the year ended 31 December 2010

# 5 Directors' emoluments (continued)

The number of directors accruing benefits at the year end in respect of defined benefit pension schemes is  $6 (2009 \cdot 6)$  There were  $2 (2009 \cdot 2)$  directors accruing benefits at the year end in respect of defined contribution pension schemes

The number of directors that exercised share options during the year was 12 (2009 9)

	Analysis of emoluments (excluding pension contributions) of the highest paid	director	
		Year ended 31 December 2010 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2009 £'000
	Aggregate emoluments	581_	451_
	Accrued pension at year end	40	37
6	Net interest receivable		
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Interest receivable from group undertakings	431	338
	Other interest receivable	6	<u> 272</u>
	Interest receivable	437	610
	Interest payable		(13)
	Net interest receivable	437	597
7	Other finance income		
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Interest on post employment plan habilities (note 8)	(16,600)	(13,800)
	Expected return on post employment plan assets (note 8)	22,300	17,000
		5,700_	3,200

#### 8 Pension commitments

The company operates a number of pension schemes. The valuation of defined benefit liabilities used for the FRS 17 disclosures has been based on a formal actuarial valuation updated by an independent qualified actuary to take account of the requirements of FRS 17. Scheme assets are stated at their 'bid' market values as at the balance sheet date. On 1 April 2011 the company closed its defined benefit scheme for future service accrual. In accordance with FRS 17 an exceptional item of £20.5m has been included in operating profit relating to the pension surplus not recognised due to scheme closure to future service accrual.

The amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs is analysed as follows

	Defined benefit year ended 31 December 2010 £'000	Defined contribution year ended 31 December 2010 £'000	Total year ended 31 December 2010 £'000	Defined benefit year ended 31 December 2009 £'000	Defined contribution year ended 31 December 2009 £'000	Total year ended 31 December 2009 £'000
Current service cost Pension surplus not recognised	4,700 20,500	1,508	6,208 20,500	3,100	1 418	4,518
Total charge to operating profit	25,200	1,508	26,708	3 100	1 418	4 518
Expected return on assets Interest on liabilities	(22,300) 16,600		(22,300) 16,600	(17,000) 13,800		(17 000) 13,800
Total finance income	(5,700)		(5,700)	(3 200)		(3 200)
Total profit and loss account charge/(credit)	19,500	1,508	21,008	(100)	1,418	1 318
Principal actuarial assumptions					31 December 2010	31 December 2009
Rate of price inflation Rate of increase in salaries Rate of increase in pensions					% 3 50 4 50 3 35	% 3 50 4 50 3 35
Rate of increase of deferred benefits Discount rate Mortality (post retirement tables used)					3 50 5 57 SAPs light normal *	3 50 5 88 SAPs light normal *

<sup>\*</sup> Allowing for medium cohort future mortality improvements, subject to a minimum level of improvement of 1% pa for males and 0.5% for females

Fair value of assets and expected rate of return  Equities Property Corporate bonds Gilts Cash	Expected rate of return 31 December 2010 % 8 50 7 30 5 42 4 18 3 70	Fair value 31 December 2010 £m 245 5 0 8 41 2 42 6 6 6	Expected rate of return 31 December 2009 % 8 50 7 00 5 66 4 45 2 00	Fair value 31 December 2009 £m 202 4 0 5 35 8 34 1 0 3
Total fair value of assets		336 7		<u> 273 1</u>
Net post employment assets/(habilities)			31 December 2010 £'000	31 December 2009 £'000
Fair value of scheme assets			336,700	273,050
Present value of scheme liabilities			(318,150)	(287,000)
Surplus/(deficit) in scheme			18,550	(13,950)
Pension surplus not recognised			(20,500)	
			(1,950)	(13,950)
Related deferred tax asset (see note 9c)			6,042	3 906
Net pension asset/(hability)			4,092	(10,044)

At 31 December 2010 the net pension asset of £4,092,000 (2009 £10,044,000 liability) represented individual plan surpluses of £6,318,000 (2009 £nil) and deficits of £2,226,000 (2009 £10,044,000) Of the individual plan deficits £2,226,000 (2009 £1,980,000) related to unfunded schemes

for the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 8 Pension commitments (continued)

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 December	31 December
	2010	2009
Analysis of movement in scheme assets	000°£	£'000
At 1 January	273,050	222,750
Expected return on assets	22,300	17,000
Actuarial gain on assets	15,500	37,000
Employer contributions	32,107	4,427
Employee contributions	1,500	1,700
Benefits paid	(7,757)	(9,827)
At 31 December	336,700_	273,050

Scheme assets do not include any of IPC Media Limited's own financial instruments or any property occupied by IPC Media Limited

The expected return on scheme assets is determined by considering the expected returns available on the assets underlying the current investment policy. Expected yields on gilts and corporate bonds are based on long term gilt indices and corporate bond yields as at 31 December 2010. Expected returns on equity investments reflect long term real rates of return experienced in the respective markets.

The total contributions expected to be made to the scheme by IPC Media Limited in the year to 31 December 2011 is £1 4m

# Analysis of movement in scheme liabilities

At 1 January Employer service cost Interest cost Employee contributions Actuarial losses Benefits paid from scheme assets At 31 December				(287,000) (4,700) (16,600) (1,500) (16,107) 7,757 (318,150)	(212,240) (3 100) (13,800) (1,700) (65,987) 9 827 (287,000)
Summary of scheme assets and habilities	31 December 2010 £'000	31 December 2009 £'000	31 December 2008 £'000	31 December 2007 £'000	31 December 2006 £'000
Scheme assets	336,700	273,050	222,750	284,569	262,913
Scheme liabilities	(318,150)	(287,000)	(212 240)	(251,293)	(242,842)
Surplus/(deficit)	18,550	(13,950)	10 510	33,276	20,071
History of experience adjustments	Year ended 31 December 2010 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2009 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2007 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2006 £'000
History of experience adjustments  Experience gain/(loss) on scheme assets	31 December 2010	31 December 2009	31 December 2008	31 December 2007	31 December 2006
•	31 December 2010 £'000	31 December 2009 £'000	31 December 2008 £'000	31 December 2007 £'000	31 December 2006 £'000
Experience gain/(loss) on scheme assets	31 December 2010 £'000	31 December 2009 £'000 37 000	31 December 2008 £'000 (85 300)	31 December 2007 £'000 (839)	31 December 2006 £'000 9,613
Experience gain/(loss) on scheme assets  As a % of scheme assets	31 December 2010 £'000 15,500	31 December 2009 £'000 37 000 13 6%	31 December 2008 £'000 (85 300)	31 December 2007 £'000 (839) (0 3%)	31 December 2006 £'000 9,613 3 7%
Experience gain/(loss) on scheme assets  As a % of scheme assets  Experience gain/(loss) on scheme liabilities	31 December 2010 £'000 15,500 4 6%	31 December 2009 £'000 37 000 13 6% 17,200	31 December 2008 £'000 (85 300) (38 3%)	31 December 2007 £'000 (839) (0 3%)	31 December 2006 £'000  9,613 3 7%  (1,075)
Experience gain/(loss) on scheme assets  As a % of scheme assets  Experience gain/(loss) on scheme liabilities  As a % of scheme habilities	31 December 2010 £'000 15,500 4 6% 5,500	31 December 2009 £'000 37 000 13 6% 17,200 6 0%	31 December 2008 £'000 (85 300) (38 3%)	31 December 2007 £'000 (839) (0 3%) (15,704) (6 2%)	31 December 2006 £'000 9,613 3 7% (1,075) (0 4%)

The cumulative amount of actuarial losses recognised in the statement of recognised gains and losses is £31 0m (2009 £29 8m)

9 Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	vitie	ictivities
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9	laxation on profit on ordinary activities		
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	a) The charge based on the profit for the year 1s as follows		
	Taxation based on the profit for the year		
	UK Corporation tax payable at 28% (2009 28%)	4,097	31
	Double tax relief	(26)	(31)
	Group relief payments	11,963	
	Under/(over) provision for prior years	4	(870)
	Overseas tax suffered	26	31_
	Total current tax charge/(credit) (see 9 (b) below)	16,064	(839)
	Deferred tax		
	Timing differences, origination and reversal	(3,473)	867
	Credit due to change in tax rates	(359)	•
	Under provision for prior years	9	272_
	Total deferred tax (see 9 (c) below)	(3,823)	1,139
	Total tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	12,241	300

# b) Circumstances affecting the current tax charge

The standard rate of current tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax, is 28% (2009 28%) The current tax charge for the year differs from the standard rate for the reasons in the reconciliation below

	Year ended 31 December 2010 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2009 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	36,942	49,700
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%)	10,344	13,916
Factors affecting the tax charge		
Disallowable expenses	674	938
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	948	219
Write off relating to title disposals not allowable	1,263	
Tax under/(over) provided in previous years	4	(870)
Group relief received for nil consideration	•	(14,299)
Other timing differences	2,831	(743)
Total current tax charge/(credit) (see 9 (a) above)	16,064	(839)

# 9 Taxation on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

c) Deferred tax	Year ended 31 December	Year ended 31 December
Deferred tax is provided at 27% (2009 28%) in the financial statements as follows	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Included in debtors (see note 14) Included in post employment assets/(liabilities) (see note 8)	3,702 6,042	2,564 3,906
	9,744	6,470
Capital allowance pool in excess of book value of qualifying assets Short term timing differences	890 8,854	289 6,181
	9,744	6,470
Analysis of movement in deferred tax asset	£'000	
At 1 January 2010	6,470	
Credited to the profit and loss account (see note 9 (a) above)  Amounts debited to STRGL in respect of post employment habilities	3,823 (549)	
At 31 December 2010	9,744	

#### Factors affecting future tax charges

A number of changes to the UK corporation tax system were announced in the June 2010 and March 2011 Budget statements The Finance (No2) Act 2010, enacted in July 2010, included legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011 The effect of this change on the deferred tax balances has been included in the figures within these accounts

A further 1% reduction in the rate, to 26% from 1 April 2011, was substantively enacted via Resolution in March 2011 but this change was substantively enacted after the balance sheet date so is not reflected in the figures within these accounts Further changes to the rate are proposed to reduce the rate by a further 1% per annum to 23% by 1 April 2014, but these changes have not yet been substantively enacted and are not therefore included in the figures within these accounts. We estimate the impact upon deferred tax to be a reduction in the balance of approximately £1,443,000. It is not yet possible to quantify the impact of these rate changes upon current tax

10 Intangible fixed assets

Publishing		_
rights	Goodwill	Total
£'000	£'000	£'000
37,036	35,910	72,946
•	•	
(335)	(4, 176)	(4,511)
36,701	31,734	68,435
34,567	13,536	48,103
560_	1,587	2,147
35,127	15,123	50,250
1,574	16,611	18,185
2,469	22,374	24,843
	37,036 (335) 36,701  34,567 560  35,127	rights Goodwill £'000  37,036 35,910  (335) (4,176)  36,701 31,734   34,567 13,536 560 1,587  35,127 15,123

for the year ended 31 December 2010

11	<u>T</u> angible	e fixed	assets

11 Tangible fixed assets	Leasehold		
	1mprovements	Equipment	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost			2000
At 1 January 2010	22,168	70,218	92,386
Additions	48	5,659	5,707
Disposals	(2,342)	(5,264)	(7,606)
Reclassifications	23_	18_	41
At 31 December 2010	19,897_	70,631	90,528
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 January 2010	4,729	42,458	47,187
Charge for the year	1,587	9,044	10,631
Disposals	(1,002)	(4,486)	(5,488)
Reclassifications	23	18	41
At 31 December 2010	5,337	47,034	52,371
Net book value			
At 31 December 2010	14,560	23,597	_ 38,157
At 31 December 2009	<u>17,439</u>	27,760	45,199
12 Fixed asset investments			
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Shares in		
	subsidiary	Interest in	
	undertakings	Joint ventures	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost			
At 1 January 2010	133,733	5,651	139,384
Loan repayments		(1,500)	(1,500)
At 31 December 2010	133,733_	4,151	137,884
Provisions			
At 1 January 2010	(58,138)		(58,138)
At 31 December 2010	(58,138)		(58,138)
Net Book Value			
At 31 December 2010	75,595_	4,151	79,746
4. a. D. 1. aaaa			
At 31 December 2009	<u>75,595</u>	5,651	81,246

The company's fixed asset investments in subsidiaries relate to its 100% interests in the ordinary share capital of IPC Magazines (Overseas) Limited, Mousebreaker Limited and dormant companies IPC Magazines (Overseas) Limited is an intermediate holding company of a group of undertakings whose main activity is consumer magazine and online publishing. Mousebreaker Limited owns the intellectual property rights of an online casual gaming business which it has licenced to IPC Media Limited. The dormant companies hold certain publishing rights to magazines published by the company.

for the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 12 Fixed asset investments (continued)

IPC Media Limited has a 50% joint venture interest in European Magazines Limited European Magazines Limited's principal activity is the publication of the UK edition of Marie Claire magazine European Magazines Limited made a profit before tax of £321,000 for the year ended 31 December 2010 (year ended 31 December 2009 loss before tax £437,000) and had total shareholders' funds of £1,421,000 (31 December 2009 - £1,199,000) The year end for European Magazines Limited is 31 December European Magazines Limited is incorporated in England and Wales

IPC Media Limited also has a joint venture interest of 50% in Evarn Limited. The total investment in Evarn Limited of £4,151,000 consists of share capital of £576,000 and shareholder loan of £3,575,000 (31 December 2009 total investment £5,651,000 consisting of share capital £576,000 and shareholder loan £5,075,000). Evarn Limited's principal activity is the publication of LOOK magazine. Evarn Limited made a profit before tax of £3,193,000 for the year ended 31 December 2010 (year ended 31 December 2009 · profit before tax £890,000) and had a total shareholders' deficit of £4,120,000 (31 December 2009 · £7,734,000). The year end for Evarn Limited is 31 December. Evarn Limited is incorporated in England and Wales.

	13 Stocks		
		31 December	31 December
£'000 £		2010	2009
		000°£	£'000
Raw materials and consumables	Raw materials and consumables	4,399_	5,156

	31 December	31 December
	2010	2009
	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Trade debtors	15,677	15,905
Amounts owed by group undertakings	177,776	109,357
Amounts owed by joint ventures	607	429
Other debtors	2,184	1,680
Prepayments and accrued income	5,228	5,328
Deferred tax asset (see note 9 (c) above)	3,702	2,564
Corporation tax		1,059
	205,174	136,322

Where appropriate, prior year comparatives have been restated to be consistent with the current year classification

	31 December	31 December
	2010	2009
	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due after more than one year		
Other debtors	751	653
	751	653

for the year ended 31 December 2010

-		-			31 December	31 Decembe
					2010	2009
					£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year	:					.=
Trade creditors					51,055	47,288
Amounts owed to group undertakings	3				31,492	31,165
Amounts owed to joint ventures					905	1,042
Accruals and deferred income Other creditors					17,442	19,025
Taxation and social security					6,881 4,072	4,18′ 3,255
Corporation tax					4,071	0,202
Group relief payable					11,963	
010 up 10201 puly 0010					127,881	105,959
Where appropriate, prior year compa	ratives have	been restate	d to be consist	ent with the ci	ırrent year cla	assification
Amounts falling due after more than Other creditors	ı one year				13,877	15,510
					31 December 2010	31 December 2009
Called up, allotted and fully paid 2,580,500 ordinary shares of £1 each						
2,580,500 ordinary shares of £1 each		unds and mo Share premium account £'000	vement in rese Share redemption account £'000		2010 £'000 2,580	2009 £'000
2,580,500 ordinary shares of £1 each  Reconciliations of movements in sha  At 1 January 2009	reholders' f Share capital	Share premium account	Share redemption account	erves Equity share-based payments	2010 £'000 2,580 Profit and loss account £'000	2009 £'000 2,580 Total £'000
2,580,500 ordinary shares of £1 each Reconciliations of movements in sha	reholders' f Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Share redemption account	Equity share-based payments £'000	2010 £'000 2,580 Profit and loss account £'000 54,512 49,400	2009 £'000 2,580 Tota £'000 177,574 49,400
2,580,500 ordinary shares of £1 each Reconciliations of movements in sha  At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year Net actuarial losses on post	reholders' f Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Share redemption account	Equity share-based payments £'000	2010 £'000 2,580 Profit and loss account £'000	2009 £'000 2,580 Total £'000 177,574 49,400
2,580,500 ordinary shares of £1 each Reconciliations of movements in sha  At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year Net actuarial losses on post employment plans Recharge from parent undertaking for share options exercised	reholders' f Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Share redemption account	Equity share based payments £'000 5,277	2010 £'000 2,580 Profit and loss account £'000 54,512 49,400 (20,871)	2009 £'000 2,580 Tota £'000 177,574 49,400
2,580,500 ordinary shares of £1 each  Reconciliations of movements in sha  At 1 January 2009  Profit for the year  Net actuarial losses on post employment plans  Recharge from parent undertaking	reholders' f Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Share redemption account	Equity share based payments £'000	2010 £'000 2,580 Profit and loss account £'000 54,512 49,400 (20,871)	2009 £'000 2,580 Tota £'000 177,574 49,400 (20,871
2,580,500 ordinary shares of £1 each Reconciliations of movements in sha  At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year Net actuarial losses on post employment plans Recharge from parent undertaking for share options exercised Charge for share-based payments	Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Share redemption account £'000	Equity share based payments £'000  5,277  (46) 1,531	2010 £'000 2,580 Profit and loss account £'000 54,512 49,400 (20,871)	2009 £'000 2,580 Tota £'000 177,574 49,400 (20,871 (46 1,531
2,580,500 ordinary shares of £1 each Reconciliations of movements in sha  At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year Net actuarial losses on post employment plans Recharge from parent undertaking for share options exercised Charge for share-based payments  At 31 December 2009	reholders' f Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Share redemption account	Equity share based payments £'000 5,277	2010 £'000 2,580 Profit and loss account £'000 (20,871)	2009 £'000 2,580 Tota £'000 177,574 49,400 (20,871 (46 1,531 207,588
2,580,500 ordinary shares of £1 each Reconciliations of movements in sha  At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year Net actuarial losses on post employment plans Recharge from parent undertaking for share options exercised Charge for share-based payments  At 31 December 2009 Profit for the year	Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Share redemption account £'000	Equity share based payments £'000  5,277  (46) 1,531	2010 £'000 2,580 Profit and loss account £'000 54,512 49,400 (20,871)	2009 £'000 2,580 Tota £'000 177,574 49,400 (20,871 (46 1,531
At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year Net actuarial losses on post employment plans Recharge from parent undertaking for share options exercised Charge for share-based payments At 31 December 2009 Profit for the year Net actuarial losses on post	Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Share redemption account £'000	Equity share based payments £'000  5,277  (46) 1,531	2010 £'000 2,580 Profit and loss account £'000 (20,871)	2009 £'000 2,580 Tota £'000 177,574 49,400 (20,871 (46 1,531 207,588 24,701
At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year Net actuarial losses on post employment plans Recharge from parent undertaking for share options exercised Charge for share-based payments At 31 December 2009 Profit for the year Net actuarial losses on post employment plans	Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Share redemption account £'000	Equity share based payments £'000  5,277  (46) 1,531	2010 £'000 2,580 Profit and loss account £'000 (20,871)	200: £'000 2,586 Tota £'000 177,574 49,400 (20,871 (46 1,533 207,586 24,701
At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year Net actuarial losses on post employment plans Recharge from parent undertaking for share options exercised Charge for share-based payments At 31 December 2009 Profit for the year Net actuarial losses on post employment plans Recharge from parent undertaking for share options exercised Charge for share-based payments	Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Share redemption account £'000	Equity share based payments £'000 5,277 (46) 1,531	2010 £'000 2,580 Profit and loss account £'000 (20,871)  83,041 24,701 (1,156)	2009 £'000 2,586 Tota £'000 177,574 49,400 (20,871 (46 1,533 207,586 24,701 (1,156
2,580,500 ordinary shares of £1 each  7 Reconciliations of movements in sha  At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year Net actuarial losses on post employment plans Recharge from parent undertaking for share options exercised Charge for share-based payments  At 31 December 2009 Profit for the year Net actuarial losses on post employment plans	Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Share redemption account £'000	Equity share based payments £'000  5,277  (46) 1,531	2010 £'000 2,580 Profit and loss account £'000 (20,871)  83,041 24,701 (1,156)	200 £'00 2,58 Tota £'00 177,57 49,40 (20,87 (4 1,53 207,58 24,70

No equity dividends were proposed or paid during the year (2009 £ml)

2,580

Charge for share based payments

At 31 December 2010

112,887

2,038

8,501

106,586

2,318

2,038

232,872

for the year ended 31 December 2010

#### 18 Share-based payments

Certain employees of the company have been granted options to purchase shares in the company's ultimate parent undertaking, Time Warner Inc. Such options have been granted with exercise prices equal to, or in excess of, the fair market value at the date of grant. The options are denominated in US\$ and vest evenly over a 4 year period and expire 10 years from the date of grant.

In addition certain employees have been awarded restricted stock units in Time Warner Inc denominated in US\$ which vest over a four year period. Holders of awards are generally entitled to receive cash dividends or dividend equivalents during the period of time that the awards are unvested

The total charge to the profit and loss account in respect of share-based payments included within wages and salaries (see note 4) is £2,038,000 (2009 - £1,531,000)

a) Stock Options				
			Year ended	Year ended
Assumptions used in Black Scholes option pricing model			31 December	31 December
			2010	2009
Expected volatility			29 50%	35 20%
Expected term to exercise from grant date			6 51 years	6 11 years
Risk-free rate			2 90%	2 50%
Expected dividend yield			3 10%	4 40%
	2010 Number of	2010 Weighted average	2009 Number of	
	options '000	exercise price US \$	options '000	exercise price US \$
	000	price os ş	000	price OS \$
Outstanding as at 1 January	1,260	35 68	1,165	38 69
Granted	169	26 92	165	15 28
Exercised	(47)	30 62	(5)	27 95
Forfeited or expired	(49)	39 41	(65)	39 05
Outstanding as at 31 December	1,333	34 97	1,260	35 68
Exercisable at 31 December	967	38 85	909	39 73

The weighted average fair value of those options granted in 2010 was \$6 23 (2009 \$3 70)

For the share options outstanding as at 31 December 2010, the weighted average remaining contractual life is 4.8 years (2009 - 5.3 years)

The range of exercise prices for options outstanding at 31 December is \$15 27 to \$66 05 (2009 \$15 27 to \$66 05)

# b) Restricted Stock Units

	2010	2010 Weighted average	2009	2009 Weighted average
	Number of	grant date	Number of	grant date
	units	faır value	units	faır value
	'000	US\$	000'	US\$
Unvested as at 1 January	245	24 48	130	34 46
Granted	118	26 92	128	15 33
Vested	(37)	29 50	(3)	16 28
Forfeited	(7)	22 92	(10)	33 51
Unvested as at 31 December	319	24 23	245	24 48

The range of exercise prices for restricted stock units outstanding at 31 December 2010 is \$15 27 to \$41 48 (2009 \$15 27 to \$41 48)

for the year ended 31 December 2010

# 19 Operating lease commitments

Annual commitments under non cancellable land and buildings operating leases are as follows

	31 December 2010	31 December 2009
	000°£	£,000
Leases which expire		
Within one year	43	27
Between two to five years	324	279
After five years	11,127	11,101
	11,494_	11,407

#### 20 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related Party Disclosures' from disclosing transactions with fellow members of the group where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group

There were no material related party transactions during the year other than those set out below or disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements

#### Joint ventures

During the year the company sold goods and provided management and other services to European Magazines Limited The total value of these transactions was £10 9m (2009 £12 0m) As at 31 December 2010 the company was owed £0 6m (2009 £0 4m) by European Magazines Limited

During the year the company also sold goods and provided management and other services to Evarn Limited The total value of these transactions was £16 7m (2009 £16 8m) As at 31 December 2010 the company owed £0 9m (2009  $\cdot$  £1 0m) to Evarn Limited

The directors are satisfied that all related party transactions were carried out on an arm's length basis

#### 21 Parent undertakings

The company's immediate parent undertaking is IPC Magazines Holdings Limited

Time Warner Holdings Limited is the parent undertaking of the smallest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up. Time Warner Holdings Limited is registered in England and Wales and copies of its financial statements may be obtained from the Registrar of Companies in Cardiff

Time Warner Inc, a company incorporated in the United States of America, is the ultimate parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up. Copies of Time Warner Inc 's financial statements can be obtained from One Time Warner Center, New York, NY 10019, USA