Company Registration No. 06567428 (England and Wales)

Magic Light Pictures Limited (formerly known as Orange Eyes Limited)

Annual report and group financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021

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Company information

Directors

Martin Pope

Lisa Gordon Michael Rose Andrew Weisz

Secretary

Michael Rose

Company number

06567428

Registered office

4th Floor

41-42 Foley Street

London W1W 7TS

Accountants

Saffery Champness LLP Saffery Champness

71 Queen Victoria Street

London EC4V 4BE

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Directors' report

For the year ended 31 March 2021

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company and group continued to be that of the production of children's television programmes and licensing.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 2.

Ordinary dividends were paid amounting to £490,969 (2020: £232,392). The directors do not recommend payment of a further dividend.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Martin Pope

Lisa Gordon

Michael Rose

Andrew Weisz

COVID -19

The virus identified as COVID-19 continued to have impact on the company and group in the period. Production on the projects in which the group was involved has not been significantly affected and the group has been able to secure sufficient financing for its needs. The directors do not expect this to have a significant impact on the company in terms of its activity or its ability to continue as a going concern.

Small companies exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Docusigned by:

Martin Pope

Martin Pope

Director

Date:Date: 2021

Group statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 March 2021

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2021	2020
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	3	7,340,100	5,442,410
Cost of sales		(4,801,897)	(3,122,953)
Gross profit		2,538,203	2,319,457
Administrative expenses		(1,693,693)	(1,672,328)
Operating profit	4	844,510	647,129
Interest receivable and similar income	7	1,693	33,259
Profit before taxation		846,203	680,388
Tax on profit	8	(29,722)	12,117
Profit for the financial year		816,481	692,505
			====

Profit for the financial year is all attributable to the owners of the parent company.

Total comprehensive income for the year is all attributable to the owners of the parent company.

Group statement of financial position As at 31 March 2021

			2021		2020
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	9		2,324,923		4,137,602
Tangible assets	10		7,724		24,347
			2,332,647		4,161,949
Current assets					
Stocks		1,761,005		150,975	
Debtors	13	4,916,710		2,462,710	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,066,159		3,658,311	
		9,743,874		6,271,996	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(2,289,959)		(1,893,446)	
Net current assets			7,453,915	.	4,378,550
Total assets less current liabilities			9,786,562		8,540,499
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(950,000)		-
Provisions for liabilities			(352,999)		(382,448
Net assets			8,483,563 ======		8,158,051
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	19		22,182		22,182
Share premium account			5,886,291		5,886,291
Profit and loss reserves			2,575,090		2,249,578
Total equity			8,483,563		8,158,051

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 the group was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

Group statement of financial position (continued) As at 31 March 2021

Directors' responsibilities under the Companies Act 2006:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to groups and companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on and are signed on its behalf by:

—pocusigned by: Martin Pope

... کست _{26PPD234E5994BP.:} Martin Pope

Director

Company statement of financial position As at 31 March 2021

					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			2021		2020
Fixed assets	Notes	£	£	£	£
Intangible assets	9 .		2 224 022		2 470 010
Tangible assets	10		2,324,923 7,724		2,479,918
Investments	11		· ·		24,347
mvestments	11		90		90
			2,332,737		2,504,355
Current assets					
Stocks		214,346		150,975	
Debtors	13	5,986,189		3,798,644	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,016,042		3,393,802	
		9,216,577		7,343,421	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(1,682,786)		(1,307,716)	
yea.					
Net current assets			7,533,791		6,035,705
Total assets less current liabilities			9,866,528		8,540,060
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(950,000)		-
Provisions for liabilities			(352,999)		(382,448
Net assets			8,563,529		8,157,612
					=======================================
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	19		22,182		22,182
Share premium account			5,886,291		5,886,291
Profit and loss reserves			2,655,056		2,249,139
Total equity			8,563,529		8,157,612

As permitted by s408 Companies Act 2006, the company has not presented its own profit and loss account and related notes. The company's profit for the year was £896,886 (2020 - £692,066 profit).

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Company statement of financial position (continued) As at 31 March 2021

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Martin Pope

Martin Pope

Director

Company Registration No. 06567428

Group statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 March 2021

		Share capital	Share premium account	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2019		22,182	5,886,291	1,789,465	7,697,938
Year ended 31 March 2020:					
Profit and total comprehensive income for the					
year		-	-	692,505	692,505
Dividends		-	-	(232,392)	(232,392)
Balance at 31 March 2020		22,182	5,886,291	2,249,578	8,158,051
Year ended 31 March 2021:		•			
Profit and total comprehensive income for the					
year		-	-	816,481	816,481
Dividends		-	-	(490,969)	(490,969)
Balance at 31 March 2021		22,182	5,886,291	2,575,090	8,483,563
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Company statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 March 2021

		Share capital	Share premium account	Profit and loss reserves	Tòtal
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2019		22,182	5,886,291	1,789,465	7,697,938
Year ended 31 March 2020:					
Profit and total comprehensive income for the					
year		-	-	692,066	692,066
Dividends		-	-	(232,392)	(232,392)
Balance at 31 March 2020		22,182	5,886,291	2,249,139	8,157,612
Year ended 31 March 2021:					
Profit and total comprehensive income for the		•			
year		-	-	896,886	896,886
Dividends		-	-	(490,969)	(490,969)
Balance at 31 March 2021		22,182	5,886,291	2,655,056	8,563,529

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Magic Light Pictures Limited (formerly known as Orange Eyes Limited) ("the company") is a private limited company incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 4th Floor, 41-42 Foley Street, London, W1W 7TS.

The group consists of Magic Light Pictures Limited (formerly known as Orange Eyes Limited) and all of its subsidiaries.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Basis of consolidation

In the parent company financial statements, the cost of a business combination is the fair value at the acquisition date of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed, plus costs directly attributable to the business combination. The excess of the cost of a business combination over the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is recognised as goodwill. The cost of the combination includes the estimated amount of contingent consideration that is probable and can be measured reliably, and is adjusted for changes in contingent consideration after the acquisition date. Provisional fair values recognised for business combinations in previous periods are adjusted retrospectively for final fair values determined in the 12 months following the acquisition date. Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are accounted for at cost less impairment.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the value of assets (other than goodwill) and liabilities recognised in a business combination accounted for using the purchase method and the amounts that can be deducted or assessed for tax, considering the manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is expected to be recovered or settled. The deferred tax recognised is adjusted against goodwill or negative goodwill.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

1 Accounting policies (continued)

The consolidated group financial statements consist of the financial statements of the parent company Magic Light Pictures Limited (formerly known as Orange Eyes Limited) together with all entities controlled by the parent company (its subsidiaries) and the group's share of its interests in joint ventures and associates.

All financial statements are made up to 31 March 2021. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by other members of the group.

All intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

1.3 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.4 Turnover

The turnover shown in the Statement of comprehensive income represents production licensing income earned during the period. Turnover is recognised in accordance with the terms of the contracts. Production income in relation to productions in progress is held as deferred income until the production is delivered. Upon delivery it is credited to the Statement of comprehensive income.

1.5 Research and development expenditure

Research expenditure is written off against profits in the year in which it is incurred. Identifiable development expenditure is capitalised to the extent that the technical, commercial and financial feasibility can be demonstrated.

1.6 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired on business combinations are recognised separately from goodwill at the acquisition date where it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

IP Rights

20 years

Film & TV Productions

on a £ for £ basis against the gross profit for each portfolio

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Equipment

33% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the income statement.

1.8 Fixed asset investments

Equity investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss, except for those equity investments that are not publicly traded and whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably, which are recognised at cost less impairment until a reliable measure of fair value becomes available.

In the parent company financial statements, investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the group. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.9 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs.

The carrying amount of the investments accounted for using the equity method is tested for impairment as a single asset. Any goodwill included in the carrying amount of the investment is not tested separately for impairment.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

1.10 Work in progress

Work in progress relates to direct production costs incurred on productions not delivered during the period. The costs are recorded at the lower of cost and net realisable value, and are net of Value Added Tax.

1.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.12 Financial instruments

The group has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the group's statement of financial position when the group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.13 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the group.

1.14 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it includes an additional deduction relating to qualifying animation development expenditure and excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Where items recognised in other comprehensive income or equity are chargeable to or deductible for tax purposes, the resulting current or deferred tax expense or income is presented in the same component of comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expense or income. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.15 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.16 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.17 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements

There are no significant estimates or judgements used in preparing these accounts, other than that detailed below.

Amortisation

Goodwill and intangible assets are being amortised over their deemed useful life. This period has been determined via a review of each asset, considering both historic and future factors. The directors believe the amortisation periods applied appropriately reflect the estimated useful life of the assets.

3 Turnover and other revenue

An analysis of the group's turnover is as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Turnover analysed by class of business		
Production licensing income	7,340,100	5,442,410
	<u></u>	
	2021	2020
	£	£
Other significant revenue		
Interest income	1,693	33,259
		

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

4	Operating profit		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Operating profit for the year is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Exchange gains	(13,072)	(13,792)
	Research and development costs	940	10,595
	Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	24,081	22,111
	Amortisation of intangible assets	3,442,172	2,320,446
	Operating lease charges	18,982	101,154

Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss during the year, except for those arising on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss, amounted to a £13,072 gain (2020-£13,792 gain).

5 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the group and company during the year was:

	Group 2021 Number	2020 Number	Company 2021 Number	2020 Number
Total employees		<u> </u>		
Directors' remuneration				
			2021	2020
			£	£
Remuneration paid to directors			139,414	117,530
Interest receivable and similar income				
			2021	2020
			£	£
Interest income				
Interest on bank deposits			1,693	7,172
Other interest income			<u>-</u>	26,087
Total income			1,693	33,259
	Total employees Directors' remuneration Remuneration paid to directors Interest receivable and similar income Interest income Interest on bank deposits Other interest income	Total employees 23 Directors' remuneration Remuneration paid to directors Interest receivable and similar income Interest on bank deposits Other interest income	Total employees 23 20 Directors' remuneration Remuneration paid to directors Interest receivable and similar income Interest on bank deposits Other interest income	Total employees 23 20 22 Directors' remuneration 2021 Remuneration paid to directors 139,414 Interest receivable and similar income Interest on bank deposits Other interest income 1,693 Other interest income 2021 Other interest income 2021 Interest 2021 Interest 2021 Interest 2021 Interest 2021 Interest 3021 Interest 3021

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

Taxation		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	59,171	20,084
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	(2,752)
Total current tax	59,171	17,332
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(29,449) ———	(29,449) ======
Total tax charge/(credit)	29,722	(12,117)
Total tax charge/ (credit)	=======================================	(12,117) ===================================
	£	£
Profit before taxation	846,203	680,388
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax	in the	
UK of 19.00% (2020: 19.00%)	160,779	129,274
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxab	le	
profit	16,257	1,981
Adjustments in respect of prior years	-	(2,752)
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	2,033	-
Enhanced losses arising from the animation tax credit	(829,200)	(201,520)
Difference between the rate of corporation tax and the rate of relie		
the animation tax credit	(217,308)	(55,833)
Tax credit recognised on balance sheet	785,637	119,781
Other tax adjustments, reliefs and transfers	140,973	26,401
Deferred tax adjustments	(29,449)	(29,449)
Taxation charge/(credit)	29,722	/12 117
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,-	(12,117)

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

9	Intangible fixed assets			
	Group	IP Rights	Film & TV Productions	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			•
	At 1 April 2020	3,099,898	17,076,258	20,176,156
	Additions - separately acquired	-	4,012,137	4,012,137
	At 31 March 2021	3,099,898	21,088,395	24,188,293
	Amortisation and impairment			
	At 1 April 2020	619,980	15,418,574	16,038,554
	Amortisation charged for the year	154,995	5,669,821	5,824,816
	At 31 March 2021	774,975	21,088,395	21,863,370
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 March 2021	2,324,923	-	2,324,923
	At 31 March 2020	2,479,918	1,657,684	4,137,602
	Company	IP Rights	Film & TV Productions	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost	3,099,898	15 200 717	18,409,615
	At 1 April 2020 Additions - separately acquired	-	4,012,137	
	At 31 March 2021	3,099,898	19,321,854	22,421,752
	Amortisation and impairment	<u> </u>		
	At 1 April 2020	619,980	15,309.717	15,929,697
	Amortisation charged for the year	154,995	4,012,137	•
	At 31 March 2021	774,975	19,321,854	20,096,829

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2021

9 Intangible fixed assets (continued)

Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2021	2,324,923	- 2,324,923
At 31 March 2020	2,479,918	- 2,479,918
		

The group's internally generated intangible fixed asset additions include assets separately acquired by Magic Light Pictures Limited that were developed within the group.

10 Tangible fixed assets

Group	Equipment
	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2020	76,130
Additions	7,457
At 31 March 2021	83,587
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 April 2020	51,783
Depreciation charged in the year	24,080
At 31 March 2021	75,863
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2021	7,724
At 31 March 2020	24,347

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

10	Tangible fixed assets (continued)				
	Company				Equipment
	Cost				£
	At 1 April 2020				76,130
	Additions				7,457
	At 31 March 2021				83,587
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 April 2020				51,783
	Depreciation charged in the year				24,080
	At 31 March 2021				75,863
	ACST MIGHT 2021				
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 March 2021				7,724
	At 31 March 2020				==== 24,347
11	Fixed asset investments				
		Group		Company	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		£	£	£	£
	Investments			90	90
	investments			====	====
	Movements in fixed asset investments				Shares in
	Company				group
					undertakings
					£
	Cost or valuation			,	
	At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021				90
	•				
	Carrying amount			•	*~
	At 31 March 2021				90
	At 31 March 2020				90
					===

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

12 Subsidiaries

Name of undertaking	Address	Class of shares held	% Held Direct Indirect
MLP SPV Limited	1	Ordinary	100
OE 2019 Limited (formerly known as Magic Light Pictures Limited)	1	Ordinary	100
Magic Light Pictures Ireland Limited	2	Ordinary	100
Magic Light Limited	1	Ordinary	100
Orange Eyes Limited	1	Ordinary	100
MLP Holdings	1	Ordinary	100
ZAFD DAC	3	Ordinary	0 100

Registered office addresses (all UK unless otherwise indicated):

- 1 41-42 Foley Street, London, W1W 7TS, UK
- 2 49 Wainsfort Manor Drive, Terenure, Dublin, Ireland
- 3 99 Saint Stephen's Green, Dublin, Ireland

13 Debtors

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	2,249,984	1,019,423	2,249,984	1,019,423
Corporation tax recoverable	905,448	232,639	-	-
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	• -	3,650,924	2,304,758
Other debtors	1,218,670	951,579	33,688	407,790
Prepayments and accrued income	542,608	259,069	51,593	66,673
	4,916,710	2,462,710	5,986,189	3,798,644
				

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

14	Creditors: amounts falling due within one	e year			
		Group		Company	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		£	£	£	f
	Bank loans 1	.6 850,000	-	850,000	
	Trade creditors	505,677	162,948	55,015	158,874
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	<u>-</u>	-	100	100
	Corporation tax payable	178,981	132,941	178,981	132,941
	Other taxation and social security	323,127	592,406	323,127	25,003
	Other creditors	149,747	400	86,803	400
	Accruals and deferred income	282,427	1,004,751	188,760	990,398
		2,289,959	1,893,446	1,682,786	1,307,716
		Group 2021	2020	Company 2021	2020
	No	2021	2020	2021	2020
		2021 ites £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £
	No Bank loans and overdrafts	2021 fites £ 950,000		2021 £ 950,000	
		2021 ites £		2021 £	
L6		2021 fites £ 950,000		2021 £ 950,000	
16	Bank loans and overdrafts	2021 fites £ 950,000		2021 £ 950,000	
.6	Bank loans and overdrafts	950,000 950,000		950,000 950,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
.6	Bank loans and overdrafts	2021 950,000 950,000 Group	- -	2021 £ 950,000 950,000 Company	2020
6	Bank loans and overdrafts	2021 stes £ 950,000 950,000 Group 2021	2020	2021 £ 950,000 950,000 Company 2021	2020
.6	Bank loans and overdrafts Loans and overdrafts	2021 etes £ 950,000 950,000 Group 2021 £	2020	2021 £ 950,000 950,000 Company 2021 £	
16	Bank loans and overdrafts Loans and overdrafts	2021 etes £ 950,000 950,000 Group 2021 £	2020	2021 £ 950,000 950,000 Company 2021 £	2020

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

17 Deferred taxation

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the group and company, and movements thereon:

	Liabilities 2021 £	Liabilities 2020 £
Arising on business combinations	352,999 ———	382,448
Movements in the year:		2021 £
Liability at 1 April 2020 Credit to profit or loss		382,448 (29,449)
Liability at 31 March 2021		352,999

The deferred tax liability set out above relates to short term timing differences arising on the acquisition of OE 2019 Limited (formerly known as Magic Light Pictures Limited).

18 Retirement benefit schemes

	2021	2020
Defined contribution schemes	£	£
Charge to profit or loss in respect of defined contribution schemes	34,670	30,971

A defined contribution pension scheme is operated for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group in an independently administered fund.

19 Share capital

	2021	2020
Ordinary share capital	£	£
Issued and fully paid		
771,489 Ordinary Investor Shares of 1p each	7,715	7,715
1,446,710 Ordinary 'A' Shares of 1p each	14,467	14,467
	• —	
	22,182	22,182

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

20 Controlling party

The directors consider that there is no single ultimate controlling party.