# **BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED**

# ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018





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### . BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED

### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**DIRECTORS** 

Ms A J K Elphick Mr R C Hazell Ms A L King

**COMPANY-SECRETARIES** 

Mr J O Earley Mr R C Hazell

Ms S Magol (Resigned on 05 June 2018)

**REGISTERED NUMBER** 

36581

REGISTERED OFFICE

**Unilever House** 

100 Victoria Embankment

London EC4Y ODY

**United Kingdom** 

**United Kingdom** 

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR** 

KPMG LLP Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5GL

### **BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED**

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### STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### INTRODUCTION

The Directors submit their report and audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The principal activity of the company is to act as a holding Company. The Company will continue with these activities for the foreseeable future. The Directors consider that, in the conditions prevailing during the year, the development of the Company's business and its financial position at the end of the year was satisfactory. The Directors do not expect any development in the Company's business in the coming year which is significantly different from its present activities.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The management of the business and the execution of the Company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the Company are considered to relate to the deterioration of the underlying businesses that support the investments held.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking, Unilever PLC, includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. Further discussion of the principal risk of the business, and how they are managed in the context of Unilever Group, is provided in the consolidated financial statements of Unilever PLC. These statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and provided in the published Unilever PLC Annual Report, available at www.unilever.com.

### FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the Company's Directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

This report was approved by the Board on 20 September 2019 and signed on its behalf by Mr. R C Hazell on 20 September 2019.

Mr. R C Hazell Director

Registered Office: Unilever House, 100 Victoria Embankment, London, EC4Y ODY, United Kingdom

Company registration number: 36581

### **BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED**

### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY**

The principal activity of the Company is to act as a holding company. All expenses, including the remuneration of the auditor, were borne by the ultimate parent undertaking or a fellow subsidiary.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £55,852,000 (2017: profit £18,877,000). Dividend of £NIL was paid during the year (2017: £150,000,000).

### **BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED**

# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors who held office during the year were:

Ms A J K Elphick Mr R C Hazell Ms A L King

### **POLITICAL AND CHARITABLE DONATIONS**

The Company made no donations or incurred any political and charitable expenditure during the year (2017: £NIL).

### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The Directors consider that, in the conditions prevailing during the year, the development of the Company's business and its financial position at the end of the year were satisfactory. The Directors do not expect any development in the Company's business in the coming year which is significantly different from its present activities.

### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The management of the business and the execution of the Company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the Company are considered to relate to the deterioration of the underlying businesses that support the investments held. Additional risks that this Company and the Unilever Group are subject to, and how they are managed, in the context of the Unilever Group as a whole is provided in the Unilever Group published annual report for the year ended 31 December 2018.

### FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the Company's Directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

### **BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED**

### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR**

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that:

- so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- each Director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

### **AUDITOR**

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

This report was approved by the Board on 20 September 2019 and signed on its behalf by Mr R C Hazell on 20 September 2019.

Mr R C Hazell Director

Registered Office: Unilever House, 100 Victoria Embankment, London, EC4Y 0DY, United Kingdom

Company registration number: 36581

### **BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED**

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Brooke Bond Group Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 Reduced
   Disclosure Framework; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis of Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

### Going concern

The Directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. In our evaluation of the Directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's business model, including the impact of Brexit, and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We have nothing to report in these respects.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

### **BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED**

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED

### Strategic report and Directors' report

The Directors are responsible for the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
   We have nothing to report in these respects.

### **Directors' responsibilities**

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

### **BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED**

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Nicholay Willis

20 suprember 2019

Nicholas Willis (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square Canary Wharf London

E14 5GL

Date

# PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

•	Note	2018	2017
		£000	£000
Administrative expenses	3	(14)	(11)
Operating loss		(14)	(11)
Income from shares in group undertakings	7 .	53,268	22,618
Other interest receivable and similar income	8	189	46
Interest payable and similar charges	8	(10,609)	(8,327)
Exchange adjustments		13,646	3,647
Result from ordinary activities before taxation		56,480	17,973
Taxation on result from ordinary activities	9	(628)	904
Profit for the financial year	-	55,852	18,877
			20,01

### **BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED**

# STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		£000	£000
Profit for the year		55,852	18,877
Other comprehensive income: Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss:			
Net change in fair value of equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)		494,235	635,829
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	550,087	654,706

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		£000	£000
Fixed assets			
Investments	10 _	3,015,498	6,008,305
		3,015,498	6,008,305
Current assets		•	•
Trade and other current receivables (including £53,774,283 (2017: £24,402,454) due after more than one year)	11	54,052	25,746
Cash at bank and in hand	•	2	-
·	_	54,054	25,746
Current liabilities	٠.	•	•
Trade and other current payables: Amounts falling due within	12	(643,962)	(671,506)
one year	_	·	
Net current liabilities	_	(589,908)	(645,760)
Total assets less current liabilities		2,425,590	5,362,545
Net assets	_	2,425,590	5,362,545
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	86,662	86,662
Share premium		30,990	30,990
Revaluation reserve		33,528	33,528
Fair value reserve		2,171,766	1,677,531
Profit and loss account		102,644	3,533,834
Shareholders' funds	_	2,425,590	5,362,545

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 20 September 2019 and signed on its behalf by Mr. R C Hazell on 20 September 2019.

Mr. R C Hazell

Director

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

·	Called up share capital £000	Share premium	Reval- uation reserves £000	Fair value reserves	Profit and loss account	Total equity £000
At 1 January 2018 Adjustment on adoption of IFRS 9 (Refer Note 14)	86,662 -	30,990	<b>33,528</b> -	1,677,531	<b>3,533,834</b> (3,487,042)	<b>5,362,545</b> (3,487,042)
Adjusted balances as at 1 January 2018	86,662	30,990	33,528	1,677,531	46,792	1,875,503
Total comprehensive income for the year						
Profit for the year		-	-	-	55,852	55,852
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	494,235	-	494,235
Total comprehensive income for the period	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	-	494,235	55,852	550,087
At 31 December 2018	86,662	30,990	33,528	2,171,766	102,644	2,425,590

<sup>\*</sup>This pertains to impairment provision on investment due to transition of IFRS 9.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Called up share capital	Share premium	Reval- uation reserves	Fair value reserves	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 January 2017	86,662	30,990	33,528	1,041,702	3,664,957	4,857,839
Total comprehensive income for the year						
Profit for the year	. <del>-</del>	- -	-	***	18,877	18,877
Dividend declared during the year	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	(150,000)	(150,000)
Other comprehensive income	<del>-</del>	-		635,829		635,829
Total comprehensive income for period	· •	-		635,829	(131,123)	504,706
At 31 December 2017	86,662	30,990	33,528	1,677,531	3,533,834	5,362,545

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company is a private Company incorporated, domiciled and registered in the England and Wales. The registered number is 36581 and the registered address is Unilever House, 100 Victoria Embankment, London, EC4Y ODY, United Kingdom.

The Company is exempt by virtue of Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ("FRS 101"). The amendments of FRS 101 (2014/15 Cycle) issued in July 2015 and effective immediately have been applied.

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Accounting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has been set out below where advantages of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking, Unilever PLC, includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Unilever PLC are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and provided in the published Unilever PLC Annual Report, available at www.unilever.com.

In these financial statements, where applicable, the Company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- A Cash Flow Statement and related notes;
- Comparative period reconciliations for share capital, tangible fixed assets, intangible assets and investment properties;
- Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries;
- Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs;
- Disclosures in respect of compensation of key management personnel; and
- Disclosures of transactions with a management entity that provides key management personnel services to the company.

As the consolidated financial statements of Unilever PLC includes equivalent disclosures, the Company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures where applicable:

IFRS 2 Share Based Payments in respect of group settled share based payments;

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Certain disclosures required by IAS 36 Impairment of assets in respect of the impairment of goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets;
- Disclosures required by IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations in respect of the cash flows of discontinued operations;
- Certain disclosures required by IFRS 3 Business Combinations in respect of business combinations undertaken by the Company; and
- Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 Fair value measurement and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 Financial Instrument Disclosures.

The Company proposes to continue to adopt the reduced disclosure framework of FRS 101 in its next financial statements.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

The Company has adopted IFRS 9 Financial Instruments from 01 January 2018 for the first time. The transition method adopted is modified retrospective method. This had an impact of £3,487,042,000 on opening retained earnings. Refer to note 14 for further information.

### 1.2 CONSOLIDATION

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Unilever PLC. It is included in the consolidated financial statements of Unilever Group which are publicly available. Therefore the Company is exempt by virtue of Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

#### 1.3 MEASUREMENT CONVENTION

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value: financial instruments in listed investments where the influence is less than significant.

#### 1.4 GOING CONCERN

When preparing financial statements, management makes an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company shall prepare financial statements on a going concern basis unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease trading, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. When management is aware, in making its assessment, of material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, the Company shall disclose those uncertainties. When the Company does not prepare financial statements on a going concern basis, it shall disclose that fact, together with the basis on which it prepared the financial statements and the reason why the Company is not regarded as a going concern.

### **BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED**

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Brooke Bond Group Limited has net current liabilities. Notwithstanding net current liabilities of £589,908,000 as at 31 December 2018, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, since Unilever PLC has formally indicated its intention to continue to provide financial support to the Company to meet its liabilities as and when they become due, for at least the next twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

#### 1.5 TRADE AND OTHER CURRENT RECEIVABLES

Trade and other current receivables are initially recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequently these assets are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest method and net of any impairment losses.

On 1 January 2018, the Company adopted IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', which replaced IAS 39 'Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement'. As there was no material impact from the adoption of this standard, the Company has not restated the comparative information relating to prior years. This standard introduces new requirements in two areas:

#### Classification and measurement:

Financial assets are now classified based on

- 1) the objective of the Company in holding the asset and
- 2) the contractual cash flows.

On 1 January 2018, the Company reclassified its financial assets to the new categories based on the Company's reason for holding the assets and the nature of the cash flows from the assets.

### Impairment:

A new expected credit loss model is used for calculating impairment on financial assets. A loss event does not have to occur before credit losses are recognised.

From 1 January 2018, the Company implemented an expected credit loss impairment model for financial assets. For trade receivables, the calculation methodology has been updated to consider expected losses based on ageing profile. The adoption of the expected loss approach has not resulted in a material change in impairment provision for any financial asset.

### 1.6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.7 VALUATION OF INVESTMENTS

Investments in Group undertakings are entities controlled by the Company, where control is the power directly or indirectly to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefit from its activities. These are held at cost less accumulated impairment losses. When these investments are derecognised, the gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Associated company investments are entities in which the Group has a long term interest and over which the Group has directly or indirectly significant influence, where significant influence is the ability to influence the financial and operating policies of the entity. These are held at cost less accumulated impairment losses. When these investments are derecognised, the gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Listed investments in equity securities held by the Company are classified as being available-forsale and are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised directly in equity (in the fair value reserve), except for impairment losses. When these investments are derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised directly in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

Other investments are shares in other entities, for which the Company's influence is less than significant, these are held at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income. When these investments are derecognised, the gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Investments in Group undertakings and associates are held at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Where the value of an investment is considered to have been permanently impaired, a carrying value below cost method is employed and any impairment charge is taken to the Profit and Loss Account.

The carrying amounts of the Company's fixed assets investments are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset or cashgenerating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit").

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

### 1.8 TRADE AND OTHER CURRENT PAYABLES

Trade payables are initially recognised at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Trade payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### **OTHER CURRENT PAYABLES**

Other current payables are initially recognised at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement depends on the type of liability:

- Accruals are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.
- Social security and sundry taxes are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.
- Others are subsequently measured either at amortised cost, using the effective interest method
  or at fair value, with changes being recognised in the income statement.

### 1.9 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

#### Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the Company's functional currencies at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are retranslated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### 1.10 FINANCE COSTS

Net finance costs are comprised of finance costs and finance income, including net finance costs in relation to pensions and similar obligations.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.11 INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSE

Interest income and expense are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account using the effective interest method.

### 1.12 DIVIDENDS

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

#### 1.13 CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAXATION

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in Equity or Other Comprehensive Income, in which case it is recognised directly in Equity or Other Comprehensive Income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: the initial recognition of goodwill; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit other than in a business combination, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised or that the Company has determined it is appropriate to recognise the deferred tax asset as it is recoverable due to the fact that the Company is part of a UK group for group relief purposes.

# 1.14 NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS OF EXISTING STANDARDS THAT ARE NOT YET EFFECTIVE AND HAVE NOT BEEN EARLY ADOPTED BY THE GROUP

All standards or amendments to standards that have been issued under FRS 101 and are effective from 1 January 2019 onwards are not applicable to the Company.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# 2. JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

### Impairment of fixed assets investments

The Company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of the fixed assets investments. For description of management's approach see Note 1.7 Valuation of investments.

### 3. OPERATING LOSS

	2018	2017
	£000	£000
The operating loss is stated after debiting:		
Administrative expenses	(14)	(11)
Operating loss	(14)	(11)

### 4. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The fees for KPMG LLP (and its associates, if applicable) in respect of the statutory audit for the current year are borne by a fellow Unilever Group company, Unilever U.K. Central Resources Limited.

		2018 £	2017 £
	,		
Audit of these financial statements		3,606	3,606

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption not to disclose amounts paid for non-audit services as these are disclosed in the group accounts of the parent company.

### 5. EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

No employees were employed by the Company during 2018 (2017: no employees) and no employee costs were incurred by the Company (2017: £NIL).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 6. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

No remuneration (2017: £NIL) was paid by the Company to the Directors. All Directors are employed by Unilever U.K. Central Resources Limited or Unilever PLC and are remunerated by those companies in respect of their services to the Unilever Group as a whole. None of these costs are charged to the Company.

### 7. INCOME FROM SHARES IN GROUP UNDERTAKINGS

	2018 £000	2017 £000
Dividends from Hindustan Unilever Limited	24,083	22,618
Dividends from Unilever Australia Group Pty Ltd	29,185	-
Total	53,268	22,618

### 8. INTEREST RECEIVABLE/(PAYABLE) AND SIMILAR INCOME/(CHARGES)

	2018 £000	2017 £000
Interest receivable on loans to group undertakings	189	46
Total interest receivable and similar income	189	46
Interest payable on loans from group undertakings	(10,609)	(8,327)
Total interest payable and similar charges	(10,609)	(8,327)
Total	(10,420)	(8,281)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 9. TAXATION

The taxation is made up as follows:

Recognised in the profit and loss account	2018	2017
·	£000	£000
UK corporation tax		
Current tax on income for the period	(626)	906
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(2)	(2)
Total current tax	(628)	904
Tax credit on profit from ordinary activities	(628)	904

The current UK corporate tax rate that has been used for the year is 19% (2017: 19.25%). This is on the basis that the rate changed from 20% to 19% as of 1 April 2017. A further reduction to the main rate was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016 to reduce the rate to 17% from 1 April 2020.

The current tax assessed for the year is lower (2017: lower) than the standard rate of corporation taxation in the UK of 19% (2017: 19.25%). The differences are explained below:

	2018	2017
	£000	, £000
Reconciliation of tax income		
Profit before tax for the year	56,480	17,973
Total tax income/(expense)	(628)	904
Tax using the UK corporation tax rate of 19% (2017:19.25%)	(10,731)	(3,460)
Effects of:		
Tax exempt income – dividends	10,121	4,354
Permanent differences – other	(16)	· 12
(Under)/over provided in prior years (current tax)	· (2)	(2)
Total tax (expense)/credit	(628)	904

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### **10. INVESTMENTS**

	Subsidiary undertakings	Associate undertakings	Listed investments	Other investments*	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cost					
At 1 January 2018	822,515	67,752	16,550	3,487,042	4,393,859
Additions	, · -	-		-	-
Disposals	-		<u> </u>	, -	-
At 31 December 2018	822,515	67,752	16,550	3,487,042	4,393,859
Impairment					
At 1 January 2018	(63,085)			-	(63,085)
At 31 December 2018	(63,085)	-	-		(63,085)
Fair value adjustment *					
At 1 January 2018		-	1,677,531	-	1,677,531
Adjustment on adoption	-	• -	-	(3,487,042)	(3,487,042)
of IFRS 9 (Refer Note 14)					
Gain for the year	-		494,235	-	494,235
At 31 December 2018	<u>-</u>	-	2,171,766	(3,487,042)	(1,315,176)
Net book value				•	
At 31 December 2018	759,430	67,752	2,188,316	-	3,015,498
At 31 December 2017	759,430	67,752	1,694,081	3,487,042	6,008,305

<sup>\*</sup> Other investments are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised directly in equity (in the fair value reserve). These investments were held at cost under IAS 39 and have been remeasured at fair value under IFRS 9 as a transition adjustment. Refer Note 14 for further details.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### Subsidiary undertakings and associates

The investments are in subsidiary undertakings and associates of the Company. Their names together with their country of incorporation/registration are listed below. A description of the shares held and the proportion held is also shown below:

Name	Address of the registered office	Class of shares held	Proportion of nominal value of shares held	Principal activity
			Direct % Indirect%	
BBG Investments	Unilever House	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
(France) Ltd	100 Victoria		•	
	Embankment			
	London.			
	EC4Y ODY			
	United Kingdom			
Brooke Bond Assam	Unilever House	Ordinary	100%	Holding
Estates Ltd	100 Victoria			
•	Embankment			,
	London			
	EC4Y ODY			
	United Kingdom			
Unilever Australia	Unilever House	Ordinary	100%	Holding
Partnership Ltd.	100 Victoria			
	Embankment .			
	London		•	
	EC4Y ODY			•
	United Kingdom			•
Unilever Australia	Unilever House	Ordinary	100%	Holding
Investments Ltd.	100 Victoria		•	
	Embankment			
	London			
	EC4Y ~ ODY			
	United Kingdom			
Unilever Australia Group	Level 17	Ordinary	99.50%	Holding
Pty Ltd	2-26 Park Street			
	Sydney NSW 2000			
	Australia			
Unilever Tea Kenya Ltd.	Head Office, Kericho-	Ordinary	98.54%	Refreshments
Plantations	Nakuru Road			
·	P.O. Box 20			
	20200, Kericho,			
	Kenya	•		
Brooke Bond Mombasa	Head Office, Kericho-	Ordinary	98.54%	Dormant
Ltd.	Nakuru Road	,		
	P.O. Box 20			
	20200, Kericho, Kenya			
Mabroukie Tea & Coffee	Head Office, Kericho-	Ordinary	98.54%	Dormant
Estates Ltd.	Nakuru Road	,	,	
•	P.O. Box 20			
				4

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Name	Address of the registered office	Class of shares held	Proportion value of sh	n of nominal nares held	Principal activity
· ·	•		Direct %	Indirect%	
Unilever Tea Tanzania Ltd.	P.O. Box 40, Mufindi, Tanzania	Ordinary	100%	•	Refreshments
The Limuru Tea	Head Office, Kericho-	Ordinary		51.25%	Refreshments
Company Ltd.	Nakuru Road				
	P.O. Box 20 20200, Kericho, Kenya		•		
Unilever Trumbull	700 Sylvan Avenue	Ordinary.	23.23%		Holding
Holdings Inc.	Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey 07632-3201 United States				

### **Listed and other investments**

Listed and other investments include investments in companies in which Brooke Bond Group Limited influence is less than significant.

Listed investments represent 106,739,460 shares in Hindustan Unilever Limited, whose shares are listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange (market price per share at 31 December 2018 amounts to INR 1,819.65). For the calculation of the market value, the Unilever closing 31 December 2018 exchange rate of 88.75704 has been used. The market value of the listed investment is £2,188,316,086.

Name	Address of the registered office	Class of shares held	Proportion value of sha	of nominal	Principal activity
			Direct %	Indirect%	
Hindustan Unilever	Unilever House	Ordinary	4.93%		Home Care
Limited	B. D. Sawant Marg,	,		•	4
	Chakala				
	Andheri (E)				
,	Mumbai			•	
	400 099, India		•		
Brooke Bond South	Unilever House	Ordinary	0.17%		Holding
India Estates Ltd	100 Victoria		·		·
	Embankment	د			
•	London	. *			
	EC4Y ODY				
	United Kingdom				
Unilever US	Unilever House	Ordinary	0.17%		Holding
Investments Ltd	100 Victoria	•			
	Embankment	•			
	London				
	EC4Y ODY				
	United Kingdom				•
Unilever Canada Inc.	160 Bloor Street	Class C	0%		Home &
	East				Personal Care
	Suite 1400	•			
•	Toronto ON M4W	·			
	3R2 Canada				

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

In the opinion of the Directors, the value of the investment in subsidiary undertakings, participating interest, other investments and listed investments, consisting of shares and amounts owing, is not less than the amount at which the investment is stated in the balance sheet.

### 11. TRADE AND OTHER CURRENT RECEIVABLES

	2018	2017
	£000	£000
Due after more than one year		
Amount owed by parent company	22,046	21,950
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	31,728	2,453
Total	53,774	24,403
Due within one year	•	
Group relief receivable	278	1,343
Total	278	1,343
Total	54,052	25,746

Indebtedness owed by parent company and amounts owed by Group undertakings include balances with Unilever PLC, Unilever Finance International AG, Brooke Bond Assam Estates Limited and Brooke Bond South India Estates Limited which are interest bearing, unsecured and payable on demand. There is no intention to recall the repayment of this outstanding balance within a year as of 31 December 2018.

We do not consider the fair values of trade and other current receivables to be significantly different from their carrying values. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited, due to the customer primarily being Group Companies. Our historical experience of collecting receivables, supported by the level of default, is that credit risk is low and so trade receivables are considered to be a single class of financial assets. Impairment for trade receivables are calculated for specific receivables with known or anticipated issues affecting the likelihood of recovery and for balances past due with a probability of default based on historical data as well as relevant forward-looking information.

### 12. TRADE AND OTHER CURRENT PAYABLES

	2018	2017
	£000	£000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	(643,962)	(671,506)
Total	(643,962)	(671,506)
Total	(643,962)	(671,506)

### **BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED**

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Amounts owed to Group undertakings include balances with Unilever U.K. Central Resources Limited, Unilever Australia Partnership Limited, Unilever Australia Investment Limited and Unilever Overseas Holdings Limited which are interest bearing, unsecured and payable on demand. As a part of an internal restructuring of the Australian legal entities on 2 January 2017, Unilever Australia Group Pty Limited ("UAGPL") issued shares to Brooke Bond Group Limited for consideration of AUD 539,899,938 being satisfied by three promissory notes of AUD 268,600,219, AUD 268,600,219 and AUD2,699,500 respectively. On the same day, UAGPL assigned those promissory notes to Unilever Australia Investments Limited (AUD 268,600,219) and Unilever Australia Partnership Limited (AUD 268,600,219) in exchange for their interests in Unilever Australia Group Partnership and to Unilever Overseas Holdings Limited (AUD 2,699,500) in exchange for its interest in Unilever Australia Services Ltd.

### 13. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

•	2018 £000	2017 £000
Allotted, called up and fully paid 346,646,201 (2017: 346,646,201) Ordinary shares of £0.25 each	86,662	86,662
Total	86,662	86,662

### 14. CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company has adopted IFRS 9 with a date of initial application of 1 January 2018. The requirements of IFRS 9 represent a significant change from IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

### **Transition**

Changes in accounting policies resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9 have been applied retrospectively, except as described below.

- Comparative periods have not been restated. Differences in the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9 are recognised in retained earnings and reserves as at 1 January 2018. Accordingly, the information presented for 2017 does not reflect the requirements of IFRS 9 and therefore is not comparable to the information presented for 2017 under IFRS 9.
- The following assessments have been made on the basis of the facts and circumstances that existed at the date of initial application.
  - The determination of the business model within which a financial asset is held.
  - The designation of certain investments in equity instruments not held for trading as at FVOCI.

The nature and effects of the key changes to the Company's accounting policies resulting from its adoption of IFRS 9 are summarised below.

### **BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED**

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Note	Original classification under IAS 39	New classification under IFRS 9	Original carrying amount under IAS 39	Original carrying amount under IFRS 9
10	Held to maturity investments	FVOCI - equity instrument	3,487,042	-
			3,487,042	-
		classification under IAS 39  10 Held to maturity	classification under under IFRS 9 IAS 39  10 Held to maturity FVOCI - equity	classification under under IFRS 9 carrying amount under IAS 39 IAS 39  10 Held to maturity FVOCI - equity 3,487,042 investments instrument

The following table reconciles the carrying amounts of financial assets under IAS 39 to the carrying amounts under IFRS 9 on transition to IFRS 9 on 1 January 2018.

£000	IAS 39 carrying amount at 31 December 2017	Reclassification (	Remeasurement	IFRS 9 carrying amount at 1 January 2018
Financial assets	•		•	
FVOCI		•		
Equity investments:		`	· ·	
Brought forward: Held to maturity investments	3,487,042	-	(3,487,042)	<del>-</del>
Total FVOCI	3,487,042	-	(3,487,042)	<del></del>
			<del></del>	

### **BROOKE BOND GROUP LIMITED**

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The following table summarises the impact, net of tax, of transition to IFRS 9 on retained earnings and other reserves at 1 January 2018.

Impact of adopting IFRS 9

£000

#### **Retained earnings**

Balance under IAS 39 at 31 December 2017

3,533,834

Fair value changes in equity instruments

(3,487,042)

Balance under IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018

46,792

### 15. CONTROLLING PARTY

The parent Company and controlling party is Unilever PLC which is incorporated in the England and Wales. The Company has not disclosed transactions with fellow, wholly owned subsidiaries in accordance with the exemption under the terms of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 24 "Related party disclosures" as the ultimate parent company produces publicly available consolidated financial statements. Copies of Unilever Group financial statements can be publicly obtained from Unilever PLC, Corporate Secretaries Department, 100 Victoria Embankment, London EC4Y 0DY and www.unilever.com.

### 16. PARENT COMPANY SUPPORT

Unilever PLC has indicated its intention to continue to provide support to allow the Company to continue at its current level of operations for the foreseeable future.