Financial Statements 31 December 2003 together with directors' and auditors' reports

Registered number: 31754

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Directors' Report

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003.

Principal activities and business review

The Company's principal activity is, and continues to be, the ownership and management of land and buildings.

At 1 January 2003 management of the real estate function within the Kvaerner Group was outsourced to a third party service provider, CB Richard Ellis.

Financial statements and dividend

The financial statements of the Company appear on pages 3 to 9, inclusive.

The result for the year is set out in the profit and loss account on page 3. Retained losses of £3,163,914 (2002 – loss £3,289,978) have been transferred to reserves.

The Company has a deficit on its profit and loss account. Consequently, no dividend may be paid.

Directors

Shown below are the Directors who served during the year and continue in office at the date of this report.

F.E. Fosse R. Laycock

Directors' interests

Neither Director has, or during the year had, any interest in the shares of the Company or any other company within the same group to be disclosed in terms of the Companies Act 1985. The Directors are exempt from disclosing their interest, if any, in the shares of the ultimate parent company as it is incorporated outside of Great Britain.

Annual general meeting

The Company has dispensed with the laying of accounts and reports before the Company in general meeting and the holding of annual general meetings.

Auditor

KPMG Audit Plc has signified its willingness to continue in office.

Pursuant to a shareholders' resolution, the Company is not obliged to re-appoint its auditor annually and KPMG Audit Plc is, therefore, deemed re-appointed as auditor for the succeeding year.

By order of the Board,

Rufus Laycock

Secretary Secretary

Date: 23 August 2004.

Rufus Laycock

Registered Office: 68 Hammersmith Road

London W14 8YW

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial period and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Davy Property Holdings Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 3 to 9.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 1 the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the Company is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2003 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KIMG Audit Plc
KPMG Audit Plc
Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditor
8 Salisbury Square
London
EC4Y 8BB

23 Agust 2004

Profit And Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2003

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2003 £	Year ended 31 December 2002 £
Turnover			
Continuing operations Rental income Cost of sales - property outgoings	2	847,452 (4,062,455)	1,542,111 (4,995,089)
Operating loss on continuing operations Interest receivable and similar income	3	(3,215,003) 51,089	(3,452,978)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	4	(3,163,914)	(3,289,978)
Taxation - on loss on ordinary activities	5		
Retained loss for the financial year	10	(3,163,914)	(3,289,978)

The notes on pages 5 to 9 inclusive form part of this profit and loss account.

The Company has no recognised gains or losses other than the losses for the current and prior financial years. Accordingly, a statement of total recognised gains and losses has not been prepared.

The only movement in shareholders' funds is the loss for the year. Accordingly, a statement reconciling the movements in shareholders' funds has not been prepared.

Balance Sheet at 31 December 2003

31 December 2003	Note	31 December 2003		31 December 2002	
Fixed assets Tangible assets	6	£	£ 538,938	£	£ 734,396
Current assets					
Debtors	7 _	19,863,962		19,881,732	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year Trade creditors Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings Accruals and deferred income	-	(365,884) (4,781,030) (138,430) (5,285,344)		(36,550) (3,247,246) (308,886) (3,592,682)	
Net current assets			14,578,618		16,289,050
Total assets less current liabilities Provisions for liabilities and charges Net assets	8		15,117,556 (4,411,385) 10,706,171		17,023,446 (3,153,361) 13,870,085
Capital and reserves					
Called up equity share capital Share premium account Profit and loss account - (deficit)	9 10		26,000,000 1,259,260 (16,553,089)		26,000,000 1,259,260 (13,389,175)
Equity shareholders' funds			10,706,171		13,870,085

The notes on pages 5 to 9 inclusive form part of this balance sheet.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 23rd August 2004 and signed on its behalf by:

Rufustaycock

R. Laycock Director

Notes to accounts 31 December 2003

1. Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements.

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

(b) Cash flow statement

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under the rules of FRS1 (revised) not to produce a cash flow statement. The appropriate amounts have been included in the consolidated financial statements of Kværner ASA.

(c) Related parties

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aker Kvaerner PLC, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has, therefore, not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group. The consolidated financial statements of Aker Kvaerner PLC, within which this Company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 12.

(d) Turnover

Turnover, which includes inter company trading, arises wholly within the United Kingdom and represents rental income, net of VAT, from properties owned by the Company.

(e) Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19.

Advance corporation tax recoverable by deduction from future corporation tax is carried forward within deferred taxation or as ACT recoverable within debtors as appropriate.

(f) Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Plant and equipment - 10 years

(g) Leases

Rental costs under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account in equal annual amounts over the periods of the leases.

Notes to accounts (continued) 31 December 2003

2. Cost of sales - property outgoings

Property outgoings less amounts charged against provisions	Year ended 31 December 2003 £ (654,047)	Year ended 31 December 2002 £ (2,342,630)
Prior year accruals no longer required	18,050	-
Provisions for liabilities and charges	(3,231,000)	(2,526,000)
Depreciation	(195,458)	(126,459)
	(4,062,455)	(4,995,089)
3. Interest receivable and similar income		-
	Year	Year
	ended 31 December	ended 31 December
	2003	2002
Note	£	£
Discounted provisions		
Unwinding of discount 8	51,000	163,000
Other	90	_
	51,090	163,000
4. Loss on ordinary activities before taxation Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:		
	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	31 December	31 December
	2003 £	2002 £
	£	£
Hire charges on land and buildings	1,844,500	1,844,500

Neither of the Directors received any emoluments from the Company during the year (2002 - £Nil). There were no employees of the Company during the year (2002 - None). Administration expenses and auditors' remuneration were borne by Kvaerner Estates Limited, a fellow subsidiary undertaking.

5. Taxation - on loss on ordinary activities Factors affecting the current tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is higher (2002 – higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are as follows:-

Notes to accounts (continued) 31 December 2003

Note 5. Taxation (continued)

	Year ended 31 December 2003	Year ended 31 December 2002
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(3,163,914)	(3,289,978)
Taxation credit at UK Corporation Tax rate of 30% (2002:30%) Effects of	(949,174)	(986,993)
Group relief for which no payment is made Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Movements on provisions Actual tax charge per accounts	1,029,134 39,140 (119,100)	245,290 11,804 729,899

Factors affecting future tax charges

It is anticipated that any future taxable income in this Company will be sheltered from tax by utilisation of group relief from other Group companies, and where possible, the use of the Group's tax losses arising in prior years.

The Aker Kvaerner PLC UK tax group has brought forward tax losses estimated at £230M and surplus Advance Corporation Tax of approximately £194M.

There is no potential liability to deferred taxation (2002 - £Nil).

6. Fixed assets

Tangible assets - plant and equipment

	Total
Cost	£
At 1 January 2003 and 31 December 2003	1,264,583
Accumulated depreciation	
At 1 January 2003	530,187
Charge for the year	126,458
Write down of assets	69,000
At 31 December 2003	725,645
Net book value	
At 31 December 2002	734,396
At 31 December 2003	538,938

Notes to accounts (continued) 31 December 2003

7. **Debtors**

Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors Amount owed by immediate parent undertaking Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings Prepayments and accrued income Taxation and social security	31 December 2003 £ 2,952 9,411,411 9,888,927 472,725 87,947 19,863,962	31 December 2002 £ 20,570 9,360,471 9,888,927 517,442 94,322 19,881,732
8. Provisions for liabilities and charges		
At 1 January 2003 Raised during the year Utilised during the year Unwinding of discount		3,153,361 3,231,000 (1,921,976) (51,000)
At 31 December 2003		4,411,385
These provisions relate to onerous leases. It is anticipated that the provisions will balance sheet date to 31 December 2009.	•	
	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
9. Called up equity share capital	£	£
Authorised, allotted and fully paid:		
104,000,000 ordinary shares of 25 pence each	26,000,000	26,000,000
10. Profit and loss account		
At 1 January 2003 - (deficit)		£ (13,389,175)
Retained loss for the financial year		(3,163,914)
At 31 December 2003 - (deficit)		(16,553,089)

Notes to accounts (continued) 31 December 2003

11. Commitments

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:-

	31 December 2003 £	31 December 2002 £
Operating leases which expire over 5 years Land and buildings	1,844,500	1,844,500

12. Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group of which the Company is a member

Aker Kvaerner PLC, which is registered in England and Wales, heads the smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated.

The ultimate parent company at 31 December 2003 was Kværner ASA (formerly Aker Kværner ASA), a company incorporated in Norway, which heads the largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated. Subsequent to the year-end the largest investor in Kværner ASA acquired additional shares in that company with the consequence that at the date of approval of these financial statements TRG AS, a company incorporated in Norway, is to be regarded as the Company's ultimate parent company.

Copies of the respective financial statements can be obtained from Aker Kvaerner PLC at Kvaerner House, 68 Hammersmith Road, London W14 8YW.