

**THE COMPANIES ACTS, 1862 TO 1985**

**A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES**

**AMENDED MEMORANDUM**

(as altered by Special Resolution passed on the 31st day of August, 1956;  
by Resolution of the Directors passed on the 10th day of March, 1981;  
and by Special Resolution passed on the 1st day of June, 1998)

**AND**

**NEW ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

(adopted by Special Resolution passed on the 1st day of June, 1998)

**of**

**FRIDAY PRESS LIMITED**

Incorporated on the 6th day of February, 1897



Certified as the Memorandum of Association  
amended by special resolution  
passed on 1 June 1998

No. 51169

*Redawan.*

Secretary

The Companies Acts, 1862 to 1985

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Certified as the Memorandum of Association  
amended by special resolution  
passed on 1 June 1998

*[Signature]*  
Chairman

**AMENDED MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION**  
of  
**FRIDAY PRESS LIMITED \***

(As altered by Special Resolution passed on the 31st day of August, 1956; by Resolution of the Directors passed on the 10th day of March, 1981; and by Special Resolution passed on the 1st day of June, 1998.)

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- 1st. The Name of the Company is "FRIDAY PRESS LIMITED". \*
  - 2nd. The Company is to be a public company. \*\*
  - 3rd. The Registered Office of the Company will be situate in England.
  - 4th. The Objects for which the Company is established are:
    - (A) To acquire and take over as a going concern and carry on the business of a Publisher and Journal Proprietor now carried on by John Williams Benn at 11 Finsbury Square, in the County of London, under the style or firm of "J.W. Benn & Brothers", together with the whole of the real and personal property and assets of the proprietor of that business used in connection therewith or belonging thereto, and, with a view thereto, to enter into and carry into effect (either with or without modifications) an Agreement relating thereto, and also to the appointment of the said J.W. Benn as Managing Director, which has been already prepared and engrossed, and is expressed to be made between the said John Williams Benn of the one part, and the above-named Company (\*) of the other part, a copy whereof has, for the purpose of identification, been signed by the said J.W. Benn.

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\* The Company was incorporated with the name Benn Brothers, Limited. On 2nd June 1981, the Company was re-registered as a public company and the name was changed to BENN BROTHERS plc. On 4th July 1996, the Company's name was changed to FRIDAY PRESS PLC.

\*\* On 1st June 1998, a special resolution was passed to re-register the Company as a private company, limited by shares, with the name Friday Press Limited.

- (B) To carry on as a Joint Stock Company, Limited, the business referred to in the said Agreement as the same has heretofore been carried on by the said J.W. Benn & Brothers, and generally the business of publishers, newspaper and journal proprietors and printers, and such other businesses and processes in connection with the above-mentioned businesses as are customarily or usually carried on in connection therewith or are naturally incident to such businesses.
- (C) To purchase or by other means acquire or obtain or hold any freehold, leasehold, or other interest in any property of whatsoever tenure, or any interest in the copyright of any book, paper, pamphlet, design or composition for the purpose of or in connection with any of the before-mentioned businesses.
- (D) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill, and assets of any person, firm, or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which this Company is authorised to carry on, and, as part of the consideration for such acquisition, to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm, or company, or to acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into any arrangement for sharing profits, or for co-operation, or for limiting competition, or for mutual assistance, with any such person, firm, or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid, or property acquired, any Shares, Debentures, or securities that may be agreed upon; and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage, and deal with any Shares, Debentures, or securities so received.

- (E) To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and undertaking any of the liabilities of this Company, or of undertaking any business or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit this Company, or to enhance the value of any property or business of this Company.
- (F) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the undertaking of the Company, either together or in portions, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for Shares, Debentures, or securities of any company purchasing the same.
- (G) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (H) To lend and advance money or give credit to such persons and on such terms as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the Company, and to give guarantees or become security for any such persons.
- (I) To borrow and raise money and to secure or discharge any debt or obligation of or binding on the Company in such manner as may be thought fit and in particular by mortgages and charges upon the undertaking and all or any of the real and personal property (present and future) and the uncalled capital of the Company or by the creation and issue on such terms as may be thought expedient of Debentures, Debenture Stock or other securities of any description.
- (J) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments.

- (K) To improve, manage, cultivate, develop, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- (L) To remunerate any person, firm, or company rendering services to this Company, whether by cash payment or by the allotment to him or them of Shares or securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part, or otherwise.
- (M) To distribute among the Members of the Company in kind any property of the Company, and in particular any Shares, Debentures, or securities of other companies belonging to this Company, or of which this Company may have the power of disposing.
- (N) To subscribe for, underwrite, purchase or otherwise acquire and to hold, dispose of and deal in the shares, stocks and securities of any Company promoted by this Company or carrying on or proposing to carry on any business within the objects of this Company.
- (O) To make subscriptions to or guarantee money for any object considered likely to promote the interests of the Company or any national, charitable, benevolent, public, general or useful object or for any exhibition.
- (P) To grant pensions, bonuses or gratuities to any employees or ex-employees of the Company and to officers and ex-officers (including Directors and ex-Directors) of the Company or its predecessors in business or the relations, connections or dependants of any such persons, and to establish or support associations, institutions, clubs, funds and trusts which may be considered

calculated to benefit any such persons or otherwise advance the interests of the Company or of its members, and to establish and contribute to any scheme for the purchase by trustees of shares in the Company to be held for the benefit of the Company's employees and to lend money to the Company's employees to enable them to purchase shares of the Company, and to formulate and carry into effect any scheme for sharing the profits of the Company with its employees or any of them.

- (Q) To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

5th. The liability of the Members is limited.

6th. The capital of the Company is £150,000 divided into 150,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each. Any of the said shares for the time being unissued and any new shares from time to time to be created may from time to time be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights or such restrictions whether in regard to dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine but so that the special rights belonging to the holders of any shares hereafter issued with preferred or other special rights shall not be modified or abrogated except with such sanction as is provided by the Articles of Association of the Company for the time being.\*

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#### NOTES

- \* 1. The share capital of the Company has been increased and varied from time to time and as at the date of amending this Memorandum of Association, the authorised share capital is £3,000,000 divided into 3,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each.
2. The authorised share capital of the Company as at 1981 was £3,000,000 divided into 8,647,208 Ordinary shares of 25p each and 838,198 10% Cumulative Preference shares of £1 each.
3. The authorised share capital of the Company as at 10 April 1989 was £3,000,000 divided into 132,360,400 Ordinary shares of 1p each and 6,705,584 Deferred shares of 25p each.
4. The authorised share capital of the Company as at 1 June 1990 was £3,000,000 divided into 3,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each.

# THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

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A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

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## NEW ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Certified as the Articles of Association  
adopted by special resolution  
passed on 1 June 1998

of

Certified as the Articles of Association  
adopted by special resolution  
passed on 1 June 1998

*Redeman*

Secretary

**FRIDAY PRESS LIMITED \***

(adopted by special resolution passed on 1 June 1998)

*[Signature]*

Chairman

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### PRELIMINARY

1.(1) Subject as otherwise provided herein, the regulations in Table A in the Companies (Tables A-F) Regulations 1985 as amended prior to the adoption of the articles (*Table A*) shall apply to the company to the exclusion of any other regulations which would fall to constitute the company's articles of association pursuant to section 8(2) of the Act.

(2) The following provisions of Table A shall not apply to the company:-

- (a) in regulation 1, the definitions of *the articles*, *executed* and *the seal*;
- (b) regulation 2;
- (c) in regulation 24, the words "which is not fully paid";
- (d) in regulation 38, the final sentence;
- (e) regulation 54;
- (f) regulations 60 and 61;
- (g) in regulation 62:
  - (i) the words "not less than 48 hours" in sub-paragraph (a);
  - (ii) the words "not less than 24 hours" in sub-paragraph (b);
- (h) in regulation 66, the last sentence;

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\* The company was incorporated on 6th February 1897 with the name Benn Brothers, Limited. On 2nd June 1981, the company was re-registered as a public company and the name was changed to BENN BROTHERS plc. On 4th July 1996, the company's name was changed to FRIDAY PRESS PLC. On 1 June 1998, a special resolution was passed to re-register the company as a private company with the name Friday Press Limited.

- (i) regulation 72;
- (j) regulation 88;
- (k) regulations 93 to 98 inclusive;
- (l) regulation 112;
- (m) regulation 115;
- (n) regulation 118.

2.(1) In these Articles, except where the subject or context otherwise requires:

*The articles* means these articles of association, incorporating Table A (as applicable to the company), as altered from time to time by special resolution.

*director* means a director of the company.

*The directors* means the directors or any of them acting as the board of directors of the company.

*Dividend* means dividend or bonus.

*member* means a member of the company.

*Paid* means paid or credited as paid.

*The seal* means the common seal of the company and includes any official seal kept by the company by virtue of section 39 or 40 of the Act.

References to a document being executed include references to its being executed under hand or under seal or by any other method.

References to writing include references to any visible substitute for writing and to anything partly in one form and partly in another form.

Words denoting the singular number include the plural number and vice versa; words denoting the masculine gender include the feminine gender; and words denoting persons include corporations.

Subject to the final paragraph of regulation 1 of Table A (as applicable to the company), references to any provision of any enactment or of any subordinate legislation (as defined by section 21(1) of the Interpretation Act 1978) include any modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force.



Headings are inserted for convenience only and do not affect the construction of the Articles.

(2) In the Articles, (a) powers of delegation shall not be restrictively construed but the widest interpretation shall be given thereto; (b) the word *directors* in the context of the exercise of any power contained in the Articles includes any committee consisting of one or more directors, any director holding executive office and any local or divisional board, manager or agent of the Company to which or, as the case may be, to whom the power in question has been delegated; (c) no power of delegation shall be limited by the existence or, except where expressly provided by the terms of delegation, the exercise of that or any other power of delegation; and (d) except where expressly provided by the terms of delegation, the delegation of a power shall not exclude the concurrent exercise of that power by any other body or person who is for the time being authorised to exercise it under the Articles or under another delegation of the power.

### SHARE CAPITAL

3. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares or class of shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the Company may by ordinary resolution determine or, subject to and in default of such determination, as the directors shall determine.

4. Subject to the provisions of the Act relating to authority, pre-emption rights or otherwise and of any resolution of the company in general meeting passed pursuant thereto, and, in the case of redeemable shares, to the provisions of regulation 3 of Table A (as applicable to the company), all unissued shares for the time being in the capital of the company shall be at the disposal of the directors, and the directors may (subject as aforesaid) allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over, or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, on such terms and conditions, and at such time as it thinks fit.

### NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETING

5. At the end of regulation 38 of Table A (as applicable to the company) there shall be added the following sentence:

"Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members and to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member, but need not be given to the directors in their capacity as such".

## PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

6. Where for any purpose an ordinary resolution of the company is required, a special or extraordinary resolution shall also be effective and where for any purpose an extraordinary resolution is required a special resolution shall also be effective.

## VOTES OF MEMBERS

7. Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder.

## PROXIES AND REPRESENTATIVES OF BODIES CORPORATE

8. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or his attorney or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under its common seal or the hand of a duly authorised officer, attorney or other person authorised to sign it.

9. Instruments of proxy shall be in any usual form or in any other form which the directors may approve.

10. The instrument of proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to vote on any amendment of a resolution put to the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit. The instrument of proxy shall, unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates.

11. For so long as the company is a subsidiary, any director or secretary of a body corporate which is a member of the company (each such person being hereafter referred to as a *Qualifying Representative*) shall be recognised as the proxy of that body corporate unless the body corporate has delivered to the company in relation to the meeting a valid instrument of proxy which has not been revoked. If more than one Qualifying Representative of a body corporate is present at any meeting of the company, such persons shall agree between them who shall act as proxy for the body corporate. In default of their promptly so agreeing, the Chairman of the meeting shall direct which person shall act as proxy of the body corporate and his decision shall be final. All acts done by a Qualifying Representative who acts as proxy pursuant to the provisions of this article shall, notwithstanding that it afterwards be discovered that there was a defect in his appointment or that he was disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or that he was not authorised by the body corporate to do the act in question, be as valid as if such Qualifying Representative had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to hold the relevant office and had been duly authorised to do the act in question.

## ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

12.(1) At the end of regulation 66 of Table A (as applicable to the company) there shall be added the following sentence:

"A director or any other person approved pursuant to regulation 65 of Table A (as applicable to the company) may act as alternate director to represent more than one director, and an alternate director shall be entitled at meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors to one vote for every director whom he represents in addition to his own vote (if any) as a director, but he shall count as only one for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present".

(2) At the end of regulation 67 of Table A (as applicable to the company) there shall be added the following sentence:

"The appointment of an alternate director shall also determine automatically on the happening of any event which, if he were a director, would cause him to vacate his office as director".

(3) The words "or in any other manner approved by the directors" in regulation 68 of the Table A (as applicable to the company) shall be deleted and the following shall be added to that regulation:

"and shall take effect in accordance with the terms of the notice, subject to any approval required by regulation 65 of Table A (as applicable to the company), on receipt of such notice at the registered office of the company".

## DELEGATION OF POWERS OF THE DIRECTORS

13. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors. The directors may also delegate to any director holding any executive office such of their powers as the directors consider desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation shall, in the absence of express provision to the contrary in the terms of delegation, be deemed to include authority to sub-delegate to one or more directors (whether or not acting as a committee) or to any employee or agent of the company all or any of the powers delegated and may be made subject to such conditions as the directors may specify, and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any conditions imposed by the directors, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying.

14. The board may establish local or divisional boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the company, either in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of the local or divisional boards, or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration.

The board may delegate to any local or divisional board, manager or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in or exercisable by the board, with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any local or divisional board, or any of them, to fill any vacancies and to act notwithstanding vacancies. Any appointment or delegation made pursuant to this article may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the board may decide and the board may remove any person so appointed and may revoke or vary the delegation but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of the revocation or variation shall be affected by it.

15. The directors may appoint any person to any office or employment having a designation or title including the word *director* or attach to any existing office or employment with the company such a designation or title and may terminate any such appointment or the use of any such designation or title. The inclusion of the word *director* in the designation or title of any such office or employment shall not imply that the holder is a director of the company, nor shall the holder thereby be empowered in any respect to act as, or be deemed to be, a director of the company for any of the purposes of the articles.

#### APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

16.(1) While the company is a subsidiary, the immediate holding company for the time being of the company may appoint any person to be a director or remove any director from office. Every such appointment or removal shall be in writing and signed by or on behalf of the said holding company and shall take effect upon receipt at the registered office of the company or by the secretary.

(2) While the company is a subsidiary, the directors shall have power to appoint any person to be a director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing directors, subject to any maximum for the time being in force, and, subject to regulation 81 of Table A (as applicable to the company), any director so appointed shall hold office until he is removed pursuant to article 16.(1).

(3) While the company is a subsidiary, regulations 73 to 80 (inclusive) shall not apply to the company and all references elsewhere in Table A to retirement by rotation shall be modified accordingly.

17. At the end of regulation 81 of Table A (as applicable to the company) there shall be added the following sub-paragraph:

"; or

(f) he is requested to resign in writing by not less than three quarters of the other directors. In calculating the number of directors

who are required to make such a request to the director, (i) there shall be excluded any alternate director appointed by him acting in his capacity as such; and (ii) a director and any alternate director appointed by him and acting in his capacity as such shall constitute a single director for this purpose, so that the signature of either shall be sufficient".

#### **DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS**

18. The directors may exercise the voting power conferred by the shares in any body corporate held or owned by the company in such manner in all respects as they think fit (including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing any or all of them directors of such body corporate, or voting or providing for the payment or giving of remuneration or other benefits to the directors of such body corporate).

19. At the end of regulation 86 of Table A (as applicable to the company) there shall be added the following sub-paragraph:

"; and

(c) a director shall not in any circumstances be required to disclose to the directors that he is a director or other officer of, or employed by, or interested in shares or other securities of, any body corporate which is the ultimate holding company of the company or is a subsidiary of such ultimate holding company".

#### **GRATUITIES, PENSIONS AND INSURANCE**

20.(1) Without prejudice to the provisions of article 33, the directors shall have the power to purchase and maintain insurance for or for the benefit of any persons who are or were at any time directors, officers, or employees of the company, or of any other company which is its holding company or in which the company or such holding company has any interest whether direct or indirect or which is in any way allied to or associated with the company, or of any subsidiary undertaking of the company or any such other company, or who are or were at any time trustees of any pension fund in which employees of the company or any such other company or subsidiary undertaking are interested, including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) insurance against any liability incurred by such persons in respect of any act or omission in the actual or purported execution or discharge of their duties or in the exercise or purported exercise of their powers or otherwise in relation to their duties, powers or offices in relation to the company or any such other company, subsidiary undertaking or pension fund.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of regulation 85 of Table A (as applicable to the company), no director or former director shall be accountable to the company or the members for any benefit provided pursuant to this article and the receipt of any such benefit shall not disqualify any person from being or becoming a director of the company.

21. Pursuant to section 719 of the Act, the directors are hereby authorised to make such provision as may seem appropriate for the benefit or any persons employed or formerly employed by the company or any of its subsidiaries in connection with the cessation or the transfer of the whole or part of the undertaking of the company or any subsidiary. Any such provision shall be made by a resolution of the directors in accordance with the said section

### PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

22. Subject to the provisions of the articles, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. Notice of a meeting of the directors shall be deemed to be properly given to a director if it is given to him personally or by word of mouth or sent in writing to him at his last known address or any other address given by him to the company for this purpose. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a director who is absent from the United Kingdom. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. Any director may waive notice of a meeting and any such waiver may be retrospective.

23. A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors or of a committee of the directors (not being less than the number of directors required to form a quorum of the directors) shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors or (as the case may be) a committee of the directors duly convened and held and for this purpose:

- (a) a resolution may consist of several documents to the same effect each signed by one or more directors;
- (b) a resolution signed by an alternate director need not also be signed by his appointor; and
- (c) a resolution signed by a director who has appointed an alternate director need not also be signed by the alternate director in that capacity.

24. Without prejudice to the first sentence of article 22, a meeting of the directors or of a committee of the directors may consist of a conference

between directors who are not all in one place, but of whom each is able (directly or by telephonic communication) to speak to each of the others, and to be heard by each of the others simultaneously. A director taking part in such a conference shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting and shall be entitled to vote or be counted in a quorum accordingly. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating in the conference is assembled, or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting then is. The word *meeting* in the articles shall be construed accordingly.

25. A director may vote at any meeting of the directors or of a committee of the directors on any resolution concerning a transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is interested, or concerning any other matter in which the company is interested, notwithstanding that he is interested in that transaction, arrangement or matter or has in relation to it a duty which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the company.

#### SEAL

26. The company may exercise the powers conferred by section 39 of the Act with regard to having an official seal for use abroad.

27. Where the Act so permits, any instrument signed with the authority of a resolution of the directors or a committee of the directors by one director and the secretary or by two directors and expressed to be executed by the company as a deed shall have the same effect as if executed under the seal, provided that no instrument which makes it clear on its face that it is intended by the persons making it to have effect as a deed shall be signed without the authority of the directors.

28. A document which is executed by the company as a deed shall not be deemed to be delivered by the company solely as a result of its having been executed by the company.

#### CERTIFICATION

29. Any director or the secretary or any person appointed by the directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the company and any resolutions passed by the company or the holders of any class of shares of the company or the directors or any committee of the directors, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or the minutes of or an extract from the minutes of a meeting of the company or the holders of any class of shares of the company or of the directors or any committee of the directors that is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the

company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that such minutes or extract is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

#### RECORD DATES

30. Notwithstanding any other provision of the articles, the company or the directors may fix any date as the record date for any dividend, distribution, allotment or issue, and such record date may be on, or at any time before or after, any date on which the dividend, distribution, allotment or issue is declared, paid or made.

#### NOTICES

31. The company may serve or deliver any notice or other document on or to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address or by sending it by facsimile transmission to the member at the last telephone number (if any) which the member has given the company for this purpose. In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices or other documents shall be served on or delivered to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members in respect of the joint holding and any notice or other document so served or delivered shall be deemed for all purposes sufficient service on or delivery to all the joint holders. A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise:

- (a) no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company;
- (b) without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, any notice of a general meeting of the company which is in fact given or purports to be given to such members shall be ignored for the purpose of determining the validity of the proceedings at such general meeting.

32.(1) Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A notice sent by post shall be deemed given:

- (a) if sent by first class post from an address in the United Kingdom or another country to another address in the United Kingdom or, as the case may be, that other country, on the day following that on which the envelope containing it was posted;



- (b) if sent by airmail from an address in the United Kingdom to an address outside the United Kingdom, on the day following that on which the envelope containing it was posted; and
  - (c) in any other case, on the fifth day following that on which the envelope containing it was posted.
- (2) A notice sent by facsimile transmission to a member at the last number (if any) which the member has given the company for this purpose shall be deemed given twelve hours after the time of despatch.
- (3) A notice left at the registered address of a member shall be deemed given when delivered.

### INDEMNITY

33. Subject to the provisions of the Act, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled, every director or other officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him in the execution or discharge of his duties or the exercise of his powers or otherwise in relation thereto, including (but without limitation) any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour (or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part) or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the company.