Company Registration No. 34597

REDLAND MINERALS LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2010

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2010

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

The directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under Section 415A of the Companies Act 2006

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company is that of remedial operations. During the year, the Company has made provision for the cost of environmental remediation following a judgement from the Environmental Agency adjudicating the Company liable for such costs

The directors do not anticipate a change in this activity for the foreseeable future

GOING CONCERN

The directors have considered going concern in preparing these financial statements. The Company operates as part of the Lafarge SA Group cash pooling arrangement. Each company participating in the cash pooling arrangement has a memorandum balance, with the true balance at bank being the sum of all of the memorandum balances. While the overall balance at bank in the cash pool is usually maintained as a positive cash balance, there are points in time during which the overall balance may temporarily fall into an overdraft position. The nature of the cash pooling arrangement increases the risk to the Company of withdrawing cash balances in full on demand, in the event of other Lafarge SA Group companies having overdraft positions. The directors do not consider that this presents a material risk to the Company regarding the availability of cash balances to continue operations under the normal course of business.

After making enquiries, the directors have formed a judgement at the time of approving the financial statements that there is a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served throughout the year and up to the date of this report, except as otherwise stated, were as follows

P W J Mills (resigned 30 June 2010)
C J Mottram (resigned 02 June 2010)
Lafarge Directors (UK) Limited (appointed 01 February 2010)

S Fennell (appointed 07 June 2010, resigned 05 January 2011)

P T E Lanyon (appointed 16 August 2010)

R J Powell (appointed 05 January 2011, resigned 01 September 2011)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

AUDITORS

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself
 aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that
 information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Deloitte LLP were appointed as auditors during the period and have indicated their willingness to be reappointed

No notice in accordance with section 488 of the Companies Act 2006 (which would operate to prevent the deemed reappointment of auditors under s487(2) of that Act) has been or is expected to be received and accordingly the necessary conditions are in place for the deemed reappointment of the auditors to take place in absence of an Annual General Meeting

By order of the Board

LichardKeen

R Keen

for and on behalf of

Lafarge Secretaries (UK) Limited

Secretary

12 September 2011

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF REDLAND MINERALS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Redland Minerals Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 13 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice,
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made,
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

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Peter Gallimore FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Birmingham, United Kingdom

3 September 2011

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Administrative expenses		(5)	(7,479)
Operating loss	2	(5)	(7,479)
Interest receivable and similar income	3	29	28
Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		24	(7,451)
Tax on ordinary activities	4		
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year	10	24	(7,451)

All activities derive from continuing operations

There are no recognised gains and losses other than the loss for the financial years. Accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses is given

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	5	57	5
Cash at bank	6	8,807	9,580
		8,864	9,585
Creditors amounts falling due			
within one year	7	(191)	(291)
Net current assets		8,673	9,294
Provision for liabilities	8	(6,461)	(7,106)
NET ASSETS		2,212	2,188
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	9,10	3,640	3,640
Share premium account	10	194	194
Profit and loss account – (deficit)	10	(1,622)	(1,646)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	10	2,212	2,188
	-		-,

The financial statements of Red and Minerals Limited, registered number 34597, were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 September 2011

P T E Lanyon Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2010

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with United Kingdom applicable accounting standards

The particular accounting policies adopted are described below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year

Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

Cash flow statement

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Lafarge S A and the cash flows of the Company are included in the consolidated cash flow statement of the Lafarge S A published financial statements Consequently, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption given in Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised) from preparing a cash flow statement

Provisions

Provisions for environmental liabilities are recognised when a commitment to incur such costs has been determined

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Group's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Related parties

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 3 (c) of Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related Party Disclosures' not to disclose transactions with fellow group undertakings

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 December 2010

2. **OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS)**

The Company had no employees during the year (2009 – Nil)

None of the directors received any remuneration from the Company (2009 - Nil) They are regarded as group employees and paid by a fellow group undertaking

Auditors' remuneration for 2010 has been borne by a fellow subsidiary company. The amount attributable to the Company was £3,000 (2009 - £3,000)

3 INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Interest from fellow group subsidiaries		
4 TAX ON PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
(a) Tax on profit / (loss) on ordinary activities	2010	2009
	£'000	£'000
Current tax		
United Kingdom corporation tax at 28% (2009–28%)		
based on the profit / (loss) for the year	8	8
Group relief not paid for	(8)	(8)
Total current tax	•	-

(b) Factors affecting current tax for the year

The tax assessed for the year is different than that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Profit / (Loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	24	(7,451)
Tax charge / (credit) on loss on ordinary activities at standard rate	7	(2,086)
Effects of Non deductible expenditure Group relief not paid for	(8)	2,094 (8)
Total actual amount of current tax		-

The Emergency Budget for 2010 introduced a reduction in the rate of corporation tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011 This legislation was substantively enacted on 21 July 2010 and was expected to impact the Company's current tax charge from 1 April 2011

Subsequently, the Budget for 2011 has introduced a further reduction in the rate of corporation tax from 27% to 26% from 1 April 2011 and from 26% to 25% from 1 April 2012 This legislation was substantively enacted on 29 March 2011 and 5 July 2011 respectively, and will impact the Company's current tax charge from 1 April 2011 and 1 April 2012

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 December 2010

5. DEBTORS

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Amounts owed by group companies Sundry debtors	7 50	2 3
	57	5

6. CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND

The bank balance shown in the accounts relates to a memorandum account being the Company's portion of a group bank account in the name of Lafarge Minerals Limited, a fellow group Company

7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2010 E'000	2009 £'000
Accruals	191	291

8. PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES

	Provision for Enviromental Remediation £'000s
At 1 January 2010	7,106
Utilised in period	(645)
At 31 December 2010	6,461

The provision set up during the prior year is in respect of an Environmental Agency order on the Company to pay for the pollution clean up at St Leonard's Court, a site previously owned by the Company and sold in 1983. The clean up is assumed to continue for at least twenty years from 2009 and the provision made is the estimated discounted value of the costs over that period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 December 2010

9 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Authorised 15,200,000 ordinary shares of 25p each	3,800	3,800
200,000 4 ½ % cumulative preference shares of £1 each	200	200
	4,000	4,000
Called up, issued and fully paid		
13,758,765 ordinary shares of 25p each	3,440	3,440
200,000 4 ½ % cumulative preference shares of £1 each	200	200
	3,640	3,640

The holders of the 4 5% cumulative preference shares are entitled to an annual fixed dividend at the rate of 4 5% on the capital paid up in priority to any payment to the holders of the ordinary shares. The holders of the 4 5% cumulative preference shares have waived their right to receive cumulative dividends until further notice. Neither class of shares carries redemption rights. All members have one vote per share

10 COMBINED RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES

	Issued share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Profit and loss account (deficit) £'000	Total 2010 £'000	Total 2009 £'000
Balance at 1 January	3,640	194	(1,646)	2,188	9,639
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year			24	24	(7,451)
Balance at 31 December	3,640	194	(1,622)	2,212	2,188

11 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A claim has been lodged by the Environmental Agency against the Company in respect of environmental damage. It has been estimated that the maximum liability should the action be successful is of the order of £2.4m. The Directors have taken legal advice to the effect that the action is unlikely to succeed and accordingly no provision has been made in the financial statements.

In June 2011 another claim of of £3 395m was issued against Redland Minerals Limited by Thames Water Utilities Limited, although the claimant has not yet served the claim. The claim is in relation to compensation for scavenge pumping and other costs allegedly incurred by Thames between 2005 and 2009 arising from the contamination at Sandridge External solicitors, DLA Piper, have been retained to assist in the defence. No provision has been recorded in respect of this claim.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 December 2010

12 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENT

Lafarge S A signed a binding agreement on 18 February 2011 (subject to regulatory approval) with Anglo-American plc, who owns Tarmac, to combine the UK operations in cement, aggregates, ready-mixed concrete and asphalt & contracting by forming a 50/50 joint venture company Lafarge Plasterboard UK and Tarmac Building Products are not involved in this agreement Pending regulatory approval, the two companies continue to operate independently

13. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING ENTITY

Lafarge SA, a company registered in France, is the smallest and largest parent undertaking to consolidate the accounts of the Company Lafarge SA is regarded by the directors as being the Company's ultimate parent company and controlling entity

Copies of the group accounts of Lafarge S A may be obtained from the Stockholder Relations Department, 61, Rue des Belles Feuilles, 75116 Paris, France

The Company's immediate parent company is Lafarge International Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, and incorporated in Great Britain