# THE COMPANIES ACT 1985 PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

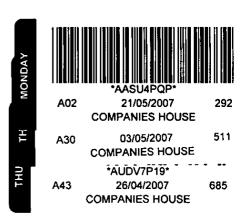
# ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

## CAPE PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY<sup>1</sup>

Incorporated on 28 December 1893

As adopted by a special resolution passed on 11 July 2005 (and as amended by a special resolutions passed on 12 April 2006 and 23 April 2007)



The Company was incorporated on 28 December 1893 as The Cape Asbestos Company Limited. On 1 July 1974 it changed its name to Cape Industries Limited. On 12 November 1981 it changed its name to Cape Industries Public Limited Company. On 1 August 1989 it changed its name to Cape Public Limited Company.

# **CONTENTS**

1	Regulations Not to Apply	1				
S2	Interpretation	1				
S3	Shares .	9				
S4	Allotment	17				
5	Authority to Allot Shares and Power to Disapply Statutory Pre-emption Rights	18				
<b>S</b> 6	Variation of Rights .					
7	Commissions and Brokerages					
8	Trusts not Recognised	19 20				
9	Renunciation	20				
S10	Increase, Consolidation, Sub-division, Cancellation and Conversion					
11	Fractions					
S12	Reduction of Capital	21 22				
S13	Purchase of Own Shares	22				
\$14	Financial Assistance	22				
15	Right to Certificates .	23				
16	Replacement Certificates	23				
17	Uncertificated Shares	24				
S18	Share Warrants to Bearer	25				
19	Company's Lien on Shares not Fully Paid	26				
20	Enforcement of Lien by Sale	26				
21	Application of Proceeds of Sale	27				
22	Calls	28				
23	Power to make Different Arrangements	28				
24	Interest on Calls, Costs, Charges and Expenses for Non-payment	28				
25	Payment in Advance .	29				
26	Sums Due on Allotment Treated as Calls	29				
27	Notice if Call Not Paid	29				
28	Forfeiture for Non-compliance .	30				
29	Notice after Forfeiture .	30				
30	Disposal of Forfeited Shares	30				
31	Liabilities and Claims on Forfeiture	31				
32	Surrender .	32				
33	Power of Sale	32				
		34				
34	Application of Proceeds of Sale	34				
S35	General Provisions about Transfers of Shares					
36	Transfers of Uncertificated Shares .	34				
37	Transfers of Certificated Shares	.34				
38	Right to Refuse Registration	35				
39	Suspension of Registration and Closing of Register	35				
40	On Death	36				
41	Election of Person Entitled by Transmission	36				
42	Rights on Transmission	36				
43	Annual General Meetings	37				
44	Extraordinary General Meetings	37				
S45	Length and Form of Notice	38				
S46	Omission to Send Notice	39				
S47	Quorum .	39				
S48	Procedure if Quorum Not Present	39				
49	Chairman	. 40				
50	Director's Right to Attend and Speak	41				

S51	Power to Adjourn	41
52	Notice of Adjourned Meeting	41
53	Business at Adjourned Meeting	42
S54	Conduct and Accommodation of Members at Meeting	42
S55	Method of Voting	43
56	Procedure on a Poll	44
S57	Votes of Members	44
58	Casting Vote of Chairman .	. 45
59	Restriction on Voting Rights	45
S60	Voting by Proxy .	46
61	Delivery of Proxy	47
62	When Votes by Proxy Valid though Authority Revoked	48
63	Corporate Representative	49
S64	Objection to or Error in Voting .	49
S65	Amendments to Resolutions	50
66	Members' Written Resolutions	50
67	Confidential Information	50
68	Procedure .	50
S69	Sanctions for Non-disclosure	51
S70	Cessation of Sanctions	52
71	Section 212 Notices	53
72	Approved Depositories	. 53
S73	Disclosure of Interests – Definitions	. 53
74	Section 216 – Penalty for Failure to Provide Information	54
75	Number	55
76	Appointment	55
77	Revocation of Appointment	55
78	Participation in Board Meetings	55
79	Responsibility	56
80	Remuneration and Expenses	56
S81	Powers of the Board .	56
82	Powers of Directors if Less than Minimum Required Number	57
83	Exercise of Voting Rights	57
84	Corporate Members .	57
85	Provision for Employees on Cessation or Transfer of Business	58
86	Overseas Register	58
S87	Borrowing Powers	58
S88	Limit to Borrowing Powers	59
89	Register of Charges .	60
90	Powers of Executive Directors	60
91	Delegation to Committees	60
92	Local and Divisional Management	61
93	Power of Attorney	61
94	Associate Directors	61
95	Power of the Company to Appoint Directors	62
96	Power of the Board to Appoint Directors	62
97.	Appointment of Executive Directors	62
98	Eligibility of New Directors	62
99	Voting on Resolution for Appointment	63
100	Retirement by Rotation	63
101	Directors Subject to Retirement	. 63
102	Position of Retiring Director	64
103	Deemed Reappointment	64

104	Age Limit for Directors	64 . 64			
105	Removal by Ordinary Resolution				
106	Vacation of Office by Director				
107	Ordinary Remuneration				
108	Additional Remuneration				
109	Remuneration of Executive Directors .				
110	Expenses	67			
S111	Interests	67			
112	Benefits	70			
113	Board Meetings .	71			
114	Notice of Board Meetings				
115	Quorum	. 71			
116	Chairman of the Board	72			
117	Voting	72			
118	Participation by Telephone	72			
119	Resolution in Writing	72			
120	Validity of Proceedings of the Board or Committee	73			
121	Secretary	. 73			
122	Authentication of Documents	74			
123	Minutes	74			
124	Safe Custody	. 75			
125	Application of Seals .	75			
126	Official Seal for Use Abroad	75			
127	Securities Seal .	75			
128	Cheques, Bills and Notes	76			
S129	Declaration of Dividends .	76			
130	No Dividend except out of Profits	. 76			
S131	Interim Dividends	. 76			
S132	Entitlement to Dividends .	. 77			
133	Method of Payment	77			
134	Currency of Payment	. 78			
135	Dividends Not to Bear Interest	79			
136	Calls or Debts may be Deducted from Dividends	79			
137	Unclaimed Dividends etc	79			
138	Uncashed Dividends	. 79			
S139	Waiver of Dividend	80			
140	Payment of Dividends in Kind	80			
S141	Payment of Scrip Dividends	81			
S141	Dividend Reinvestment Generally	83			
S142 S143	Capitalisation	84			
144	Record Date	85			
145	Inspection of Accounts	85			
S146	Copy to be Sent to Members	. 86			
147	Summary Financial Statements	. 86			
S148	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 87			
	Notices to be in Writing				
S149	Service of Notice or Other Documents on Members	87			
150	Notice by Advertisement	88			
151	Documents Available on Websites	. 88			
S152	Evidence of Service	89			
S153	Record Date for Service	91			
154	Notice Binding on Transferees etc	91			
155	Notice in Case of Death, Bankruptcy or Mental Disorder	. 91			
156	Notices to the Company	91			

157	Notices to Directors .	•	92
158	Document Destruction .		92
S159	Power to Petition .	•	94
160	Winding Up		94
161	Indemnity		94
162	Insurance		96

#### THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

#### PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

#### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

## CAPE PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY<sup>2</sup>

As adopted by a special resolution passed on 11 July 2005 (and as amended by a special resolutions passed on 12 April 2006 and 23 April 2007)

#### **PRELIMINARY**

## 1. Regulations Not to Apply

No regulations set out in any schedule to, or contained in any order, regulation or other subordinate legislation made under, any statute concerning companies shall apply as regulations or articles of the Company

# S2. Interpretation

# 2.1 In these Articles, unless the context requires otherwise

"acquire" means, for the purposes of Article S3 3, to purchase, lease or license (other than in the context of operating leases or licences entered into in the ordinary course of business) or to make any other acquisition including any acquisition by means of a merger, consolidation, scheme of arrangement or similar transaction

"Act" means the Companies Act 1985 (as amended)

"appointor" means, in relation to an alternate director, the Director who has appointed him as his alternate

"approved depositary" means a custodian or other person (or a nominee for such custodian or other person) appointed pursuant to an arrangement with the Company or otherwise

- (a) to hold shares of the Company or any rights or interests in any shares of the Company, and
- (b) to issue securities, documents of title or other documents which evidence the

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entitlement of the holder of them to or to receive such shares, rights or interests held by the approved depositary,

provided and to the extent that such arrangements have been approved by the board for the purpose of these Articles The trustees (acting in their capacity as such) of any employees' shares scheme established by the Company or any other scheme or arrangements principally for the benefit of employees of the Company and/or its subsidiaries which has been approved by the Company in general meeting shall, unless the board decides otherwise, be treated as an approved depositary, as shall the managers (acting in their capacity as such) of any investment or savings plan which the board has approved

"Articles" means these articles of association or such other articles of association of the Company for the time being in force

"associate" means in relation to either a Director or a Substantial Shareholder who is an individual

- (a) that individual's spouse or child ("the individual's family"),
- (b) the trustees (acting as such) of any trust of which the individual or any of the individual's family is a beneficiary or discretionary object (other than a trust which is either an occupational pension scheme as defined in regulation 3 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001, or an employees' share scheme which does not, in either case, have the effect of conferring benefits on persons all or most of whom are Related Parties), or
- (c) any company in whose equity shares such a person individually or taken together with the individual's family (or if a Director, individually or taken together with that individual's family and any other Director of that company and his associates) are directly or indirectly interested (or have a conditional or contingent entitlement to become interested) to the extent that they are or could be able
  - (1) to exercise or control the exercise of 30 per cent or more of the votes able to be cast at general meetings on all, or substantially all, matters, or
  - (11) to appoint or remove Directors holding a majority of voting rights at board meetings on all, or substantially all, matters, and

means in relation to a Substantial Shareholder which is a company

(d) any other company which is its subsidiary undertaking, parent undertaking or a subsidiary undertaking of its parent undertaking,

- (e) any company whose Directors are accustomed to act in accordance with the Substantial Shareholder's directions or instructions, or
- (f) any company in the capital of which the Substantial Shareholder, either alone or together with any other company within (d) or (e) or both taken together, is (or would on the fulfilment of a condition or the occurrence of a contingency be) interested in the manner described in (c)
- "auditors" means the auditors for the time being of the Company
- "board" means the board of Directors from time to time of the Company or the Directors present or deemed to be present at a duly convened meeting of the Directors or any committee at which a quorum is present
- "Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or English bank or public holiday
- "cash memorandum account" means an account so designated by the Operator of the relevant system concerned
- "CCS" means Cape Claims Services Limited, a company which is registered in England and Wales under number 5445427
- "CCS Shares" means all of the shares of CCS other than the CCS Scheme Share
- "CCS Scheme Share" means the special voting share of £1 in the share capital of CCS which shall be held by the Scheme Shareholder and shall have the rights and restrictions set out in the articles of association of CCS
- "CISGL" means Cape Industrial Services Group Limited, a company which is registered in England and Wales under number 3299544
- "certificated share" means a share in the capital of the Company that is not an uncertificated share, and references in these Articles to a share being held in certificated form shall be construed accordingly
- "clear days" means, in relation to a period of notice, that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect
- "committee" means a committee of the board
- "Company" means Cape Public Limited Company
- "company" includes any body corporate (not being a corporation sole) or association of persons, whether or not a company within the meaning of the Act, other than the Company

3

- , "Court" means the High Courts of Justice of England and Wales
  - "Director" means a director for the time being of the Company
  - "dispose" means to sell, lease or license (other than in the context of operating leases or licences entered into in the ordinary course of business), transfer or make any other disposition (or series of related sales, leases, transfers or dispositions), including any disposition by means of a merger, consolidation, scheme of arrangement or similar transaction
  - "distribution" means any dividend (whether final or interim) in respect of profits, reserves or assets, including any bonus issue or other distribution as defined in section 263(2) of the Act whether in cash or specie)
  - "Effective Date" means the date on which the Scheme becomes effective in accordance with and as defined in the Scheme
  - "Election Review Notice" means a notice served by CCS under the terms of the Funding Agreement requiring the preparation of an actuarial review and the preparation of an Election Review Statement
  - "Election Review Statement" means a statement signed by a director of CCS verifying, *inter alia*, the Scheme Funding Percentage in accordance with the terms of the Funding Agreement
  - "electronic communication" means any communication transmitted (whether from one person to another, from one device to another, or from a person to a device or from a device to a person)
  - (a) by means of a telecommunications system (within the meaning of the Telecommunications Act 1984), or
  - (b) by other means but while in electronic form
  - "executed" means, in relation to a document, its being executed under hand or under seal or by any other method permitted by law
  - "Fair Market Value" means the price which could be negotiated in an arm's length transaction between a willing seller and a willing buyer, neither of whom is under undue pressure or compulsion to complete the transaction
  - "Financial Year" means the Company's accounting period being, at the date of the adoption of these Articles, 1 January to 31 December
  - "Funding Agreement" means the funding agreement dated 14 March 2006 between the Company as funder and CCS as borrower as referred to and defined in the Scheme

25 April 2007 15 56

- "Group" means the Company and each and all of its subsidiary undertakings, whether owned directly or indirectly, (within the meaning of section 736 of the Act) for the time being, and "Group Company" and "Group Companies" shall be construed accordingly
- "holder" means, in relation to any share, the member whose name is entered in the register as the holder of that share and includes two or more joint holders of that share
- "member" means a member of the Company
- "office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company
- "Operator" means a person approved by the Treasury under the Regulations as an operator of a relevant system
- "paid up" means paid up or credited as paid up
- "Payment Percentage" means the payment percentage set by CCS from time to time, being the percentage of CCS's liability to Scheme Creditors under and as defined in the Scheme Guarantee
- "Permitted Director Transaction" means any transaction or agreement between a Group Company (entered into in the ordinary course of its business) and a Director of that Group Company (entered into in his capacity as, and by virtue of his position as, a Director of the Group Company)
- "Permitted Dividend" means a dividend or other distribution which may be made without the consent of the Scheme Shareholder under Article S3 3 3 by reason of its satisfying the conditions set out in Article S3 3 3

## "Permitted Related Party Transaction" means

- (a) a bona fide revenue transaction with a Related Party undertaken in the normal course of the relevant Group Company's business and on arm's length terms for the benefit of the Group,
- (b) the grant to a Related Party of any share option over Ordinary Shares, or
- (c) a transaction between the Company and any Group Company which is a wholly-owned subsidiary or subsidiary undertaking of the Company, or between any two or more Group Companies which are wholly-owned subsidiaries or subsidiary undertakings of the Company
- "recognised person" means a person to whom the Company is not required to deliver a share certificate in accordance with the provisions of section 185(4) of the Act
- "register" means either or both of the register of members to be kept pursuant to the Act

and the Operator register of members of the Company

"Regulations" means the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001 (SI 2001/3755)

# "Related Party" means

- (a) any person who is at the relevant time (or was within the 12 months preceding the relevant time) a Director or shadow Director of a Group Company or of any Substantial Shareholder or any subsidiary undertaking or parent undertaking of a Substantial Shareholder or any subsidiary undertaking of any parent undertaking of the Company;
- (b) a Substantial Shareholder, or
- (c) an associate of (a) or (b)

"Relevant Asset" means any asset, the fair market value of which exceeds an amount equal to the greater of £100,000 and 0 25 per cent of the aggregate value of the Group's net assets, as shown in the latest audited consolidated accounts of the Company

"Relevant Balance Sheet Date" means the balance sheet date to which the audited accounts for the Relevant Financial Year are prepared

"Relevant Financial Year" means the Financial Year immediately preceding the Financial Year in which it is proposed to make a distribution (irrespective of when the distribution is declared or approved).

"relevant system" means a relevant system (as defined in the Regulations) in which the Operator of the relevant system has permitted the shares or securities of the Company (or the relevant shares or securities) to be transferred

"S Article" means any Article to the number of which the letter "S" is prefixed

"Scheme" means the proposed schemes of arrangement made under section 425 of the Act to be entered into by the Company and certain Group Companies with their Scheme Creditors dated 15 March 2006

"Scheme Agreements" means the Funding Agreement, the Services Agreement, the Scheme Guarantee, the Contribution Claims Agreement, the CCS Reimbursement Agreement and the PLC Reimbursement Agreement, all as defined in the Scheme

"Scheme Assets" means the amount of money or equivalent assets held by CCS on the Relevant Balance Sheet Date out of which Scheme Claims may be settled as defined in and certified in accordance with the Funding Agreement

"Scheme Claims" means claims falling within the Scheme

- "Scheme Companies" means the Company and the Group Companies whose names are set out in Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the Scheme or, as the case may be, those of such companies in respect of which the Scheme becomes effective in accordance with its terms
- "Scheme Creditors" means those persons defined as such in the Scheme
- "Scheme Directors" means the two independent directors of CCS which the Scheme Shareholder has the right to appoint in accordance with the procedure specified in the articles of association of CCS
- "Scheme Funding Percentage" means the amount of the Scheme Assets expressed as a percentage of the Scheme Funding Requirement as defined in and certified as such in accordance with the Funding Agreement
- "Scheme Funding Requirement" means the amount required by CCS as at the Relevant Balance Sheet Date to settle Scheme Claims for the next 6 Financial Years as defined in and certified as such in accordance with the Funding Agreement
- "Scheme Guarantee" means the guarantee dated 14 March 2006 between CCS (as guarantor) and each of the Scheme Companies whereby CCS has conditionally undertaken and guaranteed to each Scheme Company on behalf of its Scheme Creditors to make payment of the liabilities relating to the Scheme as referred to and defined in the Scheme
- "Scheme Shareholder" means the registered holder for the time being of the Scheme Share (as defined in Article S3 1)
- "seal" means the common seal of the Company or any official or securities seal that the Company may have or may be permitted to have under the Act
- "secretary" means the secretary for the time being of the Company and includes any assistant or deputy secretary and any person appointed by the board to perform the duties of the secretary
- "Security Interest" means, other than as may arise by the operation of law or in the ordinary course of any Group Company's normal trading, any mortgage, charge (whether fixed or floating), lien, option, pledge, assignment, trust arrangement or other security interest of any kind and any arrangement whether conditional or otherwise to create any of the foregoing, excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, any such security interest over any shares owned or held by any Group Company in CCS
- "Services Agreement" means the agreement dated 14 March 2006 between the Company and CCS relating to the provision of certain services to CCS
- "signed" and "signature" include a signature printed or produced by mechanical, electronic or other means or any stamp or other distinctive marking made by or with the authority of the person required to sign the document to indicate it is approved by such

person

"Substantial Shareholder" means any person (excluding a bare trustee) who is, at the relevant time or was within 12 months preceding the relevant time, entitled to exercise or to control the exercise of 10 per cent or more of the votes (for this purpose only ignoring any voting rights of the Scheme Share) able to be cast on all or substantially all matters at general meetings of the Company (or any company which is its subsidiary undertaking or parent undertaking or a fellow subsidiary undertaking of its parent undertaking)

"Termination Date" means the date on which the Scheme terminates in accordance with its terms or, if by 30 June 2006 the Scheme has not become effective in relation to the Company, 30 June 2006

"third parties" means any persons other than a Related Party

"Total Operating Profit" means the consolidated total operating profits of the Group before any exceptional items (so that for the avoidance of doubt any profits arising on any business disposal and any share disposal and any profits arising in respect of non-operating exceptional items shall be excluded from such total operating profits) for a Financial Year as shown in the consolidated audited accounts of the Company for that Financial Year

"treasury shares" has the meaning given by the Act as amended by the Companies (Acquisition of Own Shares) (Treasury Shares) Regulation 2003

"uncertificated share" means a share in the capital of the Company which is recorded on the register as being held in uncertificated form and title to which may, by virtue of the Regulations, be transferred by means of a relevant system, and references in these Articles to a share being held in uncertificated form shall be construed accordingly

"written" and "in writing" include any method of representing or reproducing words in a legible form

- 2.2 Unless the context requires otherwise, any word or expression contained in these Articles and not defined above shall have the same meaning as in the Act or the Regulations, but excluding any statutory modification of that meaning not in force when these Articles become binding on the Company
- 2.3 References to electronic communications shall, without limiting the definition above and unless the context otherwise requires, include references to communications made by telephone, fax and e-mail, or by sending a CD-Rom or DVD (digital video disk) by post
- 2.4 References to a person entitled by transmission are to a person whose entitlement to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or of any other event giving rise to its transmission by operation of law has been noted on the register.
- 2.5 Words which refer to the singular number only include the plural number, and vice versa

- 2.6 Words which refer to one gender only include the other genders
- 2.7 Words which refer to persons or people include companies
- 2.8 Where these Articles refer to months or years, these are calendar months or years
- 2.9 References to legislation, or to a specific provision of legislation, shall include any amendment to or re-enactment of such legislation or provision for the time being in force
- 2.10 Any headings in these Articles are included for convenience only, and shall not affect the meaning of these Articles
- Where, for any purpose, an ordinary resolution of the Company is required, a special or an extraordinary resolution shall also be effective for that purpose, and where, for any purpose, an extraordinary resolution is required, a special resolution shall also be effective for that purpose

#### SHARE CAPITAL

#### S3. Shares

- 3.1 The authorised share capital of the Company is £42,969,061 31 divided into 153,600,000 ordinary shares of 25 pence each ("Ordinary Shares"), 250,000 3 5% cumulative preference shares of £1 each ("Preference Shares"), one Scheme share of £1 (the "Scheme Share") and 431,906,031 deferred shares of £0 01 each ("Deferred Shares")<sup>3</sup>
- 3.2 The special rights and restrictions attaching to the Preference Shares are as follows

as regards income, the Preference Shares shall confer on the holders thereof the right to receive, out of the profits of the Company resolved to be distributed, a fixed cumulative preferential dividend in priority to any payment of any dividend to the holders of any other class of shares of the Company at the rate of 3 5 per cent, per annum on the capital for the time being paid up or credited as paid up thereon, payable half-yearly in arrears by two equal instalments on 31 March and 30 September in each year,

as regards capital, the Preference Shares shall confer on the holders thereof, on a winding-up or other repayment of capital, the right in priority to any payment to the holders of any other class of shares to repayment of the capital paid up or credited as paid up thereon together with all arrears or accruals of the fixed preferential dividend on such shares (whether earned or declared or not) calculated down to the date of such repayment of capital, but no further right to

25 April 2007 15 56

By a resolution dated 23 April 2007, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from £30,990,001 81 (the authorised share capital as at the date of the adoption of these Articles) by the creation of 47,916,238 Ordinary shares of 25 pence

participate in any surplus capital of the Company,

- as regards voting, the holders of the Preference Shares shall not be entitled to attend or vote at any general meeting of the Company unless
  - (a) at the date of the meeting, the dividend on such shares is six months or more in arrears, or
  - (b) the business of the meeting includes a resolution varying or abrogating any of the special rights attached to such shares, in which case every such holder shall be entitled to attend the meeting either in person or by proxy, and (in respect of that resolution, but not otherwise) every such holder present in person shall have one vote on a show of hands, and on a poll every such holder present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every Preference Share of which he is the holder,
- 3.3 The special rights and restrictions attaching to the Scheme Share are as follows
  - 3.3.1 The Scheme Share shall have
    - (a) no right to receive any distribution, and
    - (b) the right on a return of assets on liquidation or otherwise, to receive out of the assets of the Company available for distribution among the members such a sum not exceeding the amount paid up on the Scheme Share
  - 3.3.2 The Scheme Share shall confer on the Scheme Shareholder the right to require the Company to redeem the Scheme Share at its par value on or at any time after the Termination Date in accordance with the procedure set out in this Article S3 3 2
    - (a) The Scheme Shareholder may exercise this right by serving on the Company a notice ("Redemption Notice") to redeem the Scheme Share
    - (b) Where a Redemption Notice has been given, the Company shall be obliged, subject to having sufficient available profits, to redeem the Scheme Share on the first Business Day following receipt of such notice (which day shall be the date fixed for redemption)

- (c) On the date fixed for redemption, the Scheme Shareholder shall be bound to deliver to the Company, at the Company's registered office, the certificate for the Scheme Share (or an indemnity, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the board, in respect of any lost certificate) in order that the same may be cancelled Upon such delivery, the Company shall pay to the Scheme Shareholder the amount due to it in respect of such redemption against delivery of a proper receipt for the redemption monies
- 3.3.3 The Company shall not, at any time after the Effective Date and before the Termination Date, save to the extent that shareholders shall have approved the same in a general meeting, without the prior written consent of the Scheme Shareholder, make any distribution to any shareholders in any Financial Year, other than is properly due and payable hereunder in respect of the Preference Shares, unless the following conditions are satisfied
  - (a) the distribution is made after the Scheme Funding Percentage has been certified in respect of the Financial Year ending 31 December 2007,
  - (b) at the time of the making of the proposed distribution, the Scheme Funding Percentage for the Relevant Financial Year has been certified in accordance with the terms of the Funding Agreement and no Election Review Notice has been served in respect of which an Election Review Statement has not been submitted to the Scheme Directors in accordance with the terms of the Funding Agreement,
  - (c) the Scheme Funding Percentage for the Relevant Financial Year is greater than 110 per cent,
  - (d) at the time of the making of the proposed distribution, the Payment Percentage has not at any time in the previous forty Business Days been less than 100 per cent,
  - (e) the aggregate of any such distributions in a Financial Year shall not exceed the greater of (i) 50 per cent of the Total Operating Profit for the Relevant Financial Year and (ii) the aggregate of all Permitted Dividends made or paid by the Company in the Relevant Financial Year, and
  - (f) the Directors have delivered a certificate to the Company, and a copy of the certificate to the Scheme Directors, such certificate dated not more than two months prior to the making of the proposed

11

distribution, to the effect that in their reasonable opinion, having made all such enquiries as they consider appropriate, the Scheme Funding Percentage for the two Financial Years following the Relevant Financial Year is anticipated to be not less than 110 percent

- 3.3.4 The Company shall not, at any time after the Effective Date and before the Termination Date, save to the extent that shareholders shall have approved the same in a general meeting, without the prior written consent of the Scheme Shareholder, issue any share in the Company having attached to it any rights which are not identical in all respects with those attached to the Ordinary Shares then in issue, save only in respect of the entitlement of such shares to the payment of all or part of any dividends
- 3.3.5 The Directors shall not, at any time after the Effective Date and before the Termination Date, save to the extent that shareholders shall have approved the same in a general meeting, without the prior written consent of the Scheme Shareholder, allot, grant any option or right to subscribe for or otherwise dispose of any share in the Company having attached to it any rights which are not identical in all respects with those attached to the Ordinary Shares, save only in respect of the entitlement of such shares to the payment of all or part of any dividends
- 3.3.6 The Company shall not, and shall procure that no member of the Group shall, at any time after the Effective Date and before the Termination Date, save to the extent that shareholders shall have approved the same in a general meeting, without the prior written consent of the Scheme Shareholder, do any of the following, provided always that neither the consent of the Scheme Shareholder nor the approval of shareholders in a general meeting of the Company shall be required for Permitted Director Transactions
  - (a) do anything which would result in CCS ceasing to be a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, other than issuing the CCS Scheme Share to the Scheme Shareholder,
  - (b) dispose of any of the CCS Shares,
  - (c) exercise its rights over the CCS Shares in a manner which is inconsistent with, or in breach of, any of the provisions of the articles of association of CCS,
  - (d) enter into, grant, increase or extend any Security Interest over any Relevant Asset other than by way of *bona fide* transactions in the

ordinary course of business with third parties on arm's length terms for the benefit of the Group,

- (e) make any petition or application, or give notice for the appointment or intended appointment of an administrator nor be wound up voluntarily or pursuant to paragraph (a) of section 122 of the Insolvency Act 1986, provided that nothing herein shall prevent the winding-up of any Group Company (other than CISGL) which is not a Scheme Company and which is not at the relevant time a party to any of the Scheme Agreements,
- other than a Permitted Related Party Transaction, enter into, increase or extend any liability under any guarantee or indemnity for the benefit of any Related Parties (other than a Group Company),
- (g) enter into, increase or extend any liability under any guarantee or indemnity other than by way of *bona fide* transactions in the ordinary course of business with third parties on arm's length terms for the benefit of the Group,
- (h) acquire any Relevant Asset other than by way of *bona fide* transactions in the ordinary course of business with third parties on arm's length terms at Fair Market Value for the benefit of the Group,
- (1) dispose of any Relevant Asset other than by way of *bona fide* transactions in the ordinary course of business with third parties on arm's length terms at Fair Market Value for the benefit of the Group,
- (J) issue, or permit the relevant Group Company's directors to allot, grant any option or right to subscribe for or otherwise dispose of, any share capital in the relevant Group Company other than (except in the case of CCS) by way of *bona fide* transactions with third parties on arm's length terms at Fair Market Value for the benefit of the Group or pursuant to a Permitted Related Party Transaction,
- (k) other than Permitted Related Party Transactions, undertake any transactions with Related Parties save where the Scheme Shareholder has received prior written confirmation, in terms acceptable to the Scheme Shareholder, from the auditors, that, in their opinion, the proposed transaction (i) is a *bona fide* transaction on arm's length terms at Fair Market Value for the benefit of the Group and (ii) will not materially prejudice the interests of Scheme Creditors, taken as a whole, under the Scheme,

- (l) change its accounting reference date unless at the same time the accounting reference dates for all other Group Companies including CCS are changed to the same date,
- (m) convert the Company into a private company,
- (n) remove the auditors (unless they shall at their own insistence resign or not seek reappointment) or appoint new auditors, or
- (o) (save where the Scheme Shareholder has received prior written confirmation and in terms acceptable to the Scheme Shareholder from the auditors, that, in their opinion, the proposed changes, taking into account such other amendments or changes, if any, to the terms of any of the Scheme Agreements, as the Scheme Directors may approve, will not materially prejudice the interests of Scheme Creditors, taken as a whole, under the Scheme) change the accounting conventions, policies and principles used (or the manner in which they are applied or complied with) in the preparation of its individual and/or consolidated audited accounts
- 3.3.7 The Scheme Share shall carry two votes for each vote which the holders of shares of other classes in issue at the time of the meeting at which the relevant resolution is proposed are entitled to exercise, on any resolution proposing (or any resolution the effect of which if passed would be) at any time after the Effective Date and before the Termination Date to.
  - (a) create further or to increase the number of Scheme Shares,
  - (b) create or issue any class of share other than Ordinary Shares,
  - (c) attach or to authorise the attachment to any share (whether issued or unissued) of any voting rights which are not identical in all respects with those attaching to the Ordinary Shares,
  - (d) vary the rights of the Ordinary Shares, the Deferred Shares or the Preference Shares whether pursuant to section 125 of the Act or otherwise,
  - (e) alter, or to delete, or in any way derogate from the effect of, any S
    Article or to remove the prefix "S" from any S Article,
  - (f) make, approve, sanction or ratify any distribution other than (i) a Permitted Dividend or (ii) the redemption of any new redeemable

shares which have been issued in accordance with this Article S3 3;

- (g) give the Company authority to purchase its own shares either through the market pursuant to section 166 of the Act or by means of a contract entered into off-market pursuant to section 164 of the Act or any other form of return of capital to shareholders save to the extent that it is effected by way of a Permitted Dividend,
- (h) approve or authorise any reduction of the issued share capital of the Company pursuant to sections 135 to 141 of the Act save to the extent that (i) the purpose of the reduction of capital is to remove losses of the Company, where such reduction does not involve a return of capital to shareholders or (ii) it is by way of a Permitted Dividend,
- (i) wind up the Company or place it into a company voluntary arrangement (pursuant to the Insolvency Act 1986),
- (j) approve or sanction any compromise or arrangement of the Company proposed under section 425 of the Act,
- (k) approve or sanction the giving of financial assistance pursuant to section 155 of the Act,
- (l) approve any increase in the borrowing limits under Article S88 1,
- (m) remove the auditors (unless they shall at their own insistence resign or not seek reappointment) or appoint new auditors,
- (n) ratify anything done by the Directors which was beyond their powers or a breach of Directors' duties,
- (o) take advantage of the voluntary regime offered by Article 11 of Directive 2004/25/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on Takeover Bids and in any subsequent legislation implementing this Directive in the United Kingdom, or
- (p) authorise or grant authority or power to the Company, the Directors, any Group Company or any of the directors of a Group Company to do any of the matters set out in, or to ratify anything done by the Company, the Directors, any Group Company or any of the directors of a Group Company in breach of, Articles S3 3 3 to S3 3 6 inclusive and Articles S3 3 7(a) to S3 3 7(o) inclusive

# 3.3.8 The Scheme Shareholder shall be entitled

- (a) to receive notice of every general meeting of the Company, and of every separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of any class in the Company's issued share capital,
- (b) to attend, either by a representative appointed in accordance with section 375(1)(a) of the Act, or by proxy, any such general meeting or separate general meeting, and
- (c) through any such representative or proxy, to speak at any general meeting or separate general meeting,

but the Scheme Shareholder shall not, save as provided in this Article S3 3, be entitled to vote at any general meeting of the Company, and in no circumstances shall be entitled to vote at any separate general meeting other than at a meeting of the Scheme Share

- 3.3.9 The Company shall procure that every notice of a general meeting of which the Scheme Shareholder is entitled to receive notice pursuant to Article S3 3 8 shall be accompanied by
  - (a) an opinion addressed to the Scheme Shareholder from the Company's solicitors stating whether or not, in their opinion, the Scheme Shareholder is entitled to vote on any of the resolutions to be considered at the general meeting convened by such notice, and
  - (b) a certificate in a form acceptable to the Scheme Shareholder signed by two Directors confirming that since the last general meeting of the Company no act or omission which required the prior written consent of the Scheme Shareholder under these Articles has occurred without such consent
- 3.3.10 Notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles, every notice and other document which is required to be served on or delivered to the Scheme Shareholder and is capable of being delivered to the Scheme Shareholder shall, so long as the Scheme Shareholder has a registered office within fifteen miles of Charing Cross, London, be personally served on the Scheme Shareholder at that address
- 3.3.11 In exercising its rights and discretions in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, the Scheme Shareholder shall not owe any duty to the Company nor to any shareholder of the Company in his capacity as shareholder

#### 3.4 The Deferred Shares shall have

- 3.4.1 no right to receive any dividend,
- 3.4.2 the right on a return of assets on liquidation or otherwise to receive out of the assets of the Company available for distribution among the members such a sum not exceeding the amount paid up on the Deferred Shares as may be available after payment to the holders of the Ordinary Shares of the sum of £100 per share, and
- 3.4.3 no right to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the Company
- 3.5 Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles including, without limitation, Article S3 3
  - 3.5.1 the unissued shares in the Company shall be at the disposal of the Directors, who may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons and on such terms as they think fit, and
  - 3.5.2 shares may be issued on the terms that they are, or are to be liable, to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the holder on such terms and in such manner as may be provided by these Articles
- 3.6 Without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares and subject to the provisions of these Articles (including, without limitation, Article S3 3), any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the Company may by ordinary resolution determine or, if the Company does not so determine, as the Directors may determine

# S4. Allotment

- 4.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles including, without limitation, Article S3 3, the board shall have unconditional authority to allot (with or without conferring rights of renunciation), grant options over, offer or otherwise deal with or dispose of any unissued shares of the Company (whether forming part of the original or any increased capital) or rights to subscribe for, or convert any security into, shares of the Company to such persons (including Directors) at such times and generally on such terms and conditions as the board may decide
- 4.2 No share in the capital of the Company shall be allotted at a discount and, save as permitted by the Act, no share shall be allotted except as paid up at least as to one-quarter of its nominal value and the whole of any premium on it

- 5. Authority to Allot Shares and Power to Disapply Statutory Pre-emption Rights
- 5.1 The board shall be generally and unconditionally authorised, pursuant to and in accordance with section 80 of the Act, to exercise all the powers of the Company to allot relevant securities for each prescribed period up to an aggregate nominal amount equal to the section 80 amount
- During each prescribed period, the board shall be empowered to allot equity securities wholly for cash pursuant to and within the terms of the said authority and to sell treasury shares wholly for cash
  - 5.2.1 in connection with a rights issue, and
  - 5.2.2 otherwise than in connection with a rights issue, up to an aggregate nominal amount equal to the section 89 amount,

as if section 89(1) of the Act did not apply to any such allotment

- Pursuant to such authority and/or power, the board may, during such period, make offers or agreements which would or might require the allotment of securities after the expiry of such period
- **5.4** For the purposes of this Article 5
  - "rights issue" means an offer of equity securities open for acceptance for a period fixed by the board to holders of equity securities on the register on a fixed record date in proportion to their respective holdings of such securities or in accordance with the rights attached to them (but subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the board may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or legal or practical problems under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any country or territory),
  - 5.4.2 "prescribed period" means any period
    - (a) for which the authority conferred by Article 5 1 is granted or renewed by an ordinary resolution or a special resolution (as the case may be) stating the section 80 amount for such period, and/or
    - (b) for which the power conferred by Article 5.2 is granted or renewed by a special resolution stating the section 89 amount for such period,
  - 5.4.3 the "section 80 amount" shall be stated in the relevant ordinary resolution or

special resolution (as the case may be) or any increased amount fixed by ordinary resolution,

- 5.4.4 the "section 89 amount" shall, for any prescribed period, be that stated in the relevant special resolution, and
- the nominal amount of any securities shall be taken to be, in the case of rights to subscribe for or to convert any securities into shares of the Company, the nominal amount of such shares which may be allotted pursuant to such rights

# S6. Variation of Rights

- Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles including, without limitation, Article S3 3, all or any of the rights or privileges attached to any class of shares in the Company may be varied or abrogated in such manner (if any) as may be provided by such rights, or, in the absence of any such provision, either with the consent in writing of the holders of at least three-fourths of the nominal amount of the issued shares of that class (excluding any shares of that class held as treasury shares) or with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the issued shares of that class validly held, but not otherwise. To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings shall apply, except that the necessary quorum at any such meeting other than an adjourned meeting shall be two persons together holding or representing by proxy at least one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of the class in question and at an adjourned meeting shall be one person holding shares of the class in question or his proxy.
- 6.2 Unless otherwise expressly provided by the rights attached to any shares, those rights shall be deemed to be varied by the reduction of the capital paid up on those shares and by the creation or issue of further shares ranking in priority for payment of a dividend or in respect of capital or which confer on the holders voting rights more favourable than those conferred by the first-mentioned shares, but, save in the case of the Scheme Share (the rights of which shall be deemed to be to varied), shall not otherwise be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu with them or subsequent to them

# 7. Commissions and Brokerages

- 7.1 The Company may exercise all the powers conferred or permitted by the Act to pay commissions or brokerages to any person who
  - **7.1.1** subscribes, or agrees to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for shares in the Company, or
  - 7.1.2 procures, or agrees to procure, subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for shares in the Company

7.2 Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, such commission or brokerage may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or by the grant of an option to call for an allotment of shares or by any combination of such methods

# 8. Trusts not Recognised

Unless ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or required by law, the Company shall not recognise any person as holding any share upon any trust and shall not be bound by or be otherwise compelled to recognise (even if it has notice of it) any equitable, contingent, future, partial or other claim to or interest in any share other than an absolute right in the holder to the whole of the share

#### 9. Renunciation

Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the board may, at any time after the allotment of shares but before any person has been entered in the register as the holder, recognise a renunciation of those shares by the allottee in favour of some other person and may accord to any allottee of a share a right to effect such renunciation on, and subject to, such terms and conditions as the board considers fit to impose

#### ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

- S10. Increase, Consolidation, Sub-division, Cancellation and Conversion
- 10.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, including, without limitation, Article S3 3, the Company may, by ordinary resolution
  - 10.1.1 increase its share capital by such sum to be divided into shares of such amount as the resolution prescribes,
  - 10.1.2 consolidate, or consolidate and then divide, all or any of its share capital, other than the Scheme Share, into shares of a larger amount than its existing shares;
  - sub-divide its shares or any of them, other than the Scheme Share, into shares of a smaller amount, provided that the proportion between the amount paid up and the amount (if any) unpaid on each share resulting from such sub-division is the same as it was in the case of the share which was sub-divided. A resolution to sub-divide shares may also determine that, as between the shares resulting from such sub-division, any of them may have any preference or other advantage or deferred or qualified rights or be subject to any restriction as compared with the others,
  - 10.1.4 cancel any shares other than the Scheme Share which, at the date of the passing

of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled, and

- 10.1.5 convert all or any of its paid-up shares other than the Scheme Share into stock, and reconvert that stock into paid-up shares of any denomination
- Subject to any special rights or restrictions attached to them by their terms of issue, all new shares shall be subject to the provisions of these Articles with reference to allotment, payment of calls, forfeiture, lien, transfer, transmission and otherwise

## 11. Fractions

- Subject to any direction by the Company in general meeting, whenever, as the result of any consolidation or consolidation and division of shares, any members of the Company would become entitled to fractions of shares, the board may deal with such fractions as it shall determine In particular, the board may.
  - 11.1.1 arrange for the sale, for the best price reasonably obtainable, of the shares representing the fractions to any person (including, subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company) and distribute the net proceeds of the sale in due proportions amongst those members, except that any amount otherwise due to a member, being less than £3, or such other sum as the board may from time to time determine, may be retained for the benefit of the Company. For this purpose, the board may
    - (a) If the share is in certificated form, authorise any person to execute a transfer of the shares sold to the purchaser of them or to his nominee,
    - (b) If the share is held in uncertificated form, exercise any of the Company's powers under Article 17 4 to give effect to the sale,

and, in each case, authorise a person to enter the name of the purchaser or his nominee in the register as the holder of the shares which have been sold. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase monies, and title to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in, or invalidity of, the proceedings relating to the sale. After the name of the purchaser or his nominee has been entered in the register in respect of such shares, the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively, or

subject to the provisions of the Act, if the necessary unissued shares are available, issue to each such holder credited as fully paid up by way of

capitalisation the minimum number of shares required to round up his holding to a whole number (such issue being deemed to have been effected immediately before consolidation). The amount required to pay up such shares shall be appropriated, at the board's discretion, from any sums standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund) or to the credit of the profit and loss account and capitalised by applying the same in paying up such shares

Subject to the Act, in effecting any consolidation or consolidation and division of shares, the board may treat a member's shares held in certificated form and uncertificated form as separate holdings. The board may also cause any shares which result and which represent fractions to be entered in the register as shares in certificated form where this is desirable in order to sell them.

## S12. Reduction of Capital

Subject to the provisions of the Act and the provisions of these Articles including, without limitation, Article S3 3, the Company may by special resolution reduce its authorised and issued share capital, any capital redemption reserve and any share premium account in any way, provided that this Article shall not apply in any way whatsoever to the Scheme Share

## S13. Purchase of Own Shares

- Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles including, without limitation, Article S3 3, the Company may purchase all or any of its shares of any class (including any redeemable shares) in any way and to any price (whether at or above or below par) and may hold such shares as treasury shares provided that this Article shall not apply in any way whatsoever to the Scheme Share
- 13.2 Neither the Company nor the board shall be required to select the shares to be purchased rateably or in any other particular manner as between the holders of shares of the same class or in accordance with the rights as to dividends or capital conferred by any class of shares
- 13.3 The Company may not exercise any right in respect of treasury shares held by it, including any right to attend or vote at meetings, to participate in any offer by the Company to shareholders or to receive any distribution (including in a winding-up), but without prejudice to its right to sell the treasury shares, it shall have the right to receive an allotment of shares as fully paid bonus shares in respect of the treasury shares or to receive any amount payable on redemption of any redeemable treasury shares

#### S14. Financial Assistance

The Company shall not give any financial assistance for the acquisition of shares in the Company, except and insofar as permitted by the Act and these Articles including, without

#### **SHARE CERTIFICATES**

## 15. Right to Certificates

- Subject to these Articles and unless the terms of allotment of the shares provide otherwise, every person, upon becoming the holder of any shares in certificated form, shall be entitled, without charge, to one certificate for all the shares of any class registered in his name or, in the case of shares in certificated form of more than one class being registered in his name, to a separate certificate for each class of shares so registered
- Where a member transfers part of his shares comprised in a certificate, he shall be entitled (without charge) to one certificate for the balance of shares retained by him to the extent that the balance is to be held in certificated form
- 15.3 Such certificate(s) shall be despatched to the person so entitled within two months after allotment or lodgement of a transfer, as the case may be
- 15.4 The Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate in respect of shares in certificated form held jointly by two or more persons. Delivery of a certificate to any one joint holder shall be sufficient delivery to all joint holders.
- 15.5 The Company does not have to issue a certificate to a recognised person
- 15.6 The Company may deliver a certificate to a broker or agent who is acting for a person who is buying shares in certificated form, or who is having the shares in certificated form transferred to him
- 15.7 Every certificate of shares shall specify the number and class and the distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount paid up on them, and shall be issued under the seal, or bearing an imprint or representation of the seal or such other form of authentification as the board may determine, or in such other manner having the same effect as if issued under the seal as the board may approve

# 16. Replacement Certificates

- 16.1 If a member has two or more share certificates for shares of the same class, he may ask the Company for these to be cancelled and replaced by a single new certificate. Provided that such member pays such reasonable charge as the board may decide, the Company must comply with such a request
- 16.2 A member may ask the Company to cancel and replace a single share certificate with two or more certificates for the same total number of shares The Company may comply with such

request and may request that the member pays such reasonable charge as the board may decide

- 16.3 The board may cancel any certificate which is worn out, defaced, lost, alleged to have been lost or destroyed, and issue a replacement certificate on such terms (if any) as to provision of evidence and indemnity (with or without security) and to payment of any exceptional out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Company as the board may decide, and upon delivery up of the original certificate (where it is worn out or defaced)
- 16.4 In the case of shares held jointly by several persons, any such request may be made by any one of the joint holders

#### **UNCERTIFICATED SHARES**

#### 17. Uncertificated Shares

- 17.1 Subject always to the Regulations and to the facilities and requirements of the relevant system concerned, the board may resolve that any class of shares can be held in uncertificated form and that title to such shares may be transferred by means of a relevant system and the board may make arrangements for any class of shares to be held and transferred in this form. The board may also resolve that shares of any class must cease to be held and transferred in uncertificated form.
- 17.2 In accordance with and subject to the Regulations, shares held in uncertificated form may be changed to become shares held in certificated form, and shares held in certificated form may be changed to become shares held in uncertificated form
- 17.3 No provision of these Articles shall apply to shares of any class held in uncertificated form to the extent that it is in any respect inconsistent with
  - 17.3.1 the holding of shares of that class in uncertificated form.
  - 17.3.2 the transfer of title to shares of that class by means of a relevant system, or
  - 17.3.3 any provision of the Regulations
- Where any class of shares is a participating security and the Company is entitled under any provision of the Act, the Regulations or these Articles to sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of, forfeit, reallot, accept the surrender of or otherwise enforce a lien over a share held in uncertificated form, the Company shall be entitled, subject to the provisions of the Act, the Regulations, these Articles and the facilities and requirements of the relevant system
  - 17.4.1 to require the holder of that uncertificated share by notice to change that share

into certificated form within the period specified in the notice and to hold that share in certificated form for so long as required by the Company,

- 17.4.2 to require the holder of that uncertificated share by notice to give any instructions necessary to transfer title to that share by means of the relevant system within the period specified in the notice,
- 17.4.3 to require the holder of that uncertificated share by notice to appoint any person to take any step, including, without limitation, the giving of any instructions by means of the relevant system, necessary to transfer that share within the period specified in the notice, and
- 17.4.4 to take any action that the board considers appropriate to achieve the sale, transfer, disposal, forfeiture, reallotment or surrender of that share or otherwise to enforce a lien in respect of that share

#### SHARE WARRANTS TO BEARER

#### S18. Share Warrants to Bearer

- 18.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Company may issue a share warrant to bearer with respect to any fully paid share other than the Scheme Share
- 18.2 Every share warrant to bearer shall be issued under seal, or in such other manner as the board may approve, and shall state that the bearer is entitled to the shares to which it relates and may provide by coupons or otherwise for the payment of future dividends or other monies on the shares included in it
- 18.3 A share included in a share warrant to bearer may be transferred by the delivery of the share warrant to bearer without any written transfer and without registration, and none of the other provisions of these Articles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to any such transfer
- 18.4 The board may determine and from time to time may vary the conditions on which a share warrant to bearer shall be issued and, in particular, all or any of the conditions on which
  - 18.4.1 the bearer of a share warrant shall be entitled to obtain payment of a dividend or other monies payable in respect of the shares included in it,
  - 18.4.2 the bearer of a share warrant shall be entitled to attend and vote at any general meeting of the Company,
  - 18.4.3 a share warrant to bearer may be surrendered for cancellation and the name of the bearer entered as a member in the register in respect of the shares included

#### in it, and

- 18.4.4 a new share warrant to bearer or coupon may be issued in the place of one defaced, worn out, lost or destroyed, provided that a new share warrant to bearer or coupon shall only be issued to replace one that is alleged to have been lost or destroyed if the board is satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that the original share warrant to bearer or coupon has been destroyed
- 18.5 The bearer of a share warrant shall be subject to the conditions for the time being in force in relation to share warrants, whether made before or after the issue of the share warrant, and, subject to such conditions and to the provisions of the Act, the bearer shall be deemed to be a member of the Company and shall be entitled to the same rights as if his name were entered in the register as the holder of the shares included in the share warrant to bearer
- 18.6 The Company shall not be bound to recognise (even when having notice of it) any interest in or in respect of any share represented by a share warrant to bearer, other than the bearer's absolute right to the share warrant
- 18.7 The Company shall not be responsible for any loss or damage suffered by any person by reason of the Company entering in the register, upon the surrender of a share warrant to bearer, the name of any person who is not the true and lawful owner of that share warrant to bearer

### LIEN

## 19. Company's Lien on Shares not Fully Paid

- 19.1 The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share which is not fully paid up for any amount payable in respect of such share, whether the due date for payment shall have arrived or not, and such lien shall apply to all dividends from time to time declared or other monies payable in respect of such share
- 19.2 The board may at any time, either generally or in any particular case, waive any lien that has arisen or declare any share to be wholly or partly exempt from the provisions of this Article 19

# 20. Enforcement of Lien by Sale

- 20.1 Subject to Article 20 2, the Company may enforce its lien by selling, in such manner as the board may determine, any share subject to it
- 20.2 The Company shall only be entitled to enforce its lien where
  - 20.2.1 the due date for payment of the amount in respect of which the lien exists has

arrived,

- 20.2.2 notice (stating, and demanding payment of, such amount and giving notice of the intention to sell in default of such payment) has been served by the Company on the member concerned (or to any person entitled to the share by transmission), and
- 20.2.3 such payment is not made within 14 clear days of service of such notice
- 20.3 To give effect to a sale in accordance with Article 20 1, the board may
  - 20.3.1 If the share is held in certificated form, authorise any person to execute as transferor a transfer of any share to be sold. Such transfer shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the holder (or person (if any) entitled by transmission to the share).
  - 20.3.2 If the share is held in uncertificated form, exercise any of the Company's powers under Article 17 4 to give effect to the sale,

and, in each case, authorise a person to enter the name of the purchaser or his nominee in the register as the holder of the share which has been sold. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase monies and the title to the share shall not be affected by any irregularity in, or invalidity of, the proceedings relating to the sale. After the name of the purchaser or his nominee has been entered in the register in respect of such share, the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively

# 21. Application of Proceeds of Sale

- 21.1 The net proceeds of a sale in accordance with Article 20 1, after payment of the costs of the sale, shall be applied by the Company in or towards satisfaction of the amount in respect of which the lien exists so far as the same is presently payable. Subject to Article 21 2, any residue shall (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed on the shares before the sale) be paid to the member (or to any person entitled to the share by transmission) immediately before the sale
- In the case of shares held in certificated form, the Company need not pay to the member any amount due in accordance with the provisions of Article 21.1 until the certificate for the share which is sold is surrendered to the Company for cancellation (or until an indemnity (with or without security) as to any lost or destroyed certificate is provided to the Company in such form as the board may decide)

## **CALLS ON SHARES**

#### 22. Calls

- 22.1 Subject to the terms of allotment of shares and provided that any monies unpaid are not payable on a date fixed in accordance with such terms of allotment, the board may make calls on the members in respect of any monies unpaid on the shares or any class of shares held by them (whether in respect of nominal value or any premium)
- 22.2 The board shall give 14 clear days' notice to each member concerned (or to any person entitled to the share by transmission) of the amount called on the shares and of when and where payment is to be made
- 22.3 Subject to Article 22.2, each member shall pay to the Company, as required by the notice referred to in that Article, the amount called on his shares
- **22.4** A call may be required to be paid by instalments
- 22.5 At any time before receipt by the Company of any sum due under a call, the call may be revoked or payment postponed in whole or in part as the board may determine
- 22.6 A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the board authorising such call was passed
- 22.7 A person on whom a call is made shall remain liable even though the shares in respect of which the call was made are subsequently transferred
- 22.8 The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable for payment of all calls in respect of such share

## 23. Power to make Different Arrangements

Subject to the terms of allotment of shares, on the issue of shares, the board may make different arrangements, as between the holders of such shares, in the amount and the time of payment of calls

# 24. Interest on Calls; Costs, Charges and Expenses for Non-payment

- 24.1 If the sum payable in respect of any call is not paid on or before the day appointed for payment, the person from whom it is due and payable shall pay
  - **24.1.1** Interest on the unpaid amount, and
  - 24.1.2 all costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Company by reason of such

## non-payment

- 24.2 The rate of interest payable may be fixed at the time of allotment of the share or, if no rate is fixed, shall be such rate (not exceeding, without the sanction of the Company given by ordinary resolution, 20 per cent per annum) as the board may decide
- 24.3 Such interest is payable from (and including) the day appointed for payment until (but excluding) the day of actual payment
- 24.4 The board may waive payment of the interest, costs, charges and expenses in whole or in part

# 25. Payment in Advance

- 25.1 The board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid on the shares held by him
- 25.2 The liability on the shares in respect of which a payment in advance of calls is made shall be extinguished to the extent of the amount so paid
- 25.3 The Company may pay interest on the monies paid in advance, or on so much of them as from time to time exceed the amount of the calls then made on the shares in respect of which the advance has been made, at such rate (not exceeding, without the sanction of the Company given by ordinary resolution, 20 per cent per annum) as the board may decide
- 25.4 No part of any monies paid in advance of calls shall be included or taken into account in ascertaining the amount of any dividend payable upon the shares in respect of which such advance has been made

#### 26. Sums Due on Allotment Treated as Calls

Any amount which becomes payable in respect of a share on allotment, or at any date fixed pursuant to the terms of allotment, whether in respect of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and, in the case of non-payment of any such amount, all the provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest, costs, charges and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become due and payable by virtue of a call

## **FORFEITURE**

## 27. Notice if Call Not Paid

If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable, the board may at any time give notice to such member (or to any person entitled to the shares by transmission) demanding payment The notice shall state

- a date, being not less than 14 clear days from the date of the notice, by which payment of the amount of the call outstanding, any interest that may have accrued on that amount and all costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment shall be made,
- 27.2 the place where payment is to be made, and
- 27.3 that, if the notice is not complied with, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited

## 28. Forfeiture for Non-compliance

- 28.1 If the notice referred to in Article 27 is not complied with, any share in respect of which it was given may, at any time before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the board to that effect
- **28.2** Forfeiture shall be deemed to occur at the time of the passing of the board resolution referred to in Article 28.1
- **28.3** Forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or other monies payable in respect of the forfeited shares, but not paid before the forfeiture

# 29. Notice after Forfeiture

- When any share has been forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be served on the person who was, before forfeiture, the holder of the share (or the person, if any, entitled by transmission to the share) but no forfeiture shall be invalidated by any omission to give such notice
- 29.2 An entry of the fact and date of forfeiture shall be made in the register

# 30. Disposal of Forfeited Shares

- Until cancelled in accordance with the provisions of the Act, a forfeited share, together with all rights attaching to it, shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold, reallotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was, before the forfeiture, the holder (or the person, if any, entitled by transmission to the share) or to any other person
- 30.2 Such sale, reallotment or other disposal shall be made on such terms and in such manner as the board may determine, including (but without limitation to the generality of the preceding wording) with or without any past or accruing dividends and, in the case of re-allotment,

with or without any money paid up on it by the former holder being credited as paid up on it on reallotment

- Where, for the purposes of its disposal, a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person, the board may
  - 30.3.1 If the share is held in certificated form, authorise any person to execute as transferor a transfer of such share to the transferee,
  - 30.3.2 If the share is held in uncertificated form, exercise any of the Company's powers under Article 17 4 to give effect to the transfer
- 30.4 The Company may receive the subscription or purchase monies (if any) given for the share on its re-allotment or disposal, and may register the allottee or, as the case may be, transferee as the holder of the share
- 30.5 The board may, at any time before any share so forfeited has been cancelled, sold, reallotted or otherwise disposed of, annul the forfeiture on such conditions as it thinks fit
- A statutory declaration by a Director or the secretary that a share has been forfeited on the date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The person to whom the share is re-allotted or disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the subscription or purchase monies (if any) and the title to the share shall not be affected by any irregularity in, or invalidity of, the proceedings relating to the forfeiture or re-allotment or disposal of the share. After the name of the allottee or, as the case may be, transferee has been entered in the register in respect of such share, the validity of the re-allotment or transfer shall not be impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the re-allotment or transfer shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively

## 31. Liabilities and Claims on Forfeiture

- Any person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of them and (in the case of shares held in certificated form) shall surrender to the Company for cancellation the certificate for the shares However, he shall remain liable to pay, and shall immediately pay, to the Company
  - all calls, interest, costs, charges and expenses owing on or in respect of such shares at the time of forfeiture, and
  - 31.1.2 interest on such amounts Such interest is payable from (and including) the day of actual forfeiture until (but excluding) the day of payment. The rate of such interest may be fixed at the time of allotment of the shares or, if no rate is so

fixed, shall be such rate (not exceeding, without the sanction of the Company given by ordinary resolution, 20 per cent per annum) as the board may decide,

and the board may, if it thinks fit, enforce payment of such amounts without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any subscription or purchase monies received on their reallotment or disposal. The board may also, if it thinks fit, waive payment of such amounts in whole or in part

Save for those rights and liabilities expressly saved by these Articles or imposed (in the case of past members) by the Act, the forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction at the time of forfeiture of all interest in, and all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share, and all other rights and liabilities incidental to the share, as between the member whose share is forfeited and the Company

#### 32. Surrender

The board may accept the surrender of any share liable to be forfeited and, in such case, references in these Articles to forfeiture shall include surrender

#### UNTRACED SHAREHOLDERS

#### 33. Power of Sale

- 33.1 The Company shall be entitled to sell any share of a member, or any share other than the Scheme Share to which a person is entitled by transmission, at the best price reasonably obtainable, provided that
  - for a period of not less than 12 years prior to the date of publication of the advertisement referred to in Article 33 1 2 (or, if published on different dates, the first thereof) (during which at least three cash dividends (whether interim or final) shall have been paid to members of the class to which the shares concerned belong)
    - (a) no cheque, warrant or money order sent by the Company through the post in a pre-paid envelope addressed to the member, or to the person entitled by transmission to the share, at his address on the register (or other last known address given by such member or person to which cheques, warrants and money orders in respect of such share are to be sent) has been cashed, or
    - (b) all funds paid by any bank or other funds transfer system to such member or person in accordance with Article 133 1 have been returned to the Company,

- at the expiration of such period of 12 years, the Company has given notice of its intention to sell such share by advertisement in both a national newspaper and in a newspaper circulating in the area of the address referred to in Article 33 1 1(a) above or the address at which service of notices may be effected in the manner authorised by these Articles is located,
- the Company has not, during such period of 12 years or the further period of three months following the last of such advertisements, received any communication in respect of such share from the member or person entitled by transmission, and
- 33.1.4 If the shares are listed, notice has been sent to the relevant listing authority of the Company's intention to make such sale before the publication of the advertisements
- 33.2 If, during the period of not less than 12 years referred to in Article 33 1 or during any period ending on the date when all the requirements of Articles 33 1 1 to 33 1 3 (inclusive) have been satisfied, any additional shares have been issued by way of a bonus issue in respect of those shares held at the beginning of, or previously so issued during, such periods, and all the requirements of Articles 33 1 2 and 33 1 3 have been satisfied in regard to such additional shares, the Company shall also be entitled to sell the additional shares
- 33.3 To give effect to any such sale, the board may
  - 33.3.1 If the share is held in certificated form, authorise any person to execute as transferor a transfer of such share to the purchaser or his nominee. Such transfer shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the holder (or person (if any) entitled by transmission to the share),
  - 33.3.2 If the share is held in uncertificated form, exercise any of the Company's powers under Article 17 4 to give effect to the sale,

and, in each case, authorise a person to enter the name of the purchaser or his nominee in the register as the holder of the share which has been sold. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase monies; and the title to the share shall not be affected by any irregularity in, or invalidity of, the proceedings relating to the sale. After the name of the purchaser or his nominee has been entered in the register in respect of such share, the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively

A statutory declaration by a Director or the secretary that a share has been sold on the date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share

## 34. Application of Proceeds of Sale

The Company shall account to the member or other person entitled to such share for the net proceeds of such sale by carrying all monies in respect of that sale to a separate account. The Company shall be deemed to be a debtor and not a trustee in respect of that money for such member or other person. Monies carried to such separate account may either be employed in the business of the Company or invested in such investments as the board may from time to time think fit. No interest shall be payable in respect of such monies and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned on them.

#### TRANSFERS OF SHARES

### S35. General Provisions about Transfers of Shares

- **35.1** Subject to the provisions of these Articles, a member may transfer all or any of his shares to another person
- 35.2 The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of any share transferred until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect of it
- 35.3 No fee shall be charged by the Company for the registration of any transfer or any other change relating to or affecting the title to any share or the right to transfer it or for making any other entry in the register
- 35.4 The Company shall register any transfer of the Scheme Share as soon as practicable after the delivery to it of a duly stamped transfer of the Scheme Share

### 36. Transfers of Uncertificated Shares

Every transfer of shares which are in uncertificated form must be made by means of a relevant system

### 37. Transfers of Certificated Shares

- 37.1 Every transfer of shares which are in certificated form must be in writing in any usual form or in any form approved by the board
- 37.2 Such transfer shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and (in the case of a transfer of a share which is not fully paid up) by or on behalf of the transferee
- 37.3 The Company is entitled to retain any transfer which it registers

## 38. Right to Refuse Registration

- 38.1 The board may, in its absolute discretion and without giving any reason, refuse to register any transfer of certificated shares if
  - 38.1.1 It is in respect of shares which are not fully paid up,
  - 38.1.2 It is in respect of more than one class of shares Each class needs a separate share transfer form,
  - 38.1.3 It is not duly stamped (if so required), and
  - 38.1.4 It is not delivered for registration to the office or such other place as the board may from time to time determine, accompanied (except in the case of a transfer by a recognised person where a certificate has not been issued) by the certificate for the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer
- 38.2 The board may, in its absolute discretion and without giving any reason, refuse to register any allotment or transfer of shares which is in favour of
  - **38.2.1** a child, bankrupt or person of unsound mind, or
  - 38.2.2 more than four joint allottees or transferees
- 38.3 If the board refuses to register any allotment or transfer of a share, it shall notify the person to whom the shares were to be allotted or transferred and, in the case of shares in certificated form, the Company must return the letter of allotment or share transfer form to the person who delivered it to the Company (except in the case of suspected fraud) Such notification shall be made no later than two months after the date
  - 38.3.1 (in the case of shares held in certificated form) on which the letter of allotment or share transfer form was lodged with the Company;
  - 38.3.2 (in the case of shares held in uncertificated form) on which the instruction from the Operator of the relevant system was received by the Company

### 39. Suspension of Registration and Closing of Register

39.1 In the case of shares in certificated form, the registration of transfers of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding 30 days in any year) as the board may from time to time determine. The register in respect of the Scheme Share shall remain open at all times during normal business hours.

39.2 In the case of shares in uncertificated form, the register shall not be closed without the consent of the Operator of the relevant system

#### TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

### 40. On Death

- 40.1 The personal representatives of a deceased member shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to shares held by him alone or to which he alone is entitled, but, in the case of shares held by more than one person, only the survivor or survivors shall be recognised by the Company as being entitled to such shares
- 40.2 Nothing in these Articles shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been held by him solely or jointly with another person

## 41. Election of Person Entitled by Transmission

- Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of any member or of any other event giving rise to a transmission of such entitlement by operation of law may, on producing such evidence as the board may properly require, elect either to be registered as a member or to have some person nominated by him registered as a member
- 41.2 If the person so entitled elects to be registered himself, he shall give notice to the Company to that effect. If he elects to have some other person registered, he shall do this
  - 41.2.1 (in the case of shares held in certificated form) by executing as transferor a transfer of the share to that person,
  - 41.2.2 (in the case of shares held in uncertificated form) by a transfer by means of a relevant system

The provisions of these Articles relating to the transfer of shares (including the right of the board to decline or suspend registration) shall apply to such notice or transfer (as the case may be) as if it were a transfer by the person previously entitled to the shares

41.3 The board may at any time give notice requiring any such person to elect either to register himself or to transfer the share and, if such notice is not complied with within 60 days, the board may, after that time, withhold payment of all dividends and other monies payable in respect of such share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with

## 42. Rights on Transmission

42.1 When a person becomes entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a

member, or of any other event giving rise to a transmission of such entitlement by operation of law, the rights of the holder in relation to that share shall cease

42.2 However, the person so entitled to the share may give a good discharge for any dividends and other monies payable in respect of it and shall, subject to the provisions of these Articles, have the same rights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share, except that he shall not, before he is registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to receive notice of, or to exercise any rights conferred by membership in relation to, meetings of the Company or any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company

#### **GENERAL MEETINGS**

### 43. Annual General Meetings

At such time and place as may be determined by the board, the Company shall hold an annual general meeting once every year in addition to any other general meetings which are held in the year. The period between one annual general meeting and the next shall not be more than 15 months.

# 44. Extraordinary General Meetings

- 44.1 All general meetings of the Company, other than annual general meetings, shall be called extraordinary general meetings
- 44.2 The board may convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company whenever it thinks fit
- 44.3 Immediately on receipt of a requisition from members in accordance with the Act, the board must convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company and, in default, such meeting may be convened by requisitionists, as provided in the Act
- 44.4 At any extraordinary general meeting convened on any such requisition or by such requisitionists, the only business which shall be transacted is that stated by the requisition or proposed by the board
- 44.5 If, at any time, there are not sufficient Directors within the United Kingdom capable of acting to form a quorum, the Directors in the United Kingdom capable of acting may convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the board

### NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

# S45. Length and Form of Notice

- 45.1 An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution shall be called by not less than 21 clear days' notice. All other extraordinary general meetings of the Company shall be called by not less than 14 clear days' notice.
- **45.2** Subject to the provisions of the Act, a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed
  - 45.2.1 in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote at the meeting which, for the purpose of this Article, shall include the Scheme Share, and
  - 45.2.2 in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent nominal value of the shares giving that right and by the Scheme Shareholder

## **45.3** The notice shall specify

- **45.3.1** whether the meeting is an annual general meeting or an extraordinary general meeting,
- 45.3.2 the date, the time and the place of the meeting,
- 45.3.3 the general nature of that business,
- 45.3.4 If the meeting is convened to consider a special or an extraordinary resolution, the intention to propose the resolution as such, and
- 45.3.5 with reasonable prominence, that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and, on a poll, vote instead of him and that a proxy need not also be a member
- Notice of every general meeting shall be given to the members (other than any who, under the provisions of these Articles or of any restrictions imposed on any shares, are not entitled to receive notice from the Company), to the Directors and to the auditors
- 45.5 If the board, in its absolute discretion, considers that it is impractical or undesirable for any reason to hold a general meeting on the date or at the time or place specified in the notice

calling the general meeting, it may postpone the meeting to another date, time and place When a meeting is so postponed, notice of the date, time and place of the postponed meeting shall be placed in at least one national newspaper in the United Kingdom Notice of the business to be transacted at such postponed meeting shall not be required

### S46. Omission to Send Notice

The accidental omission to send notice of a meeting or (in cases where it is sent out with the notice) a form of proxy to, or the non-receipt of either by, any person (other than the Scheme Shareholder) entitled to receive the same shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting

#### PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

## S47. Quorum

- 47.1 No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present. The absence of a quorum shall not preclude the appointment of a chairman of the meeting in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, which shall not be treated as part of the business of the meeting.
- 47.2 The quorum for a general meeting shall be two members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote provided that at any general meeting
  - 47.2.1 the business of which includes any one or more of the resolutions mentioned in Article S3 3, or
  - the business of which includes any resolution to approve any one or more of the matters mentioned in Article S3 3

a quorum shall not be present for any purpose unless the Scheme Shareholder is present thereat either by a representative appointed in accordance with section 375(1)(a) of the Act or by proxy

# S48. Procedure if Quorum Not Present

- 48.1 If a quorum is not present within 30 minutes (or such longer interval as the chairman in his absolute discretion thinks fit) from the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting, or if, during a meeting, a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting, if convened by or on the requisition of members, shall be dissolved. In any other case, it shall stand adjourned to such date (being not less than 14 days nor more than 28 days later), time and place as the chairman (or, in default, the board) shall appoint
- 48.2 At any such adjourned meeting the quorum shall be two members present in person or by

proxy and entitled to vote provided that at any general meeting

- 48.2.1 the business of which includes any one or more of the resolutions mentioned in Article S3 3, or
- the business of which includes any resolution to approve any one or more of the matters mentioned in Article S3 3

a quorum shall not be present for any purpose unless the Scheme Shareholder is present thereat either by a representative appointed in accordance with section 375(1)(a) of the Act or by proxy

If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes (or such longer interval as the chairman in his absolute discretion thinks fit) from the time appointed for the commencement of such adjourned meeting, or if, during the meeting, a quorum ceases to be present, the adjourned meeting shall be dissolved

48.3 The Company shall give not less than seven clear days' notice of any such adjourned meeting. The notice shall specify the date, the time and the place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted, and shall state the quorum requirement.

### 49. Chairman

- 49.1 The chairman (if any) of the board or, in his absence, the deputy chairman (if any) of the board or, in his absence, some other Director nominated by the Directors, shall preside as chairman at every general meeting of the Company
- 49.2 If neither the chairman (if any) nor the deputy chairman (if any) nor such other Director is present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting, or none of such persons is willing to act as such, the Directors present shall select one of their number to be chairman. If only one Director is present and he is willing to act, he shall be chairman. In default, the members present in person and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman.
- 49.3 The decision of the chairman on points of order, matters of procedure or arising incidentally out of the business of the meeting shall be final and conclusive, as shall be his determination, acting in good faith, whether any point or matter is of such a nature
- 49.4 For the avoidance of doubt, no provision of these Articles restricts or excludes any of the powers or rights of a chairman of a meeting which are given by the general law

### 50. Director's Right to Attend and Speak

A Director shall be entitled, even though he is not a member, to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares or debentures in the capital of the Company

## S51. Power to Adjourn

- 51.1 The chairman may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall, if so directed by the meeting), adjourn any meeting to another date, time and/or place or for an indefinite period provided that in the case of any general meeting falling within the proviso to Article S47 2 any such adjournment shall be subject to the consent of any representative or proxy of the Scheme Shareholder
- Without prejudice to any other power which he may have under these Articles or which is given by the general law, the chairman may, without the need for the consent of the meeting provided that in the case of any general meeting falling within the proviso to Article S47 2 any such adjournment shall be subject to the consent of any representative or proxy of the Scheme Shareholder, interrupt or adjourn any meeting to another date, time and/or place or for an indefinite period if he is of the opinion that
  - the members wishing to attend cannot be conveniently accommodated in the place appointed for the meeting, or
  - the conduct of persons present prevents, or is likely to prevent, the proper and orderly conduct of the meeting, or
  - 51.2.3 It has become necessary to ensure that the business of the meeting is properly considered and transacted
- For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions of this Article S51 shall not apply to a meeting adjourned for want of a quorum (see Article S48)

## 52. Notice of Adjourned Meeting

- Without prejudice to the provisions of these Articles, whenever a meeting is adjourned for 28 days or more or for an indefinite period, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given to the members (other than those who, under the provisions of these Articles or of any restrictions imposed on any shares, are not entitled to receive notice from the Company), to the Directors and to the auditors—Such notice shall specify the date, time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted
- 52.2 In all other cases, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjourned meeting or of

the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting

52.3 For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions of this Article 52 shall not apply to a meeting adjourned for want of a quorum (see Article S48)

## 53. Business at Adjourned Meeting

The only business which shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting is that which might properly have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place

# S54. Conduct and Accommodation of Members at Meeting

- 54.1 The board may resolve to enable persons entitled to attend a general meeting to do so by simultaneous attendance and participation at a satellite meeting place anywhere in the world. The members present in person or by proxy at satellite meeting places shall be counted in the quorum for, and shall be entitled to vote at, the general meeting in question, provided that (i) in the case of a general meeting falling within the proviso to Article S47.2 the Scheme Shareholder has given its prior written consent and (ii) the chairman of the meeting is satisfied that adequate facilities are available throughout the meeting to ensure that members attending at all the meeting places are able to participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened, and to hear and see all persons who speak (whether by the use of microphones, loudspeakers, audio-visual communications equipment or otherwise), in the principal meeting place and any satellite meeting place, and to be heard and seen by all other persons so present in the same manner, such meeting shall be duly constituted and its proceedings valid. The chairman of the meeting shall be present at, and the meeting shall be deemed to take place at, the principal meeting place.
- If it appears to the chairman that the principal meeting place or any satellite meeting place is inadequate to accommodate all members entitled and wishing to attend, the meeting shall be duly constituted and its proceedings valid provided that (i) the chairman of the meeting is satisfied that adequate facilities are available throughout the meeting to ensure that a member who is unable to be accommodated is able to participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened, and to hear and see all persons who speak (whether by the use of microphones, loudspeakers, audio-visual communications equipment or otherwise), whether in the meeting place or elsewhere, and to be heard and seen by all other persons so present in the same manner and (ii) in the case of a general meeting falling within the proviso to Article S47 2 the representative or proxy of the Scheme Shareholder is allowed to be present at the principal meeting place. The notice of the meeting does not have to give details of any arrangements under this Article S54 2
- 54.3 The board and, at any general meeting, the chairman may make any arrangement and impose any requirement or restriction which it or he (as appropriate) considers appropriate to ensure the security and orderly conduct of a general meeting including, without limitation, requirements for evidence of identity to be produced by those attending the

meeting, the searching of their personal property and the restriction of items which may be taken into the meeting place. The board and, at any general meeting, the chairman is entitled to refuse entry to, or to eject, a person (other than any representative or proxy of the Scheme Shareholder) who refuses to comply with these arrangements, requirements or restrictions or who disrupts the proper and orderly conduct of the meeting

#### **VOTING**

# S55. Method of Voting

- At any general meeting, a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided by a show of hands unless before the show of hands, or before or immediately following the declaration of the result of the show of hands, a poll is duly demanded
- 55.2 Subject to the provisions of the Act, a poll may be demanded on any question by
  - 55.2.1 the chairman of the meeting,
  - 55.2.2 not less than five members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote,
  - a member or members present in person or by proxy representing in aggregate not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting,
  - a member or members present in person or by proxy holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting, being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right, or
  - the Scheme Shareholder, present either by a representative appointed in accordance with section 375(1) of the Act or by proxy

A demand by a proxy for a member shall be deemed to be a demand by that member

Provided that any resolutions mentioned in Article S48 2 1 or S48 2 2 shall, in the absence of the prior written consent of the Scheme Shareholder to the contrary, be a resolution on which a poll must be taken, and in the event that a poll shall not be taken on any such resolution as aforesaid the result of any show of hands on that resolution shall be deemed to be invalid for all purposes

Unless a poll is so demanded and the demand is not withdrawn, a declaration by the chairman that the resolution has been carried, or carried by a particular majority, or lost or not carried by a particular majority, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of proceedings of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of that fact without

proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution

#### 56. Procedure on a Poll

- If a poll is properly demanded, it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman of the meeting directs. He may appoint scrutineers, who need not also be members, and may fix a date, time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded
- Any poll demanded on the election of a chairman of a meeting or on any question of adjournment shall be taken at the meeting and without adjournment. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such date, time and place as the chairman directs, either at once or after an interval or adjournment (but not more than 30 clear days after the date of the demand)
- No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately if the date, time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the date, time and place at which the poll is to be taken.
- The demand for a poll may be withdrawn, but only with the consent of the chairman A demand so withdrawn shall validate the result (if any) of a show of hands declared before the demand was made. In the case of a poll demanded before the show of hands or the declaration of the result of it, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made
- The demand for a poll (other than on the election of the chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment) shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded
- On a poll, votes may be given in person or by proxy A member entitled to more than one vote need not, if he votes on the poll, use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way

### S57. Votes of Members

Subject to any terms as to voting upon which any shares may have been issued or may for the time being be held, or any suspension or abrogation of voting rights pursuant to these Articles, and subject to the provisions of these Articles including, without limitation, Article S3 3, at a general meeting of the Company

44

57.1.1 every member (other than the Scheme Shareholder) present in person shall, on

a show of hands, have one vote,

- every member (other than the Scheme Shareholder) present in person or by proxy shall, on a poll, have one vote for every share of which he is the holder, and
- 57.1.3 the Scheme Shareholder shall have the voting rights set out in Article S3 3 7
- In the case of joint holders of a share, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders. Seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the joint holders stand in the register.
- A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court or official having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) that he is or may be suffering from mental disorder or is otherwise incapable of running his affairs may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised for that purpose and appointed by the court or official and any such receiver, curator bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy, provided, in each case, that evidence (to the satisfaction of the board) of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote is deposited at the office (or at such other place as is specified in accordance with these Articles for the deposit of forms of proxy) within the time limits prescribed by these Articles for the deposit of forms of proxy for use at the meeting, adjourned meeting or poll at which the right to vote is to be exercised
- For the purposes of determining which persons may attend and vote at a general meeting, and the number of votes each such person may have, the notice of the meeting may specify a date and time by which persons must be entered on the register in order to be entitled to attend and vote at the meeting. This date and time must not be more than 48 hours before the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting.

### 58. Casting Vote of Chairman

In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall, both on a show of hands and on a poll, have a casting vote This casting vote is in addition to any vote to which he may be entitled as a member or as a proxy

## 59. Restriction on Voting Rights

The provisions of Article 71 shall apply to restrict the voting rights of members where a notice has been given in accordance with section 212 of the Act in respect of shares held by such member and the information required by such notice has not been given to the Company

Unless the board otherwise determines, no member shall be entitled (in respect of any share held by him) to be present or to vote, either in person or by proxy, at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares or on any poll, or to exercise any other rights conferred by membership in relation to any such meeting or poll, if any calls or other monies due and payable in respect of such share remain unpaid. Such restrictions shall cease to apply on payment of the amount outstanding and all costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

## S60. Voting by Proxy

- **60.1** Subject to Article S60 3, a form appointing a proxy shall be
  - in writing in the usual form, or in such other form as may be approved by the board,
  - executed by the appointor or his duly constituted attorney or, if the appointor is a corporation, under its seal or under the hand of its duly authorised officer or attorney or other person or persons authorised to sign
- The signature on such appointment need not be witnessed. Where the appointment of a proxy is signed on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the power of attorney or a copy thereof certified notarially or in some other way approved by the Directors must (failing previous registration with the Company) be submitted to the Company, failing which the appointment may be treated as invalid
- Subject to the Act, the board may resolve to allow a proxy to be appointed by an electronic communication (including, but not limited to, telephone, fax or e-mail) The ability to appoint a proxy by an electronic communication may be subject to such limitations, restrictions or conditions as the board thinks fit. In particular, but without limitation, the board may require such evidence as it considers appropriate to decide that the appointment of a proxy in this manner is effective
- Subject to any contrary direction contained in the form of proxy or electronic communication appointing a proxy, a proxy may demand or join in demanding a poll and, subject to the provisions of these Articles, may vote on any resolution or amendment of a resolution put to, or any other business which may properly come before, the meeting for which it is given, as the proxy thinks fit
- Except to demand a poll, and except for a proxy appointed by the Scheme Shareholder (where the business of the meeting includes any matter referred to in Article S3 3), a proxy may not speak at a general meeting without the consent of the chairman
- **60.6** A proxy need not be a member of the Company

- A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion. When two or more valid but different forms of proxy or electronic communications appointing a proxy are delivered or received in respect of the same share for use at the same meeting, the one which is last validly delivered or received (regardless of its date or the date of its execution) shall be treated as replacing and revoking the other(s) as regards that share. If the Company is unable to determine which was last delivered or received, none of them shall be treated as valid in respect of that share.
- The appointment of a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting in person at the meeting or any adjournment of it or on any poll
- 60.9 The appointment of a proxy shall, unless the contrary is stated in it, be valid for any adjournment of the meeting as well as for the meeting(s) to which it relates No appointment of a proxy shall be valid after the expiry of 12 months from the date it is given
- 60.10 The Company shall send out proxy forms, whether by post or (subject to the Act) by electronic communication, to all of the persons entitled to receive notice of and to vote at any meeting and shall
  - 60.10.1 send such proxy form with the notice convening the meeting,
  - provide for two-way voting (without prejudice to any right to abstain) on all resolutions set out in the notice of the meeting,
  - state that a member is entitled to appoint a proxy of his own choice and provide a space for the insertion of the name of such proxy,
  - state that if the proxy form is returned without any indication as to how the proxy should vote on any particular matter, the proxy will exercise his discretion as to whether, and if so how, he votes

## 61. Delivery of Proxy

- 61.1 In order for the appointment of a proxy to be valid
  - 61.1.1 (in the case of an appointment of a proxy by a form of proxy) the form of proxy, together with the relevant documents, if any, must be
    - (a) deposited at the office (or at such other place within the United Kingdom as may be specified in the notice convening the meeting and/or in any form of proxy or other accompanying document sent by the Company in relation to the meeting) by the relevant time, or

- (b) duly delivered in accordance with Article 61 3,
- (in the case of an appointment of a proxy by electronic communication in accordance with the provisions of these Articles) the electronic communication appointing the proxy, together with the relevant evidence, must be received at the address by the relevant time

### 61.2 For the purposes of this Article 61

- for the purpose of appointing a proxy by electronic communication, the "address" means the number or address which has been specified by the Company for the purpose of receiving electronic communications appointing proxies,
- the "relevant documents" means the power of attorney or other authority relied on to sign the form of proxy, or a copy of such document certified by a notary or certified in some other way approved by the board,
- the "relevant evidence" means all or any evidence required by the board in accordance with the provisions of Article S60 3,

### 61.2.4 the "relevant time" shall be

- (a) 48 hours before the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person appointed as proxy proposes to vote, or
- (b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, 48 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll
- 61.3 If a meeting is adjourned for less than 48 hours, or if a poll is not taken immediately but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, a form of proxy may also be delivered at the adjourned meeting or at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to any Director or the secretary

## 62. When Votes by Proxy Valid though Authority Revoked

A vote given or poll demanded by a proxy or representative of a corporation duly authorised (as provided in Article 63) shall be valid even though the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll has previously terminated unless notice of the termination was received by the Company

- 62.1 (in the case of a duly authorised representative of a corporation) at the office,
- 62.2 (where the proxy was appointed by a form of proxy) at the office (or such other place as is specified for depositing the form of proxy), or
- 62.3 (where the proxy was appointed by an electronic communication) at the address (as defined in Article 61 2 1),

in either case

- at least 24 hours before the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which such vote is given, or
- 62.5 (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) at least 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll at which the vote is cast

## 63. Corporate Representative

- A member which is a corporation may, by resolution of its directors or other governing body, authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares. The person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation (in respect of that part of the corporation's holding to which the authorisation relates) as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member. The corporation shall, for the purposes of these Articles, be deemed to be present in person at any such meeting if a person so authorised is present at it, and all references to attendance and voting in person shall be construed accordingly.
- A Director, the secretary or some person authorised for the purpose by the secretary may require the representative to produce a certified copy of the resolution so authorising him before permitting him to exercise his powers

## S64. Objection to or Error in Voting

No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter, or to the counting of, or failure to count, any vote, except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered or at which the error occurs. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting and shall only vitiate the result of the voting if, in the opinion of the chairman, it is of sufficient magnitude to affect the decision of the meeting. The decision of the chairman shall be final and conclusive, save that no such decision shall be capable of prejudicing the effect of any valid exercise of any voting rights attached by these Articles to the Scheme Share

### S65. Amendments to Resolutions

- No amendment to a special or an extraordinary resolution (other than a clerical amendment to correct a patent error) may be considered in any circumstances
- No amendment to an ordinary resolution (other than a clerical amendment to correct a patent error) may be considered unless either
  - at least 48 hours' prior written notice of the amendment has been lodged with the Company at the office, or
  - 65.2.2 the chairman of the meeting agrees otherwise
- 65.3 If any amendment proposed to any resolution under consideration is ruled out of order by the chairman of the meeting, the proceedings on the substantive resolution shall not be invalidated by any error in such ruling

#### S66. Members' Written Resolutions

A resolution in writing, executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote on it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present, shall be as effective as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held. The resolution in writing may consist of several documents in the same form, each duly executed by or on behalf of one or more members, and may be in any form as the board determines, including fax and other electronic communications

#### S67. Confidential Information

No member present at a general meeting, whether in person, by proxy or by representative, shall be entitled to require disclosure of or any information about any detail of the Company's trading, or that may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company, if the board decides that it is in the interests of the Company to keep that information confidential

### **CLASS MEETINGS**

#### S68. Procedure

Any separate meeting for the holders of any class of shares shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an extraordinary general meeting of the Company, and the provisions of sections 369, 370, 376 and 377 of the Act shall (so far as applicable) apply as if references in such sections to meetings are references to such class meetings, provided that

68.1 no member, other than a Director, shall be entitled to notice of, or to attend, any such

meeting unless he is a holder of shares of that class,

- the quorum at any such meeting (other than an adjourned meeting) shall be two persons present in person or by proxy holding or representing by proxy at least one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of the class save in the case of a meeting of the Scheme Share in which event the Scheme Shareholder present by proxy or a representative shall be a quorum for such meeting,
- the quorum at any adjourned meeting shall be two persons holding shares of the class in question who are present in person or by proxy save in the case of a meeting of the Scheme Share in which event the Scheme Shareholder present by proxy or representative shall be a quorum for such meeting, and
- a poll may be demanded by any member present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote at the meeting. On a poll, each member shall have one vote for every share of the class in question of which he is the holder

#### **DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS IN SHARES**

### S69. Sanctions for Non-disclosure

- 69.1 Where a member, or any other person appearing to be interested in shares held by that member, has
  - **69.1.1** been issued with a notice pursuant to section 212 of the Act, and
  - failed in relation to any shares ("default shares", which expression shall include any further shares which are issued in respect of such default shares) to give the Company the information required by that notice within the prescribed period from the date of service of the notice and provided that no disentitlement under this Article shall apply in relation to a meeting held less than 28 days after the giving of the notice in respect of which the default arises but subject thereto disentitlement under this Article shall continue until the seventh day after the default is remedied,

then, unless the board otherwise determines, the sanctions set out in Articles S69 2 and S69 3 shall apply

by him to be present or to vote (either in person or by representative or proxy) at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares, or on any poll, or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to any such meeting or poll. The same restrictions shall apply to any transferee to whom any of such default shares are

transferred, unless such transfer is an excepted transfer (as defined in Article S73)

- 69.3 Where the default shares represent at least 0.25 per cent in nominal value of the issued shares of their class (excluding any shares in the Company held as treasury shares) the board may in its absolute discretion by notice in writing to such member direct that
  - any dividend or other monies payable in respect of the default shares shall be withheld by the Company, which shall not have any obligation to pay interest on it, and the member shall not be entitled to elect, pursuant to Articles S141 or S142, to receive shares instead of that dividend, and
  - save for an excepted transfer (as defined in Article S73) and subject to the requirements of the relevant system in relation to shares in uncertificated form, no transfer of a default share shall be registered unless
    - (a) the member is not himself in default as regards supplying the information required, and
    - (b) the member proves to the satisfaction of the board that no person in default as regards supplying such information is interested in any of the shares which are the subject of the transfer
- 69.4 The Scheme Shareholder shall be entitled in its absolute discretion at any time and from time to time to serve or cause to be served upon the Company at its registered office a requisition in writing requiring the Directors
  - 69.4.1 to serve in accordance with section 212 of the Act such notice or notices upon such person or respective persons as shall be specified in such requisition; and/or
  - 69.4.2 to apply the sanctions set out in Articles S69 2 and S69.3 in respect of any default shares of such person or persons, and/or
  - to apply to the Court under section 216 of the Act for such order against such person or respective persons as shall be specified in such requisition,

and the Directors shall be bound to comply with any such requisition as soon as practicable after service thereof as aforesaid

### S70. Cessation of Sanctions

70.1 Where the sanctions under Article S69 apply in relation to any shares, they shall cease to have effect seven days following the earlier of

- 70.1.1 receipt by the Company of notice that the shares have been transferred by means of an excepted transfer, or
- 70.1.2 receipt by the Company of the information required by the notice issued pursuant to section 212 of the Act
- 70.2 The board may at any time give notice cancelling or suspending for a stated period the operation of the sanctions under Article S69 in whole or in part

### 71. Section 212 Notices

- 71.1 Any notice issued pursuant to section 212 of the Act may treat certificated and uncertificated shares of a holder as separate holdings and either apply only to certificated shares or to uncertificated shares or make different provision for certificated and uncertificated shares
- Where, on the basis of information obtained from a member in respect of any share held by him, the Company issues a notice pursuant to section 212 of the Act to any other person, it shall, at the same time, send a copy of the notice to the member. The accidental omission to do so, or the non-receipt by the member of the copy, shall not invalidate or otherwise affect the application of Article S69.

# 72. Approved Depositories

- 72.1 Where a person who appears to be interested in shares has been served with a notice pursuant to section 212 of the Act and the shares in which he appears to be interested are held by an approved depositary, the provisions of Articles S69 to 71 to (inclusive) shall be treated as applying only to the shares which are held by the approved depositary in which that person appears to be interested and not (so far as that person's apparent interest is concerned) to any other shares held by the approved depositary
- While the member on which a notice pursuant to section 212 of the Act is served is an approved depositary, the obligations of the approved depositary as a member will be limited to disclosing to the Company any information relating to a person who appears to be interested in the shares held by it which has been recorded by it in accordance with the arrangement under which it was appointed as an approved depositary

## S73. Disclosure of Interests – Definitions

For the purposes of Articles S69 to 72 (inclusive)

73.1 a person, other than the member holding a share, shall be treated as appearing to be interested in that share if

- 73.1.1 the member has informed the Company that the person is, or may be, so interested, or
- 73.1.2 the Company (after taking account of any information obtained from the member or, pursuant to a notice under section 212 of the Act, from anyone else) knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the person is, or may be, so interested,
- 73.2 "interested" shall be construed in the same way as it is construed for the purpose of section 212 of the Act,
- 73.3 reference to a person having failed to give the Company the information required by a notice, or being in default as regards supplying such information, includes reference to his having failed or refused to give all or any part of it and reference to his having given information which he knows to be false in a material particular or having recklessly given information which is false in a material particular;
- 73.4 the "prescribed period" means 28 days,
- 73.5 an "excepted transfer" means, in relation to any shares held by a member
  - a transfer pursuant to the acceptance of a takeover offer for the Company (within the meaning of the Act),
  - a transfer in consequence of a sale made through a recognised investment exchange (as defined in the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000) or any other stock exchange outside the United Kingdom on which the Company's shares of the same class as the default shares are normally traded, or
  - 73.5.3 a transfer which is shown to the satisfaction of the board to be made in consequence of a sale of the whole of the beneficial interest in the shares to a person who is unconnected with the member and with any other person appearing to be interested in the shares. For the purposes of this Article S73 any associate (as that term is defined in section 435 of the Insolvency Act 1986) or any person appearing to be interested in such shares shall be included amongst the persons who are connected with the member

# 74. Section 216 – Penalty for Failure to Provide Information

Nothing contained in these Articles shall limit the power of the Company under section 216 of the Act

#### NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

#### 75. Number

Unless and until otherwise determined by the Company by ordinary resolution, there shall be no maximum number of Directors, but the number of Directors shall not be less than three

#### ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

## 76. Appointment

- Any Director (other than an alternate director) may, by notice delivered to the secretary at the office, or in any other manner approved by the board, appoint any other Director or any other person who is approved by the board and is willing to act to be his alternate. No appointment of an alternate director who is not already a Director shall be effective until his consent to act as a Director has been received at the office and his appointment has been approved by the board
- 76.2 An alternate director shall not be required to hold any shares in the Company

# 77. Revocation of Appointment

- 77.1 A Director may, at any time, by notice delivered to the secretary at the office, revoke the appointment of his alternate director and, subject to the provisions of Article 76, appoint another person in his place
- 77.2 If a Director ceases to hold the office of Director or if he dies, the appointment of his alternate director shall then also cease. However, if any Director retires but is re-elected at the meeting at which such retirement takes effect, any valid appointment of an alternate director which was in force immediately before his retirement shall continue to operate after his re-election as if he had not so retired.
- 77.3 The appointment of an alternate director shall cease on the happening of any event which, if he was a Director otherwise appointed, would cause him to vacate office

### 78. Participation in Board Meetings

- 78.1 Every alternate director shall (subject to him giving to the Company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be served on him) be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of the board and all committees of which his appointor is a member
- 78.2 In the absence from such meetings of his appointor, an alternate director shall be entitled to attend and vote at such meetings and to exercise all the powers, rights, duties and authorities

of his appointor

- 78.3 A Director acting as alternate director shall have, in addition to his own vote, a separate vote at board and committee meetings for each Director for whom he acts as alternate director; however, he shall count as only one Director for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present
- 78.4 If his appointor is temporarily unable to act through ill health or disability, the signature of the alternate director to any resolution in writing of the directors shall be as effective as the signature of his appointor. To such extent as the directors may from time to time determine in relation to any committees of the directors the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall also apply mutatis mutandis to any meeting of any such committee of which his appointor is a member.

### 79. Responsibility

Every person acting as an alternate director shall be deemed to be an officer of the Company, shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and shall not be deemed to be the agent of his appointor

## 80. Remuneration and Expenses

An alternate director shall not be entitled as against the Company to any fees for his services as an alternate. An alternate director shall be paid by the Company such expenses as might properly have been repaid to him if he had been a Director

#### **POWERS OF THE BOARD**

### S81. Powers of the Board

- 81.1 The Directors shall, in the performance of their functions have due regard to the principles set out in Articles S81 1 1 to S81 1 3 below insofar as by the proper exercise of their powers as Directors (including the proper exercise of all such powers as they may have to control the affairs of all undertakings which shall from time to time be subsidiary undertakings of the Company) and in accordance with their other duties as Directors of the Company those principles are capable of being observed by the Directors
  - that the affairs of the Group shall be conducted in a manner which is not inconsistent with the objectives of the Scheme,
  - 81.1.2 that the Group will observe and perform its obligations under the CCS Reimbursement Agreement, the PLC Reimbursement Agreement, the Services Agreement and the Funding Agreement, and

- 81.1.3 that the Group will conduct all Scheme Claims in accordance with best practice and appropriate legal advice
- Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum of association of the Company and these Articles (including, without limitation, Article S3 3) and to any directions given by special resolution of the Company, the business of the Company shall be managed by the board which may exercise all the powers of the Company whether relating to the management of the business or not
- 81.3 No alteration of the memorandum of association or of these Articles and no special resolution of the Company shall invalidate any prior act of the board which would have been valid if such alteration had not been made or such special resolution had not been passed
- The provisions contained elsewhere in these Articles as to any specific power of the board shall not be deemed to limit the general powers given by this Article S81

## 82. Powers of Directors if Less than Minimum Required Number

- 82.1 If the number of Directors is less than the minimum for the time being prescribed by these Articles, the remaining Director or Directors shall only act for the purpose of appointing an additional Director or Directors to make up such minimum or to convene a general meeting of the Company for the purpose of making such appointment. If there is no Director or if no Director or Directors are able or willing to act, then any two members may summon a general meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors.
- Any additional Director appointed by the remaining Director or Directors shall (subject to the provisions of these Articles and unless he is re-elected during such meeting) hold office only until the dissolution of the annual general meeting of the Company next following such appointment

# S83. Exercise of Voting Rights

Subject to the provisions of Article 3 3 6 the board may exercise or cause to be exercised the voting rights conferred by shares in any other company held or owned by the Company, or any power of appointment to be exercised by the Company, in such manner and in all respects as it thinks fit (including the exercise of the voting rights or power of appointment in favour of the appointment of any Director as a Director or other officer or employee of such company or in favour of the payment of remuneration to the Directors, officers or employees of such company)

# 84. Corporate Members

The board may at any time require a corporate member to furnish any information, supported (if the board so requires) by a statutory declaration, which it may consider

necessary for the purpose of determining whether or not such member is a close company within the meaning of section 414 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988

# 85. Provision for Employees on Cessation or Transfer of Business

The board may resolve to exercise any power conferred on the Company by the Act to make provision for the benefit of any person employed or formerly employed by the Company or any subsidiaries (or any member of his family, including a spouse or former spouse or any person who is or was dependent on him) in connection with the cessation or the transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the Company or that subsidiary

## 86. Overseas Register

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the board may exercise the powers conferred on the Company with regard to the keeping of an overseas or local or other register and may make and vary such regulations as it thinks fit in respect of the keeping of any such register

# S87. Borrowing Powers

- 87.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles including, without limitation, Article S3 3, the board may exercise all the powers of the Company
  - **87.1.1** to borrow money,
  - 87.1.2 to mortgage or charge all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets (present or future) and uncalled capital of the Company,
  - 87.1.3 to issue debentures and other securities, and
  - 87.1.4 to give security, either outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party
- 87.2 The board may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow or raise money upon or by the issue or sale of any debentures or securities on such terms as to time of repayment, rate of interest, price of issue or sale, payment of premium or bonus upon redemption or repayment or otherwise as it may determine, including (subject to the provisions of the Act) a right for the holders of debentures or securities to exchange the same for shares in the Company of any class authorised to be issued
- 87.3 The board may confer upon any mortgagees or persons in whom any debenture or security is vested, such rights and powers as it thinks necessary or expedient. It may vest any property of the Company in trustees for the purpose of securing any monies so borrowed or raised, and confer upon the trustees or any receiver to be appointed by them or by any debenture holder such rights and powers as the board may think necessary or expedient in relation to

- **87.3.1** the undertaking or property of the Company, or its management or realisation, or
- the making, receiving or enforcing of calls on the members in respect of unpaid capital,

and otherwise, and may make and issue debentures to trustees for the purpose of further security, and any such trustees may be remunerated

87.4 The board may give security for the payment of any monies payable by the Company in the same manner as for the payment of monies borrowed or raised, in which case such amount shall be deemed to be included as part of the borrowings for the purposes of Article S88

# S88. Limit to Borrowing Powers

- Whiless otherwise determined by the Company by ordinary resolution, the board shall restrict the Borrowings of the Company and shall, insofar as it is able, exercise all voting and other rights or powers of control exercisable by the Company in relation to its subsidiary undertakings so as to procure that the aggregate principal amount outstanding in respect of all Borrowings by the Group (exclusive of any borrowings which are owed by one Group Company to another and after deducting cash deposited) shall not, at any time, without an ordinary resolution of the Company, exceed £200 million
- 88.2 The maximum aggregate level of Borrowings stipulated by or in accordance with this Article S88 shall be increased on each anniversary of the date of the adoption of these Articles (or, if appropriate, the date upon which the maximum was last fixed by ordinary resolution in accordance with Article S88 1) by the same percentage increase as the percentage increase in the General Index of Retail Prices for all items (or such other comparable index as may be substituted for it from time to time before such anniversary) in the 12 months immediately preceding such date

# 88.3 In this Article S88

88.3.1 "Borrowings" means, in respect of the Group Companies, the total amount outstanding of any bank overdrafts (after deducting any credit balances) and any issued loan capital of the Group Companies and any term loans of the Group Companies and all other borrowings and indebtedness in the nature of borrowings of the Group Companies, including but not limited to liabilities under acceptances (other than normal trade bills) or acceptance credits and all uncleared cheques and (to the extent not included in bank overdrafts) all sums due under invoice discounting arrangements or factoring arrangements and directors' loan accounts but excluding amounts due under finance leases, hire purchase, lease purchase and similar arrangements,

- **88.3.2** "Group" means the Company and its subsidiary undertakings from time to time but excluding CCS,
- **88.3.3** "Group Company" means any company in the Group

## 89. Register of Charges

The board shall keep a register of charges in accordance with the Act and the fee to be paid by any person other than a creditor or member of the Company for each inspection of the register of charges to be kept under the Act shall be the maximum sum prescribed by the Act or, failing that, determined by the board

#### DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS

#### 90. Powers of Executive Directors

The board may from time to time delegate or entrust to and confer upon any Director holding executive office (including a managing Director) such of its powers, authorities and discretions (with power to sub-delegate) for such time, on such terms and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit. It may confer such powers either collaterally with, or to the exclusion of and in substitution for, all or any of the powers of the board in that respect, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers

# 91. Delegation to Committees

- 91.1 The board may delegate any of its powers, authorities and discretions (with power to subdelegate) (including powers or discretions relating to the remuneration of or benefits given
  to the Directors) for such time, on such terms and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit
  to any committee consisting of one or more Directors and (if thought fit) one or more other
  persons (provided that a majority of the members of a committee shall be Directors or
  alternate directors and no resolution of a committee shall be effective unless a majority of
  those present when it was passed are Directors or alternate directors) The board may confer
  such powers either collaterally with, or to the exclusion of and in substitution for, all or any
  of the powers of the board in that respect, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter
  or vary all or any of such powers, and discharge any such committee in whole or in part
- 91.2 All committees shall, in the exercise of the powers delegated to them and in the transaction of business, conform to any mode of proceedings and regulations which may be prescribed by the board. Subject to that, the proceedings of any committee shall be governed by such of these Articles as regulate the proceedings of the board, so far as they are capable of applying
- 91.3 References in these Articles to committees include sub-committees permitted under these

#### Articles

# 92. Local and Divisional Management

- 92.1 The board may establish any local or divisional boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company in any locality in relation to any business, either in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and it may appoint any person to be a member of such local or divisional board, or a manager or agent, and may fix his remuneration
- 92.2 The board may delegate to any local or divisional board, manager or agent so appointed any of its powers, authorities and discretions (with power to sub-delegate) and may authorise the members for the time being of any such local or divisional board, or any of them, to fill up any vacancies and to act even though there are vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made for such time, on such terms and subject to such conditions as the board thinks fit. The board may confer such powers either collaterally with, or to the exclusion of and in substitution for, all or any of the powers of the board in that respect, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers
- 92.3 Subject to any terms and conditions expressly prescribed by the board, the proceedings of any local or divisional board or agency with two or more members shall be governed by such of these Articles as regulate the proceedings of the board, so far as they are capable of applying

# 93. Power of Attorney

The board may, by power of attorney or otherwise, appoint any person or persons to be the agent of the Company and may delegate to any such person or persons any of its powers, authorities and discretions (with power to sub-delegate), in each case for such purposes and for such time, on such terms (including, but not limited to, remuneration and the protection and convenience of persons dealing with the agent) and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit. The board may confer such powers either collaterally with, or to the exclusion of and in substitution for, all or any of the powers of the board in that respect, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers

#### 94. Associate Directors

The board may appoint any person (not being a Director) to any office or employment having a designation or title including the word "Director", or attach to any existing office or employment with the Company such designation or title, and may terminate any such appointment or the use of such designation or title. The inclusion of the word "Director" in the designation or title of any such office or employment shall not imply that such person is, or is deemed to be, or is empowered in any respect to act as, a Director of the Company for any of the purposes of the Act or these Articles

#### APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

## 95. Power of the Company to Appoint Directors

Subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint any person who is willing to act as a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an addition to the existing board

# 96. Power of the Board to Appoint Directors

96.1 Without prejudice to the power of the Company to appoint any person to be a Director pursuant to these Articles but subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles, the board may, at any time, appoint any person who is willing to act as a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an addition to the existing board

# **96.2** Any Director so appointed shall

- 96.2.1 (subject to the provisions of these Articles and unless he is re-elected during such meeting) hold office only until the dissolution of the annual general meeting of the Company next following such appointment, and
- 96.2.2 not retire by rotation at such meeting or be taken into account in determining the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting

## 97. Appointment of Executive Directors

- 97.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the board may from time to time appoint one or more of its body to hold any employment or executive office (including that of chief executive and managing Director) for such period and on such terms as the board may determine, and (without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between the Director and the Company and to any claim which may arise by operation of law) the board may revoke or terminate any such appointment
- 97.2 A chief executive, managing Director or other executive Director who ceases to hold the office of Director from any cause shall automatically cease to be a managing or executive Director immediately

## 98. Eligibility of New Directors

- 98.1 No person, other than a Director retiring (by rotation or otherwise), shall be eligible for appointment or reappointment as a Director at any general meeting, unless
  - 98.1.1 he is recommended by the board, or

- 98.1.2 not less than seven nor more than 42 days before the date appointed for the meeting, notice by a member (other than the person to be proposed) entitled to attend and vote at the meeting of the intention to propose that person for appointment or reappointment, stating the particulars which would, if he were so appointed or reappointed, be required to be included in the Company's register of Directors, together with notice given by that person of his willingness to be appointed or reappointed, is lodged at the office
- 98.2 A Director shall not be required to hold any shares in the Company

# 99. Voting on Resolution for Appointment

A resolution for the appointment of two or more persons as Directors by a single resolution shall be void unless an ordinary resolution that it shall be so proposed has first been agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it

# 100. Retirement by Rotation

- At each annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of the Directors who are subject to retirement by rotation or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not exceeding one-third shall retire from office but so that, if there are fewer than three Directors who are subject to retirement by rotation, one shall retire from office
- In addition to the Directors required to retire by rotation under Article 100 1 (as determined in accordance with Article 101), there shall also be required to retire by rotation any Director who at an annual general meeting of the Company shall have been a Director at each of the preceding two annual general meetings of the Company, provided that
  - 100.2.1 he was not appointed or reappointed at either such annual general meeting, and
  - he has not otherwise ceased to be a Director (whether by resignation, retirement, removal or otherwise) and been reappointed by general meeting of the Company at or since either such annual general meeting

# 101. Directors Subject to Retirement

- 101.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles, the Directors to retire by rotation at each annual general meeting shall
  - 101.1.1 exclude any Director appointed after the date of any notice convening the annual general meeting, and
  - 101.1.2 include, so far as necessary to obtain the number required, first, any Director

who wishes to retire and not offer himself for re-election, and secondly, those Directors who have been longest in office since their last appointment or reappointment. As between two or more Directors who have been in office an equal length of time, the Director to retire shall, in default of agreement between them, be determined by lot

101.2 The Directors to retire on each occasion (both as to number and identity) shall be determined by the composition of the board at the start of business on the date of the notice convening the annual general meeting, even though the number or identity of the Directors after that time but before the close of the meeting may change

## 102. Position of Retiring Director

A Director who retires at an annual general meeting (whether by rotation or otherwise) may, if willing to act, be reappointed. If he is not reappointed or is not deemed to have been reappointed, he shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in his place or, if it does not do so, until the end of the meeting

# 103. Deemed Reappointment

At any general meeting at which a Director retires by rotation, the Company may fill the vacancy If it does not do so, the retiring Director shall, if willing, be deemed to have been reappointed, unless it is expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy or a resolution for the reappointment of the Director is put to the vote of the meeting and lost

# 104. Age Limit for Directors

Section 293 of the Act shall apply to the Company and a Director shall be required to vacate his office at the conclusion of the annual general meeting commencing next after he attains the age of 70

## REMOVAL AND DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

# 105. Removal by Ordinary Resolution

In addition to any power of removal conferred by the Act and without prejudice to any claim for damages which he may have for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company and to any claim which may arise by operation of law, the Company may by ordinary resolution remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and, subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint another person who is willing to act to be a Director in his place. Any person so appointed shall be treated, for the purposes of determining the time at which he or any other Director is to retire, as if he had become a Director on the day on which the person in whose place he is appointed was last appointed or reappointed a Director

## 106. Vacation of Office by Director

- 106.1 Without prejudice to the provisions for retirement (by rotation or otherwise) contained in these Articles, the office of a Director shall be vacated if
  - 106.1.1 he resigns by notice delivered to the secretary at the office or tendered at a board meeting,
  - he ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Act, is removed from office pursuant to these Articles or becomes prohibited by law from being a Director,
  - he becomes bankrupt, has an interim receiving order made against him, makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally or applies to the Court for an interim order under the Insolvency Act 1986 in connection with a voluntary arrangement under that Act,
  - he is or may be suffering from mental disorder or is otherwise incapable of running his affairs and either
    - (a) an order is made by any court or official having jurisdiction for the appointment of a receiver, curator bonis or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property and affairs, or
    - (b) he is admitted to hospital following an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1983 or any similar legislation in any other jurisdiction,

and the board resolves that his office be vacated;

- both he and his alternate director (if any) appointed pursuant to the provisions of these Articles have been absent, without the permission of the board, from board meetings for six consecutive months, and the board resolves that his office be vacated, or
- 106.1.6 his contract for his services as a Director expires or is terminated for any reason and is neither renewed nor a new contract granted within 14 days, or
- 106.1.7 (without prejudice to any claim for damages which he may have for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company and to any claim which may arise by operation of law) he is removed from office by a notice addressed to him at his last known address and signed by all his co-Directors. An alternate director appointed by the Director to whom such notice is being given

and acting in his capacity as such shall not be required to sign such notice, and a Director and any alternate director appointed by him and acting in his capacity as such shall constitute a single Director for this purpose, so that the signature of either of them on such notice shall be sufficient

- 106.2 If the office of a Director is vacated for any reason, he shall cease to be a member of any committee
- 106.3 A resolution of the board declaring a Director to have vacated office under the terms of this Article 106 shall be conclusive as to the fact and grounds of vacation stated in the resolution

#### REMUNERATION OF NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

## 107. Ordinary Remuneration

- 107.1 Unless otherwise determined by the Company by ordinary resolution, the Directors (other than alternate directors) who do not hold executive office shall be paid for their services as Directors such aggregate fees (not exceeding £150,000 per annum) as the board may decide, to be divided among the Directors in such proportion and manner as it may determine or, in default of determination, equally
- 107.2 The maximum aggregate level of fees stipulated by or in accordance with Article 107 1 shall be increased on each anniversary of the date of the adoption of these Articles (or, if appropriate, the date upon which the maximum was last fixed by ordinary resolution in accordance with Article 107 1) by the same percentage increase as the percentage increase in the General Index of Retail Prices for all items (or such other comparable index as may be substituted for it from time to time before such anniversary) in the 12 months immediately preceding such date
- 107.3 Any fee payable pursuant to this Article 107 shall be deemed to accrue from day to day and shall be distinct from any salary, remuneration or other amounts payable to a Director pursuant to other provisions of these Articles

### 108. Additional Remuneration

Any Director who does not hold executive office and who serves on any committee or who devotes special attention to the business of the Company, or who otherwise performs any services on behalf of the Company or its business which, in the opinion of the board, are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, may (without prejudice to the provisions of Article 107) be paid such reasonable additional remuneration for such services, whether by way of additional fees, salary, percentage of profits or otherwise, as the board may from time to time determine

#### REMUNERATION OF EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

#### 109. Remuneration of Executive Directors

The salary or remuneration of any Director appointed to hold any employment or executive office in accordance with the provisions of these Articles shall be such as the board may from time to time determine, and may be either a fixed sum of money, or may altogether or in part be governed by business done or profits made or otherwise determined by the board

#### **DIRECTORS' EXPENSES**

### 110. Expenses

Each Director shall be entitled to be repaid all reasonable travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by him in the performance of his duties as Director, including any expenses incurred in attending meetings of the board or of any committees or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or debentures of the Company

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

#### S111. Interests

- Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles including, without limitation, Articles S111 2, S111 3, and S3 3, a Director, despite his office
  - may enter into or otherwise be interested in any contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested, either in regard to his tenure of any office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or otherwise,
  - 111.1.2 (except that of auditor or auditor of a subsidiary of the Company) may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company in conjunction with the office of Director and may act by himself or through his firm in a professional capacity to the Company, and in any such case on such terms as to remuneration and otherwise as the board may arrange either in addition to or in lieu of any remuneration provided for by any other Article,
  - 111.1.3 may be a Director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested or as regards which the Company has any powers of appointment, and
  - shall not be liable to account to the Company for any profit, remuneration or other benefit realised by any such office, employment, contract, arrangement,

67

transaction or proposal and no such contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal shall be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit

- A Director who, to his knowledge, is in any way (directly or indirectly) interested in any contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal with the Company shall (if he knows his interest then exists) declare the nature of his interest at the meeting of the board at which the question of entering into the contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal is first considered, or, in any other case, at the first meeting of the board after he knows that he is or has become so interested. For the purposes of this Article S111
  - a general notice given to the board by a Director that he is to be regarded as having an interest (of the nature and extent specified in the notice) in any contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a sufficient disclosuré under this Article in relation to such contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal, and
  - an interest of which a Director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his
- Other than as provided in this Article S111, a Director shall not vote on, or be counted in the quorum in relation to, any resolution of the board or of a committee concerning any contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal to which the Company is or is to be a party and in which he (together with any person connected with him as detailed in Article S111 8) is to his knowledge materially interested, directly or indirectly (otherwise than by virtue of his interests in shares or debentures or other securities of, or otherwise in or through, the Company) This prohibition shall not apply to a Director in respect of a resolution
  - 111.3.1 relating to the giving of any guarantee, security or indemnity in respect of
    - (a) money lent or obligations incurred by him or by any other person at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiary undertakings, or
    - (b) a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiary undertakings for which he himself has assumed responsibility in whole or in part, either alone or jointly with others, under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security,
  - where the Company or any of its subsidiary undertakings is offering securities in which offer he is or may be entitled to participate as a holder of securities or in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of which the Director is to participate,

- 111.3.3 involving another company in which he (and any person connected with him) has a direct or indirect interest of any kind (including an interest by holding any position, or by holding an interest in shares, in that company). Provided that this Article S111 3 3 shall not apply if the Director knows that he (and any person connected with him) hold an interest in shares (as that term is used in sections 198 and 211 of the Act) representing one per cent or more of either any class of equity share capital (excluding any shares of that class held as treasury shares) or the voting rights, in such company (and for this purpose there shall be disregarded any shares held by a Director as a bare or custodian trustee and in which he has no beneficial interest, and any shares in an authorised unit trust scheme in which the Director is interested only as a unit holder),
- relating to an arrangement for the benefit of the employees of the Company or any of its subsidiary undertakings which does not award him any privilege or benefit not generally awarded to the employees to whom such arrangement relates, or
- concerning insurance which the Company proposes to maintain or purchase for the benefit of Directors or for the benefit of persons including Directors
- A Director shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any resolution of the board or committee concerning his own appointment (including fixing or varying the terms of his appointment or its termination) as the holder of any office or place of profit with the Company or any company in which the Company is interested. Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment (including fixing or varying the terms of appointment or its termination) of two or more Directors to offices or places of profit with the Company or any company in which the Company is interested, such proposals may be divided and a separate resolution considered in relation to each Director. In such case, each of the Directors concerned (if not otherwise debarred from voting under this Article S111) shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution, except that concerning his own appointment
- 111.5 If any question arises at any meeting as to the materiality of a Director's interest (other than the chairman's interest) or as to the entitlement of any Director (other than the chairman) to vote or to be counted in a quorum, and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or being counted in the quorum, such question shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting. The chairman's ruling in relation to the Director concerned shall be final and conclusive (except where it subsequently becomes apparent that the nature or extent of the interests of the Director concerned have not been fairly disclosed)
- 111.6 If any question arises at any meeting as to the materiality of the chairman's interest or as to

the entitlement of the chairman to vote or to be counted in a quorum, and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or being counted in the quorum, such question shall be decided by resolution of the Directors or committee members present at the meeting (excluding the chairman). The majority vote of the Directors or committee members shall be final and conclusive (except where it subsequently becomes apparent that the nature or extent of the interests of the chairman have not been fairly disclosed)

- Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax the provisions of this Article S111, either generally or in respect of any particular matter, or ratify any transaction not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of this Article S111
- **111.8** For the purposes of this Article S111
  - section 346 of the Act shall be applied to determine whether a person is connected with a Director,
  - an interest of a person who is connected with a Director shall be treated as an interest of the Director,
  - 111.8.3 in relation to an alternate, an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate, in addition to any interest which the alternate otherwise has, and
  - 111.8.4 without prejudice to Article S111 8 3, the provisions of this Article S111 shall apply to an alternate director as if he were a Director otherwise appointed

## **DIRECTORS' GRATUITIES AND BENEFITS**

#### 112. Benefits

- 112.1 The board may exercise all the powers of the Company to provide
  - 112.1.1 pensions or other retirement or superannuation benefits,
  - 112.1.2 death or disability benefits, or
  - 112.1.3 other allowances or gratuities,

by insurance or otherwise, for any person who is, or has at any time been, a Director of or employed by or in the service of the Company or any company which is a subsidiary company of the Company, or is allied to or associated with the Company or any such

- subsidiary, or any predecessor in business of the Company or any such subsidiary
- 112.2 The board may also exercise the powers of the Company to extend these arrangements to any family member of such person (including a spouse or former spouse) or any person who is, or was, dependent on him
- 112.3 For such purpose, the board may establish, maintain, subscribe and contribute to any scheme, trust or fund and pay premiums. The board may procure any of these matters to be done by the Company, either alone or in conjunction with any other person.
- Any Director or former Director shall be entitled to receive and retain for his own benefit any pension or other benefit provided under this Article 112 and shall not be obliged to account for it to the Company

#### PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD AND COMMITTEES

## 113. Board Meetings

Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the board may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its proceedings as it thinks fit

# 114. Notice of Board Meetings

- Any Director may, and the secretary at the request of a Director shall, summon a board meeting at any time by notice (which need not be in writing) served on the members of the board in accordance with the provisions of Article 157. A Director may waive the requirement that notice be given to him of any board meeting, either prospectively or retrospectively.
- A Director absent or intending to be absent from the United Kingdom may request (by notice in writing to the board) that, during his absence, notices of board meetings be sent to him at any address given by him to the Company for this purpose. If no such request is made, or if oral notice only is given of a board meeting and there is no telephone or facsimile transmission number given, it shall not be necessary to give notice of a board meeting to a Director who is absent from the United Kingdom. Where such address is outside the United Kingdom, the Company shall not be obliged to give the Director a longer period of notice than he would have been entitled to had he been present in the United Kingdom.

# 115. Quorum

The quorum necessary for the transaction of business may be determined by the board and, until otherwise determined, shall be two Directors A duly convened meeting of the board at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities,

powers and discretions for the time being vested in or exercisable by the board

# 116. Chairman of the Board

The board may appoint one of its body as chairman to preside at every board meeting at which he is present and one or more deputy chairmen, and determine the period for which he is or they are to hold office (and may at any time remove him or them from office). If no such chairman or deputy chairman is elected, or if at any meeting neither the chairman nor a deputy chairman is present within five minutes of the time appointed for commencement of the meeting, the Directors and (in the absence of their appointors) alternate directors present shall choose one of their number to be chairman of such meeting. In the event of two or more deputy chairmen being present, the senior of them shall act as chairman of the meeting, seniority being determined by length of office since their last appointment or reappointment. As between two or more who have held office an equal length of time, the deputy chairman to act as chairman shall be decided by those Directors and (in the absence of their appointors) alternate directors present. Any chairman or deputy chairman may also hold executive office in the Company

# 117. Voting

Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote

# 118. Participation by Telephone

Provided that all persons participating in the meeting are able to hear and speak to each other throughout such meeting, any Director, Directors or alternate may validly participate in a meeting of the board or a committee through the medium of one or more conference telephones or similar form of communications equipment. A person so participating shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting and shall accordingly be counted in a quorum and be entitled to vote. Subject to the Act, all business transacted in such manner by the board or a committee shall, for the purposes of these Articles, be deemed to be validly and effectively transacted at a meeting of the board or a committee, even though fewer than two Directors are physically present at the same place. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting then is

# 119. Resolution in Writing

A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a board meeting (not being less than a quorum), or by all members of a committee, shall be as valid and effective for all purposes as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the board (or committee, as the case may be) The resolution in writing may consist of several documents in the same form, each signed by one or more of the Directors or members of the relevant committee, and may be in any form as the board determines including fax and other

electronic communications Such a resolution need not be signed by an alternate director if it is signed by his appointor, and a resolution signed by an alternate need not also be signed by his appointor

# 120. Validity of Proceedings of the Board or Committee

All acts done by a meeting of the board, or of a committee, or by any person acting as a Director, alternate director or member of a committee shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, even though it is afterwards discovered that

- 120.1 there was some defect in the appointment of any person or persons acting as such, or
- 120.2 they or any of them were or was disqualified from holding office or not entitled to vote, or had in any way vacated their or his office,

be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed, and was duly qualified, and had continued to be a Director, alternate or member of a committee and entitled to vote

#### **SECRETARY**

## 121. Secretary

- 121.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the board shall appoint a secretary or joint secretaries and shall have power to appoint one or more persons to be an assistant or deputy secretary at such remuneration and on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit. Without prejudice to any claim for damages which he may have for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company and to any claim which may arise by operation of law, the board may from time to time remove any person so appointed from office and appoint another or others in his place.
- Any provision of the Act or of these Articles requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a Director and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as, or in the place of, the secretary
- Anything required or authorised to be done by or to the secretary may, if the office is vacant or there is for any other reason no secretary capable of acting, be done by or to any assistant or deputy secretary or, if there be no assistant or deputy secretary capable of acting, by or to any officer of the Company authorised generally or specially in that behalf by the board
- Persons dealing with the Company shall be entitled to assume that each joint secretary is entitled by himself to do anything required or authorised to be done by the secretary

#### **AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS**

## 122. Authentication of Documents

- Any Director or the secretary or any person appointed by the board for the purpose shall have power to authenticate
  - any documents affecting the constitution of the Company (including its memorandum and Articles of association),
  - any resolutions passed by the Company or the board or a committee, and
  - any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company,

and to certify copies of them or extracts from them as true copies or extracts, and any such authentication or certification shall be conclusive and binding on all concerned

122.2 If any books, records, documents and accounts are not kept at the office, the person who holds them shall be deemed to be the person so appointed by the board for the purposes of Article 122 1

#### **MINUTES**

#### 123. Minutes

- 123.1 The board shall cause minutes to be made, in books kept for the purpose, of
  - 123.1.1 all appointments of officers made by the board,
  - 123.1.2 all appointments of committees,
  - the names of Directors present at every meeting of the board, committees, the Company or the holders of any class of shares or debentures of the Company, and
  - 123.1.4 all orders, resolutions and proceedings of such meetings
- 123.2 Any such minutes, if purporting to be signed by the chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings were held, or by the chairman of the next succeeding meeting, or the secretary, shall be sufficient evidence of the matters stated in such minutes

#### **SEALS**

# 124. Safe Custody

The board shall provide for the safe custody of every seal

# 125. Application of Seals

- 125.1 A seal shall only be used pursuant to the authority of a resolution of the board or of a committee
- 125.2 The board may determine who shall sign any document to which a seal is affixed or which is intended to take effect as if executed under seal (or, in the case of share certificates, on which the seal is printed), either generally or in relation to a particular document or type of document. The board may also determine, either generally or in any particular case, that such signature may be dispensed with. Unless otherwise determined by the board.
  - share certificates and, subject to the provisions of any document constituting the same, certificates issued in respect of any debentures or other securities need not be signed, and
  - every other document to which a seal is affixed shall be signed by one Director and the secretary or by two Directors
- Any document signed by one Director and the secretary or by two Directors and expressed to be executed by the Company shall have the same effect as if executed under a seal
- 125.4 Nothing in these Articles shall require the Company to issue under the seal any certificate or other document which is not by law required to be so issued

## 126. Official Seal for Use Abroad

The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Act with regard to having an official seal for use abroad, and such powers shall be vested in the board

## 127. Securities Seal

Any seal which is to be used as a securities seal shall be used only for sealing securities issued by the Company, and documents creating or evidencing securities so issued. Any such securities or documents sealed with the securities seal shall not be required to be signed.

# **CHEQUES, BILLS AND NOTES**

# 128. Cheques, Bills and Notes

The Directors may draw, make, accept or endorse, or authorise any other person or persons to draw, make, accept or endorse, any cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes or other negotiable instruments, provided that every cheque, bill of exchange, promissory note or other negotiable instrument drawn, made, accepted or endorsed shall be signed by such persons or person as the Directors may appoint for the purpose

#### DIVIDENDS AND OTHER PAYMENTS

#### S129. Declaration of Dividends

Subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles including, without limitation, Article S3 3, the Company may by ordinary resolution declare a dividend to be paid to the members according to their respective rights and interests in the profits of the Company, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the board

# 130. No Dividend except out of Profits

No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits available for distribution under the provisions of the Act

## S131. Interim Dividends

- Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, including, without limitation, Article S3 3, the board may, if it considers that the profits of the Company available for distribution justify such payments
  - declare and pay interim dividends on shares of any class of such amounts and on such dates and for such periods as it determines, and
  - declare and pay the fixed dividend on any class of shares carrying a fixed dividend on the dates prescribed for the payment of such dividends
- 131.2 If the share capital is divided into different classes, the board may pay interim dividends on shares which rank after shares conferring preferred rights with regard to dividends as well as on shares with preferred rights, unless at the time of payment any preferential dividend is in arrears
- 131.3 Provided that the board acts in good faith, it shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of any interim dividend on any shares ranking after those with preferred rights

## S132. Entitlement to Dividends

- 132.1 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares in respect of which the dividend is paid on the record date determined by the board in respect of that dividend
- 132.2 No amount paid up on a share in advance of a call shall be treated for the purpose of this Article S132 as paid up on the share
- 132.3 Subject to Article S132 2, all dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amount paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid

# 133. Method of Payment

- 133.1 The Company may pay any dividend, interest or other sum payable in respect of a share
  - 133.1.1 in cash or by cheque, warrant or money order,
  - 133.1.2 by any bank or other funds transfer system,
  - 133.1.3 in respect of shares in uncertificated form, where the Company is authorised to do so by or on behalf of the holder or joint holders, by means of a relevant system (subject always to the facilities and requirements of that relevant system) Without prejudice to the generality of the preceding wording, such payment may include the sending by the Company or by any person on its behalf of an instruction to the Operator of the relevant system to credit the cash memorandum account of the holder or joint holders or, if permitted by the Company, of such person as the holder or joint holders may direct in writing, and/or
  - by such other means and to or through such person as the holder or joint holders may direct in writing
- 133.2 Every such cheque, warrant or money order may be sent
  - 133.2.1 by post to the registered address of the person entitled to it,
  - in the case of joint holders (or of two or more persons being jointly entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a member or otherwise by operation of law), to the registered address of that person whose name stands first in the register (or, in the case of persons so entitled on death or

bankruptcy, if their names are not entered in the register, to such of those persons whose surname is first alphabetically), or

to such person and address as the person or persons entitled may direct in writing

Every cheque, warrant or money order is sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money represented by it. Without prejudice to the generality of the preceding wording, if any such cheque, warrant or money order has or is alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed, the board may, if the person entitled to such cheque, warrant or money order requests it, issue a replacement cheque, warrant or money order (subject to compliance with such conditions as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out-of-pocket expenses of the Company in connection with the request as the board thinks fit).

- 133.3 The Company shall have no responsibility for any sum lost or delayed in the course of transfer by or through any bank or other funds transfer system (including the relevant system concerned) or when it has acted on any directions given in writing by the person or persons entitled to it
- 133.4 The payment of the cheque, warrant or money order or the collection of funds from or transfer of funds by a bank or other funds transfer system in accordance with Article 133 1 or, in respect of shares in uncertificated form, the making of payment in accordance with the facilities and requirements of the relevant system concerned shall be a good discharge to the Company
- Any joint holder or other person jointly entitled to any share may give an effective receipt for all dividends and other monies paid in respect of such share
- 133.6 Without prejudice to any other provision of these Articles, the board may withhold payment of any dividend payable to any person entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, or of any other event giving rise to a transmission of such entitlement by operation of law, until such person has provided such evidence of his right as the board may reasonably require

# 134. Currency of Payment

- 134.1 Unless otherwise provided by these Articles or the rights attached to any shares, a dividend or any other monies payable in respect of a share may be declared or paid in whatever currency the board may decide
- 134.2 The board may decide that a particular approved depositary should receive dividends in a currency other than the currency in which it is declared and may make arrangements accordingly. In particular, where an approved depositary has elected or agreed to receive dividends in another currency, the board may in its discretion make arrangements with such

approved depositary for payment of dividends to be made to it for value on the date on which the relevant dividend is paid, or such later date as the board may determine

- 134.3 In the event that a dividend is to be paid in a currency other than the currency in which it was declared, the rate of exchange to be used for conversion of the dividend shall be such market rate selected by the board as it shall consider appropriate as at the close of business on the last business day before
  - 134.3.1 In the case of a dividend declared by ordinary resolution in accordance with the provisions of Article S131, the date when the board announces their intention to recommend the particular dividend, or
  - 134.3.2 in any other case, the date when the board declares the particular dividend
- 134.4 The decision of the board regarding the rate of exchange shall be final and conclusive

#### 135. Dividends Not to Bear Interest

No dividend or other monies payable by the Company on or in respect of any share shall carry a right to receive interest from the Company, unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the shares

# 136. Calls or Debts may be Deducted from Dividends

The board may deduct from any dividend or other monies payable to any person on or in respect of a share all such sums as may be due from him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to shares of the Company Monies deducted in this way may be used to pay such amounts owed to the Company in relation to such shares

#### 137. Unclaimed Dividends etc.

All unclaimed dividends, interest or other sums payable may be invested or otherwise made use of by the board for the benefit of the Company until claimed. All dividends unclaimed for a period of 12 years after having been declared or becoming due for payment shall be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the Company. The payment of any unclaimed dividend, interest or other sum payable by the Company on or in respect of any share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee, and the Company shall not be liable to pay interest, in respect of it

#### 138. Uncashed Dividends

If

## 138.1 on two consecutive occasions

- cheques, warrants or money orders for dividends or other monies payable in respect of a share sent by the Company to the person entitled to it are returned to the Company or left uncashed during the period for which they are valid, or
- any transfer by a bank or other funds transfer system has not been satisfied, or
- 138.2 following one such occasion, reasonable enquiries have failed to establish any new address of the registered holder,

the Company shall not be obliged to send or transfer any dividends or other monies payable in respect of that share due to that person until he notifies the Company of an address to be used for the purpose

## S139. Waiver of Dividend

The waiver in whole or in part of any dividend on any share shall be effective only if such waiver is in writing (whether or not executed as a deed) signed by the shareholder (or, the person entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder or otherwise by operation of law) and delivered to the Company and if or to the extent that the same is accepted as such or acted upon by the Company

## 140. Payment of Dividends in Kind

- 140.1 Without prejudice to any other provision of these Articles, including, without limitation, Article S3 3, the board may, with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the Company, direct that payment of all or part of any dividend declared may be satisfied by the distribution of specific assets (and, in particular, of paid up shares or debentures of any other company)
- 140.2 The board may settle any difficulty which arises in relation to the distribution, as it thinks fit, and, in particular, may
  - 140.2.1 Ignore fractions, or issue certificates for fractions, or authorise any person to sell and transfer fractions,
  - 140.2.2 fix the value for the distribution of such specific assets or any part of them,
  - 140.2.3 determine that cash payments may be made to any members on the basis of the value so fixed in order to secure equality of distribution, and/or
  - 140.2.4 vest any such assets in trustees on trust for the persons entitled to the dividend

## SCRIP DIVIDENDS AND DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT

# S141. Payment of Scrip Dividends

- 141.1 Without prejudice to any other provision of these Articles, including, without limitation, Article S3 3, the board may, with the prior authority of an ordinary resolution of the Company, offer holders of ordinary shares the right to elect to receive further ordinary shares, credited as fully paid, instead of cash in respect of all or part of any dividend or dividends specified by the ordinary resolution
- 141.2 The board may, in its absolute discretion, exclude or restrict the offer to elect to receive new shares where it considers that this is necessary or desirable to comply with legal or practical problems under the laws of any territory, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in any territory
- 141.3 The board may offer holders the right to elect to receive new shares instead of cash for
  - 141.3.1 the next dividend, or
  - all future dividends (if a scrip dividend alternative is made available) until such time as they notify the Company that they no longer wish to receive new shares
- 141.4 The following provisions shall apply where payment of a dividend is satisfied in accordance with Article S141 1
  - 141.4.1 the ordinary resolution may specify a particular dividend or may relate to all or any dividends declared or paid within a specified period,
  - a holder is entitled to such number of new shares whose total relevant value is as near as possible to the cash amount (disregarding any associated tax credit) he would have received, but not in excess of it. For such purpose, the "relevant value" of an ordinary share in the Company shall be the average market value of such shares for the five dealing days commencing, and including, the day when such shares are first quoted "ex-dividend" or a later day chosen by the board. The "average market value" shall be calculated.
    - (a) by reference to the last price for a fully paid share of that class of the Company on the Alternative Investment Market of the London Stock Exchange, as published in the Daily Official List of the London Stock Exchange, or
    - (b) in such other manner as may be determined by or in accordance with

the ordinary resolution, but shall never be less than the par value of the new share.

- 141.4.3 the board may make such provisions as it considers necessary or expedient in relation to any offer to be made pursuant to this Article S141, including (but not limited to)
  - (a) the giving of notice to shareholders of the right of election offered to them,
  - (b) the provision of forms of election (whether in respect of a particular dividend or dividends generally),
  - (c) determining the procedure for making and revoking such elections,
  - (d) specifying the place at which, and the latest time by which, forms of election and any other relevant documents must be lodged in order to be effective, and
  - (e) payment in cash to holders in respect of their fractional entitlements, provision for the accrual, retention or accumulation of all or part of the benefit of fractional entitlements to or by the Company or to or by or on behalf of any holder or the application of any accrual, retention or accumulation to the allotment of fully paid shares to any holder or any other provision for fractional entitlements,
- 141.4.4 the relevant dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been offered) shall not be declared or payable on shares in respect of which an election has been duly made ("elected shares"), instead, additional shares of the relevant class shall be allotted to the holders of the elected shares on the basis of allotment calculated as stated in Article S141 4 2 For such purpose, the board may capitalise, out of any amount for the time being standing to the credit of any reserve or fund (including any share premium account or capital redemption reserve) or any of the profits which could otherwise have been applied in paying dividends in cash as the board may determine, a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the additional shares to be allotted on that basis, and apply it in paying up in full the appropriate number of unissued shares for allotment and distribution to the holders of the elected shares on such basis A board resolution capitalising any part of any reserve or profits as mentioned in this Article S141 4 4 shall have the same effect as if such capitalisation had been declared by ordinary resolution of the Company in accordance with these Articles and, in relation to any such capitalisation, the board may exercise all the powers conferred on it

by these Articles without need of such ordinary resolution,

- the additional shares so allotted shall be allotted as at the record date for the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been offered, and shall rank equally in all respects with each other and with the fully paid shares of that class then in issue Provided that they will not rank for any dividend or other distribution or other entitlement which has been declared, made or paid by reference to such record date,
- the board may exclude from any offer any holders of shares where the board believes that the making of such an offer to them would or might involve the contravention of the laws of any territory or that for any other reason the offer should not be made to them, and
- 141.4.7 the board may, at its discretion, amend, suspend, or terminate any offer pursuant to this Article

# S142. Dividend Reinvestment Generally

- 142.1 Subject to the provisions of these Articles including, without limitation, Article S3 3, the board may implement and maintain one or more share dividend or distribution reinvestment plans, including or instead of offering scrip dividends in accordance with Article S141 Any such plan may be suspended or terminated at any time by the board, in its absolute discretion
- 142.2 The terms and conditions of any such plan shall be determined by the board in its absolute discretion, and it may amend such terms and conditions as it thinks fit. In particular, the board may determine that any such plan shall only be available to certain members, or to part of the dividends
- 142.3 Without prejudice to the provisions of Article \$142.2, the terms of any such plan may give members the right
  - 142.3.1 to elect to receive new fully paid shares instead of a cash amount,
  - 142.3.2 to subscribe in cash for unissued shares in the Company, payable in full or by instalments,
  - 142.3.3 to apply cash in paying up in full or by instalments any unpaid or partly paid shares held on the terms of the plan,
  - 142.3.4 to apply cash in purchasing existing issued shares in the Company, or

- 142.3.5 to accept any other option or participate in any other arrangements thought by the board to be appropriate
- 142.4 To the extent that any provision of this Article S142 relates to offers to elect to receive new shares instead of a cash dividend, it shall be subject to the provisions of Article S141 and of any ordinary resolution passed under Article S141 1

#### CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS AND RESERVES

## S143. Capitalisation

- 143.1 Subject to the provisions of these Articles including, without limitation, Article S3 3, the board may, without any need for approval of the Company in general meeting resolve to capitalise any amount
  - standing to the credit of the Company's reserves (including any share premium account, capital redemption reserve or other undistributable reserve), or
  - standing to the credit of the profit and loss account which is not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not such amount is available for distribution)
- 143.2 The board may use the amount resolved to be capitalised by setting it aside for those members on the register at the close of business on the date stated in the board resolution (or fixed as stated in such resolution) in proportion to the nominal amount of ordinary shares (whether or not fully paid) held by them, respectively Such amount set aside may be applied
  - in or towards paying up the amounts, if any, for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them, respectively,
  - in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company of a nominal amount equal to that sum, and allotting the shares or debentures credited as fully paid up, to the members, or as they may direct, in those proportions, or
  - 143.2.3 partly in one way and partly in the other,

provided that the share premium account, the capital redemption reserve and any profits which are not available for distribution may, for the purposes of this Article S143, only be applied in paying up unissued shares to be issued to members credited as fully paid

143.3 Where any difficulty arises with regard to any distribution of any capitalised reserve or other amount, the board may settle the matter as it thinks expedient, and, in particular, in the case

of shares or debentures becoming distributable under this Article S143 in fractions, make such provisions by ignoring fractions or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit

- 143.4 The board may authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the Company on behalf of all the members entitled under the board resolution. Such an agreement is binding on all concerned. The agreement may provide for either
  - the allotment to the members respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any shares or debentures to which they may be entitled on such capitalisation, or
  - the payment up by the Company on behalf of such members (by applying their respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalised) of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares

For the purposes of this Article S143, unless the relevant resolution provides otherwise, if the Company-holds treasury shares of the relevant class at the record date specified in the relevant resolution, it shall be treated as if it were entitled to receive the dividends in respect of those treasury shares which would have been payable if those treasury shares had been held by a person other than the Company

143.5 Further, the board may generally do all acts and things required to give effect to the ordinary resolution of the Company

#### RECORD DATES

# 144. Record Date

- Regardless of any other provision of these Articles but without prejudice to the rights attached to any shares, the Company or the board may fix any time on any date as the record date for any dividend, distribution, allotment or issue. The holder or holders of shares shown on the register at the record date shall be entitled to such dividend, distribution, allotment or issue, and his or their entitlement will be based on the number of shares registered at that time
- 144.2 Such record date may be at any time on or before any date on which such dividend, distribution, allotment or issue is declared, paid or made, or after any such dividend, distribution, allotment or issue is declared

## **ACCOUNTS**

# 145. Inspection of Accounts

145.1 The board shall cause accounting records to be kept in accordance with the Act

- 145.2 The accounting records of the Company shall be kept at the office or, subject to the provisions of the Act, at such other place as the board thinks fit, and shall always be available during business hours for inspection by the Directors and other officers
- 145.3 No member (other than a Director or other officer) shall have any right to inspect any accounting record or other document of the Company, unless
  - 145.3.1 he is so entitled pursuant to the Act or a proper court order, or
  - 145.3.2 he is authorised by the board

# S146. Copy to be Sent to Members

- 146.1 This Article S146 applies to every profit and loss account and balance sheet of the Company (including all documents required by law or by the rules of any regulatory body or stock exchange to be incorporated in or annexed to such documents) which is to be laid before the Company in general meeting (or such documents as may be required or permitted by law to be sent to members in lieu of such meeting)
- 146.2 A copy of every such document shall be sent to every member and every holder of debentures of the Company (whether or not such member or holder is entitled to receive notice of general meetings of the Company) and to the auditors at least 21 clear days before the date of the meeting. This Article shall not require a copy of any documents to which it applies to be sent to
  - any member or holder of debentures of whose address the Company is unaware,
  - **146.2.2** more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debentures,
  - any member who has not supplied the Company with an address for service in the United Kingdom, or
  - **146.2.4** any member who is not entitled to notices pursuant to Article S149 5

# 147. Summary Financial Statements

Where permitted by the Act, the requirements of Article S146 shall be deemed to be satisfied as far as the members are concerned if, instead of the copies referred to in Article S146, a summary financial statement derived from the Company's annual accounts and the Directors' report in the form, and containing the information, prescribed by the Act is sent to each member or holder of the debentures of the Company

#### **NOTICES**

# S148. Notices to be in Writing

Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to these Articles shall be in writing, except that a notice convening a meeting of the board or of a committee need not be in writing.

## S149. Service of Notice or Other Documents on Members

- 149.1 Subject to the provisions of these Articles including, without limitation, Article S3 3, any notice or other document may be served on, or delivered to, any member by the Company
  - **149.1.1** personally,
  - by sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address (or at any other address in the United Kingdom notified for the purpose),
  - 149.1.3 by delivering it by hand to or leaving it at that address in an envelope addressed to the member.
  - 149.1.4 (except in the case of a share certificate and only when the member has agreed to the sending of notices or other documents by fax) by fax sent to a fax number given by the member to the Company for the purpose of sending such notice or other document,
  - 149.1.5 (except in the case of a share certificate and only when the member has agreed to the sending of notices or other documents by electronic communication) by any other form of electronic communication (including, but not limited to, e-mail) sent to an electronic address given by the member to the Company for the purpose of sending such notice or other document,
  - (subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Article 151) by publishing such notice or other document on a website,
  - 149.1.7 where the notice or other document relates to uncertificated shares, through the relevant system, or
  - 149.1.8 as authorised in writing by the relevant member
- 149.2 However, Article S149 1 shall not affect any provision of the Act requiring offers, notices or documents to be served on, or delivered to, a member in a particular way

- 149.3 In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices and other documents shall be given to the person named first in the register in respect of the joint holding (ignoring any joint holding without a United Kingdom address) Notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all joint holders
- 149.4 If a member (or, in the case of joint holders, the person first named in the register) has a registered address outside the United Kingdom, but has notified the Company of an address within the United Kingdom at which notices or other documents may be given to him, he shall be entitled to have notices and other documents given to him at that address Otherwise, no such member (or joint holders) shall be entitled to receive any notice or document from the Company
- 149.5 If, as a result of all or some of the notices, dividend warrants or other documents given or sent by the Company to a member being returned undelivered to the Company or other reasonable evidence, it is apparent that during a period of at least two consecutive years such documents have not been received by that member, then the Company shall no longer be obliged to give notices to that member until he notifies the Company of another address to be entered as his registered address, or, in the case of a member whose registered address is outside the United Kingdom, another address in the United Kingdom as his address for service
- Any notice or other document to be given or delivered to a member shall be deemed to have been duly given to or delivered to any member who under Article S149 4 or S149 5 or any other provision of these Articles is not entitled to the same from the Company by exhibiting the same at the office

## 150. Notice by Advertisement

If, at any time, by reason of the suspension or curtailment of postal services within the United Kingdom, the Company is unable effectively to convene a general meeting by sending notices through the post, the board may (subject in the case of an annual general meeting to section 238 of the Act), in its absolute discretion and as an alternative to any other method of service permitted by these Articles, resolve to convene a general meeting by a notice advertised in at least one national newspaper. In any such case the Company shall send confirmatory copies of the notice by post if, at least seven clear days before the meeting, the posting of notices to addresses throughout the United Kingdom again becomes practicable

## 151. Documents Available on Websites

Subject to the provisions of the Act, a notice or other document may be served on, or delivered to, a member by the Company publishing such notice or other document on a website to which such member has access, provided that

- 151.1 the Company and the relevant member have agreed that, instead of the Company sending notices or other documents to the member, such member will access them on a website,
- 151.2 the notice or other document actually published on the website is a notice or document to which the agreement referred to in Article 151 1 applies,
- 151.3 the member is notified, in a manner for the time being agreed for the purpose between the member and the Company and in accordance with the provisions of the Act, of
  - 151.3.1 the publication of the notice or other document on a website,
  - 151.3.2 the address of that website,
  - the place on such website where the notice or other document may be accessed and how it may be accessed, and
  - the period of time for which the documents will be available on the website, which (in the case of a notice of a meeting and accompanying documents) must be for the period commencing with the giving of that notification and ending with the conclusion of the meeting, and
- the notice or other document is published on that website throughout the period referred to in Article 151 3 4. However, if the documents are published on that website for a part but not all of such period, the notice or document will be treated as published throughout that period if the failure to publish the notice or other document throughout the period is attributable to circumstances which it would not be reasonable to have expected the Company to prevent or avoid

#### \$152. Evidence of Service

- 152.1 Subject to the provisions of Article S3 3, any notice or other document
  - addressed to a member at his registered address or address for service in the United Kingdom shall, if sent by post, be deemed to have been served or delivered
    - (a) (if prepaid as first class) 24 hours after it was posted, and
    - (b) (if prepaid as second class) 48 hours after it was posted

and, in proving such service, it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope containing such notice or document was properly addressed, prepaid and put into a Post Office or any postbox subject to the control of the Post Office,

- not sent by post but addressed to a member and delivered by hand to or left at a registered address or address for service in the United Kingdom shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day it was so delivered or left,
- 152.1.3 sent to a member by fax shall be deemed to have been served or delivered 24 hours after the fax was sent and, in proving such service, it shall be sufficient to produce a transaction report or log generated by the fax machine which evidences such fax transmission.
- 152.1.4 sent to a member by any other form of electronic communication shall be deemed to have been served or delivered
  - (a) In the case of a notice or other document sent in an electronic form but by a manner authorised by Article S149 1 2 or S149 1 3, in accordance with the provisions of Article S152 1 1 or S152 1 2, as appropriate,
  - (b) otherwise, 24 hours after the electronic communication was sent and, in proving such service, it shall be sufficient to produce a confirmation setting out either the total number of recipients to whom or each recipient to whom the message was sent,
- 152.1.5 given by publishing such notice or other document on a website in accordance with the provisions of Article 151 shall be deemed to have been served or delivered when the notice required by Article 151 3, however sent, shall be deemed to have been served in accordance with the provisions of this Article S152,
- served or delivered through the relevant system shall be deemed to have been served or delivered when the Company, or any participant in the relevant system acting for the Company, sends the instruction relating to the notice or other document,
- 152.1.7 given by any other means authorised in writing by the member shall be deemed to have been served or delivered when the Company has done what it was authorised to do by that member for service or delivery
- Where notice is given by way of a newspaper advertisement, such notice shall be deemed to have been duly served on all members or person(s) entitled to receive notice at noon on the day when the advertisement appears or, if given by way of two or more advertisements which appear on different days, at noon on the last of the days when the advertisement appears

- 152.3 A member present in person or by proxy at any meeting of the Company or of the holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be deemed to have received due notice of the meeting and, if required, of the purposes for which it was called
- 152.4 Any notice or document exhibited at the office shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on that day when it was first so exhibited

## S153. Record Date for Service

For the purpose of serving notices of meetings or other documents on members, whether in accordance with the Act, a provision in these Articles or any other document, the Company may determine that only those persons entered on the register at the close of business on a day fixed by the Company are entitled to receive such notices or other documents. This day must not be more than 14 days before the day that the notice is sent. No change in the register after that time shall invalidate that service or delivery

# 154. Notice Binding on Transferees etc.

Every person who, by operation of law, transfer or by any other means, becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share (other than a notice served by the Company under section 212 of the Act) which, before his name is entered in the register, has been duly served on or delivered to a person from whom he derives his title

## 155. Notice in Case of Death, Bankruptcy or Mental Disorder

In the case of the death or bankruptcy of a member or of any other event giving rise to a transmission of entitlement to a share by operation of law, the Company may serve or deliver a notice or other document to the person entitled in consequence of such event as if he was the holder of a share. Such notice or other document shall be given by addressing it to him by name or by the title of representative of the deceased or trustee of the bankrupt member (or by any similar designation) at an address within the United Kingdom supplied for that purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled. Until such an address has been supplied, a notice or document may be served or delivered in any manner in which this might have been done if the death, bankruptcy or other event had not occurred. Service or delivery in accordance with this Article 155 shall be deemed to be sufficient notice to all other persons interested in such share.

## 156. Notices to the Company

Anyone can serve any summons, notice, order or other document on the Company or any officer of the Company

by posting it in a letter (with postage paid) to the Company or any officer of the Company at the office,

91

- 156.2 by delivering it to that address, or
- 156.3 in any other manner prescribed by these Articles for the serving of notice on, or the delivery of documents to, a member by the Company as may from time to time be agreed between the Company and the person so serving any such document as an effective manner of service

## 157. Notices to Directors

The Company may give any notice or other document to a Director

- 157.1 personally,
- 157.2 by sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope to the address given by him to the Company for this purpose,
- 157.3 by delivering it by hand to or leaving it at that address in an envelope addressed to him,
- 157.4 by fax sent to a fax number given by him to the Company for this purpose,
- by any other form of electronic communication (including, but not limited to, e-mail) sent to an address given by him to the Company for this purpose

#### DESTRUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

#### 158. Document Destruction

- 158.1 Provided that it complies with the Regulations in relation to shares held in uncertificated form, the Company may destroy
  - any share certificate which has been cancelled, after one year from the date of such cancellation,
  - any mandate for the payment of dividends or other monies or any variation or cancellation of the same or any notification of change of name or address, after two years from the date such mandate, variation, cancellation or notification was recorded by the Company,
  - any transfer of shares (including any documents sent to support a transfer and any documents constituting the renunciation of an allotment of shares) which has been registered, after six years from the date of registration,
  - 158.1.4 any other document on the basis of which any entry in the register is made,

after six years from the date an entry in the register was first made in respect of it,

- any proxy form, after one year from the poll at which they were used or (if there was no poll) after one month from the meeting to which they relate, and
- any paid dividend warrants and cheques at any time after one year from the date of actual payment
- 158.2 It shall be presumed conclusively in favour of the Company that
  - every entry in the register purporting to have been made on the basis of a share transfer form or other document so destroyed was duly and properly made,
  - every share transfer form so destroyed was a valid and effective transfer duly and properly registered,
  - every share certificate so destroyed was a valid certificate validly cancelled, and
  - every other document destroyed under this Article 158 was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars of it in the books or records of the Company,

# provided always that

- the provisions of this Article 158 shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without express notice to the Company that the preservation of such document was relevant to a claim;
- nothing contained in this Article 158 shall be construed as imposing on the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than provided for in this Article 158 or in any case where the conditions of this Article 158 are not fulfilled,
- any document referred to above may, subject to the Act, be destroyed before the end of the relevant period so long as a copy of such document (whether made electronically, by microfilm, by digital imaging or by any other means) has been made and is retained until the end of the relevant period, and
- **158.2.8** references in this Article 158 to the destruction of any document include references to its disposal in any manner

#### WINDING UP

## S159. Power to Petition

Subject to the provisions of these Articles including, without limitation, Article S3 3, the board may present a petition to the Court in the name and on behalf of the Company for the Company to be wound up

# 160. Winding Up

- If the Company is wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary, under supervision of the 160.1 Court or by the Court), the liquidator may, with the authority of an extraordinary resolution and any other sanction required by law, divide among the members in kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company This applies whether or not the assets consist of property of one kind or different kinds. For this purpose, the liquidator may set such value as he considers fair on any one or more class or classes of property, and may determine, on the basis of such valuation, how such division shall be carried out as between members or classes of members, however, if any such division is otherwise than in accordance with the existing rights of members, every member shall have the same right of dissent and other ancillary rights as if such resolution were a special resolution passed in accordance with section 110 of the Insolvency Act 1986 The liquidator may, with the same authority, transfer any part of the assets to trustees on such trusts for the benefit of members as the liquidator, with the same authority, thinks fit The liquidation may then be closed and the Company dissolved The liquidator shall not, however (except with the consent of the member concerned), distribute to a member any asset to which there is attached a liability or potential liability for the owner
- 160.2 The power of sale of a liquidator shall include a power to sell, wholly or in part, for shares or debentures or other obligations of another company, whether it is already in existence or is about to be formed for the purposes of the sale

## INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

### 161. Indemnity

## **161.1** In this Article 161 1

- an "associated company" of the Company shall have the meaning given to it in section 309A(6) of the Act, and
- any reference to a conviction, judgment or refusal of relief becoming "final" shall have the meaning given to such phrase in sections 309B(6) and (7) of the Act

- 161.2 Subject to and to the fullest extent permitted by the Act, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which he may be otherwise entitled
  - every Director and alternate director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all costs and liabilities incurred by him in relation to any proceedings (whether civil or criminal) which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as a Director or alternate director except that no Director or alternate director shall be entitled to be indemnified
    - (1) for any liability incurred by him to the Company or any associated company of the Company,
    - (11) for any fine imposed in criminal proceedings,
    - (111) for any sum payable to a regulatory authority by way of a penalty in respect of non-compliance with any requirement of a regulatory nature howsoever arising,
    - (iv) for any costs for which he has become liable in defending any criminal proceedings in which he is convicted and such conviction has become final,
    - (v) for any costs for which he has become liable in defending any civil proceedings brought by the Company or an associated company of the Company in which a final judgment has been against him, and
    - (vi) for any costs for which he has become hable in connection with any application under sections 144(3) or (4) or 727 of the Act in which the Court refuses to grant him relief and such refusal has become final,
  - every Director and alternate director shall be entitled to have funds provided to him by the Company to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred in any proceedings (whether civil or criminal) brought by any party which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as a Director or alternative director, provided that he will be obliged to repay such amounts not later than
    - (1) In the event he is convicted in proceedings, the date when the conviction becomes final,
    - (11) in the event of judgment being given against him in proceedings, the date when the judgment becomes final, or

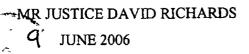
- (iii) in the event of the Court refusing to grant him relief on any application under sections 144(3) or (4) or 727 of the Act, the date when the refusal becomes final,
- every officer of the Company (other than a Director or alternate director or auditor) shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all costs and liabilities incurred by him in relation to any proceedings (whether civil or criminal) which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as an officer of the Company

## 162. Insurance

- 162.1 For the purposes of this Article 162, each of the following is a "relevant company"
  - **162.1.1** the Company,
  - **162.1.2** any holding company of the Company,
  - any body, whether incorporated or not, in which the Company or such holding company or any of the predecessors in business of the Company or of such holding company has or has had any interest, whether direct or indirect, and
  - any body, whether incorporated or not, which is in any way allied to or associated with the Company, or any holding company of the Company or such other body
- 162.2 For the purposes of this Article 162, each of the following is a "relevant person"
  - any present or former Director or other officer (other than the auditors) of any relevant company,
  - any present or former employee or any relevant company, and
  - any trustee of any pension fund or other employees' shares scheme in which employees of any relevant company are interested
- 162.3 Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 161, the board may exercise all the powers of the Company to purchase and maintain insurance for or for the benefit of any relevant person, including insurance against any liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust or any other liability which may lawfully be insured against in relation to the affairs of the Company

# IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE CHANCERY DIVISION COMPANIES COURT





# IN THE MATTER OF CAPE PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

- and -

## IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

UPON THE PETITION of the above named Cape Public Limited Company ("the Company"), whose registered office is situate at Cape House, 3 Red Hall Avenue, Paragon Business Village, Wakefield, West Yorkshire WF1 2UL, preferred unto this Court in the above matters on 22 May 2006

AND UPON HEARING Counsel for the Company

AND UPON READING the said Petition and the evidence

AND UPON Cape Claims Services Limited ("CCS") undertaking by Counsel for the Company being its Counsel for this purpose to be bound by the Scheme of Arrangement hereinafter sanctioned and to execute all such documents and do all such things as may be necessary or desirable to give effect to the said Scheme of Arrangement

THE COURT HEREBY SANCTIONS the Scheme of Arrangement referred to in the said Petition as set forth in the Schedule hereto so as to be binding upon the Company and its Scheme Creditors as defined in the said Scheme of Arrangement

AND IT IS ORDERED that an office copy of this order be delivered to the Registrar of Companies as soon as reasonably practicable after the whole of the initial funding of £40 million to be provided to CCS for the purposes of the said Scheme of Arrangement has been received by CCS

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT prior to the delivery of this Order to the Registrar of Companies for registration the Company shall have permission to apply

DATED June 2006

# SECTION B: THE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

#### **SCHEMES OF ARRANGEMENT**

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE NO. 3803 (AND OTHERS) OF 2005

**CHANCERY DIVISION** 

**COMPANIES COURT** 

IN THE MATTER OF CAPE PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

IN THE MATTER OF THE OTHER COMPANIES WHOSE NAMES ARE SET OUT IN PART 1 OF SCHEDULE 1 HERETO

- and -

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT (UNDER SECTION 425 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985)

#### BETWEEN:

CAPE PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

- and -

THE COMPANIES WHOSE NAMES ARE SET OUT IN PART 1 OF SCHEDULE 1 HERETO

- and -

THEIR RESPECTIVE CLASSES OF

- (1) RECOURSE SCHEME CREDITORS
- (2) GENERAL SCHEME CREDITORS
- (EACH AS HEREINAFTER DEFINED)

## **PART 1 - PRELIMINARY**

#### 1.1 Definitions

In the Scheme, unless the context otherwise requires or otherwise expressly provides, the following expressions shall bear the meanings set opposite them

"Additional Companies"

the companies whose names are set out in Part 4 of Schedule I hereto.

"Ancillary Agreements"

each of the Funding Agreement, the Banking Agreement, the Scheme Guarantee, the Services Agreement, the Contribution Claims Agreement, the PLC Reimbursement Agreement and the CCS Reimbursement Agreement, the terms of each of which are summarised at Part 4 of the Explanatory Statement,

"Asbestos"

any mixture or product in any form containing any of the following minerals crocidolite, amosite, chrysotile, fibrous actinolite, fibrous anthrophyllite and fibrous tremolite.

"Asbestos Contribution Claim"

any derivative or indirect claim of any kind whatsoever (other than an Excluded Claim), whenever brought, including, without limitation, any claim for contribution, reimbursement, indemnity or subrogation against one or more of the Scheme Companies of which the governing law is the law of any of England and Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland and which is brought by any person who on the Record Date is

- (a) an individual resident in the United Kingdom, or
- (b) a company incorporated under the laws of any of England and Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland, or
- (c) a body corporate incorporated other than under the laws of any of England and Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland that has a branch in the United Kingdom within the meaning of Part XXIII of the Companies Act, or
- (d) an "oversea company" as defined in Section 744 of the Companies Act, or
- (e) an unincorporated association which has its principal place of business in the United Kingdom,

arising out of or connected in any way with any Asbestos Personal Injury Claim or any claim which had it been brought against any Scheme Company (assuming that it could so successfully have been brought) would have been an Asbestos Personal Injury Claim,

"Asbestos Personal Injury Claim"

any claim (not being an Asbestos Contribution Claim or an Excluded Claim) against one or more of the Scheme Companies, whenever brought of which the governing law is the law of any of England and Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland brought either,

(a) by an individual resident in the United Kingdom on the Record Date or

(b) by an individual not resident in the United Kingdom on the Record Date but whose claim is attributable or is alleged to be attributable to his exposure to Asbestos in the United Kingdom in the course of his employment by any Scheme Company or any Additional Company,

in either case for debt, damages, or other relief in respect of death or personal injury or in respect of a Financial Dependency Claim arising out of or connected in any way with exposure to Asbestos attributable, or alleged to be attributable, wholly or in part to any act or omission on the part of any Scheme Company (or for which any Scheme Company is liable or is alleged to be liable) occurring prior to the Record Date,

"Banking Agreement"

the secured facility agreement dated 27 August 2003 as conditionally amended and re-stated on 31 January 2006 between certain Scheme Companies and others (1) and Barclays Bank PLC (2),

"Business Day"

a day not being a Saturday or a Sunday on which banks in the City of London are open for business,

"CCS"

Cape Claims Services Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales under registered number 5445427,

"CCS Reimbursement Agreement"

the conditional agreement dated 14 March 2006 between PLC and CCS pursuant to which PLC has agreed to pay to CCS an amount per Established Scheme Claim equal to such amount of the Established Scheme Liability and Scheme Guarantee Interest as CCS has agreed to pay to the Scheme Creditor in respect of that Established Scheme Claim under the Scheme Guarantee,

"Chester Street Excluded Claim"

any claim that is brought against any Scheme Company under any of the Chester Street Settlement Agreements or to which any of the Chester Street Settlement Agreements otherwise apply or any claim which, if it was brought against any party to any of the Chester Street Settlement Agreements (such party not being a Scheme Company), would be a claim to which any of the Chester Street Settlement Agreements would apply,

"Chester Street Settlement Agreements"

the two deeds of settlement each dated 8 September 2003 made between respectively

- (a) Chester Street Insurance Holdings Limited (acting by its joint scheme administrators Dan Yoram Schwarzmann and Mark Charles Batten) (1), Harland & Wolff plc (2) and Somewatch Limited, Cape Insulation Limited and PLC (3), and
- (b) Chester Street Insurance Holdings Limited (acting by its joint scheme administrators Dan Yoram Schwarzmann and Mark Charles Batten) (1) Vinters-Armstrongs Limited, Vinters Defence Systems Limited, Vinters Armstrongs (Engineers) Limited and Vinters Engineering plc (2), Gaitrow Limited (3) BAL Systems Marine Limited (4) and Somewatch Limited. Cape Insolation Limited. and PLC (5)

"Companies Act"

the Companies Act 1985,

"Contribution Claims Agreement"

the conditional agreement dated 14 March 2006 between CCS and each of the Scheme Companies relating to certain claims for contribution that may be made by any Scheme Company against any third party (not being a member of the Group) in respect of Scheme Claims,

"Court"

the High Court of Justice in England and Wales,

"Court Order"

the order of the Court sanctioning the Scheme in respect of all or any of the Scheme Companies,

"Creditor Costs"

the costs incurred by a Scheme Creditor in bringing and establishing his Scheme Claim as an Established Scheme Claim,

"Divisible Disease"

any disease that is not a Non-divisible Disease, including (without limitation) asbestosis, pneumoconiosis and pleural thickening,

"Effective Date"

the date on which the Scheme becomes effective in accordance with clause 8.3.

"Established Creditor Costs"

the Creditor Costs which are payable by the Scheme Company (and/or CCS pursuant to the Scheme Guarantee) as either (i) agreed by the Scheme Creditor (1) and the Scheme Company and CCS (2) or (ii) which are subject to a Final Order (as assessed where not agreed),

"Established Scheme Claim"

a Scheme Claim which has become an "Established Scheme Claim" in accordance with clause 2 4 1,

"Established Scheme Liability"

the liability of a Scheme Company in respect of an Established Scheme Claim including Established Creditor Costs,

"Excluded Claim"

any claim which is

(a) a Chester Street Excluded Claim,(b) a Future Contribution Claim,

(c) a Future Financial Dependency Claim,

(d) a Reimbursement Claim, (e) a Promat Excluded Claim,

or is a claim brought by any company whose name is set out at Part 1 of Schedule 1 hereto in respect of which the Scheme becomes effective.

"Explanatory Statement"

the statement dated 15 March 2006 (and the appendices thereto) explaining the effect of the Scheme to Scheme Creditors as required by section 426 of the Companies Act.

"Final Order"

an order or award of a court or tribunal of competent jurisdiction which is not subject to any appeal, application for permission to appeal or similar relief, or in relation to which the time to seek a stay, or to appeal or to seek permission to appeal, or similar relief, has expired,

"Final Settlement"

a binding agreement evidenced in writing, which of itself fully and finally determines the obligations of the Scheme Company and where applicable, CC5 with regard to a Scheme Claim (as to both liability and quantum).

"FSCS"

Financial Services Compensation Scheme Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales under registered number 3943048, and any statutory successor of it;

"Financial Dependency Claim"

any claim under the Fatal Accidents Act 1976, the Damages (Scotland) Act 1976 or The Fatal Accidents (Northern Ireland) Order 1977,

"Funding Agreement"

the conditional agreement dated 14 March 2006 between PLC as funder and CCS as borrower relating to the funding of CCS for the purpose of meeting its obligations under the Scheme Guarantee, the Services Agreement, the other Ancillary Agreements and the Trust Deed,

"Future Contribution Claim"

any claim by any person ("A") for a contribution (under the Civil Liability (Contribution) Act 1978, the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1940 or otherwise) from a Scheme Company in relation to a claim made against A where, at the Record Date, none of the acts or omissions on which the claim against A is based have taken place,

"Future Financial Dependency Claim"

any Financial Dependency Claim by any person ("A") against a Scheme Company where, at the Record Date, A is not a "dependent" (as defined in the Fatal Accidents Act 1976 or The Fatal Accidents (Northern Ireland) Order 1977) or a "relative" (as defined in the Damages (Scotland) Act 1976) of a Scheme Creditor,

"General Scheme Claim"

any claim which is an Asbestos Personal Injury Claim or an Asbestos Contribution Claim which is not a Recourse Scheme Claim or any part of a Recourse Scheme Claim in respect of which, notwithstanding the provisions of clauses 24 to 27, the Scheme Creditor concerned remains entitled only to payment by CCS,

"General Scheme Creditor"

any Scheme Creditor who has a Scheme Claim which is a General Scheme Claim,

"governing law"

the law applicable pursuant to English rules of conflict of law, save that in relation to a claim in tort the governing law shall be the law which would be the applicable law for determining the issues arising in the claim if the Private International Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1995 had been in force when all the acts and omissions on which the claim is based took place.

"Group"

PLC, any parent undertaking of PLC and any subsidiary undertaking of PLC or of any such parent undertaking from time to time (other than CCS),

"Insurance Compensation Scheme"

any guarantee or compensation scheme established to protect policyholders who may have been prejudiced in consequence of the mability of authorised insurance companies carrying on business in the UK or elsewhere to meet their habilities under policies issued by them "Insurance Recovery Rights"

in relation to a Recourse Scheme Claim, the rights of a Scheme Company against an Insurer which would be transferred to and vest in the Recourse Scheme Creditor in respect of that Recourse Scheme Claim in the event that any of the events set out in section 1(1)(b) of the 1930 Act occurred with respect to the Scheme Company,

"Insurer"

an insurance company or underwriter which has entered into a Relevant Insurance Policy,

"Judgment Interest"

any interest payable by a Scheme Company in respect of or referable to the Scheme Company's liability arising out of or in connection with an Established Scheme Claim and/or Established Creditor Costs pursuant to an order of a court of competent jurisdiction, whether or not such court is a court of England and Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland and whether such an order is made under the provisions of a statute (including, without limitation, in England and Wales under section 35A of the Supreme Court Act 1981 or section 69 of the County Courts Act 1984, in Scotland under section 1 of the Interest on Damages Act 1958 (as amended by the Interest on Damages (Scotland) Act 1971), and in Northern Ireland under section 33A of the Judicature (Northern Ireland) Act 1978 or article 45A of the County Court (Northern Ireland) Order 1980) or otherwise.

"Net Payment"

shall bear the meaning set out in clause 27,

"Non-divisible Disease"

any cancer, including (without limitation) lung cancer and mesothelioma,

"Payment Percentage"

the payment percentage set by CCS from time to time under the Scheme Guarantee, being the percentage of CCS's liability to Scheme Creditors under the Scheme Guarantee (other than with regard to Scheme Guarantee Interest) which CCS is then settling,

"PLC"

Cape Public Limited Company, a company incorporated in England and Wales under registered number 40203,

"PLC Reimbursement Agreement"

the conditional agreement dated 14 March 2006 between PLC and each Scheme Company pursuant to which each Scheme Company (other than PLC) has agreed to pay to PLC an amount per Established Scheme Claim against that Scheme Company equal to such amount of the Established Scheme Liability and Scheme Guarantee Interest as CCS has agreed to pay to the Scheme Creditor of that Scheme Company in respect of that Established Scheme Claim under the Scheme Guarantee,

"Prohibited Proceedings"

any step or proceeding against any Scheme Company or CCS in any jurisdiction to seek or obtain a judgment or order for payment of any Scheme Claim (including any judgment or order which attracts Judgment Interest) or by way of execution or enforcement of a judgment, arbitration award or other determination of any court or tribunal of competent jurisdiction or otherwise to recover payment of any amount due or claimed in respect of or referable to any Scheme Claim.

"Promat Excluded Claim"

any Asbestos Contribution Claim that is made or brought against a Scheme Company by Promat Glasgow Limited (a company incorporated in England and Wales under registered number 4401299) or any of the following from time to time

- (a) Promat Glasgow Limited's holding company or parent undertaking, or
- (b) any subsidiary or subsidiary undertaking of Promat Glasgow Limited or of its holding company or parent undertaking,

all forms of property including money, goods, things in action, land and every description of property wherever situated together with obligations and every description of interest, whether present or future or vested or contingent, arising out of, or incidental to, property,

I March 2006,

any claim which is an Asbestos Personal Injury Claim or an Asbestos Contribution Claim in respect of which any Scheme Company has any rights of indemnity and insurance coverage under a Relevant Insurance Policy,

any Scheme Creditor who has a Scheme Claim which is a Recourse Scheme Claim,

the amount of any Recourse Scheme Claim that is Recoverable less the Net Payment in respect of that Recourse Scheme Claim.

shall bear the meaning set out in clause 26,

any claim made against a Scheme Company by or on behalf of any person who issued a contract of insurance to an Additional Company (whether such claim is brought under rights of subrogation in the name of the Additional Company, is a claim which has been assigned to the person who issued the contract of insurance or otherwise), in connection with any claim (the "original claim") that at the Record Date has been settled or determined but, had the original claim not been so settled or determined and had the original claim been brought against the Scheme Company concerned after the Record Date, would have been a Scheme Claim.

shall bear the meaning set out in clause 2.5.1,

any contract of insurance insuring a Scheme Company in respect of a Scheme Liability, which as at the Record Date is valid and enforceable

an individual shall be considered resident in the United Kingdom if, disregarding dates of arrival and departure, he has spent not less than 183 days of the 365 days immediately preceding the Record Date in the United Kingdom,

this Scheme subject to any modification term or condition which the Court may think lit to approve or impose in accordance with clause 8.4.

"Property"

"Record Date"

"Recourse Scheme Claim"

"Recourse Scheme Creditor"

"Recourse Liability"

"Recoverable"

"Reimbursement Claim"

"Release"

"Relevant Insurance Policy"

"resident"

"Scheme"

"Scheme Claim"

subject to clause 6, any claim which is an Asbestos Personal Injury Claim or an Asbestos Contribution Claim;

"Scheme Companies"

PLC and the companies whose names are set out in Part 1 of Schedule 1 hereto or, as the case may be if the Scheme becomes effective, those of such companies in respect of which the Scheme has become effective in accordance with clause 8 4,

"Scheme Creditor"

in relation to a particular Scheme Company, a person (including, subject to clause 6, any assignee of such person) who is or who claims to be a creditor of that Scheme Company in respect of a Scheme Claim,

"Scheme Guarantee"

the conditional guarantee dated 14 March 2006 between CCS and each of the Scheme Companies whereby CCS has undertaken and guaranteed to each Scheme Company on behalf of its Scheme Creditors to make payment to such Scheme Creditors, subject to and on the terms of the Scheme Guarantee, of

- (a) all Established Scheme Liabilities of any Scheme Company save to the extept that (i) monies are paid to the Scheme Company and held on trust for the Scheme Creditor pursuant to clause 2.2 I and/or (ii) such Established Scheme Liabilities are otherwise paid or discharged, and in any event less the amount of any claim that the Scheme Creditor has against any person who issued to the Scheme Company a Relevant Insurance Policy that has transferred to and vested in the Scheme Creditor by virtue of the 1930 Act, and
- (b) Scheme Guarantee Interest,

"Scheme Guarantee Interest"

any interest payable by CCS to Scheme Creditors pursuant to clause 7 of the Scheme Guarantee,

"Scheme Liability"

the liability of a Scheme Company in respect of a Scheme Claim, including Creditor Costs and Judgment Interest.

"Scheme Shareholder"

the holder for the time being of the Scheme Shares in CCS and PLC.

"Scheme Shares"

the special voting share of £1 in the share capital of each of CCS and PLC,

"Services Agreement"

the conditional agreement dated 14 March 2006 between PLC and CCS relating to the provision of certain services to CCS,

"Trust Deed"

the trust deed dated 14 March 2006 entered into by PLC, CCS and The Law Debenture Trust Corporation ple relating to the terms on which the Scheme Shares shall be held by the Scheme Shareholder, the terms of which are summarised at Part 4 of Section A of the Explanatory Statement

"United Kingdom" or "UK"

the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland,

"1930 Act"

the Third Parties (Rights Against Insurers) Act 1930 or, where relevant, the Third Parties (Rights Against Insurers) Act (Northern Iroland) 1930

- 1 1 2 In the Scheme, unless otherwise stated or provided for, any reference to
  - (a) a "person" includes an individual, a body corporate, a corporation, a firm, association, partnership, joint venture, organisation, institute, trust or agency, whether or not having a separate legal personality; and
  - (b) "holding company", "subsidiary", "parent undertaking" and "subsidiary undertaking" shall have the meanings given thereto in the Companies Act
- 113 The headings in the Scheme are for convenience only and shall not affect its interpretation
- References in the Scheme to numbered clauses or parts or schedules are to clauses of or parts of or schedules to the Scheme respectively
- Any reference in the Scheme to any statute or statutory provision shall, unless the context otherwise requires, be construed as a reference to such statute or statutory provision (including all orders, instruments or regulations made thereunder or deriving validity therefrom) as in force at the date of the Scheme and as subsequently re-enacted or consolidated
- 1 1 6 References to (or to any specified provision of) the Scheme shall be construed as references to the Scheme (or that provision) as in force for the time being and as modified in accordance with the terms of the Scheme
- In construing the Scheme general words introduced by the word "other" shall not be given a restrictive meaning by reason of the fact that they are preceded by words indicating a particular class of acts, matters or things and general words shall not be given a restrictive meaning by reason of the fact that they are followed by particular examples intended to be embraced by the general words
- Words importing one gender shall (where appropriate) include any other gender and words importing the singular shall (where appropriate) include the plural and vice versa.

#### 1.2 General

- The share capital of PLC is £30,990,001 81 divided into 250,000 Second Preference Shares of £1 each, 105,683,762 Ordinary Shares of 25p each, 431,906,031 Deferred Shares of 1p and 1 Scheme Share of £1 of which all the Second Preference Shares and Deferred Shares and 83,523,010 of the Ordinary Shares have been issued and are fully paid and the remaining Ordinary Shares and the Scheme Share are unissued
- Under the terms of the articles of association of PLC certain of the special rights attached to the PLC Scheme Share lapsed on 30 December 2005 and an extraordinary general meeting of PLC is to be convened to consider a resolution to revive those rights
- PLC is the parent undertaking of each of the other Scheme Companies, each of which is a company incorporated under the laws of England and Wales
- The Scheme Companies have in the past been involved in asbestos-related activities as a result of which they have long term liabilities in relation to Scheme Claims, the amount of which is uncertain
- The group of companies of which PLC is the parent undertaking is a leading international provider of industrial support services to the energy sector
- The uncertainty over asbestos-related claims against the Group in the future is having a prejudicial effect on the growth and development of the Group
- The purpose of the Scheme is to provide long term financing of the liabilities of Scheme Companies in relation to Scheme Claims in a manner which on the one hand provides the Group with substantial protection from the risk of insolvency and on the other hand, by reason of the enhanced opportunities which this protection provides makes it more likely that Scheme Companies will be able to discharge their habilities to Scheme Creditors in full

- 128 This purpose is to be achieved -
  - (a) by restricting the rights of Scheme Creditors to enforce Scheme Claims against Scheme Companies,
  - (b) by providing that Established Scheme Claims (or such amount thereof as is irrecoverable from third parties) will instead be paid, as and when they become established, by CCS, which is a subsidiary of PLC established for the purpose,
  - (c) by providing substantial initial sums of money to CCS and making provision for further funding of CCS,
  - (d) by providing safeguards for Scheme Creditors in the form of the Scheme Shares in PLC and CCS which are to be held by the Scheme Shareholder on trust for Scheme Creditors.
  - (e) by providing that if necessary CCS is to have the ability to reduce the percentage of each Established Scheme Claim of which payment is made to Scheme Creditors, but on terms that by reason of the rights attached to the Scheme Shares no distribution may be made to shareholders in PLC without the consent of the Scheme Shareholder unless and until the funds available to CCS are sufficient to enable payments once again to be made in full, and
  - (f) by providing safeguards to protect the interests of Recourse Scheme Creditors, i.e.

    Scheme Creditors whose Scheme Claims are in whole or in part the subject matter of a contract of insurance, if they would otherwise be deprived of a better right of recovery than that available at that time under the Scheme
- With a view to the achievement of this purpose by the implementation of the Scheme, the Scheme Companies (or some of them, where appropriate) have entered into the Ancillary Agreements and the Trust Deed (the terms of which are summarised at Part 4 of the Explanatory Statement) which are conditional upon the Scheme becoming effective as follows -
  - (a) the Funding Agreement and the Banking Agreement which provide for the funding of CCS to meet liabilities in respect of Scheme Claims as and when they become Established Scheme Claims.
  - (b) the Scheme Guarantee which provides for the payment of Established Scheme Liabilities to Scheme Creditors and contains provisions which enables CCS to reduce the Payment Percentage below 100 per cent.
  - (c) the PLC Reimbursement Agreement and the CCS Reimbursement Agreement which provide for the reimbursement of PLC and CCS respectively, in respect of payments agreed to be made by CCS in discharge of Established Scheme Claims, by the Scheme Companies which were liable in respect of those Scheme Claims,
  - (d) the Contribution Claims Agreement which contains provisions relating to claims for contribution against third parties which Scheme Companies may be entitled to bring where CCS has agreed to discharge their liabilities in respect of Established Scheme Claims.
  - (e) the Services Agreement pursuant to which services are to be provided by PLC to CCS to enable CCS to meet its obligations under the Scheme, the Scheme Guarantee and the other Ancillary Agreements, and
  - (f) the Trust Deed which provides for the terms on which the Scheme Shares in PLC and CCS are to be held by the Scheme Shareholder on trust for Scheme Creditors
- 1.2.10 The share capital of CCS consists of £1,000 divided into 999 Ordinary Shares of £1 each and 1. Scheme Share of £1 of which 999 of the Ordinary Shares have been issued and are fully paid All the issued Ordinary Shares are held by Cape Security Services Limited, a whofly owned subsidiary of PLC.

- Subject to the passing of the resolution referred to in clause 1 2 2 above, the Scheme Shares in CCS and PLC will confer upon the holder special rights to enable the holder to protect the interests of Scheme Creditors
- The Law Debenture Trust Corporation plc has agreed to be the first holder of the Scheme Shares in CCS and PLC and to hold such shares on the terms of the Trust Deed
- 1 2 13 CCS has agreed to appear by counsel on the hearing of the petition to sanction the Scheme and to undertake to be bound thereby and to execute all such documents and do all such things as may be necessary or desirable to give effect thereto

## PART 2 - THE SCHEME

### 2.1 Application of the Scheme

The Scheme shall apply to all debts and liabilities due from Scheme Companies in respect of Scheme Claims

#### 2.2 Declaration of trust

- As from the Effective Date each Scheme Company shall in respect of each and every Recourse Scheme Claim against that Scheme Company but subject to clause 2 2 3 hold on trust for the Recourse Scheme Creditor concerned all proceeds of Insurance Recovery Rights and all proceeds of any Insurance Compensation Scheme which the Scheme Company receives in relation to that Recourse Scheme Claim
- On receipt of any proceeds of either Insurance Recovery Rights or any Insurance Compensation Scheme a Scheme Company shall, subject to clause 2 2 3, pay such monies to the Scheme Creditor or to such person as the Scheme Company and the Scheme Creditor may agree (including, without limitation, the Scheme Creditor's legal adviser) within 20 Business Days of the Scheme Company's receipt of such monies
- Clauses 2 2 1 and 2 2 2 shall not apply to the extent that the Scheme Company's liability in relation to the Recourse Scheme Claim to which the monies referred to in clauses 2 2 1 and 2 2 2 are attributable has been satisfied or discharged prior to the time that the Scheme Company would otherwise be obliged to pay such monies to the Scheme Creditor in accordance with clause 2 2 2

## 2.3 Prohibition of enforcement of Scheme Claims

- 2 3 1 Subject to clauses 2 3 3, 2 3 4 and 2 5, no Scheme Creditor shall
  - (a) institute or continue any step or proceeding or other judicial, quasi-judicial, administrative or regulatory process against any Scheme Company other than for the sole purpose of establishing the existence and/or amount of the Scheme Company's Scheme Liability in respect of a Scheme Claim as an Established Scheme Liability, or
  - (b) take any Prohibited Proceedings against any Scheme Company or its Property
- If any Scheme Creditor takes any such action as is prohibited by clause 2.3.1 he shall be treated as having received, on account of his Scheme Claim, an advance payment equal to the amount or gross value of any money, Property, benefit or advantage obtained by him as the result of such action. For this purpose, the gross value of any such money, Property, benefit or advantage shall be such amount as is determined by the Scheme Company in its reasonable opinion and without limitation, may include such amount as the Scheme Company may reasonably consider to be appropriate by way of interest or costs, charges or expenses incurred by the Scheme Company as a consequence thereof
- 2.3.3 Clause 2.3.1 shall not restrict or prevent any Scheme Creditor from taking any Prohibited Proceedings against any Scheme Company or its Property to the extent that such Prohibited Proceedings are brought to recover any monies held on trust by the Scheme Company for the Scheme Creditor on the terms of clause 2.2.1

2.34 The provisions of this clause shall not prevent a Scheme Creditor from taking proceedings against a Scheme Company for the purposes of enforcing the provisions of this Scheme

#### 2.4 Established Scheme Claims

- A Scheme Claim shall be an "Established Scheme Claim" when there has been established in relation thereto (whether (a) by Final Settlement or (b) by Final Order) a liability of the Scheme Company and, where applicable, CCS to pay an ascertained sum of money. For the avoidance of doubt such liability shall not include any liability for Judgment Interest which may have been awarded as a result of a Scheme Creditor taking action which is prohibited by clause 2.3.1
- If it is agreed between the Scheme Company and a Scheme Creditor or ordered by a court or tribunal of competent jurisdiction that an interim payment shall be made in respect of a Scheme Claim, the agreement or order of the interim payment shall be treated as establishing an Established Scheme Claim, save that for the purposes of clause 2.5.2(b)(ii) and clause 7 the date on which the Scheme Claim is deemed to become an Established Scheme Claim shall be the date of the Final Settlement or Final Order, as appropriate, relating to the Scheme Claim in respect of which such interim payment was agreed or ordered and not the date of agreement or order of the interim payment
- 2 4 3 Where, on the day being 20 Business Days after the day on which a Scheme Claim becomes an Established Scheme Claim, the Creditor Costs incurred by the Scheme Creditor in respect of such claim have not become Established Creditor Costs, the Scheme Company and the Scheme Creditor shall for the purposes of the Scheme treat (1) the Scheme Claim excluding any claim for Creditor Costs and (2) the Scheme Claim in respect of Creditor Costs as separate Scheme Claims, save that
  - (a) for the purposes of clause 2.5.2(b)(ii) provided that the Scheme Claim for Creditor Costs (being a Recourse Scheme Claim) has become an Established Scheme Claim prior to the Release in respect of such Scheme Claim becoming effective pursuant to that clause, and
  - (b) for the purposes of clause 7,

the date on which each of the Scheme Claim excluding any claim for Creditor Costs and the Scheme Claim in respect of Creditor Costs is deemed to have become an Established Scheme Claim shall be the date on which the Scheme Claim excluding any claim for Creditor Costs became an Established Scheme Claim Where the Scheme Claim for Creditor Costs has not become an Established Scheme Claim prior to the Release becoming effective pursuant to clause 2.5.2(b)(ii), the Scheme Company and the Scheme Creditor shall for the purposes of any Release pursuant to clause 2.5.2(b)(ii) treat the Scheme Claim excluding any claim for Creditor Costs and the Scheme Claim in respect of Creditor Costs as separate Scheme Claims Thereafter, where at the time that the Scheme Claim for Creditor Costs becomes an Established Scheme Claim the Release in respect of the Scheme Claim excluding any claim for Creditor Costs has become effective pursuant to clause 2.5.2(b)(ii), the Release shall be deemed to have occurred with regard to the Scheme Claim for Creditor Costs upon the claim for Creditor Costs becoming an Established Scheme Claim

As soon as reasonably practicable following the date upon which a Recourse Scheme Creditor's Recourse Scheme Claim becomes an Established Scheme Claim, the Scheme Company shall notify each of the Recourse Scheme Creditor and CCS in writing of the amount of the Established Scheme Liability which is Recoverable (where more than nil)

### 2.5 Release from the prohibition of enforcement of Scheme Claims

- 2.5.1 Any Recourse Scheme Creditor who has a Recourse Scheme Claim shall in the circumstances referred to at clause 2.5.2, be released from the prohibition in clause 2.3.1 in relation to that Recourse Scheme Claim and as regards any Scheme Company which is liable in respect of that Recourse Scheme Claim. Such release of a Recourse Scheme Creditor from the prohibition in clause 2.3.1 is hereinafter referred to as the "Release".
- 2.5.2 Release shall be effective
  - (a) maniedrately in the event that any of the events set out in section 1(1)(b) of the 1930. Act occur with respect to the Scheme Company, or

- (b) upon receipt by the Scheme Company and CCS of a written notice from the Recourse Scheme Creditor concerned to such effect substantially in the form of notice set out at Schedule 2 hereto, where either
  - (i) the Payment Percentage set by CCS under the Scheme Guarantee is (and remains at the time of service of the written notice) 50 per cent or lower, or
  - (11) a period of twelve months or more has expired following the date on which the Recourse Scheme Claim became an Established Scheme Claim, and the Scheme Creditor has not received at the time of service of the written notice full payment in respect of his Recourse Scheme Claim
- 2.5.3 The amount of the Recourse Scheme Claim in relation to which the Release shall be effective is an amount equal to the Recourse Liability, representing
  - (i) the amount of the Scheme Company's Insurance Recovery Rights in relation to the Recourse Scheme Claim that have not been paid or discharged by or on behalf of any person who is liable to pay or discharge the same, calculated in accordance with clause 2 6, less
  - (ii) the same proportion of the amount of the payment made to the Recourse Scheme Creditor by CCS under the Scheme Guarantee as the amount of the Insurance Recovery Rights that have not been paid or discharged referred to in clause 2.5.3(i) represents as a proportion of CCS's total liability under the Scheme Guarantee to the Recourse Scheme Creditor in respect of his Recourse Scheme Claim, calculated in accordance with clause 2.7

The Recourse Liability shall not exceed the amount of the Established Scheme Liability that remains undischarged and where it would otherwise exceed such amount, the Recourse Liability shall be such amount as equals the amount of the Established Scheme Liability that remains undischarged

As soon as reasonably practicable (and in any event not later than 20 Business Days) following an event described in clause 2.5.2(a) or the Scheme Company's receipt of a written notice described in clause 2.5.2(b), as the case may be, the Scheme Company shall notify each of the Recourse Scheme Creditor and CCS in writing (in respect of each Recourse Scheme Claim to which the event described in clause 2.5.2(a) or 2.5.2(b) has occurred) of the amount of the Recourse Liability (where more than nil) in relation to which the Release has become effective Any notice served by any Recourse Scheme Creditor pursuant to clause 2.5.2(b) shall for the purposes of the Scheme and the Scheme Guarantee be irrevocable unless the Scheme Company and CCS otherwise consent in writing

## 2.6 The amount of an Established Scheme Liability which is Recoverable

The amount which is "Recoverable" with regard to a Recourse Scheme Claim is -

- where the Recourse Scheme Claim relates to a Divisible Disease, equal to the Insurance Recovery Rights of the Scheme Company in relation to such Recourse Scheme Claim (and where at the time that any Scheme Claim which is a Recourse Scheme Claim becomes an Established Scheme Claim the amount of the Scheme Company's Insurance Recovery Rights is not a liquidated amount, the Scheme Company shall endeavour to agree or determine the Insurance Recovery Rights as soon as reasonably practicable and in such amount as the directors of the Scheme Company believe is reasonable), or
- where the Recourse Scheme Claim relates to a Non-divisible Disease, equal to the Scheme Company's Established Scheme Liability in respect of such Recourse Scheme Claim, until such time (if any) that the Scheme Company receives written advice from such barrister of at least 15 years, calling that the Scheme Company and the holder for the time being of the Scheme Shares may agree (and failing such agreement, as may be nonmated by the Chair for the time being of the Civil Litigation Committee of the Law Society) that this approach to apportioning liability in respect of Scheme Claims relating to Non-divisible Diseases as not consistent with current law, following which the Scheme Companies shall operate this clause 2.6.2 to reflect the approach to apportioning liability in respect of such claims which such barrister may advise is consistent with current law.

less, in either case, an amount equal to the Insurance Recovery Rights of the Scheme Company in relation to such Recourse Scheme Claim that have been satisfied or discharged (whether by or on behalf of any person who is liable to pay or discharge the same or by any Insurance Compensation Scheme)

### 2.7 Net Payment

2.7.1 Where the Recourse Scheme Claim relates to a Divisible Disease, the Net Payment is equal to

 $A = B \times B$ 

and

\*

- B = the payment made by CCS to the Recourse Scheme Creditor under the Scheme Guarantee in respect of the Recourse Scheme Claim,
- C = the amount which is Recoverable, and
- D = the total liability of CCS under the Scheme Guarantee in respect of the Established Scheme Liability whether or not satisfied at that time
- Where the Recourse Scheme Claim relates to a Non-divisible Disease, the Net Payment is equal to the amount of the Established Scheme Liability that has been paid or discharged by any person (including CCS pursuant to the Scheme Guarantee), until such time (if any) that the Scheme Company receives written advice from a barrister of at least 15 years' balling who is selected with the agreement of the Scheme Company and the holder for the time being of the Scheme Shares (and, failing such agreement, who is nominated by the Chair for the time being of the Civil Litigation Committee of the Law Society) that this approach to apportioning liability in respect of Scheme Claims relating to Non-divisible Diseases is not consistent with current law, following which the Scheme Companies shall operate this clause 2.7.2 to reflect the approach to apportioning liability in respect of such claims which such barrister may advise is consistent with current law

#### 2.8 Scheme Guarantee Interest

- 281 No Scheme Guarantee Interest shall be payable under any circumstances by any Scheme Company and no Scheme Creditor shall take any Prohibited Proceedings against any Scheme Company or its Property for the purpose of enforcing payment of any Scheme Guarantee Interest
- 2 8 2 Clause 2 3 2 shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to all claims regarding Scheme Guarantee Interest

## 2.9 CCS and the Scheme Guarantee

- 291 CCS shall, in each case subject to and on the terms of the Scheme Guarantee, make payment of
  - (a) all Established Scheme Liabilities of a Scheme Company save to the extent that (i) monies are paid to the Scheme Company and held on trust for the Scheme Creditor pursuant to clause 2.2.1 and/or (ii) such Established Scheme Liabilities are otherwise paid or discharged, and in any event less the amount of any claim that the Scheme Creditor has against any person who issued to the Scheme Company a Relevant Insurance Policy that has transferred to and vested in the Scheme Creditor by virtue of the 1930 Act, and
  - (b) Scheme Guarantee Interest
- 2.9.2 No Scheme Creditor shall take any Prohibited Proceedings against CCS or its Property for the purpose of enforcing payment of any hability in respect of or referable to a Scheme Claim, save to the extent that such hability is a debt then due and payable on the terms of the Scheme Charantee and then only to the extent of the then current Payment Percentage.
- 2.9.3 If any Scheme Creditor takes any such action as is prohibited by clause 2.9.2 he shall be treated as having received on account of his Scheme Claim, an advance payment equal to the amount or gross value of any money, Property, benefit or advantage obtained by him as the result of such action. For this purpose, the gross value of any such money. Property, benefit or advantage shall be such amount as is determined by CCS in its reasonable opinion and without himitation, may include such amount as CCS may reasonably consider to be appropriate by way of interest or costs, charges or expenses incurred by CCS as a consequence thereof.

# PART 3 - ANCILLARY AGREEMENTS AND TRUST DEED

- The Scheme Creditors hereby ratify and approve the entry into and execution by each Scheme Company of each of the Ancillary Agreements (or each of the Ancillary Agreements to which the Scheme Company is a party, as appropriate) and performance by each Scheme Company of its obligations under such Ancillary Agreements, including under such Ancillary Agreements as they may be varied or amended, in accordance with their terms, from time to time
- 3.2 Each of the Scheme Companies shall perform its obligations under the Ancillary Agreements to which it is a party, as such agreements may be varied or amended, from time to time, in accordance with their terms.
- The Scheme Creditors hereby ratify and approve entry into and execution by each of PLC and CCS of the Trust Deed and performance by each of PLC and CCS of their respective obligations under the Trust Deed, including under the Trust Deed as it may be varied or amended, in accordance with its terms, from time to time
- 3.4 Each of PLC and CCS shall perform its obligations under the Trust Deed as it may be varied or amended from time to time, in accordance with its terms.

# PART 4 - SCHEME CLAIMS IN RESPECT OF NON-DIVISIBLE DISEASES

The Scheme Creditors hereby ratify and approve the policy of each Scheme Company to apportion its Established Scheme Liabilities in respect of Scheme Claims relating to Non-divisible Diseases with any person or persons who issued to it a Relevant Insurance Policy in a manner consistent with the approach set out in the document published by the Association of British Insurers in October 2003 titled "Guidelines for Apportioning and Handling Employers' Liability Mesothelioma Claims", until such time (if any) that any such Scheme Company determines to apportion such Established Scheme Liabilities in any other manner

# PART 5 - PAYMENT OF CERTAIN SCHEME CLAIMS

CCS shall, not later than the day being 20 Business Days after the day on which this Scheme becomes effective in relation to each of the Scheme Companies in accordance with clause 8.3 below, make payment of the Established Scheme Liabilities which were on the Effective Date Established Scheme Claims

## PART 6 - ASSIGNMENT OF SCHEME CLAIMS

- Subject to clause 6.2 and the next-following sentence of this clause 6.1, neither CCS nor any Scheme Company shall be obliged to recognise any assignment or transfer of a Scheme Claim after the Record Date for the purposes of determining entitlements under the Scheme Where CCS and the relevant Scheme Company or Scheme Companies have received from the relevant parties notice in writing of such assignment or transfer, they shall, subject only to the production of such other evidence as they may reasonably require and to any other terms and conditions which they may reasonably consider necessary or destrable, agree to recognise such assignment or transfer for the purposes of determining entitlements under the Scheme (such agreement not to be unreasonably delayed). Any assigned or transferce of a Scheme Claim so recognised shall be bound by the terms of this Scheme and for the purposes of this Scheme shall be a Scheme Creditor.
- 6.2 If a Scheme Claim shall be or be deemed to be assigned or transferred by a Scheme Creditor to the FSCS the Scheme Claim (or so much of the Scheme Claim that has been or has been deemed to have been assigned or transferred to the FSCS) shall cease for all purposes to be subject to this Scheme

# PART 7 - DURATION OF THE SCHEME

- 7 I If no Scheme Claim has become an Established Scheme Claim for a period of three years then the Scheme shall, subject to clauses 7.2 to 7.6, terminate
- 7.2 The Scheme shall terminate in accordance with clause 7.1 provided that upon such date
  - no proceedings in respect of any Scheme Claim have been commenced against a Scheme Company and no Scheme Claim has been otherwise threatened in writing against or notified in writing to a Scheme Company since the date upon which the last Scheme Claim to become an Established Scheme Claim became an Established Scheme Claim, save for any Scheme Claim which has been withdrawn, and
  - 7 2 2 no amounts are payable, whether then due for payment or not, by CCS under the Scheme Guarantee
- Where this Scheme would have terminated in accordance with clause 7.1 but for the operation of clause 7.2 l, the Scheme shall terminate upon the last of the Scheme Claims in respect of which proceedings had been commenced or threatened in writing against or notified in writing to a Scheme Company being withdrawn (or, if any such Scheme Claim becomes an Established Scheme Claim, in accordance with clause 7.1), provided that upon such date (i) at least three years have expired since the date upon which the last Scheme Claim to become an Established Scheme Claim became an Established Scheme Claim and (ii) neither of clauses 7.2.1 or 7.2.2 apply
- Where this Scheme would have terminated in accordance with clause 7.1 but for the operation of clause 7.2.2, the Scheme shall terminate upon the date that no amounts remain payable, whether then due for payment or not, by CCS under the Scheme Guarantee provided that upon such date (1) at least three years have expired since the date upon which the last Scheme Claim to become an Established Scheme Claim became an Established Scheme Claim and (11) clause 7.2.1 does not apply
- 7.5 For the purposes of this Part 7, a Scheme Claim shall be deemed to be withdrawn where a period of 12 months or more has expired since the Scheme Company or CCS received any notice or other written communication from or on behalf of the Scheme Creditor concerning the Scheme Claim and either
  - following the expiry of such period, the Scheme Company has sent a written notice to the Scheme Creditor notifying the Scheme Creditor of the Scheme Company's intention to deem such Scheme Claim to be withdrawn for the purposes of this clause 7 and either
    - (a) the Scheme Creditor (or his legal adviser on his behalf) has confirmed to the Scheme Company in writing that the Scheme Claim has been withdrawn, or
    - (b) by the date which is 3 months after the date that such written notice was sent by the Scheme Company no written response to the Scheme Company's notice has been received from either the Scheme Creditor (or his legal adviser on his behalf), or
  - 7 5 2 the Scheme Company has received advice from a barrister of at least 15 years' calling who is selected with the agreement of the Scheme Company and the holder for the time being of the Scheme Shares (and, failing such agreement, who is nominated by the Chair for the time being of the Civil Litigation Committee of the Law Society) that it is reasonable for the directors of the Scheme Company to consider that the Scheme Creditor is time-barred from bringing or prosecuting his Scheme Claim
- 7.6 It is a condition of this Scheme that it shall not terminate unless and until it terminates in relation to each Scheme Company which is for the time being bound by this Scheme
- 7.7 For the avoidance of doubt this Scheme shall not terminate upon all or any of the Scheme Companies being placed into a voluntary arrangement administration, receivership or liquidation (or any analogous procedure that may be introduced in the future).

## PART 8 - GENERAL SCHEME PROVISIONS

### 8.1 Notices

- Any notice to be given to a Scheme Company or CCS under or in relation to this Scheme shall be given in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given if it is delivered by hand or sent by pre-paid first class post, and by air mail where it is addressed to a different country from that in which it is posted, to the Scheme Company or CCS at its registered address for the time being The registered address of each Scheme Company and CCS on the Record Date is Cape House, 3 Red Hall Avenue, Paragon Business Village, Wakefield, West Yorkshire WF1 2UL
- 8 1 2 Any notice to be given to a Scheme Creditor under or in relation to the Scheme shall
  - (a) In the case of a Scheme Creditor who has commenced proceedings in respect of a Scheme Claim (or who has otherwise notified in writing a Scheme Claim to or threatened in writing a Scheme Claim against any Scheme Company) be given in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given if it is delivered by hand or sent by pre-paid first class post, and by air mail where it is addressed to a different country from that in which it is posted, to the Scheme Creditor at the last known address of such Scheme Creditor (which may, at the absolute discretion of the Scheme Company, be deemed to be the last known address of any person who the Scheme Creditor advised the Scheme Company was his legal adviser), and
  - (b) in the case of a Scheme Creditor other than a Scheme Creditor to whom clause 8 1.2(a) applies, be given by way of an advertisement to appear in not less than two national newspapers with circulation in each of England and Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland
- Any notice posted in accordance with clause 8 1 1 or 8 1 2(a) shall be deemed to be given on the day on which it is delivered (or at the start of the next Business Day if such day is not a Business Day) (if by hand), at the start of the second Business Day following the date on which it is posted (if by first class mail) and at the start of the seventh Business Day following the date on which it is posted (if by airmail) Any notice published in accordance with clause 8 1 2(b) shall be deemed to be given on the day on which it is published

## 8 2 Governing law and jurisdiction

The Scheme shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, English law and the Scheme Companies, CCS and the Scheme Creditors hereby agree that the Court shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine any suit, action or proceeding and to settle any dispute which may arise out of the Explanatory Statement or any provisions of the Scheme, or out of any action taken or omitted to be taken under the Scheme or in connection with the administration of the Scheme, and, for such purposes, the Scheme Companies, CCS and the Scheme Creditors irrevocably submit to the jurisdiction of the Court

### 8.3 Effective Date

Subject to clause 8.5 below, this Scheme shall become effective as soon as office copies of the Court Orders sanctioning this Scheme in relation to each of the Scheme Companies so as to be binding on each of the Scheme Companies and on each class of its Scheme Creditors shall have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies for registration

## 84 Modification

- 8.4.1 In the event that either -
  - (a) at either inciting of the Scheme Creditors of any Scheme Company whose name is referred to in Part 3 of Schedule 1 hereto the resolution of the creditors to approve the Scheme shall not be passed by the statutory majority prescribed by section 425 of the Companies Act or
  - (b) in relation to any such Scheme Company the Court does not sanction the Scheme so as to be binding on that Scheme Company and each class of its Scheme Creditors.

the Scheme may at the option of PLC and subject to the approval of the Court be modified so as to exclude that Scheme Company from the Scheme and from the requirements of clause 8 3 of the Scheme in relation to that Scheme Company

- PLC may, subject to clause 8 4.3, consent on behalf of all concerned to any modification of or addition to the Scheme or to any condition which the Court may think fit to approve or impose and, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Scheme may become operative in a modified form notwithstanding that it may not be binding in relation to any one or more of the Scheme Companies whose names are referred to in Part 3 of Schedule 1 hereto
- PLC may not consent to any modification of the Scheme that would exclude from the Scheme any Scheme Company whose name is set out in Part 2 of Schedule 1 hereto

### 8.5 Time Limit

Unless this Scheme shall have become effective on or before 30 June 2006, or such later date, if any, as the Court may allow, this Scheme shall never become effective

Dated 15 March 2006

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## **SCHEDULE 1**

### PART 1

Name	Claim Form No. (2005)
Cape Public Limited Company	3803
Cape Industrial Services Limited	4838
Cape East Limited	4781
Altitude Scaffolding Limited	4823
Capasco Limited	4771
Cape Building Products Limited	4836
Cape Contracts International Limited	4784
Cape Calsil Systems Limited	4839
Cape Durasteel Limited	4804
Cape Industries Limited	4831
Cape Insulation Limited	4835
Cape Specialist Coatings Limited	4782
Investable Limited	4832
Kennedy's Scaffolding Limited	4803
Predart Limited	4780
Somewatch Limited	4779
Somewin Limited	4820
Winfield Insulation Services Limited	4826
Cape Fire Protection Products Limited	4773
HPC Coatings Limited	4785
Cape Painting Contractors Limited	4775
Cape Environmental Services Limited	4776
TAP Ceilings Limited	4777
Cape Mechanical Insulation Limited	4801
Cape Calsil Limited	4774

## PART 2

Cape Public Limited Company
Cape Industrial Services Limited
Somewatch Limited
Predart Limited

## PART 3

Each of the Scheme Companies whose name is set out at Part 1 of this Schedule 1 save for those Scheme Companies whose name is set out at Part 2 of this Schedule 1

## PART 4

Boltex Limited

Cape Boards Limited

Cape Claddings Limited

Cape Darlington Limited

Cape Distribution Limited

Cape Distribution (Holdings) Limited

Cape Friction International Limited

Cape Hire Limited

Cape Industrial Products Limited
Cape Insulation Products Limited
Cape Industrial Services (Scotland) Limited
Cape Offshore Services Limited
Cape Universal Claddings Limited
Hunting Painting Contractors (Marine) Limited
Hunting Painting Contractors (Midlands) Limited
Hunting Painting Contractors (Northern) Limited
Hunting Painting Contractors (Wales) Limited
Hunting Painting Contractors (Wales) Limited
Marinite Limited
Nodit Limited
Plumefern Limited
Somesystem Limited
Teubfin Limited

Torpex Limited

## **SCHEDULE 2**

## FORM OF RELEASE NOTICE

The Company Secretary
[Name of Scheme Company]
Cape House
3 Red Hall Avenue
Paragon Business Village
Wakefield WFI 2UL

The Company Secretary
Cape Claims Services Limited
Cape House
3 Red Hall Avenue
Paragon Business Village
Wakefield WF1 2UL

[Date]

Dear Sirs

# Scheme of Arrangement dated 15 March 2006 (the "Scheme")

I write with regard to the Scheme. Capitalised terms used in this letter shall bear their meanings as defined in the Scheme

I also write with regard to my Scheme Claim which became an Established Scheme Claim on [date] [Insert details regarding the Scheme Claim to enable the Scheme Company and CCS to identify the claim e.g. name of claimant, claim number, claimant's solicitors, nature of asbestos condition, amount at which claim established etc.]

[Either] The Payment Percentage set by CCS under the Scheme Guarantee is at the date of this letter [insert percentage, being 50 per cent or lower] per cent.

[or] A period of 12 months or more has expired following the date on which my Scheme Claim became an Established Scheme Claim and at the date of this notice I have not received full payment of my Scheme Claim

I hereby serve you with notice pursuant to clause 2.5.2(b) f(u)/(u) of the Scheme of my Release Please confirm as soon as reasonably practicable (and in any event within 20 Business Days), in accordance with clause 2.5.4 of the Scheme, the amount of the Recourse Liability that this Release has become effective with regard to

Yours faithfully

[Name of Scheme Creditor]