Pontypridd Masonic Hall Company Limited

Directors' report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2005

A6U92K05 43

A18
COMPANIES HOUSE

436 27/10/2006

Company information

Directors

D. W. Day

T. R. Clayton

T. D. Edwards

H. John

J. Wiltshire

P. H. Williams

C. Weatherall

K, O'Brien

G, Lewis

D. Morgan

Company number

21680 (England and Wales)

Auditors

Williams Ross Limited

4 Ynys Bridge Court

Gwaelod y Garth

Cardiff

CF15 9SS

Bankers

HSBC

92A Taff Street

Pontypridd

Mid Glamorgan

CF37 5YR

Contents

	Page
Directors' report	1 - 2
Auditors' report	3 - 4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Notes to the financial statements	7 - 9

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2005

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company continues to be that of the provision of facilities for Masonic Organisations meeting at Pontypridd.

Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the year are as stated below:

D. W. Day

T. R. Clayton

T. D. Edwards

H. John

J. Wiltshire

P. H. Williams

C. Weatherall

K. O'Brien

G. Lewis

D. Morgan

None of the Directors had any beneficial interest in the shares of the Company.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors of a company must, in determining how amounts are presented within items in the profit and loss account and balance sheet, have regard to the substance of the reported transaction or arrangement, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and practice.

In so far as the directors are aware:

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2005

..... continued

-there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and

-the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that Williams Ross Limited be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

This report is prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

This report was approved by the Board on 25 October 2006 and signed on its behalf by

Jerl w Das

D. W. Day

Director

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Pontypridd Masonic Hall Company Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Pontypridd Masonic Hall Company Limited for the year ended 31 December 2005 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Pontypridd Masonic Hall Company Limited

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended;

the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and

the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005.

Williams Ross Limited

Chartered Accountants and

Willeams Ross Litted

Registered Auditor 26 October 2006 4 Ynys Bridge Court Gwaelod y Garth Cardiff

CF15 9SS

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2005

	Continuing operations	
	2005	2004
Notes	£	£
2	34,336	29,340
	(25,431)	(24,582)
	8,905	4,758
	(3,000)	(3,726)
3	5,905	1,032
	33	25
	5,938	1,057
	-	-
	5,938	1,057
	5,938	1,057
	17,904	16,847
	23,842	17,904
	2	2005 Notes £ 2 34,336 (25,431) 8,905 (3,000) 3 5,905 33 5,938 5,938 5,938 17,904

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit or loss for the above two financial years.

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2005

		2005		2004	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		12,752		11,238
Current assets					
Debtors	5	8,327		10,965	
Cash at bank and in hand		12,110		4,374	
		20,437		15,339	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	6	(3,972)		(3,298)	
Net current assets		_ 	16,465		12,041
Total assets less current					
liabilities			29,217		23,279
Net assets			29,217		23,279
Capital and reserves					=====
Called up share capital	7		5,375		5,375
Profit and loss account	,		23,842		17,904
From and ioss account			25,042		17,904
Equity shareholders' funds	8		29,217		23,279
_					

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies .

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 25 October 2006 and signed on its behalf by

D. W. Day Director

The notes on pages 7 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and comply with financial reporting standards of the Accounting Standards Board.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS1 from the requirement to produce a cashflow statement because it is a small company.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings - Fixtures, fittings	No depreciation is provided
and equipment -	(a) 10% of cost of additions to Plant since 31 December 1980
• •	(b) 5% of cost of additions to Crockery since 31 December 1985
	(c) 20% of cost of Cellar Equipment
	(d) 20% of cost of additions to Plant since 31 December 1999
(for the disabled):	(e) 10% of cost of Ramp and Handrail
	(f) 20% of cost of Wheelchairs

1.4. Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation using the liability method to take account of timing differences between the incidence of income and expenditure for taxation and accounting purposes except to the extent that the directors consider that a liability to taxation is unlikely to materialise.

2. Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the UK.

3.	Operating profit	2005	2004
		£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible assets	1,756	2,345
	Auditors' remuneration	1,146	1,146

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005

..... continued

4.	Tangible fixed assets	Land and buildings freehold £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 January 2005 Additions	6,603	29,752 3,270	36,355 3,270
	At 31 December 2005	6,603	33,022	39,625
	Depreciation At 1 January 2005 Charge for the year	1,205	23,912 1,756	25,117 1,756
	At 31 December 2005	1,205	25,668	26,873
	Net book values At 31 December 2005	5,398	7,354	12,752
	At 31 December 2004	5,398	5,840	11,238
5.	Debtors		2005 £	2004 £
	Trade debtors		8,327	10,965
6.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2005 £	2004 £
	Caterers Bond Other creditors		500 3,472	500 2,798
			3,972	3,298
			<i>ye</i> ·	-,

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005

..... continued

10,000
5,375
2004 £
L
1,057
22,222
23,279

9. Capital commitments

The Company had no capital commitments at the year end.